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# 6-(2-Methoxybenzylamino)purine

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 120 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; R factor = 0.030; wR factor = 0.082; data-to-parameter ratio = 11.7.

The title compound, C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>13</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O, consists of discrete molecules connected by N-H···N hydrogen bonds to form infinite chains, with  $N \cdots N$  separations of 3.0379 (15) and 2.8853 (15) Å. The benzene and purine ring systems make a dihedral angle of  $77.58 (3)^{\circ}$ . The crystal structure is further intramolecular  $N{\cdots}O$ stabilized by interactions [2.9541 (12) Å] and intermolecular C-H···C and C···C contacts [3.304 (2), 3.368 (2), 3.667 (2), 3.618 (2) and 3.512 (2) Å] which arrange the molecules into graphite-like layers. The interlayer separations are 3.248 and 3.256 Å.

#### **Related literature**

For related structures of 6-benzylaminopurine derivatives, see: Maloň et al. (2001); Trávníček et al. (2006); Trávníček & Rosenker (2006). For a description of the Cambridge Structural Database, see: Allen (2002).



#### **Experimental**

Crystal data C13H13N5O  $M_r = 255.28$ 



b = 8.0877 (2) A	
c = 9.9771 (3) Å	
$\alpha = 78.439 \ (3)^{\circ}$	
$\beta = 85.099 \ (2)^{\circ}$	
$\gamma = 83.803 \ (2)^{\circ}$	
$V = 576.56 (3) \text{ Å}^3$	

#### Data collection

4904 measured reflections
2026 independent reflections
1709 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
$R_{\rm int} = 0.018$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.030$	173 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.082$	H-atom parameters constrained
S = 1.09	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.20 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
2026 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.20 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

#### Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$N6-H6A\cdots N7^{i}$	0.88	2.19	3.0379 (15)	162
$N9-H9C\cdots N3^{ii}$	0.88	2.02	2.8853 (15)	167
$C16-H16C\cdots C14^{iii}$	0.98	2.87	3.6666 (18)	139
$C16-H16B\cdots C15^{iv}$	0.98	2.85	3.6182 (18)	136
$C12-H12A\cdots C6^{iii}$	0.95	2.77	3.5119 (17)	136

Symmetry codes: (i) -x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1; (ii) -x + 2, -y + 2, -z + 1; (iii) -x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 2; (iv) -x, -y + 1, -z + 2.

Data collection: CrysAlis CCD (Oxford Diffraction, 2007); cell refinement: CrysAlis RED (Oxford Diffraction, 2007); data reduction: CrysAlis RED; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: DIAMOND (Brandenburg, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97 and DIAMOND.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BH2166).

#### References

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Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation radiation

Z = 2

 $\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-3}$ 

T = 120 (2) K  $0.20 \times 0.20 \times 0.15 \text{ mm}$ 

# supporting information

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# 6-(2-Methoxybenzylamino)purine

## Zdeněk Trávníček, Miroslava Matiková-Maľarová and Jiří Mikulík

## S1. Comment

The structure of the title molecule, (I), extends our crystallographic knowledge regarding aromatic cytokinins and cyclin dependent kinase inhibitors derived from 6-benzylaminopurine.

The molecular structure of (I) is shown in Fig. 1. The molecule contains three different aromatic rings: benzene (A), pyrimidine (B) and imidazole (C). Each ring is essentially planar with the maximum deviations from the least-squares planes being 0.0169 (12) Å for C11 (ring A), 0.0147 (12) Å for C6 (ring B), and 0.0054 (13) Å for C8 (ring C). The dihedral angle between benzene ring (A) and purine skeleton (rings B and C) is 77.58 (3)°, whilst the pyrimidine (B) and imidazole (C) rings are almost coplanar, making a dihedral angle of 3.84 (4)° (Brandenburg, 2006). The interatomic parameters of (I) are comparable to those found for compounds bearing an electroneutral N9—H 6-benzylaminopurine moiety, *e.g.* 6-(2-chlorobenzylamino)purine dihydrate (Maloň *et al.*, 2001), 6-(2-bromobenzylamino)purine (Trávníček & Rosenker, 2006) and 6-(2-chloro-4-fluorobenzylamino)purine (Trávníček *et al.*, 2006). To date, 59 structures of compounds involving the 6-benzylaminopurine skeleton have been deposited in the CSD (Cambridge Structural Database, Version 5.29; Allen, 2002).

