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(S)-1-(2-Ammonio-3-methylbutyl)-1,2-dihydropyridin-2-iminium dibromide

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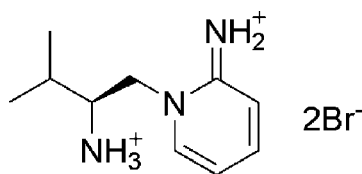
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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.010$ Å; R factor = 0.041; wR factor = 0.092; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.7.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{19}\text{N}_3^{2+} \cdot 2\text{Br}^-$, the plane of the three butyl C atoms nearest to the pyridine ring is almost perpendicular to the ring [dihedral angle = $84.80(2)^\circ$]. The N atom of the ammonium group is displaced by $1.150(8)$ Å from the plane of these three C atoms. The iminium N atom lies on the opposite side of this plane. The crystal structure is stabilized by hydrogen bonds between the N and Br atoms, as well as by intermolecular $\text{C}-\text{H} \cdots \text{Br}$ interactions.

Related literature

For the synthesis of (*S*)-1-bromo-3-methylbutan-2-amine hydrobromide, see: Xu *et al.* (2006). For related literature, see: Luo *et al.* (2006).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{19}\text{N}_3^{2+} \cdot 2\text{Br}^-$
 $M_r = 341.10$

 Monoclinic, $P2_1$
 $a = 5.9311(11)$ Å

 $b = 12.456(2)$ Å

 $c = 9.6807(18)$ Å

 $\beta = 99.733(3)^\circ$
 $V = 704.9(2)$ Å³
 $Z = 2$

 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

 $\mu = 5.73$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 293(2)$ K

 $0.45 \times 0.34 \times 0.20$ mm

Data collection

 Bruker SMART APEX CCD diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)
 $T_{\min} = 0.381$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$
 (expected range = 0.119–0.313)

 4117 measured reflections
 2307 independent reflections
 2054 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.038$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.041$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.092$
 $S = 0.99$

2307 reflections

147 parameters

3 restraints

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.91$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.71$ e Å⁻³

Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 696 Friedel pairs

Flack parameter: 0.06 (2)

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H \cdots A$	$D-H$	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-H \cdots A$
$\text{N2}-\text{H2B} \cdots \text{Br2}$	0.84 (7)	2.55 (7)	3.368 (7)	167 (8)
$\text{N2}-\text{H2A} \cdots \text{Br1}^i$	0.84 (8)	2.53 (8)	3.357 (6)	168 (10)
$\text{N3}-\text{H3C} \cdots \text{Br2}^{ii}$	0.89	2.50	3.369 (5)	166
$\text{N3}-\text{H3B} \cdots \text{Br1}$	0.89	2.46	3.238 (5)	147
$\text{N3}-\text{H3A} \cdots \text{Br2}^{iii}$	0.89	2.43	3.281 (5)	160
$\text{C3}-\text{H3} \cdots \text{Br1}^{iv}$	0.93	3.02	3.892 (8)	157
$\text{C4}-\text{H4} \cdots \text{Br1}^v$	0.93	2.91	3.748 (8)	150
$\text{C6}-\text{H6A} \cdots \text{Br1}^{vi}$	0.97	2.96	3.528 (7)	119
$\text{C5}-\text{H5} \cdots \text{Br2}^{ii}$	0.93	2.83	3.721 (7)	162
$\text{C8}-\text{H8} \cdots \text{Br2}$	0.98	2.93	3.793 (7)	147

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + 1$; (ii) $-x + 2, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + 1$; (iii) $-x + 1, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + 1$; (iv) $x - 1, y, z - 1$; (v) $x, y, z - 1$; (vi) $-x + 2, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + 1$.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2001); cell refinement: *SAINT-Plus* (Bruker, 2000); data reduction: *SAINT-Plus*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CS2071).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2008). E64, o1025 [doi:10.1107/S1600536808012154]

(*S*)-1-(2-Ammonio-3-methylbutyl)-1,2-dihydropyridin-2-iminium dibromide

Y. Wang, J. Zhang, H. Chen and S. Luo

Comment

Ionic liquids, specially functional ionic liquids, have received growing attention recently due to their tuneable features for various chemical tasks. (S. Luo, *et al.*, 2006). The title compound, readily synthesized from commercially available *L*-valine and 2-aminopyridine, might have potential utilities in some specific chemical tasks, when it is converted into a kind of functional ionic liquid by neutralization with sodium hydroxide. The structure of (*S*)-1-(2-ammonio-3-methylbutyl)pyridin-2(1*H*)-iminium dibromide is shown in Fig. 1.

