

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

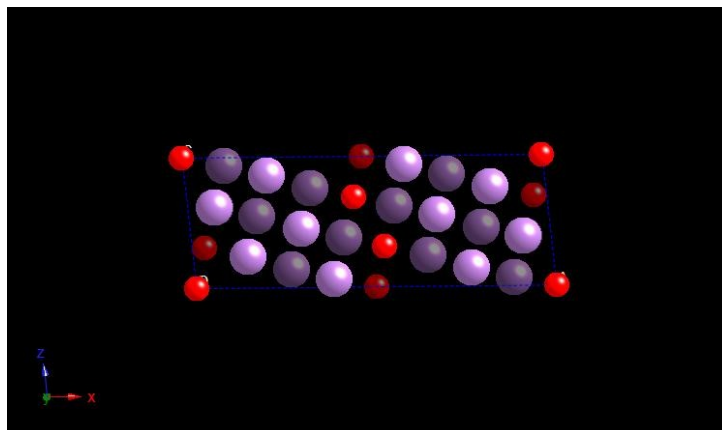


Figure 1. Schematic cationic model proposed by Vila et al. (2005) for the $\text{Bi}_{10}\text{Mo}_3\text{O}_{24}$ phase oriented along b axis. Red balls indicate Mo atoms and blue balls Bi atoms. Light and dark colors indicate atoms at heights of 0 and $\frac{1}{2}$. See Table 1 for the atomic coordinates.

Table 1. Cationic structural model proposed by Vila et al. (2005) for $\text{Bi}_{10}\text{Mo}_3\text{O}_{24}$.

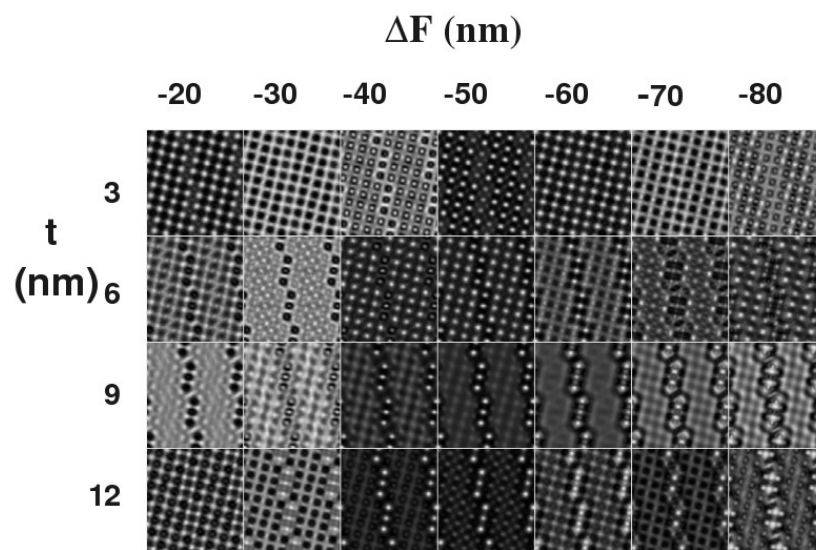


Figure 2. Simulated images for the $\text{Bi}_{10}\text{Mo}_3\text{O}_{24}$ cationic model proposed by Vila et al. (2005) for thicknesses of 3,6,9 and 12 nm and defoci ranging from -20 nm to -80 nm. The atomic coordinates are collected in Table 1.

