

## 1-(2,4-Dichlorophenyl)-3-(4-methylphenyl)prop-2-en-1-one

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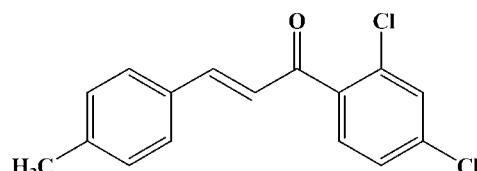
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 100$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002 \text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.046;  $wR$  factor = 0.149; data-to-parameter ratio = 42.2.

The molecule of the title compound,  $C_{16}H_{12}Cl_2O$ , adopts an  $E$  configuration. The dihedral angle between the two benzene rings is  $42.09(5)^\circ$ . In the crystal structure, molecules are linked into a three-dimensional framework by weak C—H···O interactions and by C—H···π interactions involving the methylphenyl ring.

### Related literature

For related literature, see: Agrinskaya *et al.* (1999); Gu *et al.* (2008); Patil *et al.* (2006); Patil, Dharmaprakash *et al.* (2007); Patil, Teh *et al.* (2007).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$C_{16}H_{12}Cl_2O$

$M_r = 291.16$

Orthorhombic,  $Pbca$

$a = 12.54850(1) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 7.47750(1) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 28.7764(3) \text{ \AA}$

$V = 2700.13(3) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 8$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

$\mu = 0.47 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 100.0(1) \text{ K}$

$0.47 \times 0.39 \times 0.20 \text{ mm}$

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2005)

$T_{\min} = 0.811$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.914$

50054 measured reflections

7296 independent reflections

4995 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.052$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$

$wR(F^2) = 0.148$

$S = 1.07$

7296 reflections

173 parameters

H-atom parameters constrained

$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.64 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.53 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
C2—H2···O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.93	2.55	3.4352 (15)	159
C8—H8···O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.93	2.55	3.1995 (14)	127
C11—H11···Cg1 <sup>iii</sup>	0.93	2.81	3.5611 (13)	139
C14—H14···Cg1 <sup>iv</sup>	0.93	2.93	3.7066 (13)	142

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, -z$ ; (ii)  $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, z$ ; (iii)  $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, z$ ; (iv)  $-x + 1, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ . Cg1 is the centroid of the C10—C15 benzene ring.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: *APEX2*; data reduction: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2005); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* and *PLATON* (Spek, 2003).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: Cl2584).

### References

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# supporting information

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### S1. Comment

Chalcone derivatives have been studied extensively owing to their fascinating, technologically relevant nonlinear optical properties (Gu *et al.*, 2008; Agrinskaya *et al.*, 1999; Patil *et al.*, 2006; Patil, Dharmaprakash *et al.*, 2007; Patil, Teh *et al.*, 2007).

The title molecule exhibits an E configuration with respect to the C8=C9 double bond [1.3424 (14) Å]; the C7—C8—C9—C10 torsion angle is 179.61 (11)°. The dihedral angle between the two benzene rings is 42.09 (5)°. The bond lengths and angles in the title molecule have normal values.

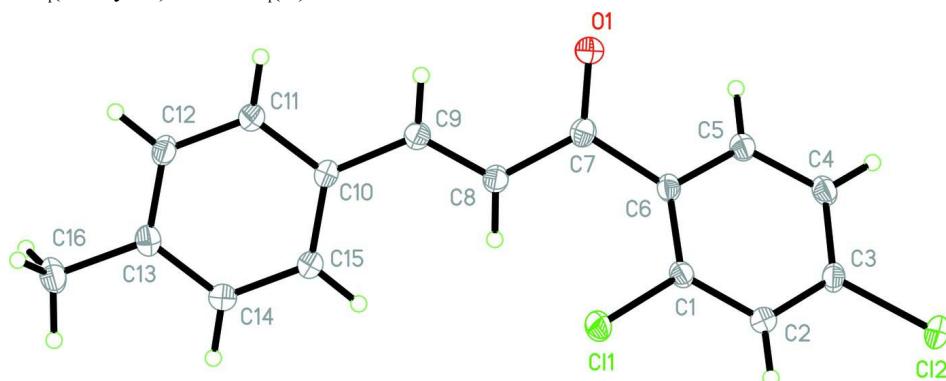
The crystal structure is stabilized by weak C—H···O intermolecular hydrogen bonding interactions (Table 1), which link the molecules into a three-dimensional framework (Fig. 2). In addition weak C—H..π interactions involving the C10—C15 benzene ring (centroid Cg1) is observed.

