

## 2-Chloro-N-phenylacetamide

B. Thimme Gowda,<sup>a\*</sup> Jozef Kožíšek,<sup>b</sup> Miroslav Tokářík<sup>b</sup>  
and Hartmut Fuess<sup>c</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Department of Chemistry, Mangalore University, Mangalagangotri 574 199, Mangalore, India, <sup>b</sup>Faculty of Chemical and Food Technology, Slovak Technical University, Radlinského 9, SK-812 37 Bratislava, Slovak Republic, and <sup>c</sup>Institute of Materials Science, Darmstadt University of Technology, Petersenstrasse 23, D-64287 Darmstadt, Germany  
Correspondence e-mail: gowdabt@yahoo.com

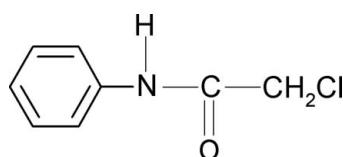
Received 29 April 2008; accepted 30 April 2008

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 297\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.009\text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.037;  $wR$  factor = 0.086; data-to-parameter ratio = 10.1.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_8\text{H}_8\text{ClNO}$ , the conformations of the N—H and C=O bonds are *anti* to each other, but the C—Cl and C=O bonds in the side chain are *syn*. The molecules are linked by N—H···O hydrogen bonds into infinite chains running in the [101] direction.

## Related literature

For the synthesis, see: Gowda *et al.* (2003). For related structures, see: Gowda *et al.* (2007, 2008).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

$\text{C}_8\text{H}_8\text{ClNO}$   
 $M_r = 169.6$   
Monoclinic,  $Cc$   
 $a = 5.0623 (15)\text{ \AA}$   
 $b = 18.361 (6)\text{ \AA}$   
 $c = 9.115 (2)\text{ \AA}$   
 $\beta = 102.13 (3)^\circ$

$V = 828.3 (4)\text{ \AA}^3$   
 $Z = 4$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.40\text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 297 (2)\text{ K}$   
 $0.41 \times 0.24 \times 0.17\text{ mm}$

## Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur diffractometer  
Absorption correction: analytical [*CrysAlis RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2006), using a multi-faceted crystal model based on expressions derived by Clark &

Reid (1995)]  
 $T_{\min} = 0.905$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.938$   
2388 measured reflections  
1067 independent reflections  
385 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.046$

## Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.036$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.086$   
 $S = 0.96$   
1067 reflections  
106 parameters  
2 restraints

H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.1\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.11\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
Absolute structure: Flack (1983),  
254 Friedel pairs  
Flack parameter: 0.04 (11)

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
N1—H1N···O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.86	2.05	2.848 (5)	155
Symmetry code: (i) $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$ .				

Data collection: *CrysAlis CCD* (Oxford Diffraction, 2006); cell refinement: *CrysAlis RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2006); data reduction: *CrysAlis RED*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997) and *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2002); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*, *PLATON* (Spek, 2003) and *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999).

BTG thanks the Alexander von Humboldt Foundation, Bonn, Germany, for the resumption of his research fellowship. JK and MT thank the Grant Agency of the Slovak Republic (grant No. VEGA 1/0817/08) and the Structural Funds, Interreg IIIA, for financial support for the purchase of the diffractometer.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB2728).

## References

- Brandenburg, K. (2002). *DIAMOND*. Bonn, Germany.
- Clark, R. C. & Reid, J. S. (1995). *Acta Cryst. A* **51**, 887–897.
- Farrugia, L. J. (1997). *J. Appl. Cryst. A* **30**, 565.
- Farrugia, L. J. (1999). *J. Appl. Cryst. A* **32**, 837–838.
- Flack, H. D. (1983). *Acta Cryst. A* **39**, 876–881.
- Gowda, B. T., Foro, S. & Fuess, H. (2007). *Acta Cryst. E* **63**, o4611.
- Gowda, B. T., Svoboda, I., Foro, S., Dou, S. & Fuess, H. (2008). *Acta Cryst. E* **64**, o208.
- Gowda, B. T., Usha, K. M. & Jayalakshmi, K. L. (2003). *Z. Naturforsch. Teil A*, **58**, 801–806.
- Oxford Diffraction (2006). *CrysAlis CCD* and *CrysAlis RED*. Oxford Diffraction Ltd, Abingdon, Oxfordshire, England.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst. A* **64**, 112–122.
- Spek, A. L. (2003). *J. Appl. Cryst. A* **36**, 7–13.

# supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2008). E64, o987 [doi:10.1107/S160053680801266X]

## 2-Chloro-N-phenylacetamide

B. Thimme Gowda, Jozef Kožíšek, Miroslav Tokarčík and Hartmut Fuess

### S1. Comment

In the present work, the structure of the title compound, (I), 2-chloro-N-(phenyl)-acetamide (NPCA) has been determined, as part of a study of the effect of ring and side chain substitutions on the solid state geometry of aromatic amides (Gowda *et al.*, 2007; 2008). The conformations of the N—H and C=O bonds are *anti* to each other, but the C—Cl and C=O bonds in the side chain are *syn* to each other (Fig. 1), similar to that observed in 2-chloro-N-(2-chlorophenyl)-acetamide (Gowda *et al.*, 2007) and 2-chloro-N-(3-methylphenyl)-acetamide (Gowda *et al.*, 2008) with similar bond parameters. Further, the amide group —NHCO— in (I) makes a dihedral angle of 16.0 (8) $^{\circ}$  with the phenyl ring.

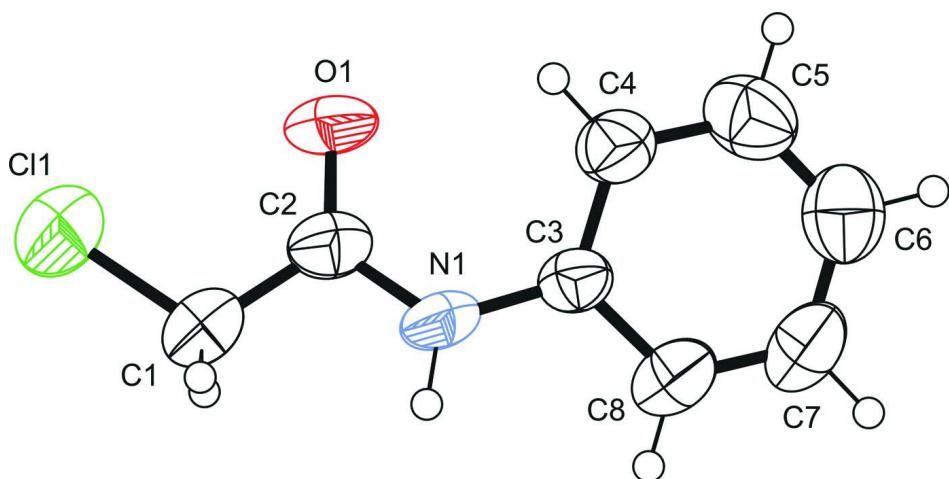
Part of the packing for (I) viewed down the *b* axis is shown in Fig. 2. Infinite chains running along the base vector [101] are formed by N—H $\cdots$ O hydrogen bonds (Table 1).

### S2. Experimental

The title compound was prepared according to the literature method (Gowda *et al.*, 2003) and colourless prisms of (I) were recrystallised from an ethanol solution.

