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## Structure Reports

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# 5-Hydroxy-1-(3-hydroxy-2-naphthoyl)-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyrazoline

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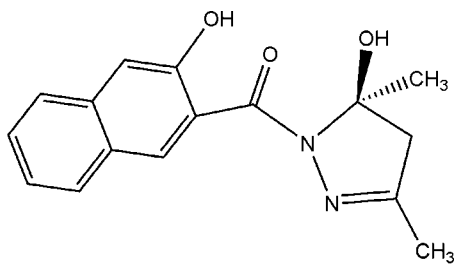
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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 298$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.044;  $wR$  factor = 0.130; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.6.

In the title molecule,  $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$ , intramolecular  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds influence the molecular conformation. Inter-molecular  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds [ $\text{O}\cdots\text{O} = 2.922$  (2) Å] link the molecules into centrosymmetric dimers. Weak inter-molecular  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  interactions assemble these dimers into layers parallel to the  $bc$  plane.

## Related literature

A highly puckered 60-membered metalladiazamacrocyclic was reported by Moon *et al.* (2006), and two manganese metallacrowns with the ligand *N*-acyl-3-hydroxy-2-naphthalene-carbohydrazide were reported by Dou *et al.* (2006). The ligand 1-benzoyl-3,5-dimethyl-5-(1-benzoylhydrazido)pyrazoline was first synthesized by Mukhopadhyay & Pal (2004).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$   
 $M_r = 284.31$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 12.368$  (6) Å  
 $b = 7.428$  (4) Å  
 $c = 17.041$  (9) Å  
 $\beta = 109.331$  (7)°

$V = 1477.3$  (13) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.09$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 298$  (2) K  
 $0.64 \times 0.57 \times 0.39$  mm

## Data collection

Bruker SMART 1000 CCD area-detector diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.945$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.966$

7363 measured reflections  
 2588 independent reflections  
 1627 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.042$

## Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.044$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.130$   
 $S = 1.00$   
 2588 reflections

190 parameters  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.15$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.18$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{O2}-\text{H2}\cdots\text{O1}$	0.82	1.79	2.518 (2)	147
$\text{O3}-\text{H3}\cdots\text{O1}$	0.82	2.36	2.888 (2)	122
$\text{O3}-\text{H3}\cdots\text{O2}^i$	0.82	2.27	2.922 (2)	137
$\text{C9}-\text{H9}\cdots\text{O3}^{ii}$	0.93	2.57	3.388 (3)	147

 Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x, -y, -z$ ; (ii)  $-x, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: SMART (Siemens, 1996); cell refinement: SAINT (Siemens, 1996); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CV2430).

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## supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2008). E64, o1629 [doi:10.1107/S1600536808023027]

## 5-Hydroxy-1-(3-hydroxy-2-naphthoyl)-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyrazoline

Yuting Chen, Da-Cheng Li, Yuehua Zhu and Da-Qi Wang

### S1. Comment

Aroylhydrazine ligands have gained an increasing attraction due to their interesting chemical activities (Moon *et al.*, 2006). As an extension of our work on the structural characterization of aroylhydrazine derivatives, along with our work of successful assembly of two azametallacrowns using *N*-acyl-3-hydroxy-2-naphthalenecarbohydrazide (Dou *et al.*, 2006), the title compound, (I), was synthesized and characterized.

Pyrazoline ring in (I) is nearly co-planar with the mean deviation of 0.0379 Å from its least-squares plane, and the distances of N1—N2, C13—N1 and C15—N2 are 1.403 (2), 1.498 (2) and 1.275 (2) Å, respectively, which are in agreement with those of the analogous compound (Mukhopadhyay & Pal, 2004). The dihedral angle between the pyrazoline ring and naphthalene ring is 28.2 (3)°.

