

# Supplementary material

## Incommensurately modulated ordering of tetrahedral chains in $\text{Ca}_2\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_5$ at elevated temperatures

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### Abstract

The basic building units of brownmillerite-type  $\text{A}_2\text{B}_2\text{O}_5$  structures are perovskite like layers of corner sharing  $\text{BO}_6$  octahedra and *zwei*er single chains of  $\text{BO}_4$  tetrahedra. A three-dimensional framework is formed by alternate stacking of octahedral layers and sheets of tetrahedral chains. The compound  $\text{Ca}_2\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_5$  is known to have  $Pnma$  symmetry at ambient conditions. Space group  $Imma$  was reported to be evident above 963K. New HT single crystal X-ray diffraction experiments at 1100K revealed, that  $\text{Ca}_2\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_5$  forms an incommensurately modulated structure adopting superspace group  $Imma(00\gamma)s00$ , with  $\gamma=0.588(2)$ . The modulation affects the sequence of the enantiomorph (right- and left-handed) oriented tetrahedral chains within the layer, breaking the lattice periodicity along  $c$ . This ordering can be modelled with crenel occupation modulation functions for the tetrahedrally coordinated Fe, as well as for the oxygen atom interconnecting the tetrahedra.

Table 1: Atomic Coordinates and Equivalent Isotropic Displacement Factors ( $\text{\AA}^2$ ).  $U(eq)$  is defined as one third of the trace of the orthogonalised  $U_{ij}$  tensor.

Atom	x	y	z	U(eq)
Fe1	0	0	0.5	0.0218(2)
Fe2	0.94636(15)	0.25	0.56860(18)	0.0204(2)
Ca1	0	0.10808(7)	0.02377(19)	0.0304(3)
O1	0.75	0.0131(2)	0.75	0.0259(9)
O2	0	0.1413(2)	0.4317(8)	0.0370(11)
O3	0.4021(7)	0.25	0.6255(9)	0.0265(14)

Table 2: Anisotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ ). The anisotropic displacement factor exponent takes the form:  $-2\pi^2[h^2a^{*2}U_{11} + \dots + 2hka^*b^*U_{12}]$

Atom	$U_{11}$	$U_{22}$	$U_{33}$	$U_{23}$	$U_{13}$	$U_{12}$
Fe1	0.0133(3)	0.0378(5)	0.0142(4)	-0.0010(4)	0	0
Fe2	0.0234(4)	0.0163(4)	0.0213(5)	0	-0.0001(3)	0
Ca1	0.0395(5)	0.0233(4)	0.0284(5)	0.0008(4)	0	0
O1	0.0178(12)	0.0364(17)	0.0236(16)	0	0.0094(12)	0
O2	0.052(2)	0.0231(16)	0.036(2)	-0.0070(16)	0	0
O3	0.0187(19)	0.031(3)	0.030(3)	0	-0.0051(17)	0

Table 3: Fourier coefficients of the modulation functions:  $u_i(x_4) = A_{1,i} \sin(2\pi x_4) + B_{1,i} \cos(2\pi x_4)$ ,  $i = 1, 2, 3$ , and  $x_4^0$  centres of crenel occupation functions of width  $\Delta = 0.5$

Atom	$x_4^0$	$A_{1,1}$	$A_{1,2}$	$A_{1,3}$	$B_{1,1}$	$B_{1,2}$	$B_{1,3}$
Fe1		0.00333(17)	0	0	0	0	0
Fe2	0.6452(7)						
Ca1		0.0088(2)	0	0	-0.0115(2)	0	0
O1		0.0039(6)	0	0.0023(9)	0	-0.0015(3)	0
O2		-0.0039(9)	0	0	-0.0191(9)	0	0
O3	0.178(3)						

Table 4: Bonding angles of tetrahedrally and octahedrally coordinated iron, including averages (ave) and extrema caused by the modulation. Part 1