### S2. Experimental

The title compound was synthesized by the condensation of p-tolualdehyde (0.01 mol) with 2,4-dichloroacetophenone (0.01 mol) in methanol (60 ml) in the presence of a catalytic amount of sodium hydroxide solution (5 ml, 30%). After stirring for 2 h, the contents of the flask were poured into ice-cold water (500 ml) and left to stand for 5 h. The resulting crude solid was collected by filtration and dried. Crystals suitable for single-crystal X-ray diffraction were grown by slow evaporation of an acetone solution at room temperature.

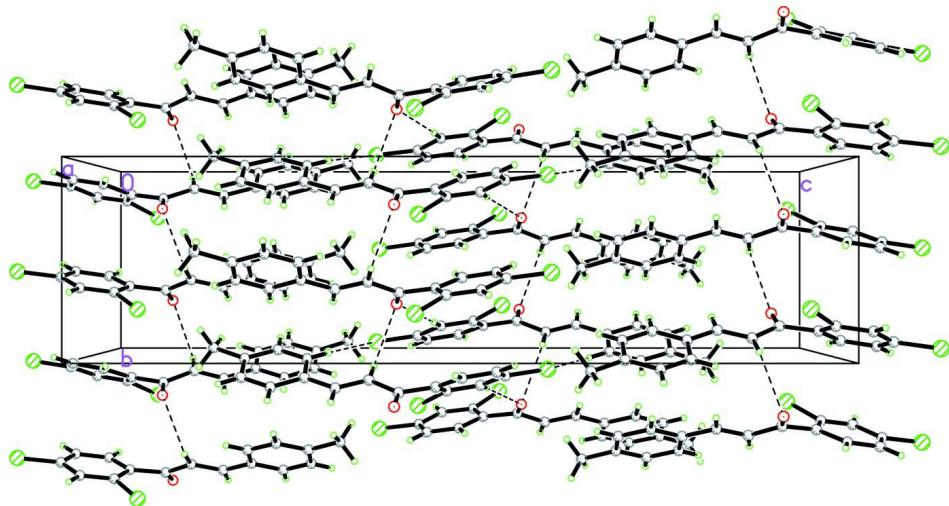
### S3. Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically [C—H = 0.93 (aromatic) or 0.96 Å (methyl)] and refined using a riding model, with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{methyl C})$  or  $1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ .



**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound, showing 50% probability displacement ellipsoids and the atom numbering scheme.

**Figure 2**

The crystal packing of the title compound, viewed approximately along the  $a$  axis. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

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#### Crystal data

$C_{16}H_{12}Cl_2O$   
 $M_r = 291.16$   
Orthorhombic,  $Pbca$   
Hall symbol: -P 2ac 2ab  
 $a = 12.54850 (1) \text{ \AA}$   
 $b = 7.47750 (1) \text{ \AA}$   
 $c = 28.7764 (3) \text{ \AA}$   
 $V = 2700.13 (3) \text{ \AA}^3$   
 $Z = 8$

$F(000) = 1200$   
 $D_x = 1.432 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$   
Cell parameters from 9639 reflections  
 $\theta = 2.8\text{--}34.6^\circ$   
 $\mu = 0.47 \text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 100 \text{ K}$   
Block, colourless  
 $0.47 \times 0.39 \times 0.20 \text{ mm}$

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD area-detector  
diffractometer  
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
Graphite monochromator  
 $\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans  
Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(SADABS; Bruker, 2005)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.811$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.914$

50054 measured reflections  
7296 independent reflections  
4995 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.052$   
 $\theta_{\max} = 37.9^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 1.4^\circ$   
 $h = -21 \rightarrow 21$   
 $k = -12 \rightarrow 12$   
 $l = -48 \rightarrow 49$

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$   
Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.148$   
 $S = 1.07$   
7296 reflections  
173 parameters  
0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methods  
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map  
Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites  
H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.078P)^2 + 0.0443P]$$

where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.64 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.53 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

