

Acta Crystallographica Section E

## Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

## N-(3-Nitrophenyl)-N'-pivaloylthiourea

 M. Sukeri M. Yusof,<sup>a\*</sup> Siti Hajar Muharam,<sup>a</sup> M. B. Kassim<sup>b</sup> and Bohari M. Yamin<sup>b</sup>
<sup>a</sup>Department of Chemical Sciences, Faculty of Science and Technology, Universiti Malaysia Terengganu, Mengabang Telipot, 21030 Kuala Terengganu, Malaysia, and

<sup>b</sup>School of Chemical Sciences and Food Technology, Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia, 43600 Bangi, Selangor, Malaysia

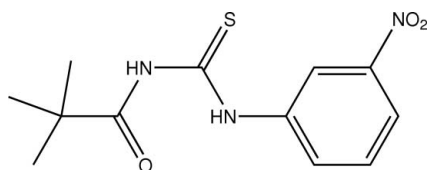
Correspondence e-mail: mohdsukeri@umt.edu.my

Received 23 April 2008; accepted 14 May 2008

 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 273$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.042;  $wR$  factor = 0.103; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.6.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{S}$ , there is an intramolecular  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bond. The crystal structure is stabilized by intermolecular  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ ,  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{S}$  and  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{S}$  hydrogen bonds, forming a two-dimensional network parallel to the  $ac$  plane.

## Related literature

 For related crystal structures, see: Saeed & Flörke (2007); Sultana *et al.* (2007).


## Experimental

## Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{S}$ 
 $M_r = 281.33$ 

 Orthorhombic,  $Pna2_1$ 
 $a = 20.400$  (5) Å

 $b = 10.886$  (3) Å

 $c = 6.2120$  (15) Å

 $V = 1379.5$  (6) Å<sup>3</sup>
 $Z = 4$ 

 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

 $\mu = 0.24$  mm<sup>-1</sup>
 $T = 273$  (2) K

 $0.48 \times 0.18 \times 0.12$  mm

## Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD area-detector diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2000)

 $T_{\min} = 0.893$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.972$ 

8152 measured reflections

3020 independent reflections

 2321 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.032$ 

## Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$ 
 $wR(F^2) = 0.103$ 
 $S = 0.91$ 

3020 reflections

172 parameters

1 restraint

H-atom parameters constrained

 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.28$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.14$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Absolute structure: Flack (1983),

**1296 Friedel pairs**

Flack parameter: 0.07 (9)

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{N2}-\text{H2A}\cdots\text{O1}$	0.86	1.92	2.605 (3)	135
$\text{N1}-\text{H1A}\cdots\text{S1}^{\text{i}}$	0.86	2.76	3.582 (2)	160
$\text{C3}-\text{H3A}\cdots\text{S1}^{\text{i}}$	0.96	2.83	3.742 (3)	159
$\text{N2}-\text{H2A}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{ii}}$	0.86	2.52	3.197 (3)	137

 Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x + 2, -y + 1, z - \frac{1}{2}$ ; (ii)  $-x + \frac{3}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2000); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2000); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL, PARST (Nardelli, 1995) and PLATON (Spek, 2003).

The authors thank the Malaysian Government, Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia, Universiti Malaysia Terengganu and the Ministry of Higher Education, Malaysia, for research grants OUP UKM OUP-BIT-28/20076 and UMT-FRGS-59001.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SG2240).

## References

- Bruker (2000). SADABS, SMART and SAINT. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Flack, H. D. (1983). *Acta Cryst.* **A39**, 876–881.
- Nardelli, M. (1995). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **28**, 659.
- Saeed, A. & Flörke, U. (2007). *Acta Cryst.* **E63**, o4259.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.
- Spek, A. L. (2003). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **36**, 7–13.
- Sultana, S., Khawar Rauf, M., Ebihara, M. & Badshah, A. (2007). *Acta Cryst.* **E63**, o2801.

## supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2008). E64, o1137 [doi:10.1107/S1600536808014530]

## ***N*-(3-Nitrophenyl)-*N'*-pivaloylthiourea**

**M. Sukeri M. Yusof, Siti Hajar Muharam, M. B. Kassim and Bohari M. Yamin**

### **S1. Comment**

Two isomers of *N*-nitrophenyl-*N'*-pivaloylthiourea were reported by Saeed & Flörke, (2007) (nitro group at *ortho* position) and Sultana *et al.*, (2007) (nitro group at *para* position). Here, the molecule with a nitro group in the *meta* position, (I), has been successfully synthesized (Fig. 1). The molecule displays similar bond distances and angles to the related compounds.

