

1-Furfuryl-3-furoylthiourea

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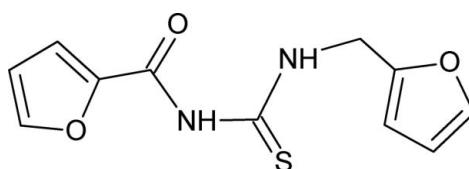
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 294\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.049; wR factor = 0.136; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.8.

The title compound, $C_{11}H_{10}N_2O_3S$, was synthesized from furoyl isothiocyanate and furfurylamine in dry acetone. The thiourea group is in the thioamide form. The *trans-cis* geometry of the thiourea group is stabilized by intramolecular hydrogen bonding between the carbonyl and *cis*-thioamide and results in a pseudo-*S*(6) planar ring which makes dihedral angles of 2.5 (3) and 88.1 (2) $^\circ$ with the furoyl and furfuryl groups, respectively. There is also an intramolecular hydrogen bond between the furan O atom and the other thioamide H atom. In the crystal structure, molecules are linked by two intermolecular N—H \cdots O hydrogen bonds, forming dimers. These dimers are stacked within the crystal structure along the [010] direction.

Related literature

For general background, see: Dhooghe *et al.* (2005); Aly *et al.* (2007); Estévez-Hernández *et al.* (2007). For related structures, see: Koch (2001); Yamin & Hassan (2004). For the synthesis, see: Otazo *et al.* (2001).



Experimental

Crystal data

$C_{11}H_{10}N_2O_3S$
 $M_r = 250.27$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$

$a = 4.5999 (2)\text{ \AA}$
 $b = 11.3792 (6)\text{ \AA}$
 $c = 12.0556 (5)\text{ \AA}$

$\alpha = 68.351 (3)^\circ$
 $\beta = 83.187 (4)^\circ$
 $\gamma = 89.367 (3)^\circ$
 $V = 582.01 (5)\text{ \AA}^3$
 $Z = 2$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.28\text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 294\text{ K}$
 $0.16 \times 0.15 \times 0.08\text{ mm}$

Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer
Absorption correction: none
4433 measured reflections

2427 independent reflections
1753 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.028$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.135$
 $S = 1.05$
2427 reflections

154 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.32\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.28\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
N1—H1 \cdots O2	0.86	2.24	2.672 (3)	111
N2—H2 \cdots O1	0.86	2.00	2.677 (3)	135
N2—H2 \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.86	2.43	3.091 (3)	133

Symmetry code: (i) $-x, -y, -z + 1$.

Data collection: *COLLECT* (Enraf–Nonius, 2000); cell refinement: *SCALEPACK* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); data reduction: *DENZO* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997) and *SCALEPACK*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: XU2426).

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supporting information

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O. Estévez-Hernández, J. Duque, J. Ellena and Rodrigo S. Corrêa

S1. Comment

Thiourea and its derivatives have found extensive applications in the fields of medicine, agriculture and analytical chemistry. Thioureas are also widely used in heterocyclic syntheses (Dhooghe *et al.*, 2005). Aroylthioureas have also been found to have applications in metal complexes and molecular electronics (Aly *et al.*, 2007). The title compound (Fig. 1), has been successfully used as ionophore in amperometric sensors for Cd(II) (Estévez-Hernández *et al.*, 2007).

