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Key indicators

Powder X-ray study

$T = 298\text{ K}$

Mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003\text{ \AA}$

R factor = 0.026

wR factor = 0.031

For details of how these key indicators were automatically derived from the article, see <http://journals.iucr.org/e>.

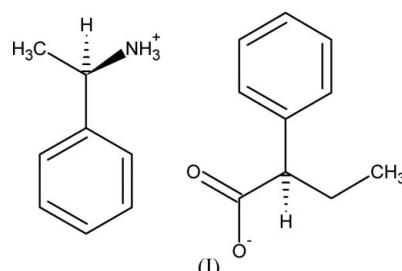
Powder study of (*R*)-1-phenylethylammonium (*R*)-2-phenylbutyrate form 3

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The crystal structure of a new polymorph of the title compound, $\text{C}_8\text{H}_{12}\text{N}^+\cdot\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{11}\text{O}_2^-$, was solved by simulated annealing from laboratory X-ray powder diffraction data, collected at 295 K. Subsequent Rietveld refinement using data collected to 1.54 Å resolution, yielded an R_{wp} of 0.030. The compound crystallizes with one (*R*)-1-phenylethylammonium cation and one (*R*)-2-phenylbutyrate anion in the asymmetric unit.

Comment

The title compound is known to crystallize in at least two polymorphic forms, form 1 (Briano, 1978) and form 2 (Fernandes *et al.*, 2006). A third polymorph, form 3, (I), was produced *in situ* by heating a polycrystalline sample of form 2 to 393 K. The sample remained stable upon cooling to 295 K and the powder data were collected at this temperature.



The compound crystallizes in the monoclinic space group $P2_1$ with one (*R*)-1-phenylethylammonium cation and one

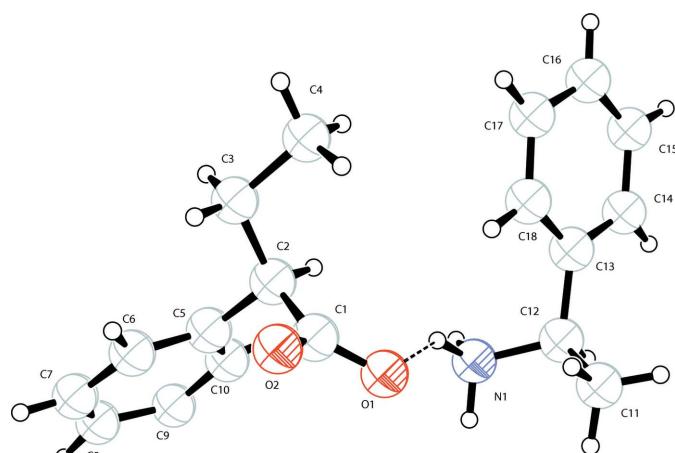
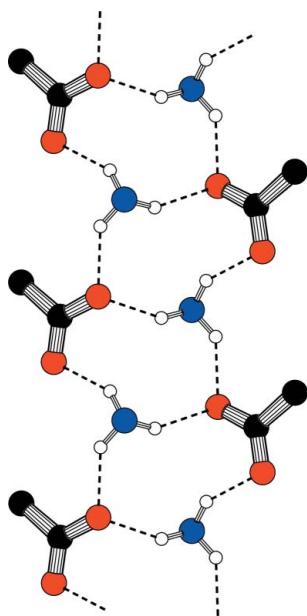


Figure 1

The asymmetric unit of (I) with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement spheres are shown at the 50% probability level. The dashed line indicates a hydrogen bond.

**Figure 2**

The hydrogen-bonded (dashed lines) ladder motif running parallel to the b axis in (I). Atoms not directly involved in hydrogen-bond contacts are omitted for clarity.

(R)-2-phenylbutyrate anion in the asymmetric unit (Fig. 1). The structure contains four N–H \cdots O hydrogen bonds between the NH $_3^+$ and COO $^-$ groups on adjacent ions. The ions pack to form a hydrogen-bonded ladder motif, similar to that observed in form 2 (Table 1, Fig. 2).