The crystal is built of doubly protonated cations and bromide anions. The protonation of the amines is appropriate like in the scheme, for the C1—N2 bond distance reveals its double bond property. The dihedral angle between the plane of three alkyl carbons C6/C7/C8 and the pyridine ring is 84.80 (2) °, which means the two planes are approximately perpendicular to one another. The atom N3 of the ammonium group bonded to the alkyl chain is displaced from the plane of three carbons C6/C7/C8 by 1.150 (8) Å. The iminium N2 lies on the opposite side of this plane. The crystal structure is stabilized by hydrogen-bonds between the atoms N and Br as well as by intermolecular C—H—Br interactions. The molecular packing of the title compound showing H-bridge interactions between cationic-anionic groups is shown in Fig. 2.

Experimental

The title compound was synthesized by treating 2-aminopyridine (0.94 g, 10 mmol) with (*S*)-1-bromo-3-methylbutan-2-amine hydrobromide (2.47 g, 10 mmol) in MeCN (30 ml) under stirring at 353 K for 24 h (yield 81%). The compound (*S*)-1-bromo-3-methylbutan-2-amine hydrobromide was obtained from commercially available *L*-valine by reduction with NaBH₄ and subsequent bromination with PBr₃ (Xu *et al.*, 2006). Suitable crystals of the title compound were obtained by slow evaporation of an ethanol solution at room temperature.

Refinement

All carbon-bonded H atoms were placed in calculated positions with C—H = 0.93 Å (aromatic), C—H = 0.98 Å (*sp*), C—H = 0.93 Å (*sp*²), C—H = 0.96 Å (*sp*³) and refined using a riding model, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H})=1.2_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$. N-bound H atoms were located in a difference map and refined with an N—H distance restraint of 0.86 (3) Å.

Figures

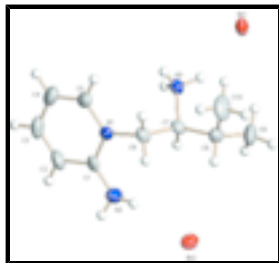


Fig. 1. The asymmetric unit of the title compound with the atomic labeling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

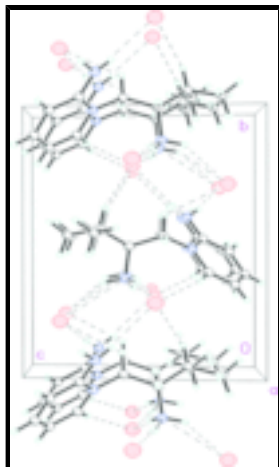
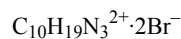


Fig. 2. The molecular packing of the title compound showing H-bridge interactions between cationic-anionic groups.

(*S*)-1-(2-Ammonio-3-methylbutyl)-1,2-dihydropyridin-2-iminium dibromide

Crystal data



$$M_r = 341.10$$

Monoclinic, $P2_1$

$$a = 5.9311 (11) \text{ \AA}$$

$$b = 12.456 (2) \text{ \AA}$$

$$c = 9.6807 (18) \text{ \AA}$$

$$\beta = 99.733 (3)^\circ$$

$$V = 704.9 (2) \text{ \AA}^3$$

$$Z = 2$$

$$F_{000} = 340$$

$$D_x = 1.607 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$$\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$$

Cell parameters from 1818 reflections

$$\theta = 5.4\text{--}53.4^\circ$$

$$\mu = 5.73 \text{ mm}^{-1}$$

$$T = 293 (2) \text{ K}$$

Prismatic, colorless

$$0.45 \times 0.34 \times 0.20 \text{ mm}$$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Monochromator: graphite

$$T = 293(2) \text{ K}$$

φ and ω scans

2307 independent reflections

2054 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$$R_{\text{int}} = 0.038$$

$$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.0^\circ$$

$$\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.1^\circ$$

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)
 $T_{\min} = 0.381$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$
4117 measured reflections

$h = -7 \rightarrow 7$
 $k = -12 \rightarrow 15$
 $l = -12 \rightarrow 12$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

