## MS13 Structural Characterization of Functional Materials

MS13-1-14 Synthesis of  $\alpha$ -MoO<sub>3</sub> nanofibres for enhanced field-emission properties #MS13-1-14

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## Abstract

One-dimensional  $\alpha$ -MoO<sub>3</sub> nanofibres of 280–320 nm diameters were synthesized by a hydrothermal method. The morphologies and compositions of as-synthesized  $\alpha$ -MoO<sub>3</sub> nanofibres have been characterized by X-ray powder diffraction, Raman spectroscopy, and field-emission scanning electron microscopy. X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy showed the predominantly 6+ oxidation state with a small percentage of reduced  $\delta$ + (5 <  $\delta$  < 6) oxidation state. The field-emission properties of  $\alpha$ -MoO<sub>3</sub> nanofibres show a lower turn-on electric field of 2.48 V  $\mu$ m<sup>-1</sup> and threshold electric field of 3.10 V  $\mu$ m<sup>-1</sup>. The results suggest that the  $\alpha$ -MoO<sub>3</sub> nanofibres are promising candidate for efficient and high performance field-emission devices.

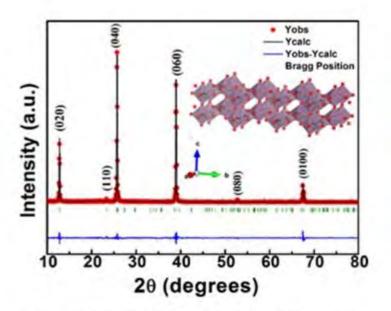


Fig. 1. Rietveld analysis of XRD data using orthorhombic structure with space group Pbnm of  $\alpha$ -MoO<sub>3</sub> nanofibers and the insert shows the unit cell crystal structure.