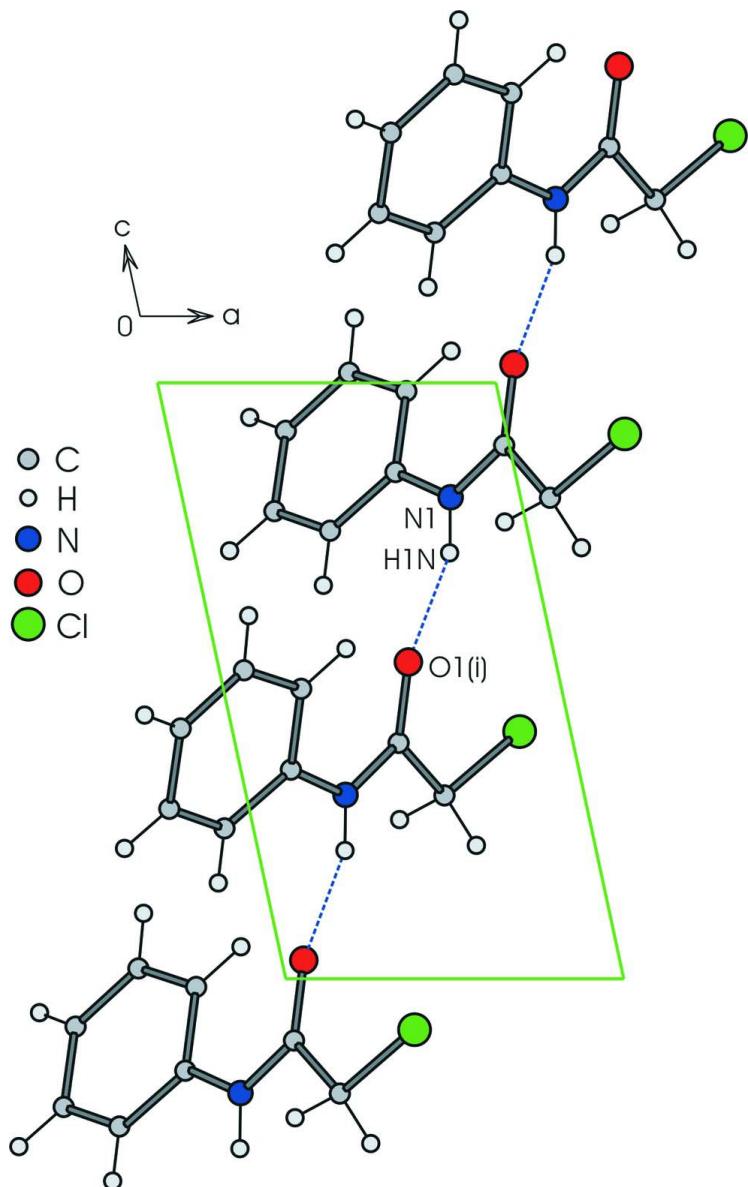
### S3. Refinement

The H atoms were placed in calculated positions (C—H = 0.93 $\text{\AA}$ , N—H = 0.86 $\text{\AA}$ ) and refined as riding with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{N})$ .



**Figure 1**

Molecular structure of (I) with displacement ellipsoids for the non-hydrogen atoms drawn at the 50% probability level.

**Figure 2**

Part of the packing for (I) viewed down the *b* axis showing the chains arising from N-H···O hydrogen bonds Symmetry code (i):  $x - 1/2, -y + 1/2, z - 1/2$ .

### 2-Chloro-N-phenylacetamide

#### Crystal data

$C_8H_8ClNO$

$M_r = 169.6$

Monoclinic,  $Cc$

Hall symbol: C -2yc

$a = 5.0623 (15)$  Å

$b = 18.361 (6)$  Å

$c = 9.115 (2)$  Å

$\beta = 102.13 (3)^\circ$

$V = 828.3 (4)$  Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 352$

$D_x = 1.36$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 159 reflections

$\theta = 4.9\text{--}25.1^\circ$

$\mu = 0.40$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 297\text{ K}$   
Prism, colorless

#### Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur System  
diffractometer  
Radiation source: Enhance (Mo) X-ray Source  
Graphite monochromator  
Detector resolution: 10.4340 pixels mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $\omega$  scans  
Absorption correction: analytical  
[CrysAlis RED (Oxford Diffraction, 2006),  
using a multifaceted crystal model based on  
expressions derived by Clark & Reid (1995)]

0.41 × 0.24 × 0.17 mm

$T_{\min} = 0.905, T_{\max} = 0.938$   
2388 measured reflections  
1067 independent reflections  
385 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.046$   
 $\theta_{\max} = 26^\circ, \theta_{\min} = 4.3^\circ$   
 $h = -6 \rightarrow 6$   
 $k = -22 \rightarrow 22$   
 $l = -9 \rightarrow 11$

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$   
Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.036$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.086$   
 $S = 0.96$   
1067 reflections  
106 parameters  
2 restraints  
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methods  
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites  
H-atom parameters constrained  
[ $\exp(3.70(\sin\theta/\lambda)^2)/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.035P)^2]$   
where  $P = 0.33333F_o^2 + 0.66667F_c^2$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.1\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.11\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 254 Friedel  
pairs  
Absolute structure parameter: 0.04 (11)

#### Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

#### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl1	1.3492 (4)	0.15000 (9)	0.9151 (2)	0.1082 (7)
C1	1.0871 (11)	0.1998 (3)	0.8076 (6)	0.0824 (18)
H1A	1.1488	0.2215	0.7237	0.099*
H1B	0.939	0.1671	0.7672	0.099*
C2	0.9849 (11)	0.2595 (3)	0.8961 (6)	0.0629 (17)
N1	0.7939 (8)	0.3008 (2)	0.8086 (4)	0.0642 (13)
H1N	0.7565	0.2897	0.7149	0.077*
O1	1.0653 (7)	0.26846 (19)	1.0314 (3)	0.0833 (13)
C3	0.6481 (10)	0.3597 (3)	0.8507 (6)	0.0517 (13)
C4	0.7302 (11)	0.3975 (3)	0.9862 (6)	0.0670 (17)
H4	0.888	0.3845	1.0536	0.08*