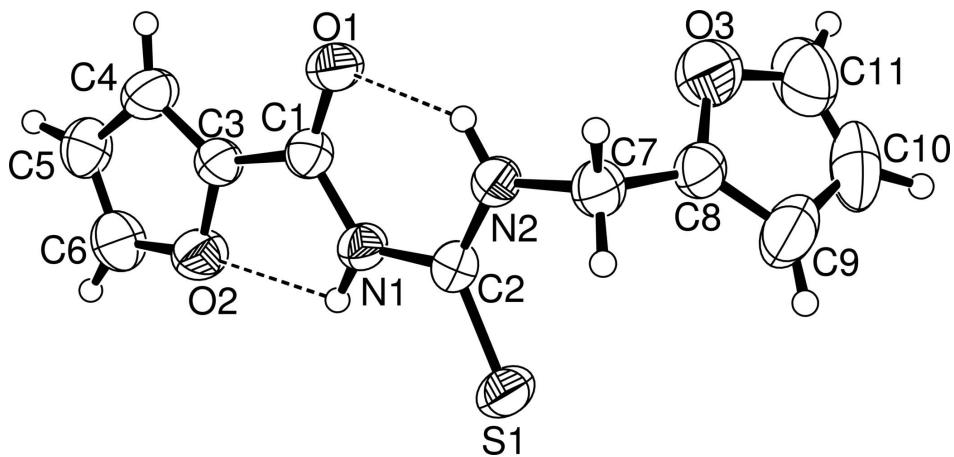
The title compound crystallizes in the thioamide form. The furoyl and furfuryl groups are *trans* and *cis*, respectively, to the S atom across the thiourea C—N bonds (Fig. 1). The main bond lengths and torsion angles are within the ranges obtained for similar compounds (Koch *et al.*, 2001). The C2—S1 and C1—O1 bonds show a typical double bond character with bond lengths (Table 1) of 1.661 (2) and 1.227 (2) Å respectively, closely related to other thiourea derivatives (Yamin & Hassan, 2004). However, all the C—N bonds (Table 1) of thiourea fragment C1—N1, C2—N1 and C2—N2 are in the range 1.392 (3)–1.327 (3) Å, intermediate between those expected for single and double C—N bonds (1.47 and 1.27 Å respectively). It is deduced that this thiourea moiety makes up a multi-electron conjugated π bond. The central thiourea fragment makes torsion angles of 2.5 (3)° and 88.1 (2)° with the furan carbonyl ring (O2-C3-C1-N1) and the furfuryl group (C2-N2-C7-C8), respectively. The *trans-cis* geometry in the thiourea moiety is stabilized by the N2—H2···O1 intramolecular hydrogen bond (Fig. 1 and Table 2). An additional intramolecular hydrogen bond N1—H1···O2 is observed. In the crystal structure symmetry related molecules are linked by two N2—H2···O1 intermolecular hydrogen bonds to form dimers along the [010] direction (Fig. 2 and Table 2).

S2. Experimental

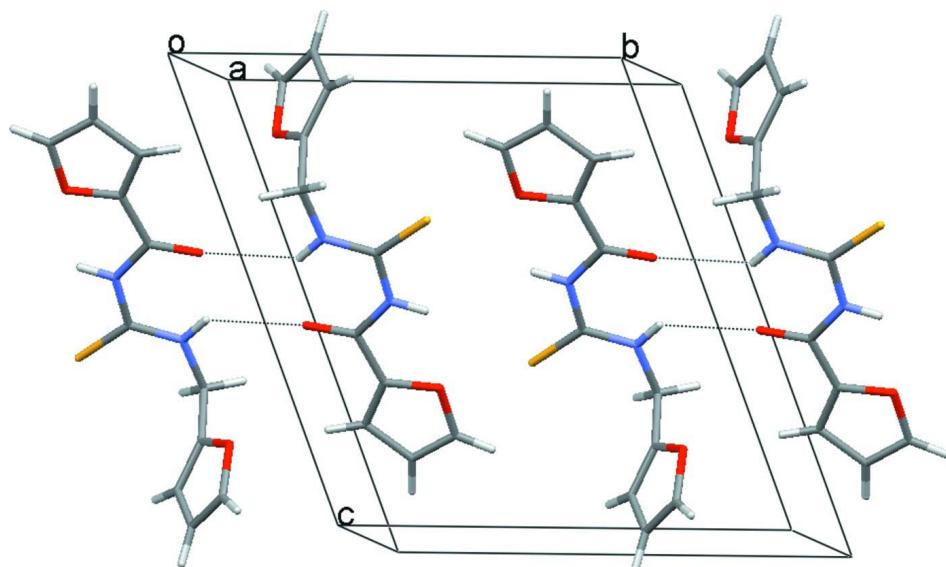
The title compound was synthesized according to a previous report (Otazo *et al.*, 2001), by converting furoyl chloride into furoyl isothiocyanate and then condensing with furfurylamine. The resulting solid product was crystallized from ethanol yielding X-ray quality single crystals (m.p 79–80 °C). Elemental analysis (%) for C₁₁H₁₀N₂O₃S calculated: C 52.80, H 4.00, N 11.20, S 12.80; found: C 52.83, H 4.07, N 11.21, S 12.81.

S3. Refinement

H atoms were placed in calculated positions with N—H = 0.88 Å and C—H = 0.93 (aromatic) or 0.97 Å (methylene), and refined in riding model with U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C,N).

**Figure 1**

Molecular structure (50% probability displacement ellipsoids). Intramolecular hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

**Figure 2**

View of the crystal packing of the title compound. Intermolecular hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

