

## 4,6-Dimethylpyrimidin-2(1*H*)-one–urea–water (1/1/1)

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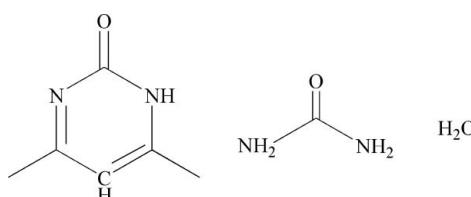
Received 30 May 2008; accepted 7 July 2008

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 293\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004\text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.054;  $wR$  factor = 0.171; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.1.

In the crystal structure of the title compound,  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_8\text{N}_2\text{O}\cdot\text{CH}_4\cdot\text{N}_2\text{O}\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , molecules are linked via  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ ,  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$  and  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds, forming a three-dimensional framework.

### Related literature

For general background, see: Zhao *et al.*, (2004); Zheng *et al.*, (2005).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_6\text{H}_8\text{N}_2\text{O}\cdot\text{CH}_4\text{N}_2\text{O}\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$

$M_r = 202.22$

Triclinic,  $P\bar{1}$

$a = 8.1246 (5)\text{ \AA}$

$b = 8.4062 (5)\text{ \AA}$

$c = 8.9268 (9)\text{ \AA}$

$\alpha = 105.007 (3)^\circ$

$\beta = 103.857 (3)^\circ$

$\gamma = 114.379 (2)^\circ$

$V = 493.05 (7)\text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 2$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

$\mu = 0.11\text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 293 (2)\text{ K}$

$0.22 \times 0.16 \times 0.11\text{ mm}$

### Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector

diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2005)

$T_{\min} = 0.977$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.998$

5424 measured reflections

1728 independent reflections

1439 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.019$

### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.053$

$wR(F^2) = 0.170$

$S = 1.10$

1728 reflections

143 parameters

1 restraint

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.45\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.36\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

**Table 1**

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
N2—H2 $\cdots$ O2	0.92 (3)	1.87 (3)	2.779 (2)	172 (3)
N3—H3A $\cdots$ O1	0.87 (3)	2.09 (3)	2.953 (3)	169 (3)
N3—H3B $\cdots$ O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.83 (3)	2.16 (3)	2.896 (3)	149 (3)
N4—H4A $\cdots$ O2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.93 (3)	2.04 (3)	2.968 (3)	174 (3)
N4—H4B $\cdots$ O1W <sup>i</sup>	0.83 (3)	2.12 (4)	2.948 (3)	175 (3)
O1W—H1WA $\cdots$ N1	0.850 (11)	2.121 (15)	2.930 (2)	159.1 (13)
O1W—H1WB $\cdots$ O1 <sup>iii</sup>	0.850 (11)	2.209 (11)	3.009 (3)	156.9 (3)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x, -y, -z + 1$ ; (ii)  $-x, -y + 1, -z + 2$ ; (iii)  $-x + 1, -y, -z + 1$ .

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2005); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999).

We acknowledge the support of the National Natural Science Foundation of China (No. 20662003) and the Foundation of the Governor of Guizhou Province, China.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: RK2094).

### References

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# supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2008). E64, o1488 [doi:10.1107/S1600536808020928]

## 4,6-Dimethylpyrimidin-2(1*H*)-one–urea–water (1/1/1)

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### S1. Comment

Recent years, we used different alkyl–substituted glycolurils as the building blocks to synthesize the partly alkyl substituted cucurbit[*n*]urils (Zhao *et al.*, 2004; Zheng *et al.*, 2005). In this work, we further report the crystal structure of a pyrimidine–substituted semi–glycoluril.