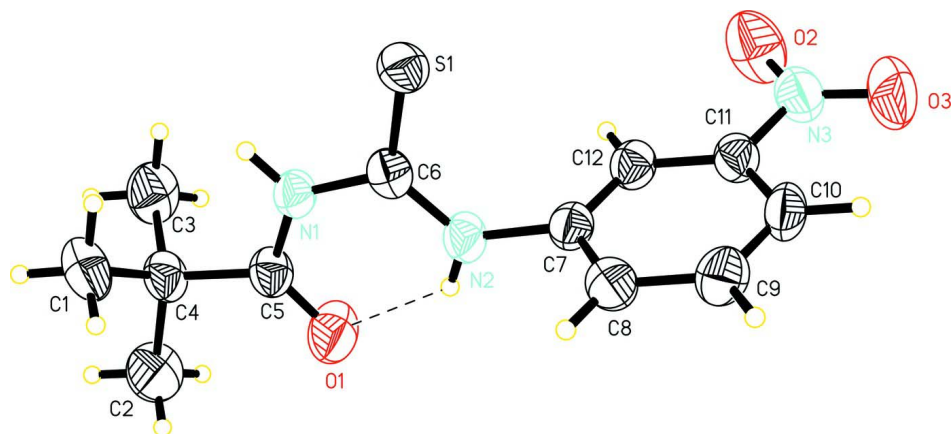
The carbonylthiourea (S1/N1/N2/O1/C4–C7) and 3-nitrophenyl fragments are essentially planar, with maximum deviation of 0.077 Å for atom O2 from the least square plane. The carbonylthiourea fragment makes a dihedral angle of 85.64 (7)° to the nitrophenyl fragment. There is an intramolecular hydrogen bond, N2—H2···O1 leading to a pseudo-six membered ring (O1···H2—N2—C6—N1—C5—O1). In the crystal structure, the molecules are linked by intermolecular interactions, N—H···O, N—H···S and C—H···S (symmetry codes as in Table 1) forming a two dimensional network along the *ac* plane (Fig.2).

### **S2. Experimental**

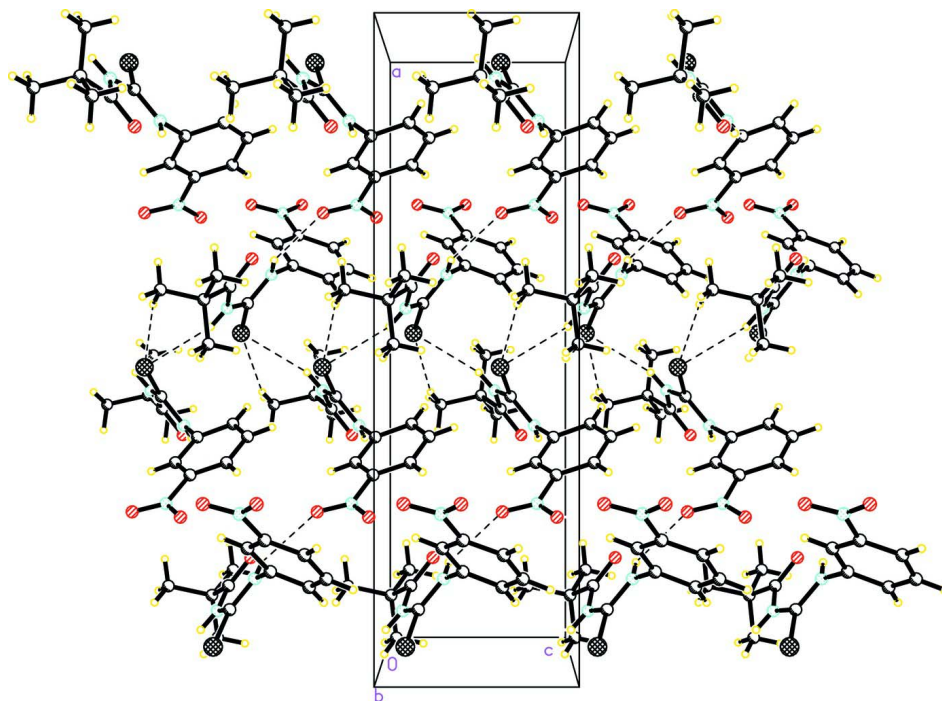
To a stirring acetone solution (75 ml) of pivaloyl chloride (5.0 g, 0.04 mol) and ammonium thiocyanate (3.15 g, 0.04 mol), 3-nitroaniline (5.73 g, 0.04 mol) in 40 ml of acetone was added dropwise. The solution mixture was refluxed for 1 h. The resulting solution was poured into a beaker containing some ice blocks. The white precipitate was filtered off and washed with distilled water and cold ethanol before being dried under vacuum. Good quality crystals were obtained by recrystallization from THF.