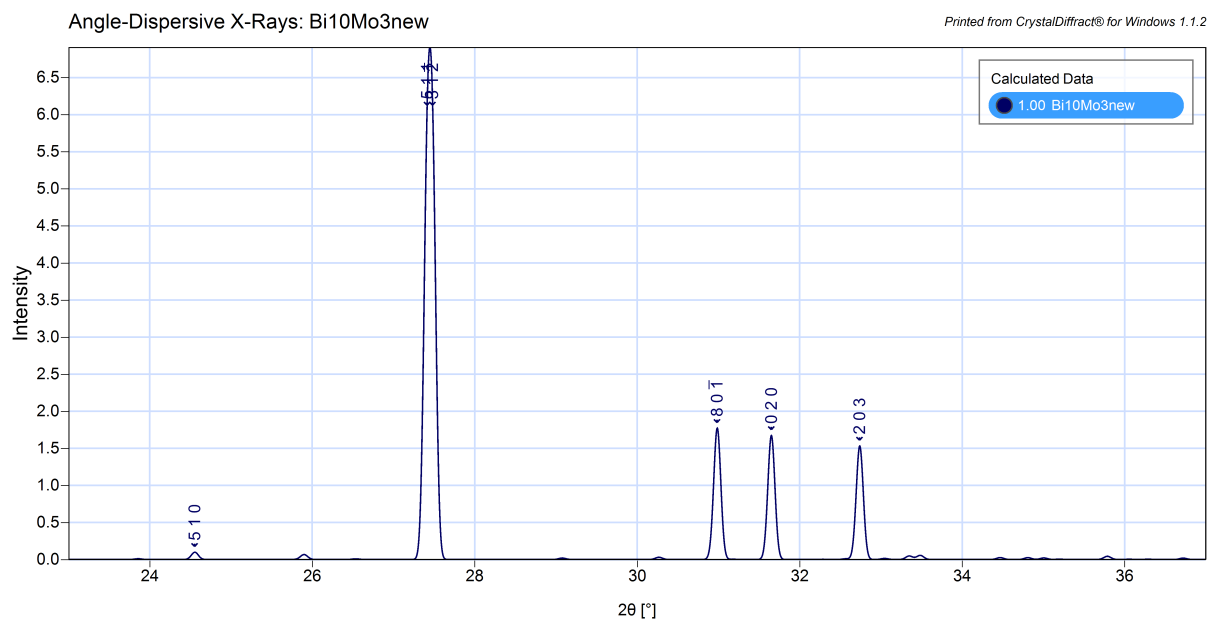


Figure 3.- Powder diffraction patterns simulated for the cationic model proposed for the phase $\text{Bi}_{10}\text{Mo}_3\text{O}_{24}$ in Fig. 3 whose atomic coordinates are collected in Table 1. Compare it with the diffraction pattern published by Vila et al. (2007)

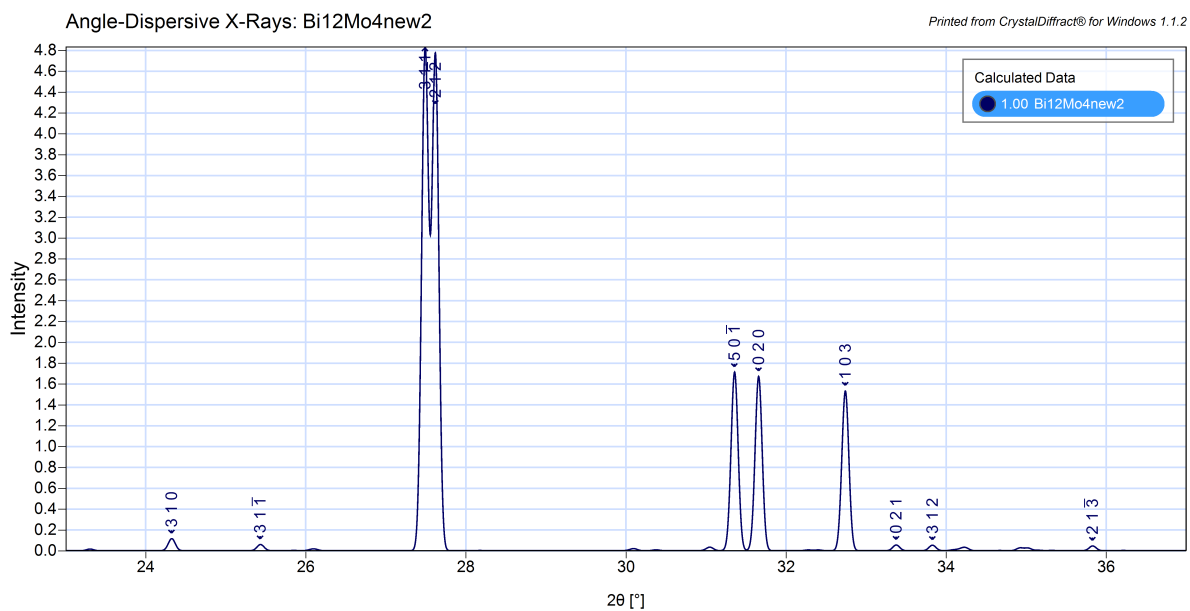


Figure 4.- Powder diffraction pattern simulated for the cationic model proposed for $\text{Bi}_{12}\text{Mo}_4\text{O}_{30}$ phase in Figure 7-b in the article.

