

**2,3-Difluorobenzoic acid**

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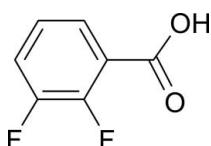
Received 11 December 2007; accepted 11 January 2008

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 293\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002\text{ \AA}$ ;  
 $R$  factor = 0.044;  $wR$  factor = 0.134; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.2.

2,3-Difluorobenzoic acid,  $\text{C}_7\text{H}_4\text{F}_2\text{O}_2$ , forms dimers that are stabilized by hydrogen bonds. The dimers are stacked and the stacks are held together by weak  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{F}$  and  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  interactions.

**Related literature**

For related literature, see: Juhler & Mortensen (2002); Malone *et al.* (2006); Potrzebowski & Chruszcz (2007).

**Experimental***Crystal data*

$\text{C}_7\text{H}_4\text{F}_2\text{O}_2$   
 $M_r = 158.10$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 3.761 (1)\text{ \AA}$   
 $b = 6.520 (1)\text{ \AA}$   
 $c = 26.521 (2)\text{ \AA}$   
 $\beta = 92.27 (1)^\circ$

$$V = 649.8 (2)\text{ \AA}^3$$

$$Z = 4$$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

$$\mu = 0.15\text{ mm}^{-1}$$

$$T = 293 (2)\text{ K}$$

$$0.15 \times 0.15 \times 0.02\text{ mm}$$

*Data collection*

Rigaku R-Axis RAPID diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan  
 (Otwinowski *et al.*, 2003)

$T_{\min} = 0.98$ ,  $T_{\max} = 1.00$   
 (expected range = 0.977–0.997)  
 25713 measured reflections

1881 independent reflections  
 1371 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.031$

*Refinement*

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.043$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.133$   
 $S = 1.06$   
 1881 reflections

116 parameters  
 All H-atom parameters refined  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.28\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.13\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

**Table 1**  
 Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
C5—H5 $\cdots$ O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.94 (2)	2.65 (2)	3.509 (2)	153 (2)
O2—H2 $\cdots$ O1 <sup>ii</sup>	1.03 (3)	1.60 (3)	2.625 (2)	173 (3)
C6—H6 $\cdots$ O2 <sup>iii</sup>	0.95 (2)	2.67 (2)	3.498 (2)	146 (1)
C4—H4 $\cdots$ F2 <sup>iv</sup>	0.95 (2)	2.65 (2)	3.513 (2)	151 (2)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x - 1, y - 1, z$ ; (ii)  $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z$ ; (iii)  $-x, -y, -z$ ; (iv)  $-x, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: *HKL-2000* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); cell refinement: *HKL-2000*; data reduction: *HKL-2000*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008) and *HKL-3000SM* (Minor *et al.*, 2006); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008) and *HKL-3000SM*; molecular graphics: *HKL-3000SM*, *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2006), *ORTEPIII* (Burnett & Johnson, 1996) and *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *HKL-3000SM*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: OM2199).