The secondary structure of (I) is stabilized by intermolecular hydrogen bonds of the N—H···N type (Table 1, Fig. 2), which connect the molecules into infinite one-dimensional chains. Moreover, intramolecular N···O interactions [N6···O1 = 2.9541 (12) Å, Fig. 2], and non-bonding intermolecular interactions of the type C···C [C2···C5<sup>iii</sup> = 3.304 (2) Å, C2···C6<sup>iii</sup> = 3.368 (2) Å] and C—H···C [C16···C14<sup>iv</sup> = 3.667 (2), C16···C15<sup>v</sup> = 3.618 (2), and C12···C6<sup>iv</sup> = 3.512 (2) Å; symmetry codes: (iii) 1 - *x*, 2 - *y*, 1-*z*; (iv) 1 - *x*, 1 - *y*, 2-*z*; (v) -*x*, 1 - *y*, 2 - *z*] also contribute to the stabilization of the crystal structure (Fig. 3). The later non-bonding interactions arrange the molecules into *graphite-like* layers (Fig. 4). The separations between two layers formed by purine moieties are not equal, with the shortest distances being 3.248 and 3.256 Å. For comparison, the corresponding layer-to-layer separation has been found to be 3.352 Å (Space group *P*6<sub>3</sub>/*mmc*, ICSD No. 52230), and 3.395 Å (Space group *P*6<sub>3</sub>*mc*, ICSD No. 31170) in the crystal structure of graphite, as deposited in the ICSD (The Inorganic Crystal Structure Database, Version 1.4.2, 2007–2 and calculated using *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2006).

## S2. Experimental

The title compound, was synthesized by a recently described method (Trávníček & Rosenker, 2006). The obtained microcrystalline product was recrystallized from hot N,N-dimethylformamide. Well shaped colourless single crystals, suitable for X-ray structural analysis, were formed after slow evaporation of the solvent over a period of few days. The crystals were filtered off, washed with EtOH and Et<sub>2</sub>O and dried in air.

## **S3. Refinement**

All H atoms were located in difference maps and refined using a riding model, with C—H distances fixed to 0.95 (CH) or 0.98 (CH<sub>3</sub>) Å, N—H distances to 0.88 Å, and with  $U_{iso}$ (H) values of  $1.2U_{eq}$ (CH, N) or  $1.5U_{eq}$ (CH<sub>3</sub>). The highest unassigned difference Fourier peak, 0.198 e.Å<sup>-3</sup>, is located at 0.24 Å from atom H16A.



### Figure 1

The molecular structure of (I). Non-H atoms are drawn with 50% probability displacement ellipsoids.



## Figure 2

Part of the crystal structure of (I), showing the formation of infinite chains, N—H…N hydrogen bonds  $[N6…N7^i = 3.0379 (15) \text{ Å}, N9…N3^{ii} = 2.8853 (15) \text{ Å}]$  and O…N non-bonding contacts [N6…O1 = 2.9541 (12) Å] (dashed lines). Symmetry codes: (i) 1 - *x*, 1 - *y*, -*z* + 1; (ii) 2 - *x*, 2 - *y*, -*z* + 1.



## Figure 3

Part of the crystal structure of (I), showing the C···C and C—H···C interactions (dashed lines) connecting molecules among layers. H-atoms not involved into hydrogen bonding have been omitted for clarity. Symmetry codes: (iii) 1 - x, 2 - y, 1 - z; (iv) 1 - x, 1 - y, 2 - z; (v) -x, 1 - y, 2 - z.



#### Figure 4

Part of the crystal structure of (I), showing the formation of *graphite-like* layers. Dashed lines represent the shortest distances between two neighbouring layers formed by purine moieties (d1 = 3.256, d2 = 3.248 Å). H-atoms have been omitted for clarity.

