## Acta Crystallographica Section E

## Structure Reports

Online
ISSN 1600-5368

## 1,3-Bis(chloromethyl)-2-methyl-5-nitrobenzene

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[^0]Received 24 February 2008; accepted 17 March 2008

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T=273 \mathrm{~K}$; mean $\sigma(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C})=0.002 \AA$; $R$ factor $=0.036 ; w R$ factor $=0.106$; data-to-parameter ratio $=16.7$.

The title compound, $\mathrm{C}_{9} \mathrm{H}_{9} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{NO}_{2}$, is a natural product isolated from the endophytic fungus No. B77 of the mangrove tree from the South China Sea coast. In the crystal structure, the molecules lie on twofold axes and form offset stacks through face-to-face $\pi-\pi$ interactions. Adjacent molecules in each stack are related by a centre of inversion and have an interplanar separation of 3.53 (1) $\AA$, with a centroid-centroid distance of 3.76 (1) $\AA$. Between stacks, there are $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ interactions to the nitro groups and $\mathrm{Cl} \cdots \mathrm{Cl}$ contacts of 3.462 (1) Å.

## Related literature

For related literature, see: McBee (1951).


## Experimental

Crystal data
$\mathrm{C}_{9} \mathrm{H}_{9} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{NO}_{2}$
$M_{r}=234.07$
Monoclinic, $C 2 / c$
$a=8.921$ (3) $\AA$
$b=16.141$ (6) $\AA$
$c=7.511$ (3) $\AA$
$\beta=111.929(6)^{\circ}$

$$
V=1003.3(6) \AA^{3}
$$

$Z=4$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation
$\mu=0.62 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=273$ (2) K
$0.47 \times 0.38 \times 0.18 \mathrm{~mm}$

## Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2001)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.760, T_{\text {max }}=0.897$

## Refinement

$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.035 \quad 66$ parameters
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.106$
$S=1.06$
1102 reflections

H -atom parameters constrained
$\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=0.34 \mathrm{e}^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.39 \mathrm{e}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry $\left(\AA^{\circ},{ }^{\circ}\right)$.

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{H} 6 A \cdots \mathrm{O} 1^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 0.97 | 2.66 | $3.427(3)$ | 136 |
| Symmetry code: (i) $-x+\frac{3}{2}, y+\frac{1}{2},-z+\frac{1}{2}$ |  |  |  |  |

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 1997); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2001); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

Financial support is acknowledged from the National Natural Science Foundation of China (Nos. 40776073, 20072058), the Cultivation Fund of the Key Scientific and Technical Innovation Project, Ministry of Education of China (No. 706038), the Program for New Century Excellent Talents in Universities, Ministry of Education of China (No. NCET-05-0600), Post-Doctoral Start-up Fund of Ocean University of China (No. 1404-82421036) and Syngenta Limited, UK.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BI2284).

## References

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## supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2008). E64, o731 [doi:10.1107/S1600536808007290]

## 1,3-Bis(chloromethyl)-2-methyl-5-nitrobenzene

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## S1. Comment

The title compound was isolated from the endophytic fungus No.B77 from the mangrove tree from the South China Sea coast. As far as we know, this compound has not been reported previously as a natural product, but only as a synthetic compound (Mcbee, 1951). The molecules lie on crystallographic twofold axes (Fig. 1) and form offset $\pi \cdots \pi$ stacks (Fig. 2).

## S2. Experimental

A strain of fungus (No. B77) was deposited in the Department of Applied Chemistry, Zhongshan University, Guangzhou, P. R. China. Culture conditions: GYT medium (glucose $10 \mathrm{~g} / L$, peptone $2 \mathrm{~g} / L$, yeast extract $1 \mathrm{~g} / L, \mathrm{NaCl} 2.5 \mathrm{~g} / L$ ) incubated at 298 K for 30 d . For the extraction and separation of the metabolite, the cultures ( 130 L ) were filtered through cheesecloth, the filtrate was concentrated to $3 L$ below 323 K , then extracted three times by shaking with an equal volume of ethyl acetate. The extract was evaporated under reduced pressure and the combined organic extracts were subjected to silica-gel column chromatography, eluting with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate. Crystals of the title compound were obtained by evaporation of a methanol solution.

## S3. Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically and treated as riding, with $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}=0.93$ (aromatic CH ), 0.96 (methyl $\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ) or $0.97 \AA$ (methylene $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), and with $U_{\text {iso }}(\mathrm{H})=1.2 U_{\text {eq }}(\mathrm{CH})$ or $1.5 U_{\mathrm{eq}}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$.