Least-squares matrix: full

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.041$

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0533P)^2]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$wR(F^2) = 0.092$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$S = 0.99$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.91 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

2307 reflections

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.71 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

147 parameters

Extinction correction: none

3 restraints

Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 696 Friedel pairs

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Flack parameter: 0.06 (2)

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Br1	1.02019 (11)	0.21057 (4)	0.84434 (6)	0.03666 (18)
Br2	0.61945 (10)	0.78903 (5)	0.54550 (7)	0.03742 (19)
N1	0.7631 (8)	0.4733 (4)	0.2958 (5)	0.0269 (11)
N2	0.4665 (11)	0.5923 (5)	0.3096 (7)	0.0398 (14)
N3	0.9054 (9)	0.3672 (4)	0.5746 (5)	0.0291 (11)
H3A	0.7799	0.3302	0.5406	0.044*
H3B	0.9481	0.3518	0.6651	0.044*
H3C	1.0172	0.3496	0.5280	0.044*
C1	0.5506 (11)	0.5110 (5)	0.2454 (6)	0.0295 (14)
C2	0.4223 (13)	0.4609 (6)	0.1291 (7)	0.0404 (17)
H2	0.2766	0.4863	0.0937	0.048*
C3	0.5050 (15)	0.3772 (7)	0.0677 (7)	0.052 (2)
H3	0.4149	0.3427	-0.0072	0.062*
C4	0.7331 (15)	0.3408 (7)	0.1176 (8)	0.052 (2)
H4	0.7975	0.2856	0.0725	0.062*
C5	0.8497 (13)	0.3880 (6)	0.2301 (7)	0.0378 (16)
H5	0.9953	0.3628	0.2661	0.045*
C6	0.9101 (11)	0.5224 (6)	0.4176 (7)	0.0314 (14)
H6A	0.8922	0.5998	0.4119	0.038*
H6B	1.0686	0.5060	0.4131	0.038*
C7	0.8569 (10)	0.4843 (5)	0.5581 (6)	0.0274 (13)
H7	0.6928	0.4945	0.5567	0.033*
C8	0.9855 (11)	0.5495 (6)	0.6818 (7)	0.0369 (16)

supplementary materials

H8	0.9549	0.6256	0.6605	0.044*
C9	0.8975 (15)	0.5251 (8)	0.8154 (7)	0.057 (2)
H9A	0.9414	0.4535	0.8456	0.086*
H9B	0.7338	0.5309	0.7994	0.086*
H9C	0.9614	0.5753	0.8867	0.086*
C10	1.2447 (12)	0.5333 (8)	0.6994 (8)	0.057 (2)
H10A	1.3194	0.5787	0.7734	0.086*
H10B	1.2962	0.5514	0.6135	0.086*
H10C	1.2809	0.4596	0.7224	0.086*
H2A	0.355 (12)	0.623 (8)	0.260 (9)	0.09 (4)*
H2B	0.525 (13)	0.636 (6)	0.371 (7)	0.06 (3)*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Br1	0.0508 (4)	0.0348 (4)	0.0231 (3)	-0.0033 (3)	0.0026 (3)	-0.0009 (3)
Br2	0.0309 (3)	0.0355 (4)	0.0448 (4)	0.0023 (3)	0.0033 (3)	-0.0065 (3)
N1	0.033 (3)	0.025 (3)	0.024 (3)	0.001 (2)	0.007 (2)	0.004 (2)
N2	0.040 (4)	0.035 (4)	0.041 (4)	0.006 (3)	-0.002 (3)	-0.003 (3)
N3	0.032 (3)	0.029 (3)	0.026 (3)	-0.004 (2)	0.004 (2)	0.003 (2)
C1	0.041 (4)	0.028 (4)	0.018 (3)	-0.001 (3)	0.002 (3)	0.006 (3)
C2	0.042 (4)	0.051 (5)	0.025 (3)	-0.004 (3)	-0.005 (3)	0.006 (3)
C3	0.074 (5)	0.054 (5)	0.025 (4)	-0.011 (4)	-0.002 (4)	-0.012 (4)
C4	0.077 (6)	0.049 (5)	0.032 (4)	0.006 (4)	0.014 (4)	-0.010 (3)
C5	0.051 (4)	0.038 (4)	0.026 (4)	0.009 (3)	0.012 (3)	0.003 (3)
C6	0.031 (3)	0.032 (4)	0.028 (3)	-0.003 (3)	-0.004 (3)	0.001 (3)
C7	0.021 (3)	0.030 (3)	0.029 (3)	0.001 (2)	-0.001 (2)	0.003 (3)
C8	0.046 (4)	0.030 (4)	0.031 (4)	0.002 (3)	-0.004 (3)	-0.006 (3)
C9	0.066 (5)	0.077 (6)	0.025 (4)	0.014 (5)	-0.003 (4)	-0.015 (4)
C10	0.035 (4)	0.088 (7)	0.043 (5)	-0.016 (4)	-0.008 (3)	-0.014 (5)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