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# supporting information

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## 2,3-Difluorobenzoic acid

**Aleksandra A. Knapik, Wladek Minor and Maksymilian Chruscz**

### S1. Comment

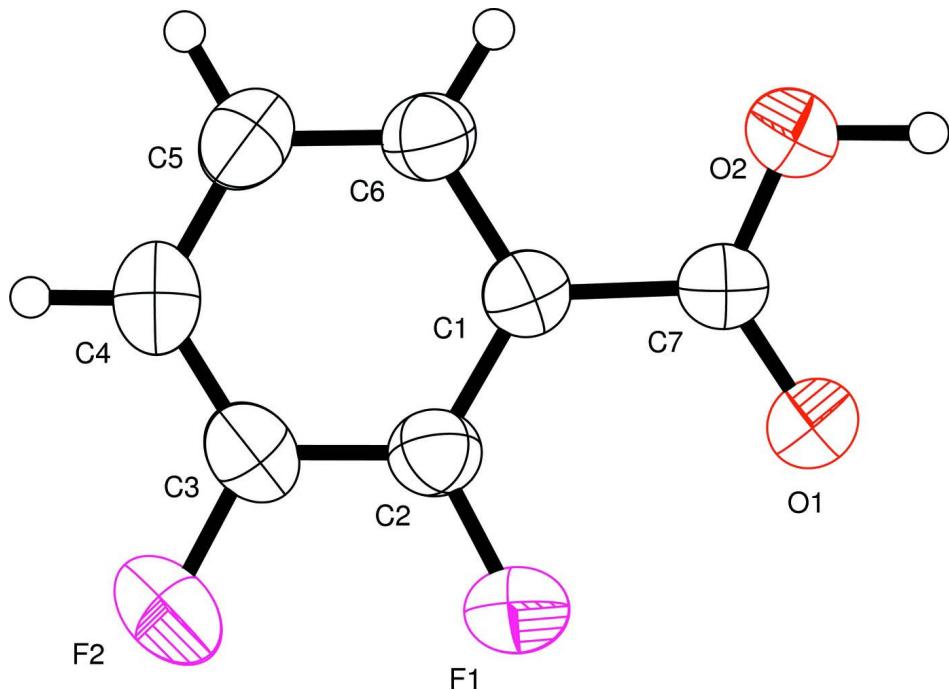
2,3-Difluorobenzoic acid (**I**) (Fig. 1) is used as a tracer for determining the extent of recovery of materials injected into oil wells (Malone *et al.*, 2006) or for observing water movement in soil (Juhler & Mortensen, 2002). 2,3-Difluorobenzoic acid crystallized, like 3,5-difluorobenzoic acid (Potrzebowski & Chruscz, 2007), in the space group  $P2_1/c$  with one molecule per asymmetric unit. Both (**I**) and 3,5-difluorobenzoic acid form dimers in the crystal lattice (Fig. 2), but the dimers of the two compounds pack differently. The molecules of (**I**) pack more tightly in the crystal, as the crystal density is 8% higher than in case of 3,5-difluorobenzoic acid. The dimers of (**I**) are stabilized by hydrogen bonds (Table 1). The dimers are arranged in stacks that are held together by weak C—H···F and C—H···O interactions (Fig. 2).

### S2. Experimental

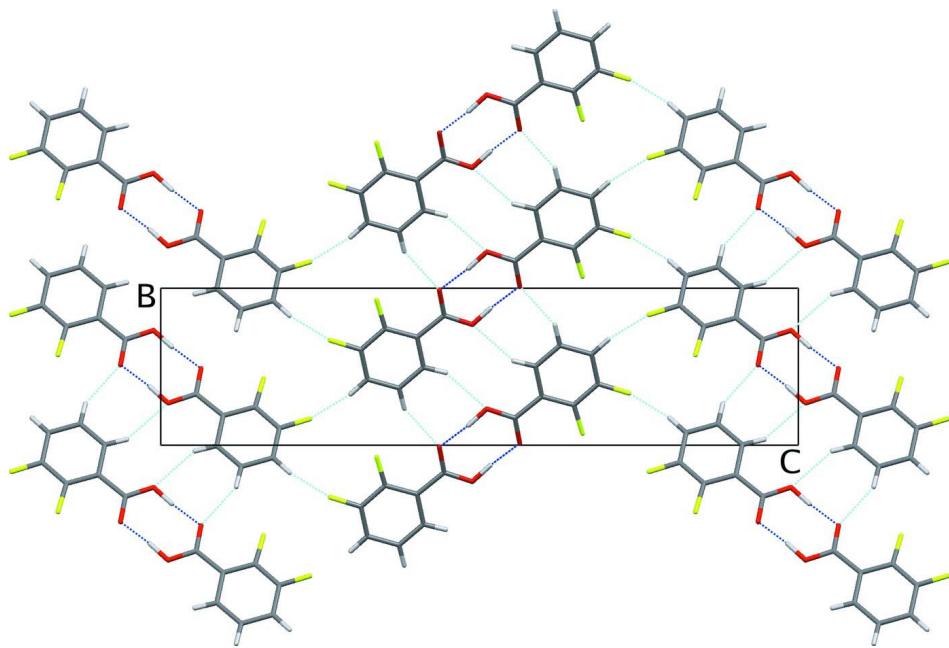
2,3-Difluorobenzoic acid (98%) was purchased from Aldrich, and dissolved in 1-propanol. Single crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction study were obtained by slow evaporation at 293 K.

