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## 2-*n*-Butyl-1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2*H*)-one 1,1-dioxide

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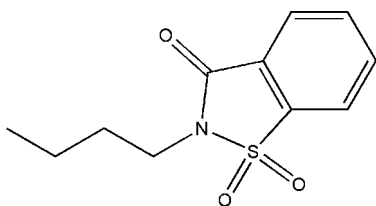
Received 2 March 2008; accepted 20 March 2008

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 153$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.037;  $wR$  factor = 0.110; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.1.

The crystal packing of the title compound,  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{13}\text{NO}_3\text{S}$ , exhibits weak intermolecular  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonding, which links molecules related by translation along the  $b$  axis into chains, and  $\pi-\pi$  interactions [centroid-centroid distance of 3.778 (2) Å between benzene rings].

### Related literature

For similar crystal structures, see: Feeder & Jones (1994, 1996); Glidewell *et al.* (2000). For related literature, see: Xiong (2004); Rice & Pettit (1954).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{13}\text{NO}_3\text{S}$   
 $M_r = 239.28$   
Triclinic,  $P\bar{1}$   
 $a = 7.3130$  (15) Å  
 $b = 7.7219$  (15) Å  
 $c = 11.416$  (2) Å  
 $\alpha = 102.76$  (3)°  
 $\beta = 94.23$  (3)°  
 $\gamma = 109.75$  (3)°  
 $V = 584.0$  (2) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 2$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.27$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 153$  (2) K  
 $0.30 \times 0.24 \times 0.18$  mm

#### Data collection

Rigaku R-Axis RAPID IP area-detector diffractometer  
Absorption correction: multi-scan (ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.924$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.953$   
4589 measured reflections  
2061 independent reflections  
1712 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.017$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.109$   
 $S = 1.08$   
2061 reflections  
146 parameters  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.23$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.27$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

**Table 1**

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{C}2-\text{H}2\text{B}\cdots\text{O}3^{\text{ii}}$	0.95	2.35	3.279 (2)	165

 Symmetry code: (ii)  $x, y - 1, z$ .

Data collection: *RAPID-AUTO* (Rigaku, 2004); cell refinement: *RAPID-AUTO*; data reduction: *RAPID-AUTO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

We thank the Xinjiang Laboratory of Plant Resources and Natural Products Chemistry.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CV2391).

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**supplementary materials**

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## 2-*n*-Butyl-1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2*H*)-one 1,1-dioxide

G.-P. Yu, Z.-J. Xu, L.-Z. Xu and H. A. Aisa

### Comment

The title compound, (I), also called THIAZONE, is a new skin penetration enhancer. The tests of penetration enhancing behaviors to berberine, ciclopirox olamino and cypermethrin show that penetration enhancing effect of THIAZONE is 2.99 times higher than that of AZONE. THIAZONE is widely applied in pharmaceutical industry, cosmetic and health care industry, agriculture and forest industry, and many others (Xiong, 2004). Herewith we report the crystal structure of (I).

In (I) (Fig. 1), all bond lengths and angles within the saccharin group are similar to those observed in the series of N-saccharin acids (Feeder & Jones, 1996), N-saccharin peracids (Feeder & Jones, 1994) and saccharin (Glidewell *et al.*, 2000).

In the crystal, the relatively short distance between the centroids of benzene rings from neighbouring molecules (Table 1) suggests an existence of  $\pi\cdots\pi$  interactions. The crystal packing exhibits also exhibits weak intermolecular C—H $\cdots$ O hydrogen bonds (Table 2), which link the molecules related by translation along *b* axis into chains.

### Experimental

The title compound has been synthesized following the known procedure (Rice & Pettit, 1954). Saccharin sodium 2.65 g (0.011 mol) was dissolved in 20 ml of dried DMF. To the solution, 1-butyl bromide 1.37 g (0.01 mol) was added. The mixture was stirred for half an hour at room temperature and then the mixture was heated with string for 2 h at 100° C. The mixture was poured into water, and 2.50 g of the product were obtained (yield 95.7%). Single crystals suitable for X-ray measurement were obtained by recrystallization from dichloromethane at room temperature.