Experimental

A polycrystalline sample of (I) was prepared *in situ* by heating form 2 from 295 to 393 K until all the sample transformed. The sample was then cooled to 295 K and held at that temperature for the duration of the data collection. The sample was held in a rotating 0.7 mm borosilicate glass capillary and the temperature controlled using an Oxford Cryosystems Cryostream 700 series device. Data were collected using a variable count time (VCT) scheme in which the step time is increased with 2θ (Shankland *et al.*, 1997; Hill & Madsen, 2002).

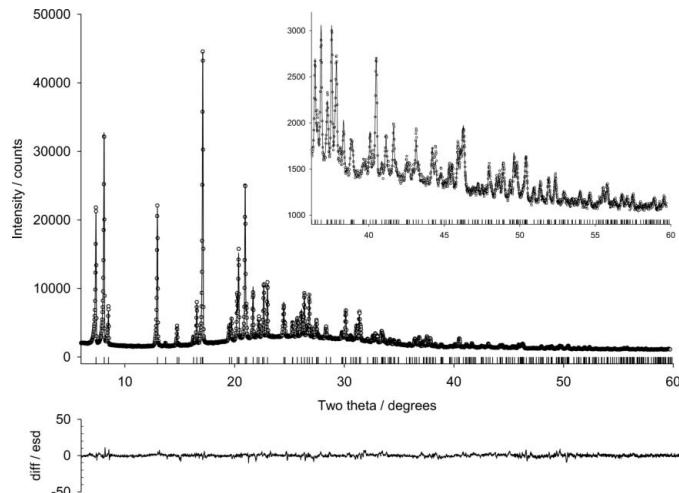
Crystal data

C₈H₁₂N $^+$ ·C₁₀H₁₁O $^-$
 $M_r = 285.37$
Monoclinic, $P2_1$
 $a = 11.88215 (15)$ Å
 $b = 5.97647 (8)$ Å
 $c = 13.07499 (15)$ Å
 $\beta = 113.510 (1)$ °
 $V = 851.43 (2)$ Å 3
 $Z = 2$

Data collection

Bruker AXS D8 Advance diffractometer
Specimen mounting: 0.7 mm borosilicate capillary
Specimen mounted in transmission mode

$D_x = 1.113$ Mg m $^{-3}$
Cu $K\alpha_1$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.57$ mm $^{-1}$
 $T = 298$ K
Specimen shape: cylinder 12 × 0.7 × 0.7 mm
Specimen prepared at 393 K
Particle morphology: needle, white
Scan method: step
Wavelength of incident radiation: 1.54056 Å
Absorption correction: none
 $2\theta_{\min} = 3.0$, $2\theta_{\max} = 60.0$ °
Increment in $2\theta = 0.017$ °

**Figure 3**

Final observed (points), calculated (line) and difference $[(y_{\text{obs}} - y_{\text{calcd}})/\sigma(y_{\text{obs}})]$ profiles for the Rietveld refinement of the title compound.

Refinement

$R_p = 0.026$	Only H-atom coordinates refined
$R_{wp} = 0.031$	$w = 1/\sigma(Y_{\text{obs}})^2$
$R_{\text{exp}} = 0.016$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
$R_B = 0.0223\%$	Preferred orientation correction: A spherical harmonics-based preferred orientation correction (Järvinen, 1993) was applied with TOPAS during the Rietveld refinement
$S = 1.96$	
Profile function: Fundamental parameters with axial divergence correction.	
145 parameters	

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
N1–H1N4 \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.963 (7)	2.585 (8)	3.457 (3)	150.7 (5)
N1–H1N4 \cdots O2 ⁱ	0.963 (7)	1.827 (7)	2.683 (3)	146.6 (6)
N1–H1NB \cdots O1	0.978 (7)	1.927 (8)	2.754 (3)	140.7 (5)
N1–H1NC \cdots O1 ⁱⁱ	0.976 (7)	1.958 (9)	2.840 (5)	149.1 (9)

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y + 1, z$; (ii) $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + 2$.