### **S3. Refinement**

After their location in the difference map, all H-atoms were fixed geometrically at ideal positions and allowed to ride on the parent C or N atoms with C—H = 0.93–0.97 Å and N—H = 0.86 Å with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2$  (CH<sub>2</sub> and NH) or  $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  (CH<sub>3</sub>).

**Figure 1**

The molecule of (I) showing the atom-labelling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. Dashed lines indicate intramolecular hydrogen bond.

**Figure 2**

Packing diagram of compound, (I), viewed down the *b* axis. The dashed lines denote the N—H...O, N—H...S and C—H...S hydrogen bonds.

### *N*-(3-Nitrophenyl)-*N'*-pivaloylthiourea

#### Crystal data

$C_{12}H_{15}N_3O_3S$

$M_r = 281.33$

Orthorhombic, *Pna*2<sub>1</sub>

Hall symbol: P 2c -2n

$a = 20.400 (5) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 10.886 (3) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 6.2120 (15) \text{ \AA}$

$V = 1379.5 (6) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 592$

$D_x = 1.355 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$   
 Cell parameters from 925 reflections  
 $\theta = 2.0\text{--}27.5^\circ$

$\mu = 0.24 \text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 273 \text{ K}$   
 Block, colourless  
 $0.48 \times 0.18 \times 0.12 \text{ mm}$

*Data collection*

Bruker SMART APEX CCD area-detector  
 diffractometer  
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
 Graphite monochromator  
 Detector resolution:  $83.66 \text{ pixels mm}^{-1}$   
 $\omega$  scans  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan  
 (SADABS; Bruker, 2000)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.893$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.972$

8152 measured reflections  
 3020 independent reflections  
 2321 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.032$   
 $\theta_{\max} = 27.5^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.0^\circ$   
 $h = -21 \rightarrow 26$   
 $k = -13 \rightarrow 14$   
 $l = -7 \rightarrow 7$

*Refinement*

Refinement on  $F^2$   
 Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.103$   
 $S = 0.91$   
 3020 reflections  
 172 parameters  
 1 restraint  
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
 direct methods  
 Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
 map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
 neighbouring sites  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0642P)^2 + 0.0515P]$   
 where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.28 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.15 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 1296 Friedel  
 pairs  
 Absolute structure parameter: 0.07 (9)

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	0.97040 (3)	0.39600 (5)	0.62603 (13)	0.04412 (17)
O3	0.72971 (13)	0.0240 (2)	0.9230 (4)	0.0936 (8)
O2	0.73374 (10)	0.13216 (17)	0.6346 (5)	0.0791 (6)
O1	0.84682 (10)	0.73243 (15)	0.7556 (4)	0.0694 (6)
N2	0.86872 (9)	0.49974 (16)	0.8218 (3)	0.0422 (5)
H2A	0.8456	0.5640	0.8480	0.051*
N1	0.92866 (9)	0.62483 (14)	0.5965 (3)	0.0394 (5)
H1A	0.9603	0.6304	0.5055	0.047*
C11	0.79218 (11)	0.2008 (2)	0.9299 (4)	0.0414 (5)
C10	0.81336 (11)	0.1747 (2)	1.1350 (5)	0.0490 (6)

H10A	0.7999	0.1035	1.2052	0.059*
C9	0.85486 (13)	0.2563 (2)	1.2331 (5)	0.0521 (6)
H9A	0.8704	0.2395	1.3708	0.062*
C8	0.87392 (11)	0.36328 (19)	1.1304 (5)	0.0463 (5)
H8A	0.9018	0.4187	1.1985	0.056*
C7	0.85101 (11)	0.38661 (19)	0.9253 (4)	0.0387 (5)
C12	0.80979 (11)	0.3062 (2)	0.8226 (4)	0.0413 (5)
H12A	0.7942	0.3224	0.6848	0.050*
N3	0.74809 (11)	0.11334 (19)	0.8218 (5)	0.0557 (6)
C6	0.91904 (11)	0.50999 (19)	0.6876 (4)	0.0375 (5)
C5	0.89385 (11)	0.73105 (18)	0.6338 (5)	0.0421 (5)
C4	0.91691 (13)	0.8460 (2)	0.5166 (4)	0.0451 (6)
C3	0.90038 (15)	0.8322 (3)	0.2772 (5)	0.0635 (8)
H3A	0.9239	0.7634	0.2189	0.095*
H3B	0.9128	0.9056	0.2019	0.095*
H3C	0.8541	0.8188	0.2610	0.095*
C2	0.87985 (15)	0.9559 (2)	0.6113 (7)	0.0733 (8)
H2B	0.8905	0.9641	0.7611	0.110*
H2C	0.8335	0.9430	0.5958	0.110*
H2D	0.8923	1.0294	0.5363	0.110*
C1	0.99039 (14)	0.8627 (2)	0.5451 (6)	0.0625 (8)
H1B	1.0130	0.7938	0.4834	0.094*
H1C	1.0005	0.8681	0.6957	0.094*
H1D	1.0041	0.9368	0.4742	0.094*