Br1—H3B	2.4578	C4—C5	1.325 (10)
Br2—H2B	2.55 (7)	C4—H4	0.9300
N1—C1	1.356 (8)	C5—H5	0.9300
N1—C5	1.380 (8)	C6—C7	1.523 (9)
N1—C6	1.476 (8)	C6—H6A	0.9700
N2—C1	1.329 (9)	C6—H6B	0.9700
N2—H2A	0.84 (8)	C7—C8	1.538 (9)
N2—H2B	0.84 (7)	C7—H7	0.9800
N3—C7	1.490 (8)	C8—C9	1.506 (11)
N3—H3A	0.8900	C8—C10	1.531 (10)
N3—H3B	0.8900	C8—H8	0.9800
N3—H3C	0.8900	C9—H9A	0.9600
C1—C2	1.396 (9)	C9—H9B	0.9600
C2—C3	1.334 (11)	C9—H9C	0.9600
C2—H2	0.9300	C10—H10A	0.9600
C3—C4	1.431 (11)	C10—H10B	0.9600

C3—H3	0.9300	C10—H10C	0.9600
C1—N1—C5	119.8 (6)	C7—C6—H6A	108.8
C1—N1—C6	122.1 (5)	N1—C6—H6B	108.8
C5—N1—C6	118.2 (5)	C7—C6—H6B	108.8
C1—N2—H2A	114 (7)	H6A—C6—H6B	107.7
C1—N2—H2B	133 (6)	N3—C7—C6	109.6 (5)
H2A—N2—H2B	107 (9)	N3—C7—C8	111.9 (5)
C7—N3—H3A	109.5	C6—C7—C8	112.3 (6)
C7—N3—H3B	109.5	N3—C7—H7	107.6
H3A—N3—H3B	109.5	C6—C7—H7	107.6
C7—N3—H3C	109.5	C8—C7—H7	107.6
H3A—N3—H3C	109.5	C9—C8—C10	111.4 (6)
H3B—N3—H3C	109.5	C9—C8—C7	111.3 (6)
N2—C1—N1	119.7 (6)	C10—C8—C7	111.9 (6)
N2—C1—C2	121.4 (7)	C9—C8—H8	107.3
N1—C1—C2	118.8 (7)	C10—C8—H8	107.3
C3—C2—C1	121.2 (7)	C7—C8—H8	107.3
C3—C2—H2	119.4	C8—C9—H9A	109.5
C1—C2—H2	119.4	C8—C9—H9B	109.5
C2—C3—C4	119.7 (7)	H9A—C9—H9B	109.5
C2—C3—H3	120.2	C8—C9—H9C	109.5
C4—C3—H3	120.2	H9A—C9—H9C	109.5
C5—C4—C3	117.9 (7)	H9B—C9—H9C	109.5
C5—C4—H4	121.0	C8—C10—H10A	109.5
C3—C4—H4	121.0	C8—C10—H10B	109.5
C4—C5—N1	122.5 (7)	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
C4—C5—H5	118.7	C8—C10—H10C	109.5
N1—C5—H5	118.7	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
N1—C6—C7	113.7 (5)	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
N1—C6—H6A	108.8		
C5—N1—C1—N2	179.3 (6)	C6—N1—C5—C4	-178.0 (7)
C6—N1—C1—N2	-2.4 (9)	C1—N1—C6—C7	82.3 (7)
C5—N1—C1—C2	1.2 (8)	C5—N1—C6—C7	-99.4 (7)
C6—N1—C1—C2	179.5 (6)	N1—C6—C7—N3	64.0 (7)
N2—C1—C2—C3	-177.9 (7)	N1—C6—C7—C8	-170.9 (5)
N1—C1—C2—C3	0.2 (10)	N3—C7—C8—C9	-67.1 (7)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-2.8 (11)	C6—C7—C8—C9	169.2 (6)
C2—C3—C4—C5	4.2 (11)	N3—C7—C8—C10	58.3 (8)
C3—C4—C5—N1	-3.0 (11)	C6—C7—C8—C10	-65.5 (8)
C1—N1—C5—C4	0.3 (10)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N2—H2B \cdots Br2	0.84 (7)	2.55 (7)	3.368 (7)	167 (8)
N2—H2A \cdots Br1 ⁱ	0.84 (8)	2.53 (8)	3.357 (6)	168 (10)
N3—H3C \cdots Br2 ⁱⁱ	0.89	2.50	3.369 (5)	166
N3—H3B \cdots Br1	0.89	2.46	3.238 (5)	147