The diffraction pattern indexed to a monoclinic cell [$M(20) = 95.7$ F(20) = 253.2; DICVOL-91; Boultif & Louër, 1991] and space group $P2_1$ was assigned from volume considerations and a statistical consideration of the systematic absences (Markvardsen *et al.*, 2001). The data set was background subtracted and truncated to 59.8° 2θ for Pawley (1981) fitting ($\chi^2_{\text{Pawley}} = 5.10$) and the structure solved using the simulated annealing (SA) global optimization procedure, described previously (David *et al.*, 1998), that is now implemented in the DASH computer program (David *et al.*, 2001). The SA structure solution used 290 reflections and involved the optimization of two fragments totaling 14 degrees of freedom (six positional and orientational for each fragment present in the asymmetric unit plus a torsion angle for each fragment). All degrees of freedom were assigned random values at the start of the simulated annealing. The best SA solution had a favourable $\chi^2_{\text{SA}}/\chi^2_{\text{Pawley}}$ ratio of 1.83 and a chemically reasonable packing arrangement, with no significant misfit to the diffraction data.

The solved structure was then refined against the data in the range $3\text{--}59.7^\circ 2\theta$ using a restrained Rietveld (1969) method as implemented in *Topas* (Coelho, 2003), with the R_{wp} falling to 0.030 during the refinement. All atomic positions (including H atoms) for the structure of (I) were refined, subject to a series of restraints on bond lengths, bond angles and planarity. U_{iso} values for H atoms were constrained to equal 0.1013 \AA^2 .

The restraints were set such that bond lengths and angles did not deviate more than 0.01 \AA and 0.8° , respectively, from their initial values during the refinement. Atoms C13–C18 and H14–H18 (phenylethylammonium) and atoms C5–C10 and H6–H10 (phenylbutyrate) were restrained to be planar. A spherical harmonics (fourth order) correction of intensities for preferred orientation was applied in the final refinement (Järvinen, 1993). The observed and calculated diffraction patterns for the refined crystal structure are shown in Fig. 3.

Data collection: *DIFFRAC plus XRD Commander* (Kienle & Jacob, 2003); cell refinement: *TOPAS* (Coelho, 2003); data reduction: *DASH* (David *et al.*, 2001); program(s) used to solve structure: *DASH*; program(s) used to refine structure: *TOPAS*; molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997) and *PLATON* (Version 011105; Spek, 2003); software used to prepare material for publication: *enCIFer* (Allen *et al.*, 2004).

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supporting information

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(*R*)-1-phenylethylammonium (*R*)-2-phenylbutyrate

Crystal data



$M_r = 285.37$

Monoclinic, $P2_1$

Hall symbol: P 2yb

$a = 11.88215 (15)$ Å

$b = 5.97647 (8)$ Å

$c = 13.07499 (15)$ Å

$\beta = 113.510 (1)^\circ$

$V = 851.43 (2)$ Å³

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 308$

$D_x = 1.113 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Cu $K\alpha_1$ radiation, $\lambda = 1.54056$ Å

$\mu = 0.57 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 298$ K

Particle morphology: needles

white

cylinder, 12 × 0.7 mm

Specimen preparation: Prepared at 393 K

Data collection

Bruker AXS D8 Advance
diffractometer

Radiation source: sealed X-ray tube, Bruker-
AXS D8

Primary focussing, Ge 111 monochromator

Specimen mounting: 0.7 mm borosilicate
capillary

Data collection mode: transmission

Scan method: step

$2\theta_{\min} = 3.0^\circ$, $2\theta_{\max} = 60.0^\circ$, $2\theta_{\text{step}} = 0.017^\circ$

Refinement

Least-squares matrix: selected elements only

$R_p = 0.026$

$R_{wp} = 0.031$

$R_{\text{exp}} = 0.016$

$R_{\text{Bragg}} = 2.23$

4177 data points

Profile function: Fundamental parameters with
axial divergence correction.