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
S1	0.0528 (3)	0.0349 (3)	0.0446 (3)	0.0050 (2)	0.0020 (3)	0.0025 (3)
O3	0.124 (2)	0.0680 (13)	0.0885 (16)	-0.0522 (13)	0.0132 (15)	-0.0002 (13)
O2	0.0909 (15)	0.0660 (12)	0.0804 (15)	-0.0173 (10)	-0.0336 (15)	0.0052 (14)
O1	0.0707 (13)	0.0443 (10)	0.0930 (16)	0.0126 (9)	0.0308 (12)	0.0156 (10)
N2	0.0457 (10)	0.0311 (9)	0.0497 (11)	0.0041 (8)	0.0075 (10)	0.0086 (8)
N1	0.0440 (10)	0.0325 (9)	0.0416 (13)	-0.0003 (7)	0.0044 (10)	0.0064 (8)
C11	0.0378 (12)	0.0376 (12)	0.0488 (14)	-0.0003 (10)	0.0062 (11)	0.0013 (11)
C10	0.0557 (14)	0.0387 (11)	0.0526 (14)	-0.0019 (10)	0.0128 (15)	0.0136 (15)
C9	0.0650 (16)	0.0508 (14)	0.0404 (13)	0.0030 (13)	-0.0015 (12)	0.0109 (12)
C8	0.0488 (12)	0.0427 (11)	0.0474 (13)	-0.0016 (9)	-0.0003 (15)	-0.0004 (14)
C7	0.0396 (13)	0.0366 (12)	0.0399 (13)	0.0020 (9)	0.0051 (10)	0.0043 (10)
C12	0.0423 (13)	0.0409 (12)	0.0409 (13)	0.0024 (10)	0.0016 (11)	0.0056 (11)
N3	0.0540 (13)	0.0435 (12)	0.0695 (16)	-0.0055 (10)	0.0068 (12)	-0.0009 (11)
C6	0.0391 (11)	0.0367 (12)	0.0366 (14)	-0.0034 (10)	-0.0084 (9)	0.0029 (9)
C5	0.0441 (12)	0.0350 (10)	0.0471 (12)	0.0004 (9)	0.0006 (13)	0.0067 (13)
C4	0.0520 (15)	0.0313 (11)	0.0519 (15)	-0.0003 (11)	0.0008 (12)	0.0078 (10)
C3	0.0761 (19)	0.0570 (16)	0.0575 (19)	-0.0034 (14)	-0.0070 (15)	0.0183 (14)
C2	0.093 (2)	0.0359 (12)	0.091 (2)	0.0162 (13)	0.020 (2)	0.0097 (18)
C1	0.0643 (18)	0.0414 (14)	0.082 (2)	-0.0118 (13)	-0.0026 (15)	0.0018 (13)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