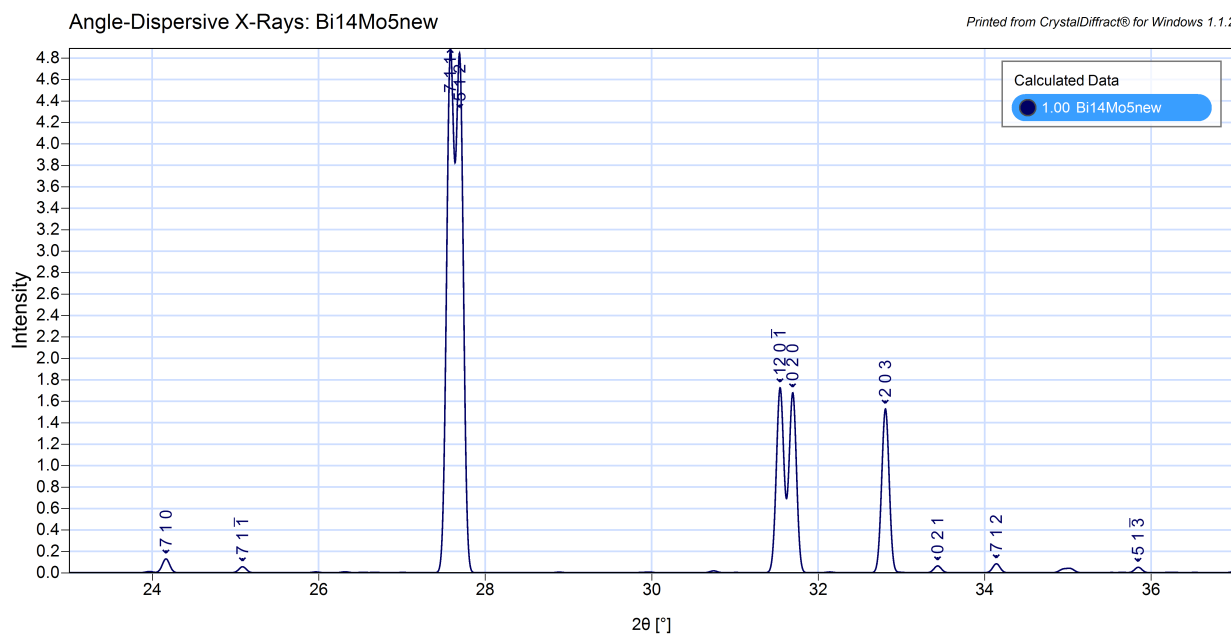


Figure 5.- Powder diffraction pattern simulated for the cationic model proposed for $\text{Bi}_{14}\text{Mo}_5\text{O}_{36}$ phase in Figure 8-b of the article.

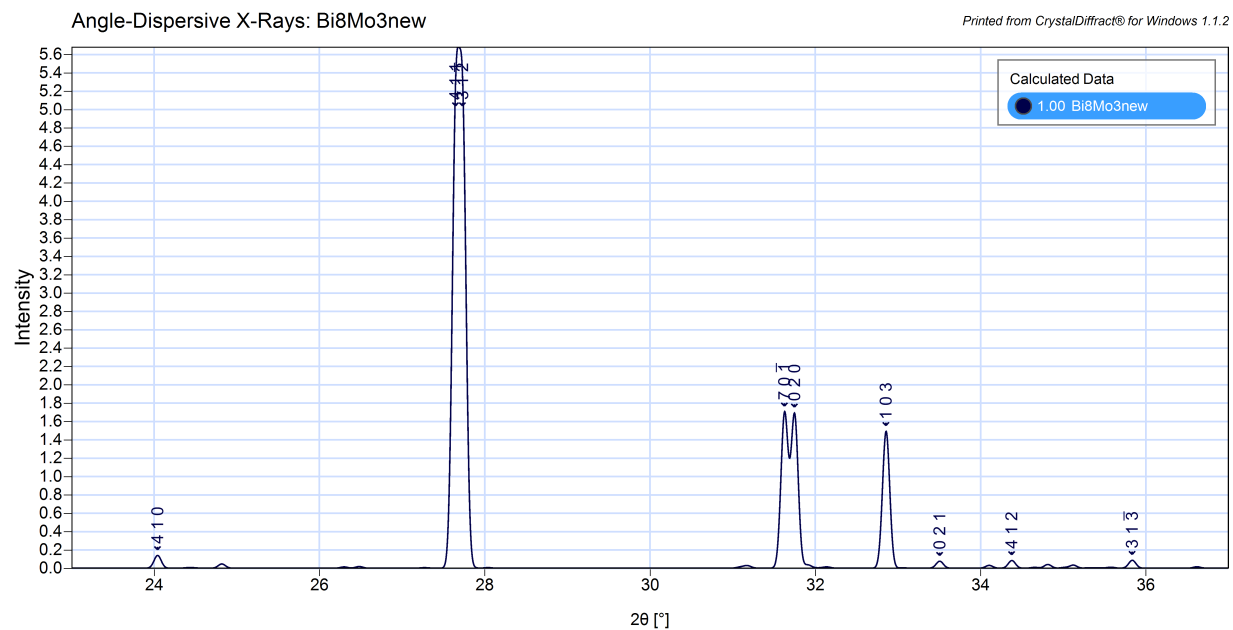


Figure 6.- powder diffraction pattern simulated for the cationic model proposed for $\text{Bi}_{16}\text{Mo}_6\text{O}_{42}$ phase in Figure 9-a of the article.