145 parameters

101 restraints

1 constraint

Only H-atom coordinates refined

Weighting scheme based on measured s.u.'s $w =$

$1/\sigma(Y_{\text{obs}})^2$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$

Background function: Chebyshev polynomial

Preferred orientation correction: A spherical
harmonics-based preferred orientation
correction (Järvinen, 1993) was applied with
Topas during the Rietveld refinement.

Special details

Geometry. Bond distances, angles etc. have been calculated using the rounded fractional coordinates. All su's are estimated from the variances of the (full) variance-covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account in the estimation of distances, angles and torsion angles

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.3747 (5)	0.1291 (5)	0.8818 (3)	0.0718 (5)*
O2	0.3433 (6)	-0.1669 (7)	0.7721 (2)	0.0718 (5)*
C1	0.3477 (2)	0.0377 (2)	0.78746 (12)	0.0718 (5)*
C2	0.32515 (16)	0.1930 (2)	0.69002 (11)	0.0718 (5)*
C3	0.21939 (14)	0.1089 (3)	0.58677 (13)	0.0718 (5)*
C4	0.09580 (11)	0.1186 (2)	0.60089 (8)	0.0718 (5)*
C5	0.44009 (15)	0.2225 (3)	0.66949 (16)	0.0718 (5)*
C6	0.48329 (13)	0.0467 (3)	0.6259 (3)	0.0718 (5)*
C7	0.58868 (18)	0.0694 (3)	0.60649 (17)	0.0718 (5)*
C8	0.6603 (2)	0.2620 (3)	0.6402 (3)	0.0718 (5)*
C9	0.62251 (17)	0.4285 (3)	0.6930 (3)	0.0718 (5)*
C10	0.51293 (13)	0.4127 (3)	0.70507 (18)	0.0718 (5)*
N1	0.38635 (9)	0.5680 (2)	0.94939 (8)	0.0718 (5)*
C11	0.31720 (10)	0.41721 (19)	1.09033 (9)	0.0718 (5)*
C12	0.30926 (12)	0.6131 (3)	1.01329 (11)	0.0718 (5)*
C13	0.17962 (18)	0.6657 (3)	0.93490 (16)	0.0718 (5)*
C14	0.12161 (15)	0.8606 (3)	0.94873 (16)	0.0718 (5)*
C15	0.00363 (15)	0.9118 (3)	0.87154 (16)	0.0718 (5)*
C16	-0.05983 (16)	0.7575 (3)	0.78734 (16)	0.0718 (5)*
C17	-0.00054 (15)	0.5681 (3)	0.77208 (15)	0.0718 (5)*
C18	0.11465 (16)	0.5141 (3)	0.84997 (16)	0.0718 (5)*
H2	0.3072 (9)	0.3380 (11)	0.7092 (4)	0.1013*
H3A	0.2158 (5)	0.2052 (13)	0.5273 (4)	0.1013*
H3B	0.2387 (5)	-0.0409 (13)	0.5746 (4)	0.1013*
H4A	0.0792 (6)	0.2733 (13)	0.6111 (4)	0.1013*
H4B	0.1002 (5)	0.0244 (13)	0.6644 (4)	0.1013*
H4C	0.0291 (6)	0.075 (2)	0.5316 (5)	0.1013*
H6	0.4350 (5)	-0.0846 (12)	0.5972 (4)	0.1013*
H7	0.6181 (5)	-0.0517 (12)	0.5756 (5)	0.1013*
H8	0.7391 (5)	0.2670 (12)	0.6375 (7)	0.1013*
H9	0.6642 (5)	0.5714 (15)	0.7086 (4)	0.1013*
H10	0.4794 (5)	0.5441 (15)	0.7215 (18)	0.1013*
H1NA	0.3899 (5)	0.7000 (13)	0.9086 (5)	0.1013*
H1NB	0.3565 (5)	0.4469 (13)	0.8949 (4)	0.1013*
H1NC	0.4694 (6)	0.5316 (18)	1.0020 (5)	0.1013*
H11A	0.2726 (5)	0.4561 (13)	1.1364 (4)	0.1013*
H11B	0.2836 (4)	0.2838 (13)	1.0457 (4)	0.1013*
H11C	0.4033 (4)	0.3907 (11)	1.1390 (4)	0.1013*
H12	0.3428 (5)	0.7420 (13)	1.0575 (4)	0.1013*
H14	0.1682 (5)	0.9672 (13)	1.0051 (5)	0.1013*
H15	-0.0339 (5)	1.0449 (15)	0.8853 (4)	0.1013*
H16	-0.1395 (5)	0.7935 (11)	0.7330 (4)	0.1013*
H17	-0.0464 (5)	0.4590 (12)	0.7169 (5)	0.1013*
H18	0.1545 (5)	0.3781 (12)	0.8442 (4)	0.1013*