C5	0.5727 (15)	0.4542 (3)	1.0177 (7)	0.082 (2)
H5	0.6222	0.478	1.1094	0.099*
C6	0.3490 (16)	0.4762 (3)	0.9197 (10)	0.0824 (18)
H6	0.2513	0.516	0.9428	0.099*
C7	0.2640 (13)	0.4399 (4)	0.7850 (7)	0.082 (2)
H7	0.1068	0.4538	0.7183	0.099*
C8	0.4153 (10)	0.3835 (4)	0.7525 (6)	0.0676 (16)
H8	0.3614	0.3598	0.6609	0.081*

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C11	0.1120 (13)	0.1207 (13)	0.0829 (10)	0.0402 (13)	-0.0004 (9)	0.0083 (13)
C1	0.079 (4)	0.091 (4)	0.067 (4)	0.022 (4)	-0.006 (3)	0.006 (4)
C2	0.070 (4)	0.071 (4)	0.045 (3)	-0.003 (3)	0.005 (3)	0.004 (4)
N1	0.066 (3)	0.084 (3)	0.035 (3)	0.012 (3)	-0.006 (2)	0.003 (3)
O1	0.102 (3)	0.097 (3)	0.039 (2)	0.010 (2)	-0.013 (2)	-0.005 (2)
C3	0.051 (4)	0.062 (4)	0.041 (3)	-0.001 (3)	0.008 (3)	0.002 (3)
C4	0.055 (4)	0.084 (4)	0.059 (4)	0.005 (4)	0.007 (3)	-0.004 (3)
C5	0.083 (5)	0.097 (5)	0.073 (5)	-0.005 (5)	0.029 (4)	-0.014 (4)
C6	0.078 (5)	0.071 (4)	0.101 (5)	0.002 (5)	0.027 (4)	0.005 (5)
C7	0.066 (5)	0.094 (5)	0.081 (5)	0.019 (5)	0.005 (4)	0.020 (5)
C8	0.053 (4)	0.090 (5)	0.058 (4)	0.003 (3)	0.006 (3)	0.014 (3)

*Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )*

C11—C1	1.735 (5)	C4—C5	1.378 (7)
C1—C2	1.515 (6)	C4—H4	0.93
C1—H1A	0.97	C5—C6	1.349 (8)
C1—H1B	0.97	C5—H5	0.93
C2—O1	1.226 (6)	C6—C7	1.384 (9)
C2—N1	1.350 (6)	C6—H6	0.93
N1—C3	1.407 (6)	C7—C8	1.357 (7)
N1—H1N	0.86	C7—H7	0.93
C3—C8	1.392 (6)	C8—H8	0.93
C3—C4	1.401 (7)		
C2—C1—C11	112.8 (4)	C5—C4—C3	118.7 (6)
C2—C1—H1A	109	C5—C4—H4	120.7
C11—C1—H1A	109	C3—C4—H4	120.7
C2—C1—H1B	109	C6—C5—C4	122.0 (6)
C11—C1—H1B	109	C6—C5—H5	119
H1A—C1—H1B	107.8	C4—C5—H5	119
O1—C2—N1	124.3 (6)	C5—C6—C7	120.3 (6)
O1—C2—C1	123.7 (6)	C5—C6—H6	119.8
N1—C2—C1	112.0 (5)	C7—C6—H6	119.8
C2—N1—C3	128.5 (5)	C8—C7—C6	118.5 (6)
C2—N1—H1N	115.7	C8—C7—H7	120.8

C3—N1—H1N	115.7	C6—C7—H7	120.8
C8—C3—C4	117.8 (5)	C7—C8—C3	122.6 (6)
C8—C3—N1	119.2 (5)	C7—C8—H8	118.7
C4—C3—N1	123.0 (5)	C3—C8—H8	118.7
Cl1—C1—C2—O1	-4.8 (7)	N1—C3—C4—C5	-179.6 (5)
Cl1—C1—C2—N1	175.8 (4)	C3—C4—C5—C6	-2.8 (9)
O1—C2—N1—C3	-1.1 (9)	C4—C5—C6—C7	2.7 (9)
C1—C2—N1—C3	178.3 (5)	C5—C6—C7—C8	-2.0 (9)
C2—N1—C3—C8	-164.2 (5)	C6—C7—C8—C3	1.7 (8)
C2—N1—C3—C4	17.8 (8)	C4—C3—C8—C7	-1.8 (8)
C8—C3—C4—C5	2.3 (8)	N1—C3—C8—C7	-180.0 (5)

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
N1—H1N···O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.86	2.05	2.848 (5)	155

Symmetry code: (i)  $x-1/2, -y+1/2, z-1/2$ .