#### 6-(2-Methoxybenzylamino)purine

Crystal data

C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>13</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O  $M_r = 255.28$ Triclinic, *P*1 Hall symbol: -P 1 a = 7.3518 (2) Å b = 8.0877 (2) Å c = 9.9771 (3) Å a = 78.439 (3)°  $\beta = 85.099$  (2)°  $\gamma = 83.803$  (2)° V = 576.56 (3) Å<sup>3</sup>

#### Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur2
diffractometer
Radiation source: Enhance (Mo) X-ray Source
Graphite monochromator
Detector resolution: 8.3611 pixels mm <sup>-1</sup>
rotation method, $\omega$ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(CrysAlis RED; Oxford Diffraction, 2007)
$T_{\min} = 0.947, T_{\max} = 0.990$

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$ Least-squares matrix: full  $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.030$  $wR(F^2) = 0.082$ S = 1.092026 reflections 173 parameters 0 restraints Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods Z = 2 F(000) = 268  $D_x = 1.470 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K $\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 4019 reflections  $\theta = 2.8-31.9^{\circ}$   $\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 120 K Prism, colourless  $0.20 \times 0.20 \times 0.15 \text{ mm}$ 

4904 measured reflections 2026 independent reflections 1709 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$  $R_{int} = 0.018$  $\theta_{max} = 25.0^{\circ}, \ \theta_{min} = 2.8^{\circ}$  $h = -8 \rightarrow 6$  $k = -9 \rightarrow 9$  $l = -11 \rightarrow 11$ 

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites H-atom parameters constrained  $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0452P)^2 + 0.0986P]$ where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$  $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$  $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.20 \text{ e } \text{Å}^{-3}$  $\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.20 \text{ e } \text{Å}^{-3}$ 

## Special details

**Experimental**. empirical absorption correction using spherical harmonics implemented in SCALE3 ABSPACK scaling algorithm.

O10.27430 (12)0.38665 (11)0.87665 (9)0.0239 (2)N10.47080 (14)0.91080 (13)0.69756 (10)0.0198 (3)C20.61005 (17)1.00797 (16)0.68033 (13)0.0212 (3)H2A0.59241.10140.72600.025*N30.77035 (14)0.99274 (13)0.60829 (10)0.0203 (3)C40.77955 (16)0.86036 (15)0.54352 (12)0.0179 (3)	
N1 0.47080 (14) 0.91080 (13) 0.69756 (10) 0.0198 (3)   C2 0.61005 (17) 1.00797 (16) 0.68033 (13) 0.0212 (3)   H2A 0.5924 1.1014 0.7260 0.025*   N3 0.77035 (14) 0.99274 (13) 0.60829 (10) 0.0203 (3)   C4 0.77955 (16) 0.86036 (15) 0.54352 (12) 0.0179 (3)	
C2 0.61005 (17) 1.00797 (16) 0.68033 (13) 0.0212 (3)   H2A 0.5924 1.1014 0.7260 0.025*   N3 0.77035 (14) 0.99274 (13) 0.60829 (10) 0.0203 (3)   C4 0.77955 (16) 0.86036 (15) 0.54352 (12) 0.0179 (3)	
H2A0.59241.10140.72600.025*N30.77035 (14)0.99274 (13)0.60829 (10)0.0203 (3)C40.77955 (16)0.86036 (15)0.54352 (12)0.0179 (3)C50.64716 (17)0.748 (4 (15)0.55142 (12)0.0184 (2)	
N3   0.77035 (14)   0.99274 (13)   0.60829 (10)   0.0203 (3)     C4   0.77955 (16)   0.86036 (15)   0.54352 (12)   0.0179 (3)     C5   0.67716 (17)   0.748(4 (15))   0.55142 (12)   0.0184 (2)	
C4   0.77955 (16)   0.86036 (15)   0.54352 (12)   0.0179 (3)     C5   0.64716 (17)   0.748(4 (15))   0.55142 (12)   0.0184 (2)	
$C_{5} = 0.(471)((17)) = 0.749(4.(15)) = 0.55142.(12) = 0.0194.(2)$	
U.04/10(1/) U.74804(15) U.55142(12) U.0184(3)	
C6 0.48638 (16) 0.77580 (15) 0.63459 (12) 0.0178 (3)	
N6 0.34980 (14) 0.67530 (13) 0.65272 (10) 0.0196 (3)	
H6A 0.3624 0.5856 0.6142 0.023*	
N7 0.69973 (14) 0.63329 (14) 0.46629 (10) 0.0232 (3)	
C8 0.85956 (18) 0.67833 (17) 0.41063 (13) 0.0247 (3)	
H8A 0.9298 0.6219 0.3459 0.030*	
N9 0.91613 (14) 0.81253 (13) 0.45352 (10) 0.0210 (3)	
H9C 1.0196 0.8591 0.4284 0.025*	
C9 0.18057 (16) 0.70950 (16) 0.73431 (12) 0.0196 (3)	
H9A 0.0868 0.6409 0.7134 0.024*	
H9B 0.1357 0.8304 0.7060 0.024*	
C10 0.19889 (16) 0.67198 (15) 0.88728 (12) 0.0178 (3)	
C11 0.24921 (16) 0.50695 (15) 0.95637 (12) 0.0189 (3)	
C12 0.27108 (17) 0.47421 (17) 1.09645 (13) 0.0233 (3)	
H12A 0.3090 0.3628 1.1424 0.028*	
C13 0.23723 (17) 0.60508 (18) 1.16864 (13) 0.0252 (3)	
H13A 0.2540 0.5831 1.2642 0.030*	
C14 0.17943 (17) 0.76710 (17) 1.10332 (13) 0.0244 (3)	
H14A 0.1515 0.8554 1.1539 0.029*	
C15 0.16273 (16) 0.79907 (16) 0.96262 (13) 0.0208 (3)	
H15A 0.1256 0.9109 0.9171 0.025*	
C16 0.32229 (18) 0.21625 (16) 0.94300 (14) 0.0277 (3)	
H16A 0.3315 0.1419 0.8758 0.042*	
H16B 0.2278 0.1808 1.0154 0.042*	
H16C 0.4405 0.2089 0.9834 0.042*	

