MS29 Crystal engineering: structural flexibility, phase transitions and non-standard manipulation of synthons

MS29-2-4 The role of halogen bonding in sulfonamide co-crystals: π ···X preferred over O···X? #MS29-2-4

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Abstract

Sulfonamides are one of the most important pharmaceutical compound classes.[1] It started in 1935 with Prontosil one of the first synthetic antibacterial drugs which was later honoured with the Nobel Prize.[2] Today there are over 70 active pharmaceutical ingrediencies (APIs) with various applications in use. Herein we present the first systematic study on the role of halogen bonding in sulfonamides multicomponent systems. Co-crystals of four sulfonamides in the range from simple ones to more complex APIs were designed and structurally characterized. Model halogen bond co-formers 1,4diiodotetrafluorobenzene and/or 1,2-diiodotetrafluorobenzene were used to implement halogen bonds into the systems sulfonamide N-phenyl-methane sulfonamide, N-methylbenzene sulfonamide, N-phenyl-benzene with and Chlorpropamide.[3] In our study we consider general binding patterns, geometrical considerations of the overall crystal packing, perform calculations of lattice energies and energies of intermolecular interaction based on plain wave functions.[4] We finally resolve the question why halogen bonding seems to prefer interactions with π-systems over electron rich N- or O-moieties within these systems.

References

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