### S3. Refinement

All hydrogen atoms were localized using the difference density Fourier map. Their positions and isotropic displacement parameters were refined.

**Figure 1**

An asymmetric unit of 2,3-difluorobenzoic acid. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level, while hydrogen atoms are drawn as spheres of an arbitrary radius.

**Figure 2**

The packing of 2,3-difluorobenzoic acid shown along [010]. Hydrogen bonds are marked with blue, dashed lines. Weak C—H···F and C—H···O interactions are shown as light-blue, dashed lines.

**2,3-difluorobenzoic acid***Crystal data*

$C_7H_4F_2O_2$   
 $M_r = 158.10$   
Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc  
 $a = 3.761$  (1) Å  
 $b = 6.520$  (1) Å  
 $c = 26.521$  (2) Å  
 $\beta = 92.27$  (1)°  
 $V = 649.8$  (2) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$

$F(000) = 320$   
 $D_x = 1.616 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71074$  Å  
Cell parameters from 25713 reflections  
 $\theta = 3.1\text{--}30.0^\circ$   
 $\mu = 0.15 \text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 293$  K  
Plate, colorless  
 $0.15 \times 0.15 \times 0.02$  mm

*Data collection*

Rigaku R-AXIS RAPID  
diffractometer  
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
Graphite monochromator  
Detector resolution: 10 pixels mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $\omega$  scans with  $\chi$  offset  
Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(Otwinowski *et al.*, 2003)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.98$ ,  $T_{\max} = 1.00$

25713 measured reflections  
1881 independent reflections  
1371 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.031$   
 $\theta_{\max} = 30.0^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 3.1^\circ$   
 $h = -5 \rightarrow 5$   
 $k = -9 \rightarrow 9$   
 $l = -37 \rightarrow 37$

*Refinement*

Refinement on  $F^2$   
Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.044$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.133$   
 $S = 1.06$   
1881 reflections  
116 parameters  
0 restraints  
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map  
Hydrogen site location: difference Fourier map  
All H-atom parameters refined  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0665P)^2 + 0.0891P]$   
where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.29 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.13 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.3028 (3)	0.18896 (18)	0.09787 (4)	0.0453 (3)
C2	0.3710 (3)	0.2435 (2)	0.14793 (5)	0.0507 (3)
C3	0.2895 (4)	0.1088 (2)	0.18600 (5)	0.0580 (3)
C4	0.1428 (4)	-0.0797 (2)	0.17592 (6)	0.0607 (4)

C5	0.0737 (4)	-0.1357 (2)	0.12626 (6)	0.0587 (3)
C6	0.1521 (3)	-0.0033 (2)	0.08785 (5)	0.0517 (3)
C7	0.3892 (3)	0.32666 (19)	0.05550 (5)	0.0485 (3)
F1	0.5159 (3)	0.42443 (14)	0.16134 (3)	0.0748 (3)
F2	0.3611 (3)	0.16829 (19)	0.23412 (3)	0.0893 (4)
O1	0.5592 (3)	0.48801 (16)	0.06313 (4)	0.0673 (3)
O2	0.2818 (3)	0.26822 (19)	0.01143 (4)	0.0742 (4)
H2	0.330 (8)	0.372 (4)	-0.0169 (13)	0.158 (11)*
H4	0.090 (5)	-0.174 (3)	0.2020 (8)	0.087 (6)*
H5	-0.026 (5)	-0.264 (3)	0.1183 (7)	0.079 (5)*
H6	0.104 (4)	-0.037 (3)	0.0534 (6)	0.057 (4)*