Geometric parameters (\AA , $\text{^{\circ}}$)

O1—C1	1.268 (4)	C6—H6	0.956 (7)
O2—C1	1.237 (4)	C7—H7	0.960 (7)
N1—C12	1.4901 (19)	C8—H8	0.951 (8)
N1—H1NC	0.976 (7)	C9—H9	0.967 (9)
N1—H1NA	0.963 (7)	C10—H10	0.943 (11)
N1—H1NB	0.978 (7)	C11—C12	1.523 (2)
C1—C2	1.5113 (19)	C12—C13	1.504 (3)
C2—C3	1.517 (2)	C13—C18	1.402 (3)
C2—C5	1.504 (3)	C13—C14	1.401 (3)
C3—C4	1.553 (2)	C14—C15	1.396 (3)
C5—C6	1.388 (3)	C15—C16	1.403 (3)
C5—C10	1.392 (3)	C16—C17	1.389 (3)
C6—C7	1.380 (3)	C17—C18	1.379 (3)
C7—C8	1.394 (3)	C11—H11A	0.976 (6)
C8—C9	1.384 (4)	C11—H11B	0.975 (7)
C9—C10	1.376 (3)	C11—H11C	0.978 (5)
C2—H2	0.950 (7)	C12—H12	0.950 (7)
C3—H3B	0.953 (8)	C14—H14	0.964 (7)
C3—H3A	0.955 (6)	C15—H15	0.963 (8)
C4—H4A	0.966 (8)	C16—H16	0.954 (6)
C4—H4B	0.987 (6)	C17—H17	0.964 (7)
C4—H4C	0.972 (7)	C18—H18	0.959 (7)
H1NA—N1—H1NB	106.6 (5)	C8—C7—H7	118.5 (5)
H1NA—N1—H1NC	108.5 (7)	C9—C8—H8	121.1 (5)
H1NB—N1—H1NC	108.6 (7)	C7—C8—H8	120.0 (5)
C12—N1—H1NC	108.7 (4)	C10—C9—H9	117.7 (4)
C12—N1—H1NA	109.6 (4)	C8—C9—H9	119.9 (5)
C12—N1—H1NB	114.7 (4)	C5—C10—H10	119.6 (7)
O2—C1—C2	119.24 (17)	C9—C10—H10	118.3 (7)
O1—C1—O2	124.2 (2)	C11—C12—C13	112.82 (13)
O1—C1—C2	116.52 (17)	N1—C12—C13	110.32 (12)
C1—C2—C3	110.62 (13)	N1—C12—C11	110.01 (12)
C3—C2—C5	111.65 (13)	C12—C13—C14	120.56 (16)
C1—C2—C5	110.75 (16)	C12—C13—C18	119.69 (17)
C2—C3—C4	111.65 (13)	C14—C13—C18	119.70 (19)
C6—C5—C10	118.24 (18)	C13—C14—C15	119.52 (17)
C2—C5—C6	119.72 (16)	C14—C15—C16	119.58 (17)
C2—C5—C10	121.61 (16)	C15—C16—C17	120.24 (18)
C5—C6—C7	120.83 (18)	C16—C17—C18	119.69 (17)
C6—C7—C8	120.5 (2)	C13—C18—C17	120.28 (17)
C7—C8—C9	118.2 (2)	C12—C11—H11A	108.6 (4)
C8—C9—C10	121.2 (2)	C12—C11—H11B	109.3 (4)
C5—C10—C9	120.57 (18)	C12—C11—H11C	109.1 (4)
C5—C2—H2	104.8 (6)	H11A—C11—H11B	111.8 (5)
C1—C2—H2	108.7 (4)	H11A—C11—H11C	108.8 (4)