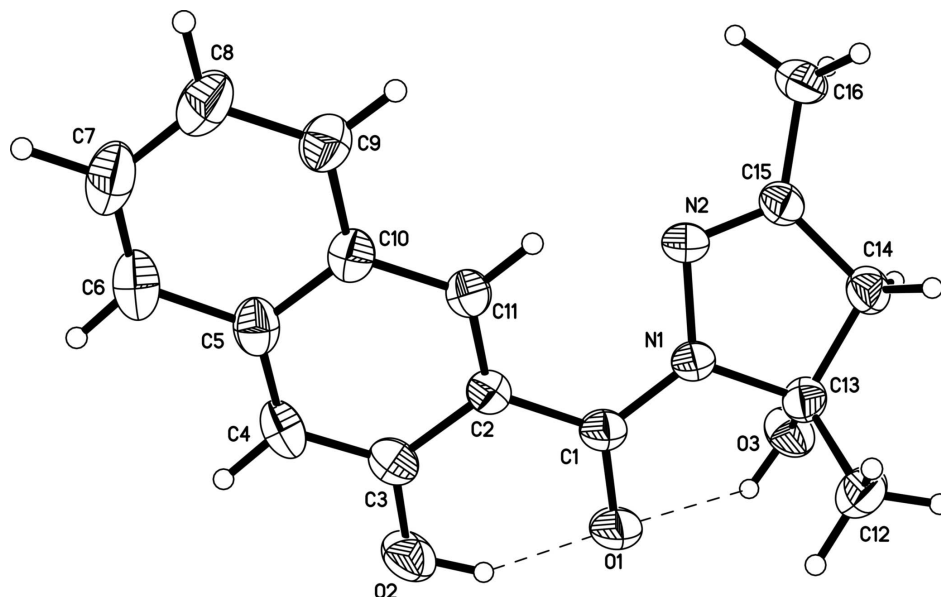
There are intramolecular O2—H2···O1 and O3—H3···O1 hydrogen bonds (Table 1, Fig. 1), which influence the molecular conformation. The intermolecular O—H···O (Table 1) hydrogen bonds link molecules into centrosymmetric dimers, and the weak intermolecular C—H···O interactions (Table 1) assemble further these dimers into the layers parallel to *bc*-plane.

### S2. Experimental

0.21 ml of acetylacetone (0.205 g, 2.05 mmol) were added into a methanol solution (15 ml) of 3-hydroxy-2-naphthoylhydrazine (0.404 g, 2 mmol). The mixture was refluxed for 3 h followed by evaporation to approximate 1/3 of the original volume on a rotary evaporator, then the solution was cooled to room temperature. After the solution was allowed to stand for 2 weeks, yellow block crystals suitable for X-ray structure determination was obtained. Yield: 0.400 g, 70.37%. m.p.: 565–567 K. Anal. for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>16</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>: Calc. C, 67.53; H, 5.63; N, 9.85; Found: C, 67.20; H, 5.49; N, 9.28%. The No. of CCDC: 693975.

### S3. Refinement

All H atoms were placed in geometrically idealized positions (C—H 0.93–0.96 Å, O—H 0.82 Å) and treated as riding on their parent atoms, with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2\text{--}1.5U_{\text{eq}}$  of the parent atom.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound showing the atomic numbering and 30% probability displacement ellipsoids. Dashed lines denote hydrogen bonds.

### 5-Hydroxy-1-(3-hydroxy-2-naphthoyl)-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyrazoline

#### Crystal data

$C_{16}H_{16}N_2O_3$   
 $M_r = 284.31$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 12.368$  (6) Å  
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 $c = 17.041$  (9) Å  
 $\beta = 109.331$  (7)°  
 $V = 1477.3$  (13) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$

$F(000) = 600$   
 $D_x = 1.278$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>  
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å  
 Cell parameters from 2043 reflections  
 $\theta = 2.5$ – $23.0$ °  
 $\mu = 0.09$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 298$  K  
 Block, yellow  
 $0.64 \times 0.57 \times 0.39$  mm

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART 1000 CCD area-detector  
 diffractometer  
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
 Graphite monochromator  
 $\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan  
 (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.945$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.966$

7363 measured reflections  
 2588 independent reflections  
 1627 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.042$   
 $\theta_{\max} = 25.0$ °,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.6$ °  
 $h = -12 \rightarrow 14$   
 $k = -8 \rightarrow 8$   
 $l = -20 \rightarrow 19$

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$   
 Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.044$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.130$   
 $S = 1.00$   
 2588 reflections

190 parameters  
 0 restraints  
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
 direct methods  
 Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
 map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites  
H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0553P)^2 + 0.3243P]$$