### Refinement

All H atoms were placed in idealized positions and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with C—H distances of 0.95 (aromatic), 0.98 (CH<sub>3</sub>) and 0.99 Å (CH<sub>2</sub>), and with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H})$  values set at 1.5  $U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  (for CH<sub>3</sub>) or 1.2  $U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  (for CH<sub>2</sub>, aromatic CH).

### Figures

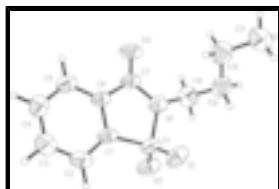


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of (I) showing the atomic numbering and displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 40% probability level.

## 2-*n*-Butyl-1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2*H*)-one 1,1-dioxide

### Crystal data

$C_{11}H_{13}NO_3S$	$Z = 2$
$M_r = 239.28$	$F(000) = 252$
Triclinic, <i>PT</i>	$D_x = 1.361 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Hall symbol: -P 1	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
$a = 7.3130 (15) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 1494 reflections
$b = 7.7219 (15) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.6\text{--}26.4^\circ$
$c = 11.416 (2) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.27 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\alpha = 102.76 (3)^\circ$	$T = 153 \text{ K}$
$\beta = 94.23 (3)^\circ$	Block, colourless
$\gamma = 109.75 (3)^\circ$	$0.30 \times 0.24 \times 0.18 \text{ mm}$
$V = 584.0 (2) \text{ \AA}^3$	

### Data collection

Rigaku R-Axis Rapid IP area-detector diffractometer	2061 independent reflections
Radiation source: Rotating Anode graphite	1712 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
$\omega$ Oscillation scans	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.017$
Absorption correction: multi-scan ( <i>ABSCOR</i> ; Higashi, 1995)	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.0^\circ$ , $\theta_{\text{min}} = 3.0^\circ$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.924$ , $T_{\text{max}} = 0.953$	$h = -8 \rightarrow 8$
4589 measured reflections	$k = -9 \rightarrow 9$
	$l = -13 \rightarrow 13$

### Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.109$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0554P)^2 + 0.1349P]$
$S = 1.08$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2061 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
146 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.23 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.27 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction correction: <i>SHELXL</i> , $F_c^* = kFc[1 + 0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
	Extinction coefficient: 0.129 (10)

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	0.42409 (7)	0.81664 (7)	0.72568 (5)	0.0606 (2)
O1	0.3065 (2)	0.7267 (2)	0.80490 (15)	0.0795 (5)
O2	0.6279 (2)	0.8432 (2)	0.74251 (17)	0.0828 (5)
O3	0.3009 (2)	1.1828 (2)	0.60625 (15)	0.0757 (5)
N1	0.4016 (2)	1.0256 (2)	0.73053 (15)	0.0597 (4)
C1	0.3124 (3)	0.7195 (3)	0.57339 (18)	0.0521 (5)
C2	0.2711 (3)	0.5368 (3)	0.5017 (2)	0.0624 (5)
H2B	0.3056	0.4455	0.5327	0.075*
C3	0.1780 (3)	0.4928 (3)	0.3836 (2)	0.0685 (6)
H3A	0.1489	0.3691	0.3317	0.082*
C4	0.1262 (3)	0.6256 (3)	0.3393 (2)	0.0675 (6)
H4A	0.0605	0.5910	0.2580	0.081*
C5	0.1682 (3)	0.8068 (3)	0.41115 (19)	0.0603 (5)
H5A	0.1332	0.8977	0.3800	0.072*
C6	0.2625 (3)	0.8541 (3)	0.52964 (18)	0.0506 (4)
C7	0.3201 (3)	1.0391 (3)	0.62121 (19)	0.0555 (5)
C8	0.4943 (3)	1.1887 (3)	0.8376 (2)	0.0770 (7)
H8A	0.5302	1.3073	0.8103	0.092*
H8B	0.6178	1.1805	0.8731	0.092*
C9	0.3700 (4)	1.2038 (4)	0.9357 (2)	0.0828 (7)
H9A	0.3341	1.0851	0.9628	0.099*
H9B	0.4509	1.3101	1.0061	0.099*
C10	0.1870 (4)	1.2355 (4)	0.9009 (3)	0.0896 (8)
H10A	0.0964	1.1205	0.8392	0.108*
H10B	0.2196	1.3434	0.8629	0.108*
C11	0.0818 (5)	1.2781 (4)	1.0081 (3)	0.1019 (9)
H11A	-0.0369	1.2987	0.9794	0.153*
H11B	0.1698	1.3930	1.0690	0.153*
H11C	0.0449	1.1701	1.0446	0.153*