Figure 1
The molecular structure with displacement ellipsoids at $30 \%$ probability for non- H atoms. Primed atoms are generated by the symmetry operator: $-x+2, y,-z+1 / 2$.


Figure 2
View of the packing along the normal to the $b c$-plane.

## 11,3-Bis(chloromethyl)-2-methyl-5-nitrobenzene

| Crystal data |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{C}_{9} \mathrm{H}_{9} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{NO}_{2}$ | $F(000)=480$ |
| $M_{r}=234.07$ | $D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.550 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$ |
| Monoclinic, $C 2 / c$ | Mo $K \alpha$ radiation, $\lambda=0.71073 \AA$ |
| Hall symbol: -C 2 yc | Cell parameters from 711 reflections |
| $a=8.921(3) \AA$ | $\theta=2.5-27.1^{\circ}$ |
| $b=16.141(6) \AA$ | $\mu=0.62 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$ |
| $c=7.511(3) \AA$ | $T=273 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| $\beta=111.929(6)^{\circ}$ | Block, colourless |
| $V=1003.3(6) \AA^{3}$ | $0.47 \times 0.38 \times 0.18 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| $Z=4$ |  |

## Data collection

## Bruker SMART CCD

diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2001)
$T_{\min }=0.760, T_{\max }=0.897$

> 2900 measured reflections
> 1113 independent reflections
> 976 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
> $R_{\text {int }}=0.017$
> $\theta_{\max }=27.1^{\circ}, \theta_{\min }=2.5^{\circ}$
> $h=-11 \rightarrow 9$
> $k=-20 \rightarrow 19$
> $l=-9 \rightarrow 9$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.035$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.106$
$S=1.06$
1102 reflections
66 parameters
0 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

## Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.
Refinement. Refinement of $F^{2}$ against ALL reflections. The weighted $R$-factor $w R$ and goodness of fit $S$ are based on $F^{2}$, conventional $R$-factors $R$ are based on $F$, with $F$ set to zero for negative $F^{2}$. The threshold expression of $F^{2}>\sigma\left(F^{2}\right)$ is used only for calculating $R$-factors $(\mathrm{gt})$ etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. $R$-factors based on $F^{2}$ are statistically about twice as large as those based on $F$, and $R$ - factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\hat{A}^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\text {iso }} * / U_{\text {eq }}$ | Occ. $(<1)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C11 | $0.58497(5)$ | $0.11383(3)$ | $-0.00170(7)$ | $0.0545(2)$ |  |
| N1 | 1.0000 | $-0.17528(13)$ | 0.2500 | $0.0507(5)$ |  |
| C3 | $0.86254(17)$ | $-0.04274(9)$ | $0.2433(2)$ | $0.0347(3)$ |  |
| H3A | 0.7713 | -0.0721 | 0.2379 | $0.042^{*}$ |  |
| C1 | 1.0000 | $0.08774(13)$ | 0.2500 | $0.0332(4)$ |  |
| C2 | $0.86253(17)$ | $0.04352(9)$ | $0.2446(2)$ | $0.0328(3)$ |  |
| C4 | 1.0000 | $-0.08388(13)$ | 0.2500 | $0.0347(5)$ |  |
| O1 | $0.8703(2)$ | $-0.21053(9)$ | $0.2040(3)$ | $0.0840(6)$ |  |
| C5 | 1.0000 | $0.18142(15)$ | 0.2500 | $0.0528(6)$ |  |
| H5A | 0.8974 | 0.2012 | 0.2461 | $0.079^{*}$ | 0.50 |
| H5B | 1.0186 | 0.2012 | 0.1395 | $0.079^{*}$ | 0.50 |
| H5C | 1.0840 | 0.2012 | 0.3644 | $0.079^{*}$ | 0.50 |
| C6 | $0.71110(19)$ | $0.08572(12)$ | $0.2402(2)$ | $0.0438(4)$ |  |
| H6A | 0.7393 | 0.1351 | 0.3195 | $0.053^{*}$ |  |
| H6B | 0.6520 | 0.0489 | 0.2925 | $0.053^{*}$ |  |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(\AA^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C11 | $0.0409(3)$ | $0.0665(4)$ | $0.0483(3)$ | $0.01565(19)$ | $0.0076(2)$ | $0.00775(19)$ |
| N1 | $0.0643(14)$ | $0.0341(10)$ | $0.0476(12)$ | 0.000 | $0.0139(10)$ | 0.000 |
| C3 | $0.0296(7)$ | $0.0409(8)$ | $0.0314(7)$ | $-0.0052(6)$ | $0.0088(6)$ | $0.0017(6)$ |
| C1 | $0.0345(10)$ | $0.0339(10)$ | $0.0289(10)$ | 0.000 | $0.0092(8)$ | 0.000 |
| C2 | $0.0292(7)$ | $0.0403(8)$ | $0.0276(7)$ | $0.0035(6)$ | $0.0091(6)$ | $0.0004(5)$ |
| C4 | $0.0394(11)$ | $0.0311(10)$ | $0.0300(10)$ | 0.000 | $0.0087(8)$ | 0.000 |
| O1 | $0.0821(12)$ | $0.0432(8)$ | $0.1149(15)$ | $-0.0220(8)$ | $0.0233(11)$ | $-0.0013(9)$ |
| C5 | $0.0587(16)$ | $0.0335(12)$ | $0.0644(17)$ | 0.000 | $0.0209(13)$ | 0.000 |
| C6 | $0.0346(8)$ | $0.0570(10)$ | $0.0398(8)$ | $0.0109(7)$ | $0.0139(7)$ | $0.0025(7)$ |