*Special details*

**Experimental.** The data was collected with the Oxford Cyrosystem Cobra low-temperature attachment.

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl1	0.46470 (2)	0.76088 (4)	0.057148 (10)	0.02125 (8)
Cl2	0.36980 (3)	0.56187 (5)	-0.116828 (9)	0.02538 (9)
O1	0.13288 (7)	0.72551 (12)	0.08499 (3)	0.02032 (17)
C1	0.37202 (9)	0.67308 (15)	0.01850 (4)	0.0158 (2)
C2	0.40554 (10)	0.64861 (15)	-0.02709 (4)	0.0177 (2)
H2	0.4759	0.6696	-0.0356	0.021*
C3	0.33080 (10)	0.59184 (15)	-0.05947 (4)	0.0177 (2)
C4	0.22518 (9)	0.56292 (16)	-0.04764 (4)	0.0183 (2)
H4	0.1760	0.5265	-0.0699	0.022*
C5	0.19470 (9)	0.58948 (15)	-0.00210 (4)	0.0173 (2)
H5	0.1238	0.5715	0.0060	0.021*
C6	0.26690 (9)	0.64245 (14)	0.03220 (3)	0.01531 (19)
C7	0.22310 (9)	0.66606 (15)	0.08060 (4)	0.0165 (2)
C8	0.28861 (9)	0.60913 (15)	0.12039 (4)	0.0168 (2)
H8	0.3512	0.5458	0.1151	0.020*
C9	0.25956 (10)	0.64712 (15)	0.16419 (4)	0.0168 (2)
H9	0.1962	0.7100	0.1680	0.020*
C10	0.31720 (9)	0.59981 (15)	0.20655 (4)	0.01556 (19)
C11	0.27256 (10)	0.64353 (15)	0.24970 (4)	0.0179 (2)
H11	0.2075	0.7031	0.2508	0.021*
C12	0.32405 (10)	0.59919 (16)	0.29076 (4)	0.0189 (2)
H12	0.2929	0.6294	0.3190	0.023*
C13	0.42150 (10)	0.51030 (16)	0.29039 (4)	0.0182 (2)
C14	0.46702 (9)	0.46835 (16)	0.24731 (4)	0.0185 (2)
H14	0.5325	0.4102	0.2463	0.022*
C15	0.41598 (9)	0.51215 (16)	0.20617 (4)	0.0177 (2)
H15	0.4476	0.4831	0.1779	0.021*
C16	0.47564 (11)	0.45835 (18)	0.33516 (4)	0.0251 (3)
H16A	0.4802	0.5608	0.3552	0.038*
H16B	0.5460	0.4149	0.3286	0.038*
H16C	0.4352	0.3662	0.3503	0.038*

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C11	0.01778 (15)	0.02973 (16)	0.01623 (13)	-0.00376 (10)	-0.00292 (9)	-0.00163 (10)
C12	0.02586 (17)	0.03750 (18)	0.01277 (12)	0.00235 (12)	0.00091 (10)	-0.00154 (10)
O1	0.0168 (4)	0.0256 (4)	0.0185 (4)	0.0022 (3)	-0.0001 (3)	-0.0017 (3)
C1	0.0158 (5)	0.0171 (5)	0.0145 (4)	0.0009 (4)	-0.0025 (4)	-0.0003 (3)
C2	0.0158 (5)	0.0216 (5)	0.0157 (4)	0.0016 (4)	0.0004 (4)	0.0001 (4)
C3	0.0213 (6)	0.0200 (5)	0.0117 (4)	0.0020 (4)	-0.0010 (4)	0.0007 (3)
C4	0.0183 (5)	0.0210 (5)	0.0156 (4)	-0.0001 (4)	-0.0043 (4)	-0.0007 (4)
C5	0.0166 (5)	0.0198 (5)	0.0154 (4)	-0.0007 (4)	-0.0014 (4)	0.0005 (4)
C6	0.0177 (5)	0.0155 (4)	0.0127 (4)	0.0013 (4)	-0.0010 (4)	0.0012 (3)
C7	0.0191 (5)	0.0152 (4)	0.0153 (4)	-0.0006 (4)	0.0005 (4)	-0.0008 (3)
C8	0.0188 (5)	0.0172 (5)	0.0144 (4)	0.0018 (4)	0.0001 (4)	0.0001 (3)
C9	0.0170 (5)	0.0173 (5)	0.0159 (4)	-0.0006 (4)	0.0003 (4)	-0.0001 (3)
C10	0.0177 (5)	0.0163 (4)	0.0127 (4)	-0.0004 (4)	0.0012 (4)	-0.0001 (3)
C11	0.0180 (5)	0.0200 (5)	0.0156 (4)	0.0021 (4)	0.0006 (4)	-0.0008 (4)
C12	0.0222 (6)	0.0218 (5)	0.0126 (4)	0.0004 (4)	0.0013 (4)	-0.0008 (4)
C13	0.0204 (6)	0.0184 (5)	0.0158 (5)	-0.0024 (4)	-0.0019 (4)	0.0007 (4)
C14	0.0168 (5)	0.0207 (5)	0.0179 (5)	0.0013 (4)	0.0002 (4)	0.0001 (4)
C15	0.0175 (5)	0.0209 (5)	0.0149 (4)	0.0013 (4)	0.0009 (4)	-0.0002 (4)
C16	0.0284 (7)	0.0290 (6)	0.0179 (5)	0.0016 (5)	-0.0058 (5)	0.0011 (4)

Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )