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(A^2)$ 

Atomic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
01	0.0292 (5)	0.0175 (5)	0.0249 (5)	-0.0026 (4)	-0.0002 (4)	-0.0043 (4)
N1	0.0205 (6)	0.0192 (6)	0.0199 (5)	-0.0039 (4)	-0.0013 (4)	-0.0033 (4)
C2	0.0225 (7)	0.0211 (7)	0.0209 (7)	-0.0036 (5)	-0.0015 (5)	-0.0050 (5)
N3	0.0201 (6)	0.0212 (6)	0.0203 (6)	-0.0046 (4)	-0.0015 (4)	-0.0046 (4)
C4	0.0187 (6)	0.0191 (6)	0.0153 (6)	-0.0034 (5)	-0.0034 (5)	-0.0003 (5)

C5	0.0225 (6)	0.0178 (6)	0.0149 (6)	-0.0040 (5)	-0.0034 (5)	-0.0009 (5)
C6	0.0205 (6)	0.0186 (6)	0.0137 (6)	-0.0038 (5)	-0.0039 (5)	0.0008 (5)
N6	0.0214 (6)	0.0198 (6)	0.0188 (5)	-0.0079 (4)	0.0017 (4)	-0.0046 (4)
N7	0.0262 (6)	0.0247 (6)	0.0207 (6)	-0.0082 (5)	0.0033 (5)	-0.0081 (5)
C8	0.0270 (7)	0.0255 (7)	0.0239 (7)	-0.0096 (6)	0.0044 (5)	-0.0088 (6)
N9	0.0196 (6)	0.0240 (6)	0.0204 (6)	-0.0084 (4)	0.0021 (4)	-0.0049 (4)
C9	0.0181 (6)	0.0192 (6)	0.0218 (7)	-0.0042 (5)	-0.0016 (5)	-0.0031 (5)
C10	0.0113 (6)	0.0214 (6)	0.0208 (7)	-0.0052 (5)	0.0009 (5)	-0.0030 (5)
C11	0.0137 (6)	0.0211 (7)	0.0225 (7)	-0.0049 (5)	0.0027 (5)	-0.0058 (5)
C12	0.0198 (7)	0.0254 (7)	0.0225 (7)	-0.0026 (5)	-0.0010 (5)	0.0010 (5)
C13	0.0201 (7)	0.0373 (8)	0.0185 (7)	-0.0057 (6)	0.0013 (5)	-0.0057 (6)
C14	0.0204 (7)	0.0299 (7)	0.0260 (7)	-0.0050 (5)	0.0016 (5)	-0.0130 (6)
C15	0.0156 (6)	0.0201 (7)	0.0267 (7)	-0.0033 (5)	0.0002 (5)	-0.0044 (5)
C16	0.0259 (7)	0.0186 (7)	0.0366 (8)	-0.0018 (5)	0.0039 (6)	-0.0032 (6)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