Geometric parameters ( $A,{ }^{\circ}$ )

| C11-C6 | 1.8017 (18) | C1-C5 | 1.512 (3) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1-O1 | 1.2178 (19) | C2-C6 | 1.502 (2) |
| N1-C4 | 1.475 (3) | C5-H5A | 0.960 |
| C3-C4 | 1.3787 (19) | C5-H5B | 0.960 |
| C3-C2 | 1.392 (2) | C5-H5C | 0.960 |
| C3-H3A | 0.930 | C6-H6A | 0.970 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 1.4064 (18) | C6-H6B | 0.970 |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{O} 1^{\text {i }}$ | 124.3 (2) | C3-C4-N1 | 118.79 (10) |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 4$ | 117.85 (12) | C1-C5-H5A | 109.5 |
| O1- ${ }^{\text {i }}$ - $1-\mathrm{C} 4$ | 117.85 (12) | C1-C5-H5B | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 118.94 (14) | H5A-C5-H5B | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~A}$ | 120.5 | C1-C5- H 5 C | 109.5 |
| C2-C3-H3A | 120.5 | H5A-C5-H5C | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 119.01 (19) | H5B-C5-H5C | 109.5 |
| C2-C1-C5 | 120.50 (10) | C2-C6-Cl1 | 110.75 (11) |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 5$ | 120.50 (10) | C2-C6-H6A | 109.5 |
| C3-C2-C1 | 120.34 (13) | $\mathrm{Cl1}-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{H} 6 \mathrm{~A}$ | 109.5 |
| C3-C2-C6 | 117.12 (14) | C2-C6-H6B | 109.5 |
| C1-C2-C6 | 122.53 (15) | $\mathrm{Cl1}-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{H} 6 \mathrm{~B}$ | 109.5 |
| C3--C4-C3 | 122.4 (2) | H6A-C6-H6B | 108.1 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3{ }^{\text {i }}$ - $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{N} 1$ | 118.79 (10) |  |  |
| C4-C3-C2-C1 | 0.91 (19) | C2-C3-C4-N1 | 179.54 (9) |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 6$ | -179.08 (11) | $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C}^{\text {i }}$ | -164.92 (14) |
| $\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{i}-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | -0.46 (10) | $\mathrm{O} 1^{\mathrm{i}}-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3^{\text {i }}$ | 15.08 (14) |
| $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | 179.54 (10) | $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3$ | 15.08 (14) |
| $\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{i}-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 6$ | 179.53 (15) | $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3$ | -164.92 (14) |
| C5- $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 6$ | -0.47 (15) | C3-C2-C6-Cl1 | -95.84 (15) |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3^{\text {i }}$ | -0.46 (9) | C1-C2-C6-Cl1 | 84.18 (15) |

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+2, y,-z+1 / 2$.

## supporting information

Hydrogen-bond geometry (A, o)

| $D — \mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{H} 6 A \cdots \mathrm{O} 1^{\mathrm{ii}}$ | 0.97 | 2.66 | $3.427(3)$ | 136 |

Symmetry code: (ii) $-x+3 / 2, y+1 / 2,-z+1 / 2$.


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