## supplementary materials

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### Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
S1	0.0564 (3)	0.0666 (4)	0.0714 (4)	0.0257 (3)	0.0102 (2)	0.0377 (3)
O1	0.0874 (11)	0.0866 (11)	0.0758 (10)	0.0256 (9)	0.0202 (8)	0.0509 (9)
O2	0.0591 (9)	0.0988 (12)	0.1038 (12)	0.0374 (8)	0.0022 (8)	0.0426 (10)
O3	0.0906 (11)	0.0589 (9)	0.0971 (12)	0.0388 (8)	0.0214 (9)	0.0387 (8)
N1	0.0593 (10)	0.0567 (10)	0.0665 (10)	0.0210 (8)	0.0087 (8)	0.0232 (8)
C1	0.0454 (10)	0.0560 (11)	0.0688 (12)	0.0231 (8)	0.0181 (8)	0.0338 (9)
C2	0.0565 (11)	0.0555 (11)	0.0927 (16)	0.0284 (9)	0.0287 (11)	0.0358 (11)
C3	0.0599 (13)	0.0654 (13)	0.0783 (15)	0.0195 (10)	0.0227 (11)	0.0166 (11)
C4	0.0589 (12)	0.0796 (15)	0.0638 (13)	0.0218 (11)	0.0142 (10)	0.0228 (11)
C5	0.0533 (11)	0.0721 (13)	0.0695 (13)	0.0275 (10)	0.0156 (9)	0.0368 (11)
C6	0.0439 (9)	0.0530 (10)	0.0669 (11)	0.0209 (8)	0.0164 (8)	0.0319 (9)
C7	0.0512 (11)	0.0544 (11)	0.0736 (13)	0.0235 (9)	0.0196 (9)	0.0322 (9)
C8	0.0637 (14)	0.0725 (15)	0.0824 (16)	0.0144 (11)	0.0050 (12)	0.0142 (12)
C9	0.0883 (17)	0.0833 (16)	0.0685 (14)	0.0276 (14)	-0.0029 (12)	0.0141 (12)
C10	0.0831 (17)	0.0983 (19)	0.0853 (17)	0.0308 (15)	0.0070 (14)	0.0255 (14)
C11	0.104 (2)	0.095 (2)	0.107 (2)	0.0410 (17)	0.0282 (18)	0.0150 (16)

### Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

S1—O1	1.4243 (15)	C5—C6	1.383 (3)
S1—O2	1.4265 (16)	C5—H5A	0.9500
S1—N1	1.6661 (17)	C6—C7	1.476 (3)
S1—C1	1.747 (2)	C8—C9	1.503 (3)
O3—C7	1.210 (2)	C8—H8A	0.9900
N1—C7	1.383 (3)	C8—H8B	0.9900
N1—C8	1.470 (3)	C9—C10	1.481 (4)
C1—C2	1.384 (3)	C9—H9A	0.9900
C1—C6	1.386 (2)	C9—H9B	0.9900
C2—C3	1.381 (3)	C10—C11	1.527 (4)
C2—H2B	0.9500	C10—H10A	0.9900
C3—C4	1.383 (3)	C10—H10B	0.9900
C3—H3A	0.9500	C11—H11A	0.9800
C4—C5	1.375 (3)	C11—H11B	0.9800
C4—H4A	0.9500	C11—H11C	0.9800
Cg1...Cg1 <sup>i</sup>	3.778 (2)		
O1—S1—O2	117.55 (10)	O3—C7—N1	123.7 (2)
O1—S1—N1	109.67 (10)	O3—C7—C6	126.81 (19)
O2—S1—N1	109.17 (10)	N1—C7—C6	109.45 (16)
O1—S1—C1	111.98 (10)	N1—C8—C9	115.25 (19)
O2—S1—C1	112.60 (10)	N1—C8—H8A	108.5
N1—S1—C1	93.09 (9)	C9—C8—H8A	108.5
C7—N1—C8	123.88 (18)	N1—C8—H8B	108.5
C7—N1—S1	114.58 (14)	C9—C8—H8B	108.5
C8—N1—S1	120.69 (15)	H8A—C8—H8B	107.5