Atoms	<i>ave</i> [ $^{\circ}$ ]	<i>min</i> [ $^{\circ}$ ]	<i>max</i> [ $^{\circ}$ ]	symmetry codes
Fe1-O1				$-1 + x, y, z$
O1-Fe1-O1	179.36(15)	178.99(17)	180	$1 - x, -y, 1 - z$
O1-Fe1-O1	87.83(14)	87.83(16)	87.83(12)	$1 - x, y, z$
O1-Fe1-O1	92.18(14)	91.98(14)	92.37(14)	$-1 + x, -y, 1 - z$
O1-Fe1-O2	91.71(18)	89.57(16)	93.85(16)	$x, y, z$
O1-Fe1-O2	88.29(18)	86.79(19)	89.8(2)	$-x, -y, 1 - z$
Fe1-O1				$1 - x, -y, 1 - z$
O1-Fe1-O1	179.36(15)	178.99(17)	180	$-1 + x, y, z$
O1-Fe1-O1	92.18(14)	91.98(14)	92.37(14)	$1 - x, y, z$
O1-Fe1-O1	87.83(14)	87.83(16)	87.83(13)	$-1 + x, -y, 1 - z$
O1-Fe1-O2	88.29(18)	86.79(19)	89.8(2)	$x, y, z$
O1-Fe1-O2	91.71(18)	89.57(16)	93.85(16)	$-x, -y, 1 - z$
Fe1-O1				$1 - x, y, z$
O1-Fe1-O1	87.83(14)	87.83(16)	87.83(13)	$-1 + x, y, z$
O1-Fe1-O1	92.18(14)	91.98(14)	92.37(14)	$1 - x, -y, 1 - z$
O1-Fe1-O1	179.36(15)	178.99(17)	180	$-1 + x, -y, 1 - z$
O1-Fe1-O2	91.71(18)	89.57(16)	93.85(16)	$x, y, z$
O1-Fe1-O2	88.29(18)	86.79(19)	89.8(2)	$-x, -y, 1 - z$
Fe1-O1				$-1 + x, -y, 1 - z$
O1-Fe1-O1	92.18(14)	91.98(14)	92.37(14)	$-1 + x, y, z$
O1-Fe1-O1	87.83(14)	87.83(16)	87.83(12)	$1 - x, -y, 1 - z$
O1-Fe1-O1	179.36(15)	178.99(17)	180	$1 - x, y, z$
O1-Fe1-O2	88.29(18)	86.79(19)	89.8(2)	$x, y, z$
O1-Fe1-O2	91.71(18)	89.57(16)	93.85(16)	$-x, -y, 1 - z$
Fe1-O2				$x, y, z$
O2-Fe1-O2	177.80(19)	176.54(19)	180	$-x, -y, 1 - z$
Fe1-O2				$-x, -y, 1 - z$
O2-Fe1-O2	177.80(19)	176.54(19)	180	$x, y, z$

Table 5: Bonding angles of tetrahedrally and octahedrally coordinated iron, including averages (ave) and extrema caused by the modulation. Part 2

Atoms	<i>ave</i> [ $^{\circ}$ ]	<i>min</i> [ $^{\circ}$ ]	<i>max</i> [ $^{\circ}$ ]	symmetry codes
Fe2-O2				$1 + x, y, z$
O2-Fe2-O2	124.80(19)	123.86(19)	126.69(19)	$1 + x, 1/2 - y, z$
O2-Fe2-O3	107.02(15)	106.39(15)	108.40(15)	$3/2 - x, 1/2 - y, 3/2 - z$
O2-Fe2-O3	105.23(17)	102.57(17)	106.45(17)	$1 - x, y, z$
O2-Fe2-O3	116.09(13)	116.08(13)	116.09(13)	$1/2 + x, 1/2 - y, 3/2 - z$
Fe2-O2				$1 + x, 1/2 - y, z$
O2-Fe2-O2	124.80(19)	123.86(19)	126.69(19)	$1 + x, y, z$
O2-Fe2-O3	107.02(15)	106.39(15)	108.40(15)	$3/2 - x, 1/2 - y, 3/2 - z$
O2-Fe2-O3	105.23(17)	102.57(17)	106.45(17)	$1 - x, y, z$
O2-Fe2-O3	116.09(13)	116.08(13)	116.09(13)	$1/2 + x, 1/2 - y, 3/2 - z$
Fe2-O3				$3/2 - x, 1/2 - y, 3/2 - z$
O3-Fe2-O3	106.2(2)	106.2(2)	106.2(2)	$1 - x, y, z$
Fe2-O3				$1 - x, y, z$
O3-Fe2-O3	106.2(2)	106.2(2)	106.2(2)	$3/2 - x, 1/2 - y, 3/2 - z$
O3-Fe2-O3	72.5(2)	72.5(2)	72.5(2)	$1/2 + x, 1/2 - y, 3/2 - z$
Fe2-O3				$1/2 + x, 1/2 - y, 3/2 - z$
O3-Fe2-O3	72.5(2)	72.5(2)	72.5(2)	$1 - x, y, z$