S1—C6	1.668 (2)	C8—C7	1.381 (4)
O3—N3	1.217 (3)	C8—H8A	0.9300
O2—N3	1.216 (3)	C7—C12	1.371 (3)
O1—C5	1.222 (3)	C12—H12A	0.9300
N2—C6	1.327 (3)	C5—C4	1.523 (3)
N2—C7	1.435 (3)	C4—C1	1.520 (4)
N2—H2A	0.8600	C4—C3	1.532 (4)
N1—C5	1.377 (3)	C4—C2	1.532 (4)
N1—C6	1.386 (3)	C3—H3A	0.9600
N1—H1A	0.8600	C3—H3B	0.9600
C11—C10	1.375 (4)	C3—H3C	0.9600
C11—C12	1.375 (3)	C2—H2B	0.9600
C11—N3	1.472 (3)	C2—H2C	0.9600
C10—C9	1.370 (4)	C2—H2D	0.9600
C10—H10A	0.9300	C1—H1B	0.9600
C9—C8	1.384 (3)	C1—H1C	0.9600
C9—H9A	0.9300	C1—H1D	0.9600
C6—N2—C7	123.23 (18)	N1—C6—S1	119.22 (17)
C6—N2—H2A	118.4	O1—C5—N1	121.3 (2)
C7—N2—H2A	118.4	O1—C5—C4	121.9 (2)
C5—N1—C6	128.0 (2)	N1—C5—C4	116.8 (2)
C5—N1—H1A	116.0	C1—C4—C5	110.3 (2)
C6—N1—H1A	116.0	C1—C4—C3	110.0 (2)
C10—C11—C12	122.7 (2)	C5—C4—C3	108.4 (2)
C10—C11—N3	118.8 (2)	C1—C4—C2	110.4 (2)
C12—C11—N3	118.6 (2)	C5—C4—C2	107.8 (2)
C9—C10—C11	118.2 (2)	C3—C4—C2	109.9 (3)
C9—C10—H10A	120.9	C4—C3—H3A	109.5
C11—C10—H10A	120.9	C4—C3—H3B	109.5
C10—C9—C8	120.9 (3)	H3A—C3—H3B	109.5
C10—C9—H9A	119.5	C4—C3—H3C	109.5
C8—C9—H9A	119.5	H3A—C3—H3C	109.5
C7—C8—C9	119.0 (2)	H3B—C3—H3C	109.5
C7—C8—H8A	120.5	C4—C2—H2B	109.5
C9—C8—H8A	120.5	C4—C2—H2C	109.5
C12—C7—C8	121.3 (2)	H2B—C2—H2C	109.5
C12—C7—N2	119.6 (2)	C4—C2—H2D	109.5
C8—C7—N2	119.1 (2)	H2B—C2—H2D	109.5
C7—C12—C11	117.9 (2)	H2C—C2—H2D	109.5
C7—C12—H12A	121.1	C4—C1—H1B	109.5
C11—C12—H12A	121.1	C4—C1—H1C	109.5
O2—N3—O3	123.7 (3)	H1B—C1—H1C	109.5
O2—N3—C11	118.3 (2)	C4—C1—H1D	109.5
O3—N3—C11	118.0 (3)	H1B—C1—H1D	109.5
N2—C6—N1	116.21 (19)	H1C—C1—H1D	109.5

N2—C6—S1	124.57 (17)		
C12—C11—C10—C9	-1.5 (4)	C10—C11—N3—O3	3.4 (3)
N3—C11—C10—C9	179.4 (2)	C12—C11—N3—O3	-175.7 (2)
C11—C10—C9—C8	1.2 (4)	C7—N2—C6—N1	178.4 (2)
C10—C9—C8—C7	-0.6 (4)	C7—N2—C6—S1	-2.2 (3)
C9—C8—C7—C12	0.2 (4)	C5—N1—C6—N2	2.6 (4)
C9—C8—C7—N2	177.6 (2)	C5—N1—C6—S1	-176.9 (2)
C6—N2—C7—C12	-87.3 (3)	C6—N1—C5—O1	-2.1 (4)
C6—N2—C7—C8	95.2 (3)	C6—N1—C5—C4	177.8 (2)
C8—C7—C12—C11	-0.4 (3)	O1—C5—C4—C1	130.5 (3)
N2—C7—C12—C11	-177.81 (19)	N1—C5—C4—C1	-49.4 (3)
C10—C11—C12—C7	1.0 (3)	O1—C5—C4—C3	-109.0 (3)
N3—C11—C12—C7	-179.9 (2)	N1—C5—C4—C3	71.1 (3)
C10—C11—N3—O2	-174.3 (2)	O1—C5—C4—C2	9.9 (4)
C12—C11—N3—O2	6.6 (3)	N1—C5—C4—C2	-170.0 (2)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>
N2—H2 <i>A</i> $\cdots$ O1	0.86	1.92	2.605 (3)	135
N1—H1 <i>A</i> $\cdots$ S1 <sup>i</sup>	0.86	2.76	3.582 (2)	160
C3—H3 <i>A</i> $\cdots$ S1 <sup>i</sup>	0.96	2.83	3.742 (3)	159
N2—H2 <i>A</i> $\cdots$ O2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.86	2.52	3.197 (3)	137

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+2, -y+1, z-1/2$ ; (ii)  $-x+3/2, y+1/2, z+1/2$ .