C2—C1—C6	121.99 (19)	C10—C9—C8	115.6 (2)
C2—C1—S1	128.18 (16)	C10—C9—H9A	108.4
C6—C1—S1	109.81 (15)	C8—C9—H9A	108.4
C3—C2—C1	117.30 (19)	C10—C9—H9B	108.4
C3—C2—H2B	121.3	C8—C9—H9B	108.4
C1—C2—H2B	121.3	H9A—C9—H9B	107.4
C2—C3—C4	121.1 (2)	C9—C10—C11	113.4 (2)
C2—C3—H3A	119.4	C9—C10—H10A	108.9
C4—C3—H3A	119.4	C11—C10—H10A	108.9
C5—C4—C3	121.1 (2)	C9—C10—H10B	108.9
C5—C4—H4A	119.4	C11—C10—H10B	108.9
C3—C4—H4A	119.4	H10A—C10—H10B	107.7
C4—C5—C6	118.64 (19)	C10—C11—H11A	109.5
C4—C5—H5A	120.7	C10—C11—H11B	109.5
C6—C5—H5A	120.7	H11A—C11—H11B	109.5
C5—C6—C1	119.82 (19)	C10—C11—H11C	109.5
C5—C6—C7	127.23 (17)	H11A—C11—H11C	109.5
C1—C6—C7	112.96 (17)	H11B—C11—H11C	109.5
O1—S1—N1—C7	-117.32 (15)	C4—C5—C6—C7	-179.82 (17)
O2—S1—N1—C7	112.58 (16)	C2—C1—C6—C5	0.2 (3)
C1—S1—N1—C7	-2.65 (15)	S1—C1—C6—C5	-178.69 (14)
O1—S1—N1—C8	72.84 (17)	C2—C1—C6—C7	179.99 (16)
O2—S1—N1—C8	-57.26 (18)	S1—C1—C6—C7	1.14 (19)
C1—S1—N1—C8	-172.49 (16)	C8—N1—C7—O3	-7.0 (3)
O1—S1—C1—C2	-65.33 (19)	S1—N1—C7—O3	-176.51 (15)
O2—S1—C1—C2	69.76 (19)	C8—N1—C7—C6	173.10 (17)
N1—S1—C1—C2	-177.99 (17)	S1—N1—C7—C6	3.63 (19)
O1—S1—C1—C6	113.43 (14)	C5—C6—C7—O3	-3.0 (3)
O2—S1—C1—C6	-111.48 (14)	C1—C6—C7—O3	177.15 (18)
N1—S1—C1—C6	0.77 (14)	C5—C6—C7—N1	176.82 (17)
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.2 (3)	C1—C6—C7—N1	-3.0 (2)
S1—C1—C2—C3	178.82 (14)	C7—N1—C8—C9	101.9 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.7 (3)	S1—N1—C8—C9	-89.2 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.9 (3)	N1—C8—C9—C10	-63.7 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.5 (3)	C8—C9—C10—C11	-171.7 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C1	0.0 (3)		

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+2, -y+1, -z+1$ .

*Hydrogen-bond geometry* ( $\text{\AA}, ^\circ$ )

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C2—H2B $\cdots$ O3 <sup>ii</sup>	0.95	2.35	3.279 (2)	165.

Symmetry codes: (ii)  $x, y-1, z$ .

Fig. 1