supplementary materials

N3—H3A···Br2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.89	2.43	3.281 (5)	160
C3—H3···Br1 ^{iv}	0.93	3.02	3.892 (8)	157
C4—H4···Br1 ^v	0.93	2.91	3.748 (8)	150
C6—H6A···Br1 ^{vi}	0.97	2.96	3.528 (7)	119
C5—H5···Br2 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.83	3.721 (7)	162
C8—H8···Br2	0.98	2.93	3.793 (7)	147

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+1$; (ii) $-x+2, y-1/2, -z+1$; (iii) $-x+1, y-1/2, -z+1$; (iv) $x-1, y, z-1$; (v) $x, y, z-1$; (vi) $-x+2, y+1/2, -z+1$.

Fig. 1

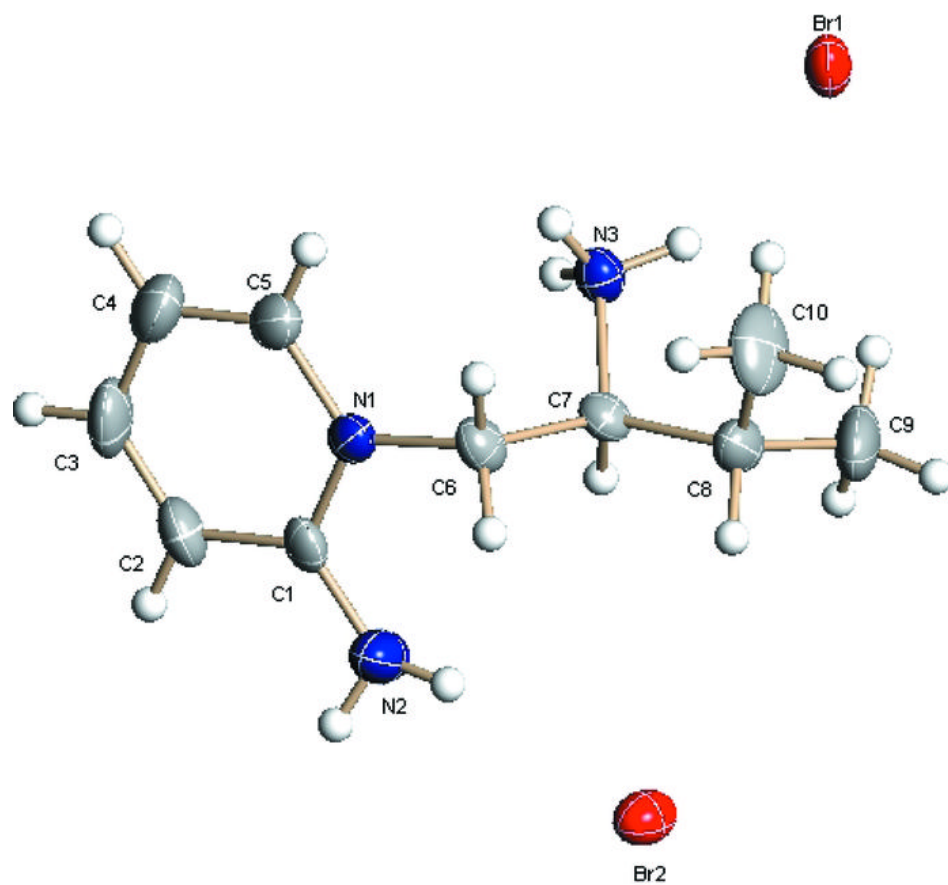


Fig. 2

