

supporting information

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[*catena-Poly[[[aquamanganese(II)]-di- μ -sulfato-[aquamanganese(II)]- μ -N,N,N',N'-tetrakis(2-pyridylmethyl)hexane-1,6-diamine] hexahydrate]*]

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S1. Comment

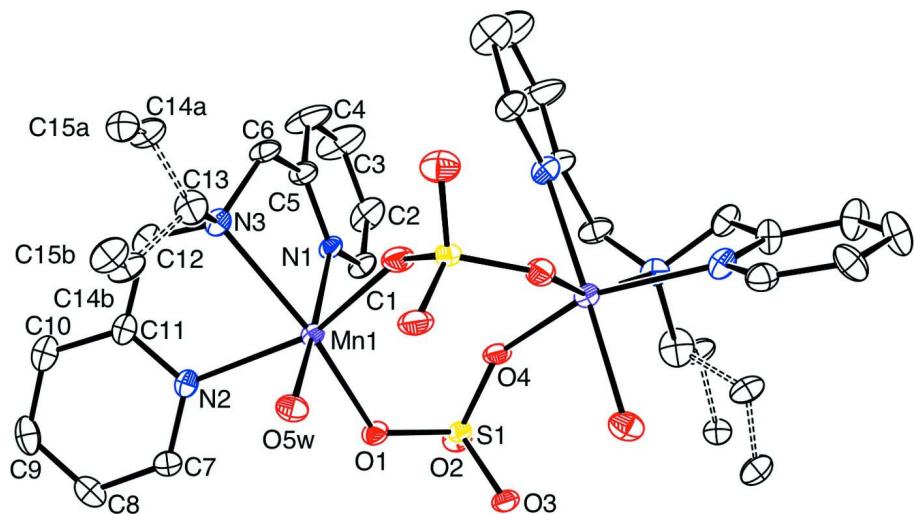
The title compound consists of a Mn^{II} complex polymer with solvent H₂O molecules. In the polymer, two Mn²⁺ ions are first bridged by two SO₄ anion ligands to form dinuclear complexes (Fig. 1), and these dinuclear species are anew bridged by the hexadentate ligand *N,N,N',N'-tetrakis(2-pyridylmethyl)hexane-1,6-diamine* (tphn) to form a one-dimensional chain structure running in the [101] direction (Fig. 2). The Mn ion is six-coordinated in a distorted octahedral structure by three N atoms from the tphn ligand in the facial position, two O atoms from the two SO₄ ligands and an O atom from H₂O ligand. The constitutional repeating unit of the polymer, Mn₂(SO₄)₂(H₂O)₂(tphn), is disposed about a twofold axis passing through the centre of the dinuclear unit. As the twofold axis is parallel to the *b* axis, the unit lies in the (010) plane. The Mn—N(amine) bond length [2.360 (4) Å] is slightly longer than the Mn—N(pyridyl) bond lengths [2.300 (4) and 2.256 (4) Å], and the Mn—O(H₂O) bond length [2.206 (3) Å] is slightly longer than the Mn—O(SO₄) bond lengths [2.139 (3) and 2.143 (3) Å]. The geometry of the bridging SO₄ ligand is nearly tetrahedral with the O—S—O bond angles of 107.96 (18)–110.23 (18)°, and the S—O bond distances are almost equal [1.456 (3)–1.486 (3) Å]. The compound displays intra- and intermolecular O—H···O hydrogen bonds among the H₂O ligand, solvent molecules and SO₄ anions (Fig. 2, Table 1).