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Crystal data

$C_{11}H_{10}N_2O_3S$
 $M_r = 250.27$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
Hall symbol: -P 1
 $a = 4.5999 (2) \text{ \AA}$
 $b = 11.3792 (6) \text{ \AA}$
 $c = 12.0556 (5) \text{ \AA}$
 $\alpha = 68.351 (3)^\circ$
 $\beta = 83.187 (4)^\circ$
 $\gamma = 89.367 (3)^\circ$
 $V = 582.01 (5) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 2$
 $F(000) = 260$
 $D_x = 1.428 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
Cell parameters from 2356 reflections
 $\theta = 2.9\text{--}26.7^\circ$
 $\mu = 0.28 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 294 \text{ K}$
Prism, colourless
 $0.16 \times 0.15 \times 0.08 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD
diffractometer
 ω scans
4433 measured reflections
2427 independent reflections
1753 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.028$
 $\theta_{\max} = 26.6^\circ, \theta_{\min} = 3.1^\circ$
 $h = -5 \rightarrow 5$
 $k = -14 \rightarrow 14$
 $l = -15 \rightarrow 13$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.135$
 $S = 1.05$
2427 reflections
154 parameters

0 restraints
H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0698P)^2 + 0.1199P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.32 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.28 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	-0.16463 (15)	0.45844 (5)	0.35901 (6)	0.0578 (2)
O1	0.1719 (4)	0.07028 (14)	0.56626 (15)	0.0540 (4)
O2	0.4479 (4)	0.28509 (15)	0.68097 (15)	0.0565 (4)
N2	-0.1523 (4)	0.21274 (16)	0.39894 (15)	0.0417 (4)
H2	-0.0911	0.139	0.4381	0.05*
O3	0.0164 (5)	0.1731 (2)	0.16872 (17)	0.0793 (6)
N1	0.1109 (4)	0.28290 (16)	0.51574 (15)	0.0421 (4)
H1	0.1601	0.3461	0.5332	0.05*
C8	-0.1860 (5)	0.2555 (2)	0.1856 (2)	0.0476 (5)
C7	-0.3440 (5)	0.2252 (2)	0.30733 (19)	0.0461 (5)
H7A	-0.4809	0.2911	0.3054	0.055*
H7B	-0.4567	0.1465	0.3299	0.055*
C3	0.3974 (5)	0.17197 (19)	0.67285 (18)	0.0415 (5)
C1	0.2185 (5)	0.16912 (19)	0.58107 (18)	0.0411 (5)
C2	-0.0679 (5)	0.30996 (19)	0.42464 (18)	0.0396 (5)
C4	0.5302 (6)	0.0818 (2)	0.7549 (2)	0.0606 (7)
H4	0.5303	-0.004	0.7676	0.073*
C9	-0.2028 (7)	0.3500 (3)	0.0816 (3)	0.0771 (9)
H9	-0.3219	0.4193	0.068	0.092*
C6	0.6146 (6)	0.2632 (3)	0.7713 (2)	0.0611 (7)
H6	0.6806	0.325	0.7966	0.073*
C5	0.6702 (6)	0.1424 (3)	0.8184 (2)	0.0607 (7)
H5	0.7805	0.1043	0.8814	0.073*
C10	0.0005 (8)	0.3236 (4)	-0.0059 (3)	0.0850 (10)

H10	0.0366	0.3725	-0.0875	0.102*
C11	0.1238 (8)	0.2192 (4)	0.0502 (3)	0.0893 (10)
H11	0.2657	0.1811	0.0144	0.107*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
S1	0.0793 (5)	0.0362 (3)	0.0594 (4)	0.0082 (3)	-0.0299 (3)	-0.0131 (3)
O1	0.0709 (11)	0.0387 (8)	0.0580 (10)	0.0093 (7)	-0.0252 (8)	-0.0195 (7)
O2	0.0688 (11)	0.0463 (9)	0.0608 (10)	0.0043 (8)	-0.0235 (8)	-0.0225 (8)
N2	0.0499 (10)	0.0363 (9)	0.0390 (9)	0.0019 (7)	-0.0114 (8)	-0.0122 (7)
O3	0.0938 (15)	0.0759 (13)	0.0589 (12)	0.0162 (11)	0.0080 (10)	-0.0197 (10)
N1	0.0512 (10)	0.0335 (8)	0.0426 (9)	0.0010 (7)	-0.0137 (8)	-0.0128 (7)
C8	0.0536 (13)	0.0444 (12)	0.0467 (12)	-0.0013 (10)	-0.0165 (10)	-0.0158 (10)
C7	0.0458 (12)	0.0479 (12)	0.0472 (12)	0.0008 (9)	-0.0131 (10)	-0.0185 (10)
C3	0.0437 (11)	0.0406 (11)	0.0420 (11)	0.0019 (9)	-0.0077 (9)	-0.0167 (9)
C1	0.0428 (11)	0.0400 (11)	0.0384 (11)	0.0012 (9)	-0.0034 (9)	-0.0125 (9)
C2	0.0413 (11)	0.0399 (11)	0.0350 (10)	0.0013 (9)	-0.0052 (8)	-0.0107 (9)
C4	0.0782 (17)	0.0469 (13)	0.0612 (15)	0.0147 (12)	-0.0309 (13)	-0.0189 (11)
C9	0.098 (2)	0.0648 (17)	0.0581 (17)	-0.0002 (16)	-0.0300 (16)	-0.0041 (14)
C6	0.0649 (16)	0.0689 (17)	0.0599 (15)	-0.0010 (13)	-0.0212 (13)	-0.0317 (13)
C5	0.0655 (16)	0.0704 (17)	0.0512 (14)	0.0123 (13)	-0.0272 (12)	-0.0229 (12)
C10	0.102 (2)	0.106 (3)	0.0390 (15)	-0.034 (2)	-0.0080 (15)	-0.0166 (16)
C11	0.108 (3)	0.098 (3)	0.0561 (19)	-0.010 (2)	0.0174 (18)	-0.0309 (19)