where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.15 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.18 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
N1	-0.04413 (13)	0.2580 (2)	0.17142 (9)	0.0490 (5)
N2	-0.01893 (14)	0.2214 (2)	0.25642 (10)	0.0518 (5)
O1	-0.00569 (12)	0.2318 (2)	0.05376 (8)	0.0685 (5)
O2	0.18079 (13)	0.1067 (2)	0.04814 (9)	0.0751 (5)
H2	0.1117	0.1265	0.0322	0.113*
O3	-0.21475 (12)	0.1233 (2)	0.08086 (9)	0.0660 (5)
H3	-0.1868	0.1116	0.0437	0.099*
C1	0.03222 (17)	0.2371 (3)	0.13121 (12)	0.0492 (5)
C2	0.15776 (16)	0.2220 (3)	0.17539 (12)	0.0459 (5)
C3	0.22724 (19)	0.1534 (3)	0.12957 (13)	0.0547 (6)
C4	0.34226 (19)	0.1307 (3)	0.16761 (15)	0.0650 (6)
H4	0.3857	0.0837	0.1372	0.078*
C5	0.39654 (18)	0.1758 (3)	0.25100 (15)	0.0585 (6)
C6	0.5152 (2)	0.1459 (4)	0.29304 (19)	0.0809 (8)
H6	0.5599	0.0937	0.2648	0.097*
C7	0.5633 (2)	0.1923 (4)	0.3733 (2)	0.0918 (9)
H7	0.6409	0.1707	0.3998	0.110*
C8	0.4998 (2)	0.2720 (4)	0.41801 (17)	0.0803 (8)
H8	0.5351	0.3034	0.4735	0.096*
C9	0.38560 (18)	0.3038 (3)	0.38005 (14)	0.0639 (6)
H9	0.3434	0.3579	0.4097	0.077*
C10	0.33104 (16)	0.2550 (3)	0.29614 (13)	0.0510 (5)
C11	0.21191 (16)	0.2757 (3)	0.25610 (12)	0.0478 (5)
H11	0.1685	0.3277	0.2854	0.057*
C12	-0.19627 (19)	0.4480 (3)	0.07493 (14)	0.0704 (7)
H12A	-0.1643	0.5503	0.1092	0.106*
H12B	-0.2778	0.4624	0.0510	0.106*
H12C	-0.1634	0.4385	0.0314	0.106*
C13	-0.17009 (16)	0.2794 (3)	0.12726 (12)	0.0512 (5)
C14	-0.21392 (17)	0.2823 (3)	0.20069 (12)	0.0561 (6)

H14A	-0.2422	0.4008	0.2078	0.067*
H14B	-0.2750	0.1952	0.1932	0.067*
C15	-0.11177 (18)	0.2339 (3)	0.27323 (12)	0.0503 (5)
C16	-0.1148 (2)	0.2027 (4)	0.35844 (13)	0.0700 (7)
H16A	-0.0392	0.1736	0.3948	0.105*
H16B	-0.1658	0.1048	0.3576	0.105*
H16C	-0.1413	0.3096	0.3780	0.105*

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
N1	0.0456 (9)	0.0637 (12)	0.0350 (9)	0.0036 (8)	0.0099 (7)	-0.0026 (8)
N2	0.0550 (10)	0.0632 (12)	0.0363 (9)	0.0032 (9)	0.0139 (8)	-0.0016 (8)
O1	0.0661 (10)	0.1004 (14)	0.0375 (9)	0.0037 (9)	0.0149 (7)	-0.0036 (8)
O2	0.0795 (11)	0.0951 (13)	0.0596 (10)	-0.0029 (10)	0.0349 (8)	-0.0186 (9)
O3	0.0613 (9)	0.0802 (12)	0.0583 (9)	-0.0128 (8)	0.0220 (7)	-0.0254 (8)
C1	0.0543 (12)	0.0527 (13)	0.0402 (12)	-0.0009 (10)	0.0149 (10)	-0.0026 (10)
C2	0.0477 (11)	0.0455 (12)	0.0458 (12)	-0.0003 (9)	0.0172 (9)	0.0000 (9)
C3	0.0618 (14)	0.0525 (14)	0.0552 (14)	-0.0047 (11)	0.0264 (11)	-0.0050 (11)
C4	0.0583 (14)	0.0659 (16)	0.0843 (18)	0.0027 (12)	0.0418 (13)	-0.0087 (13)
C5	0.0487 (12)	0.0512 (14)	0.0780 (16)	-0.0018 (10)	0.0241 (11)	0.0009 (12)
C6	0.0516 (15)	0.083 (2)	0.111 (2)	0.0078 (13)	0.0310 (15)	-0.0011 (17)
C7	0.0461 (14)	0.110 (2)	0.109 (2)	0.0047 (15)	0.0115 (16)	0.006 (2)
C8	0.0534 (15)	0.092 (2)	0.0789 (18)	-0.0047 (14)	0.0001 (13)	0.0033 (15)
C9	0.0519 (13)	0.0683 (16)	0.0643 (15)	-0.0033 (11)	0.0095 (11)	-0.0032 (12)
C10	0.0463 (12)	0.0437 (13)	0.0617 (14)	-0.0021 (9)	0.0159 (10)	0.0017 (10)
C11	0.0467 (11)	0.0460 (12)	0.0518 (12)	0.0014 (9)	0.0177 (9)	-0.0011 (10)
C12	0.0645 (14)	0.0791 (18)	0.0578 (14)	0.0139 (13)	0.0072 (11)	0.0067 (13)
C13	0.0442 (11)	0.0611 (14)	0.0422 (12)	0.0014 (10)	0.0059 (9)	-0.0105 (10)
C14	0.0513 (12)	0.0642 (15)	0.0525 (13)	0.0044 (10)	0.0169 (10)	-0.0115 (11)
C15	0.0556 (13)	0.0515 (13)	0.0450 (12)	0.0024 (10)	0.0184 (10)	-0.0088 (10)
C16	0.0845 (17)	0.0810 (18)	0.0526 (14)	0.0132 (14)	0.0337 (12)	-0.0003 (12)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