S2. Experimental

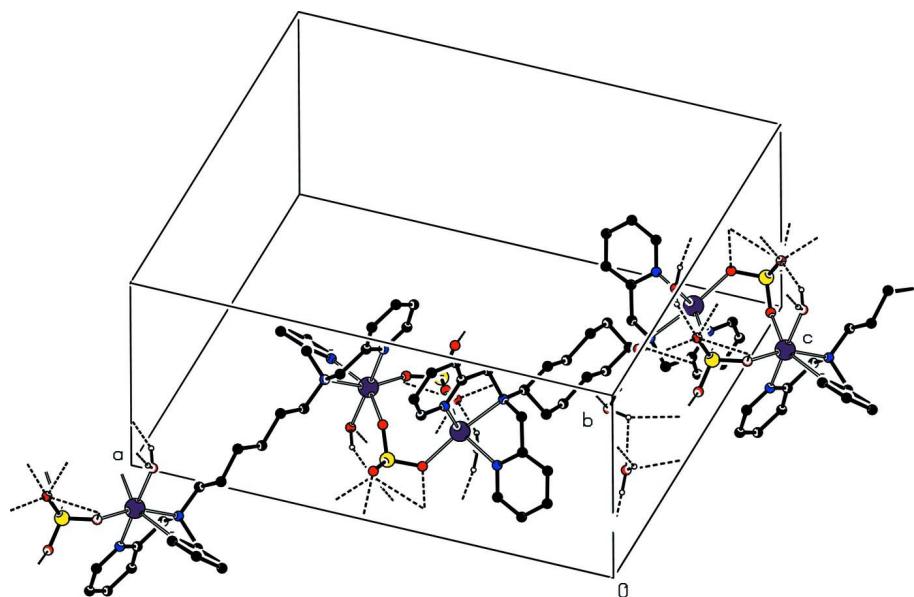
To a solution of MnSO₄·5H₂O (0.25 g, 1.04 mmol) in H₂O (10 ml) was added a solution of *N,N,N',N'-tetrakis(2-pyridylmethyl)hexane-1,6-diamine* (0.50 g, 1.04 mmol) in EtOH (10 ml) and stirred for 1 h at room temperature, and then filtered. The solvent was removed under vacuum, the residue washed with EtOH/acetone and dried, to give a pale yellow powder (0.41 g). Crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were obtained by slow evaporation from an aqueous solution. MS (FAB): m/z 632 (Mn(tphn)HSO₄⁺); IR (KBr): 3405 cm⁻¹ (broad).

S3. Refinement

H atoms bonded to C atoms were positioned geometrically and allowed to ride on their respective carrier atoms [C—H = 0.94 Å (aromatic) or 0.98 Å (CH₂) and U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)]. The H atoms of the water ligand and solvent molecules were located from Fourier difference maps, but their positions were not refined and U_{iso}(H) was fixed at 0.08. The hexylene chain of the tphn ligand displayed relatively large displacement factors so that the chain appears to be partially disordered. Atoms C14 and C15 were modelled anisotropically as disordered over two sites, with a site occupancy factor of 0.5. The disorder of the hexylene chain and the relatively large displacement factors of the solvent water molecules result in the large value of the *R* factor.

**Figure 1**

The structure of the constitutional repeating unit of the title compound. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. H atoms and the solvent H_2O molecules have been omitted for clarity. The bonds of the disordered hexylene chains are shown with dashed lines.

**Figure 2**

View of the unit-cell contents and chain structure of the title compound. H atoms at C atoms have been omitted for clarity. Hydrogen-bond interactions are drawn with dashed lines.

catena-Poly[[[aquamanganese(II)]-di- μ -sulfato-[aquamanganese(II)]- μ -*N,N,N',N'*-tetrakis(2-pyridylmethyl)hexane-1,6-diamine] hexahydrate]

Crystal data



$M_r = 926.78$

Monoclinic, $C2/c$

Hall symbol: -C 2yc

$a = 20.910 (3)$ Å

$b = 12.5820 (17)$ Å

O7W—H7W2···O6W	0.933	2.530	3.044 (6)	115
O7W—H7W2···O6W ^{vi}	0.933	2.347	3.162 (6)	146
O8W—H8W1···O3 ^{vii}	1.030	1.910	2.860 (5)	152
O8W—H8W2···O1 ^{viii}	0.977	1.956	2.913 (5)	166
O8W—H8W2···O3 ^{viii}	0.977	2.587	3.317 (5)	132

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, y, -z+1/2$; (iii) $-x+1/2, y-1/2, -z+1/2$; (iv) $-x+1/2, -y+1/2, -z$; (v) $x-1/2, y+1/2, z$; (vi) $-x, y, -z+1/2$; (vii) $x-1/2, -y+1/2, z+1/2$; (viii) $-x+1/2, y+1/2, -z+1/2$.