C3—C2—H2	110.1 (5)	H11B—C11—H11C	109.2 (5)
C2—C3—H3A	106.1 (4)	N1—C12—H12	106.6 (4)
C2—C3—H3B	106.9 (4)	C11—C12—H12	108.7 (4)
C4—C3—H3A	109.7 (4)	C13—C12—H12	108.2 (4)
C4—C3—H3B	110.9 (4)	C13—C14—H14	119.1 (5)
H3A—C3—H3B	111.5 (6)	C15—C14—H14	120.8 (5)
H4A—C4—H4B	112.0 (5)	C14—C15—H15	116.9 (4)
H4A—C4—H4C	104.5 (8)	C16—C15—H15	123.1 (4)
C3—C4—H4C	109.7 (5)	C15—C16—H16	119.9 (4)
C3—C4—H4A	107.9 (5)	C17—C16—H16	119.1 (4)
C3—C4—H4B	110.1 (4)	C16—C17—H17	119.4 (4)
H4B—C4—H4C	112.4 (7)	C18—C17—H17	119.5 (4)
C7—C6—H6	117.1 (4)	C13—C18—H18	118.5 (4)
C5—C6—H6	121.4 (4)	C17—C18—H18	121.1 (4)
C6—C7—H7	120.8 (4)		
O1—C1—C2—C3	-140.9 (4)	C6—C7—C8—C9	-0.2 (4)
O1—C1—C2—C5	94.8 (4)	C7—C8—C9—C10	-4.6 (5)
O2—C1—C2—C3	41.6 (5)	C8—C9—C10—C5	3.4 (4)
O2—C1—C2—C5	-82.7 (4)	N1—C12—C13—C14	-127.37 (18)
C1—C2—C3—C4	66.34 (18)	N1—C12—C13—C18	55.2 (2)
C5—C2—C3—C4	-169.84 (12)	C11—C12—C13—C14	109.15 (19)
C1—C2—C5—C6	71.0 (2)	C11—C12—C13—C18	-68.3 (2)
C1—C2—C5—C10	-101.35 (19)	C12—C13—C14—C15	176.66 (17)
C3—C2—C5—C6	-52.8 (2)	C18—C13—C14—C15	-5.9 (3)
C3—C2—C5—C10	134.91 (18)	C12—C13—C18—C17	-174.78 (17)
C2—C5—C6—C7	-179.9 (2)	C14—C13—C18—C17	7.7 (3)
C10—C5—C6—C7	-7.3 (4)	C13—C14—C15—C16	6.0 (3)
C2—C5—C10—C9	175.0 (2)	C14—C15—C16—C17	-8.0 (3)
C6—C5—C10—C9	2.6 (3)	C15—C16—C17—C18	9.8 (3)
C5—C6—C7—C8	6.2 (4)	C16—C17—C18—C13	-9.7 (3)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
N1—H1NA···O1 ⁱ	0.963 (7)	2.585 (8)	3.457 (3)	150.7 (5)
N1—H1NA···O2 ⁱ	0.963 (7)	1.827 (7)	2.683 (3)	146.6 (6)
N1—H1NB···O1	0.978 (7)	1.927 (8)	2.754 (3)	140.7 (5)
N1—H1NC···O1 ⁱⁱ	0.976 (7)	1.958 (9)	2.840 (5)	149.1 (9)

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y+1, z$; (ii) $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+2$.