C11—C1	1.7380 (11)	C9—C10	1.4609 (15)
C12—C3	1.7360 (11)	C9—H9	0.93
O1—C7	1.2228 (14)	C10—C11	1.4008 (15)
C1—C2	1.3895 (15)	C10—C15	1.4022 (17)
C1—C6	1.3957 (16)	C11—C12	1.3871 (16)
C2—C3	1.3887 (16)	C11—H11	0.93
C2—H2	0.93	C12—C13	1.3919 (18)
C3—C4	1.3854 (17)	C12—H12	0.93
C4—C5	1.3795 (15)	C13—C14	1.4006 (16)
C4—H4	0.93	C13—C16	1.5072 (16)
C5—C6	1.3971 (15)	C14—C15	1.3855 (16)
C5—H5	0.93	C14—H14	0.93
C6—C7	1.5077 (15)	C15—H15	0.93
C7—C8	1.4725 (15)	C16—H16A	0.96
C8—C9	1.3424 (14)	C16—H16B	0.96
C8—H8	0.93	C16—H16C	0.96
C2—C1—C6		C10—C9—H9	116.6
C2—C1—Cl1	116.83 (9)	C11—C10—C15	118.00 (10)
C6—C1—Cl1	120.90 (8)	C11—C10—C9	119.02 (10)
C3—C2—C1	118.00 (11)	C15—C10—C9	122.98 (10)
C3—C2—H2	121.0	C12—C11—C10	120.88 (11)
C1—C2—H2	121.0	C12—C11—H11	119.6

C4—C3—C2	121.92 (10)	C10—C11—H11	119.6
C4—C3—Cl2	118.90 (9)	C11—C12—C13	121.12 (10)
C2—C3—Cl2	119.15 (10)	C11—C12—H12	119.4
C5—C4—C3	118.45 (10)	C13—C12—H12	119.4
C5—C4—H4	120.8	C12—C13—C14	118.17 (10)
C3—C4—H4	120.8	C12—C13—C16	120.83 (10)
C4—C5—C6	122.15 (11)	C14—C13—C16	120.99 (11)
C4—C5—H5	118.9	C15—C14—C13	121.00 (11)
C6—C5—H5	118.9	C15—C14—H14	119.5
C1—C6—C5	117.38 (10)	C13—C14—H14	119.5
C1—C6—C7	125.90 (10)	C14—C15—C10	120.83 (10)
C5—C6—C7	116.70 (10)	C14—C15—H15	119.6
O1—C7—C8	122.79 (10)	C10—C15—H15	119.6
O1—C7—C6	118.40 (10)	C13—C16—H16A	109.5
C8—C7—C6	118.75 (10)	C13—C16—H16B	109.5
C9—C8—C7	121.15 (11)	H16A—C16—H16B	109.5
C9—C8—H8	119.4	C13—C16—H16C	109.5
C7—C8—H8	119.4	H16A—C16—H16C	109.5
C8—C9—C10	126.71 (11)	H16B—C16—H16C	109.5
C8—C9—H9	116.6		
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.00 (17)	C5—C6—C7—C8	141.55 (11)
Cl1—C1—C2—C3	-175.09 (9)	O1—C7—C8—C9	-11.25 (18)
C1—C2—C3—C4	1.20 (17)	C6—C7—C8—C9	171.61 (10)
C1—C2—C3—Cl2	179.44 (9)	C7—C8—C9—C10	-179.61 (11)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.88 (17)	C8—C9—C10—C11	-177.16 (12)
Cl2—C3—C4—C5	-179.12 (9)	C8—C9—C10—C15	2.91 (19)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.67 (17)	C15—C10—C11—C12	-0.83 (17)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-1.44 (17)	C9—C10—C11—C12	179.24 (11)
Cl1—C1—C6—C5	173.45 (9)	C10—C11—C12—C13	0.09 (19)
C2—C1—C6—C7	-179.70 (10)	C11—C12—C13—C14	0.69 (18)
Cl1—C1—C6—C7	-4.80 (16)	C11—C12—C13—C16	-178.42 (11)
C4—C5—C6—C1	1.79 (17)	C12—C13—C14—C15	-0.73 (18)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-179.80 (10)	C16—C13—C14—C15	178.38 (11)
C1—C6—C7—O1	142.55 (12)	C13—C14—C15—C10	-0.01 (18)
C5—C6—C7—O1	-35.72 (15)	C11—C10—C15—C14	0.79 (17)
C1—C6—C7—C8	-40.19 (15)	C9—C10—C15—C14	-179.29 (11)

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )

$D\text{—H}\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}\cdots A$
C2—H2···O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.93	2.55	3.4352 (15)	159
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C11—H11···Cg1 <sup>iii</sup>	0.93	2.81	3.5611 (13)	139
C14—H14···Cg1 <sup>iv</sup>	0.93	2.93	3.7066 (13)	142

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x+1/2, -y+3/2, -z$ ; (ii)  $-x+1/2, y-1/2, z$ ; (iii)  $-x+1/2, y+1/2, z$ ; (iv)  $-x+1, y-1/2, -z+1/2$ .