N1—C1	1.347 (3)	C7—C8	1.393 (4)
N1—N2	1.404 (2)	C7—H7	0.9300
N1—C13	1.497 (3)	C8—C9	1.366 (3)
N2—C15	1.276 (3)	C8—H8	0.9300
O1—C1	1.246 (2)	C9—C10	1.412 (3)
O2—C3	1.360 (2)	C9—H9	0.9300
O2—H2	0.8200	C10—C11	1.412 (3)
O3—C13	1.409 (2)	C11—H11	0.9300
O3—H3	0.8200	C12—C13	1.509 (3)
C1—O1	1.246 (2)	C12—H12A	0.9600
C1—C2	1.489 (3)	C12—H12B	0.9600
C2—C11	1.375 (3)	C12—H12C	0.9600
C2—C3	1.432 (3)	C13—C14	1.520 (3)

C3—C4	1.365 (3)	C14—C15	1.490 (3)
C4—C5	1.397 (3)	C14—H14A	0.9700
C4—H4	0.9300	C14—H14B	0.9700
C5—C10	1.416 (3)	C15—C16	1.483 (3)
C5—C6	1.421 (3)	C16—H16A	0.9600
C6—C7	1.344 (4)	C16—H16B	0.9600
C6—H6	0.9300	C16—H16C	0.9600
C1—N1—N2	123.32 (16)	C9—C10—C11	122.3 (2)
C1—N1—C13	122.99 (16)	C9—C10—C5	119.29 (19)
N2—N1—C13	112.21 (15)	C11—C10—C5	118.4 (2)
C15—N2—N1	107.99 (16)	C2—C11—C10	122.45 (19)
C3—O2—H2	109.5	C2—C11—H11	118.8
C13—O3—H3	109.5	C10—C11—H11	118.8
O1—C1—N1	117.46 (18)	C13—C12—H12A	109.5
O1—C1—C2	119.79 (18)	C13—C12—H12B	109.5
N1—C1—C2	122.75 (17)	H12A—C12—H12B	109.5
C11—C2—C3	117.85 (18)	C13—C12—H12C	109.5
C11—C2—C1	124.41 (18)	H12A—C12—H12C	109.5
C3—C2—C1	117.69 (18)	H12B—C12—H12C	109.5
O2—C3—C4	118.35 (19)	O3—C13—N1	110.11 (16)
O2—C3—C2	121.35 (19)	O3—C13—C12	112.56 (17)
C4—C3—C2	120.3 (2)	N1—C13—C12	111.68 (18)
C3—C4—C5	121.9 (2)	O3—C13—C14	107.04 (18)
C3—C4—H4	119.1	N1—C13—C14	100.54 (15)
C5—C4—H4	119.1	C12—C13—C14	114.20 (19)
C4—C5—C10	118.92 (19)	C15—C14—C13	104.14 (17)
C4—C5—C6	122.9 (2)	C15—C14—H14A	110.9
C10—C5—C6	118.1 (2)	C13—C14—H14A	110.9
C7—C6—C5	120.6 (2)	C15—C14—H14B	110.9
C7—C6—H6	119.7	C13—C14—H14B	110.9
C5—C6—H6	119.7	H14A—C14—H14B	108.9
C6—C7—C8	121.7 (2)	N2—C15—C16	121.66 (19)
C6—C7—H7	119.1	N2—C15—C14	114.22 (18)
C8—C7—H7	119.1	C16—C15—C14	124.1 (2)
C9—C8—C7	119.7 (3)	C15—C16—H16A	109.5
C9—C8—H8	120.1	C15—C16—H16B	109.5
C7—C8—H8	120.1	H16A—C16—H16B	109.5
C8—C9—C10	120.5 (2)	C15—C16—H16C	109.5
C8—C9—H9	119.7	H16A—C16—H16C	109.5
C10—C9—H9	119.7	H16B—C16—H16C	109.5

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>
O2—H2 $\cdots$ O1	0.82	1.79	2.518 (2)	147
O3—H3 $\cdots$ O1	0.82	2.36	2.888 (2)	122

---

O3—H3···O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.82	2.27	2.922 (2)	137
C9—H9···O3 <sup>ii</sup>	0.93	2.57	3.388 (3)	147

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Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x, -y, -z$ ; (ii)  $-x, y+1/2, -z+1/2$ .