Geometric parameters (\AA , ^\circ)

S1—C2	1.661 (2)	C7—H7A	0.97
O1—C1	1.227 (2)	C7—H7B	0.97
O2—C3	1.351 (3)	C3—C4	1.336 (3)
O2—C6	1.353 (3)	C3—C1	1.465 (3)
N2—C2	1.327 (3)	C4—C5	1.412 (4)
N2—C7	1.460 (3)	C4—H4	0.93
N2—H2	0.86	C9—C10	1.439 (5)
O3—C11	1.359 (3)	C9—H9	0.93
O3—C8	1.366 (3)	C6—C5	1.314 (4)
N1—C1	1.367 (3)	C6—H6	0.93
N1—C2	1.392 (3)	C5—H5	0.93
N1—H1	0.86	C10—C11	1.294 (5)
C8—C9	1.327 (3)	C10—H10	0.93
C8—C7	1.476 (3)	C11—H11	0.93
C3—O2—C6	106.57 (19)	N1—C1—C3	115.07 (18)
C2—N2—C7	123.03 (18)	N2—C2—N1	116.40 (17)
C2—N2—H2	118.5	N2—C2—S1	125.21 (16)
C7—N2—H2	118.5	N1—C2—S1	118.38 (15)
C11—O3—C8	107.1 (2)	C3—C4—C5	106.4 (2)
C1—N1—C2	128.53 (18)	C3—C4—H4	126.8

C1—N1—H1	115.7	C5—C4—H4	126.8
C2—N1—H1	115.7	C8—C9—C10	106.1 (3)
C9—C8—O3	109.2 (2)	C8—C9—H9	126.9
C9—C8—C7	132.7 (3)	C10—C9—H9	126.9
O3—C8—C7	118.09 (19)	C5—C6—O2	110.6 (2)
N2—C7—C8	113.74 (18)	C5—C6—H6	124.7
N2—C7—H7A	108.8	O2—C6—H6	124.7
C8—C7—H7A	108.8	C6—C5—C4	106.7 (2)
N2—C7—H7B	108.8	C6—C5—H5	126.6
C8—C7—H7B	108.8	C4—C5—H5	126.6
H7A—C7—H7B	107.7	C11—C10—C9	107.2 (3)
C4—C3—O2	109.73 (19)	C11—C10—H10	126.4
C4—C3—C1	132.6 (2)	C9—C10—H10	126.4
O2—C3—C1	117.69 (18)	C10—C11—O3	110.3 (3)
O1—C1—N1	123.86 (19)	C10—C11—H11	124.8
O1—C1—C3	121.08 (19)	O3—C11—H11	124.8
C11—O3—C8—C9	-0.4 (3)	C7—N2—C2—S1	0.2 (3)
C11—O3—C8—C7	178.2 (2)	C1—N1—C2—N2	1.8 (3)
C2—N2—C7—C8	88.1 (2)	C1—N1—C2—S1	-179.47 (17)
C9—C8—C7—N2	-122.7 (3)	O2—C3—C4—C5	0.4 (3)
O3—C8—C7—N2	59.2 (3)	C1—C3—C4—C5	-179.9 (2)
C6—O2—C3—C4	-0.5 (3)	O3—C8—C9—C10	0.7 (3)
C6—O2—C3—C1	179.72 (19)	C7—C8—C9—C10	-177.6 (2)
C2—N1—C1—O1	0.9 (4)	C3—O2—C6—C5	0.4 (3)
C2—N1—C1—C3	-178.86 (19)	O2—C6—C5—C4	-0.2 (3)
C4—C3—C1—O1	-2.1 (4)	C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.1 (3)
O2—C3—C1—O1	177.7 (2)	C8—C9—C10—C11	-0.7 (3)
C4—C3—C1—N1	177.7 (2)	C9—C10—C11—O3	0.5 (4)
O2—C3—C1—N1	-2.5 (3)	C8—O3—C11—C10	-0.1 (4)
C7—N2—C2—N1	178.88 (18)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
N1—H1···O2	0.86	2.24	2.672 (3)	111
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