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C1	0.0441 (6)	0.0446 (6)	0.0472 (6)	0.0012 (5)	0.0014 (4)	-0.0005 (5)
C2	0.0550 (7)	0.0465 (6)	0.0503 (6)	0.0009 (5)	0.0003 (5)	-0.0037 (5)
C3	0.0635 (8)	0.0653 (8)	0.0451 (6)	0.0066 (6)	0.0024 (5)	0.0018 (6)
C4	0.0593 (7)	0.0625 (8)	0.0607 (8)	0.0018 (6)	0.0074 (6)	0.0151 (6)
C5	0.0565 (7)	0.0494 (7)	0.0699 (9)	-0.0047 (6)	0.0003 (6)	0.0058 (6)
C6	0.0524 (7)	0.0495 (7)	0.0529 (7)	-0.0036 (5)	-0.0017 (5)	-0.0021 (5)
C7	0.0503 (6)	0.0481 (6)	0.0471 (6)	-0.0027 (5)	0.0001 (5)	-0.0024 (5)
F1	0.1091 (7)	0.0572 (5)	0.0576 (5)	-0.0162 (5)	-0.0039 (5)	-0.0095 (4)
F2	0.1270 (9)	0.0956 (8)	0.0449 (5)	-0.0067 (7)	0.0015 (5)	-0.0011 (5)
O1	0.0901 (7)	0.0569 (6)	0.0544 (5)	-0.0240 (5)	-0.0021 (5)	0.0016 (4)
O2	0.1028 (9)	0.0728 (7)	0.0461 (5)	-0.0317 (6)	-0.0058 (5)	0.0013 (5)

*Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $\text{^\circ}$ )*

C1—C2	1.3885 (17)	C4—H4	0.95 (2)
C1—C6	1.3968 (17)	C5—C6	1.376 (2)
C1—C7	1.4842 (17)	C5—H5	0.94 (2)
C2—F1	1.3415 (16)	C6—H6	0.950 (16)
C2—C3	1.3819 (19)	C7—O1	1.2435 (16)
C3—F2	1.3508 (16)	C7—O2	1.2796 (15)
C3—C4	1.369 (2)	O2—H2	1.03 (3)
C4—C5	1.381 (2)		
C2—C1—C6	118.03 (12)	C5—C4—H4	119.0 (12)
C2—C1—C7	122.09 (11)	C6—C5—C4	120.17 (14)
C6—C1—C7	119.88 (11)	C6—C5—H5	119.2 (12)
F1—C2—C3	117.71 (12)	C4—C5—H5	120.6 (11)
F1—C2—C1	122.43 (12)	C5—C6—C1	121.28 (13)
C3—C2—C1	119.86 (12)	C5—C6—H6	122.0 (10)
F2—C3—C4	120.41 (13)	C1—C6—H6	116.8 (10)
F2—C3—C2	117.76 (14)	O1—C7—O2	122.84 (12)
C4—C3—C2	121.82 (13)	O1—C7—C1	121.00 (11)
C3—C4—C5	118.84 (13)	O2—C7—C1	116.15 (11)

C3—C4—H4	122.2 (12)	C7—O2—H2	114.3 (16)
C6—C1—C2—F1	179.84 (11)	C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.2 (2)
C7—C1—C2—F1	0.6 (2)	C3—C4—C5—C6	0.0 (2)
C6—C1—C2—C3	-0.03 (19)	C4—C5—C6—C1	0.2 (2)
C7—C1—C2—C3	-179.23 (12)	C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.17 (19)
F1—C2—C3—F2	0.0 (2)	C7—C1—C6—C5	179.05 (12)
C1—C2—C3—F2	179.88 (12)	C2—C1—C7—O1	7.3 (2)
F1—C2—C3—C4	-179.64 (13)	C6—C1—C7—O1	-171.85 (12)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.2 (2)	C2—C1—C7—O2	-173.28 (12)
F2—C3—C4—C5	-179.87 (13)	C6—C1—C7—O2	7.53 (18)

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
C5—H5···O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.94 (2)	2.65 (2)	3.509 (2)	153 (2)
O2—H2···O1 <sup>ii</sup>	1.03 (3)	1.60 (3)	2.625 (2)	173 (3)
C6—H6···O2 <sup>iii</sup>	0.95 (2)	2.67 (2)	3.498 (2)	146 (1)
C4—H4···F2 <sup>iv</sup>	0.95 (2)	2.65 (2)	3.513 (2)	151 (2)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x-1, y-1, z$ ; (ii)  $-x+1, -y+1, -z$ ; (iii)  $-x, -y, -z$ ; (iv)  $-x, y-1/2, -z+1/2$ .