01—C11	1.3636 (15)	N9—H9C	0.8800
O1—C16	1.4252 (15)	C9—C10	1.5100 (17)
N1—C2	1.3359 (16)	С9—Н9А	0.9900
N1—C6	1.3549 (16)	С9—Н9В	0.9900
C2—N3	1.3342 (16)	C10—C15	1.3815 (17)
C2—H2A	0.9500	C10—C11	1.4007 (17)
N3—C4	1.3500 (16)	C11—C12	1.3893 (18)
C4—N9	1.3659 (15)	C12—C13	1.3853 (19)
C4—C5	1.3850 (17)	C12—H12A	0.9500
C5—N7	1.3874 (16)	C13—C14	1.3810 (19)
C5—C6	1.4083 (17)	C13—H13A	0.9500
C6—N6	1.3371 (16)	C14—C15	1.3891 (19)
N6—C9	1.4594 (16)	C14—H14A	0.9500
N6—H6A	0.8800	C15—H15A	0.9500
N7—C8	1.3121 (17)	C16—H16A	0.9800
C8—N9	1.3594 (17)	C16—H16B	0.9800
C8—H8A	0.9500	C16—H16C	0.9800
C11—O1—C16	117.32 (10)	N6—C9—H9B	108.6
C2—N1—C6	118.43 (11)	C10—C9—H9B	108.6
N3—C2—N1	129.36 (12)	H9A—C9—H9B	107.6
N3—C2—H2A	115.3	C15—C10—C11	118.51 (11)
N1—C2—H2A	115.3	C15—C10—C9	120.72 (11)
C2—N3—C4	110.81 (10)	C11—C10—C9	120.75 (11)
N3—C4—N9	127.62 (11)	O1—C11—C12	124.23 (11)
N3—C4—C5	126.45 (12)	O1—C11—C10	115.33 (11)
N9—C4—C5	105.89 (11)	C12—C11—C10	120.43 (12)
C4—C5—N7	110.49 (11)	C13—C12—C11	119.59 (12)
C4—C5—C6	117.01 (11)	C13—C12—H12A	120.2
N7—C5—C6	132.41 (11)	C11—C12—H12A	120.2
N6-C6-N1	119.26 (11)	C14—C13—C12	120.74 (12)

N6—C6—C5	122.86 (11)	C14—C13—H13A	119.6
N1—C6—C5	117.88 (11)	C12—C13—H13A	119.6
C6—N6—C9	122.18 (10)	C13—C14—C15	119.07 (12)
C6—N6—H6A	118.9	C13—C14—H14A	120.5
C9—N6—H6A	118.9	C15—C14—H14A	120.5
C8—N7—C5	103.37 (10)	C10-C15-C14	121.55 (12)
N7—C8—N9	114.30 (11)	C10—C15—H15A	119.2
N7—C8—H8A	122.8	C14—C15—H15A	119.2
N9—C8—H8A	122.8	O1—C16—H16A	109.5
C8—N9—C4	105.94 (10)	O1—C16—H16B	109.5
C8—N9—H9C	127.0	H16A—C16—H16B	109.5
C4—N9—H9C	127.0	O1—C16—H16C	109.5
N6—C9—C10	114.61 (10)	H16A—C16—H16C	109.5
N6—C9—H9A	108.6	H16B—C16—H16C	109.5
С10—С9—Н9А	108.6		

## Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	$D \cdots A$	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
N6—H6A···N7 <sup>i</sup>	0.88	2.19	3.0379 (15)	162
N9—H9 <i>C</i> ···N3 <sup>ii</sup>	0.88	2.02	2.8853 (15)	167
C16—H16C···C14 <sup>iii</sup>	0.98	2.87	3.6666 (18)	139
C16—H16 <i>B</i> ····C15 <sup>iv</sup>	0.98	2.85	3.6182 (18)	136
С12—Н12А…С6 <sup>ііі</sup>	0.95	2.77	3.5119 (17)	136

Symmetry codes: (i) -x+1, -y+1, -z+1; (ii) -x+2, -y+2, -z+1; (iii) -x+1, -y+1, -z+2; (iv) -x, -y+1, -z+2.