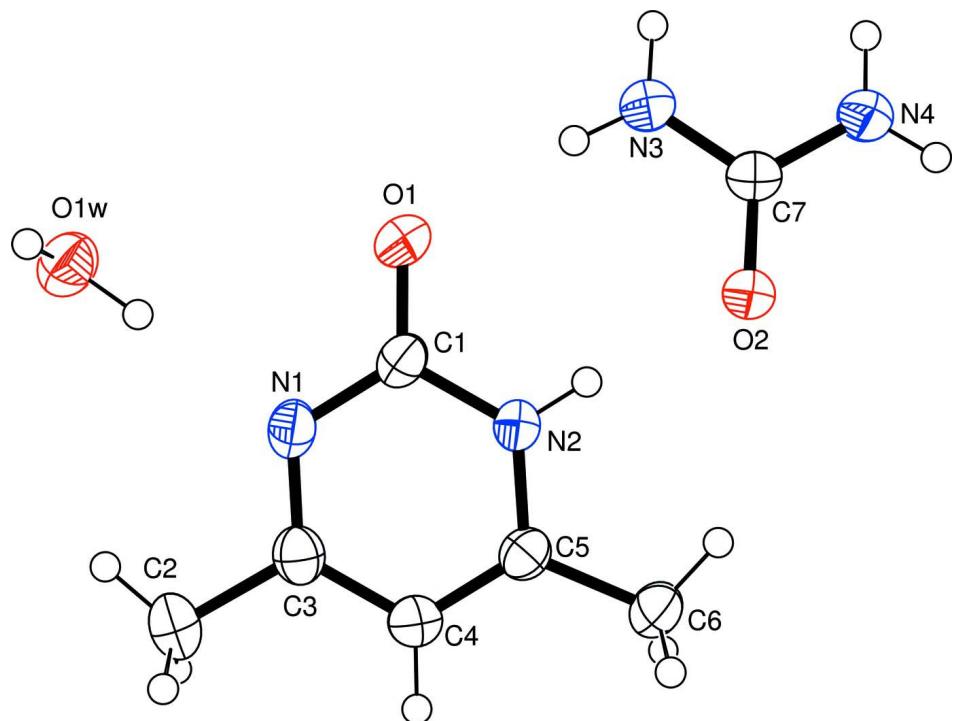
The crystal structure of the title compound  $C_6H_8N_2OCH_4N_2O\cdot H_2O$ , **I**, consists from 4,6-dimethylpyrimidin molecule, a urea molecule and a lattice water molecule. These molecules are linked *via* N—H···O, O—H···N and O—H···O hydrogen bonds forming a three-dimensional framework (Fig. 2).

### S2. Experimental

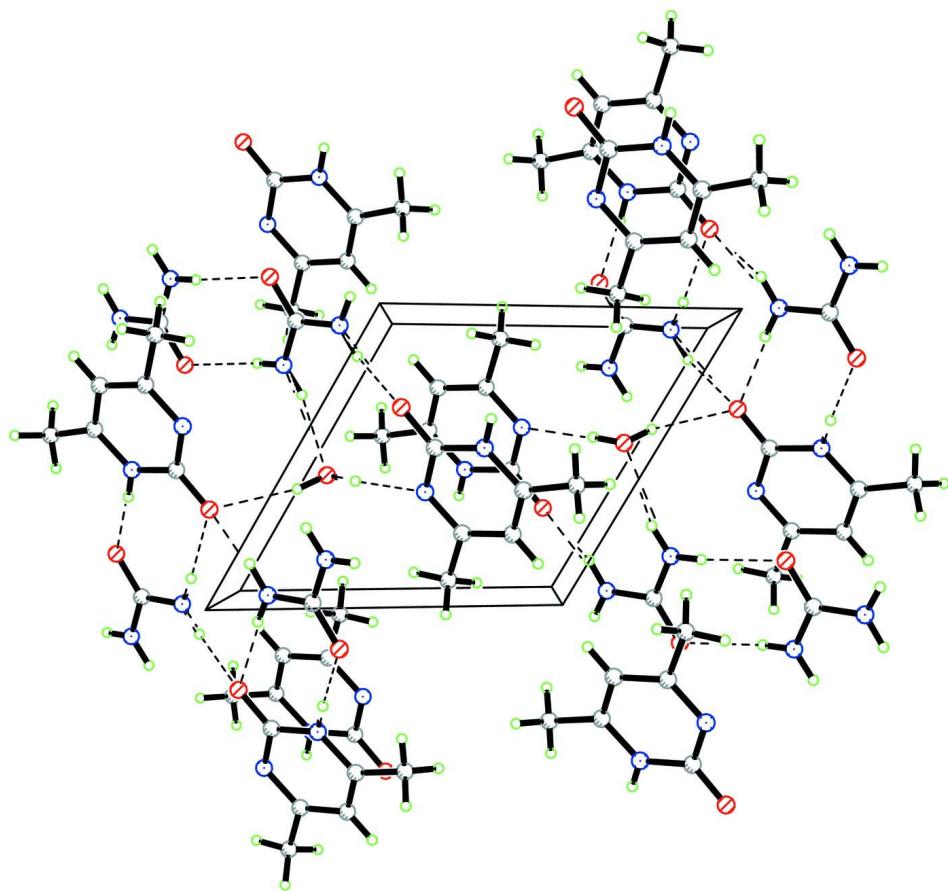
In a 3-neck flask fitted with water knockout trap and the thermometer, (36 g, 0.6 mol) of urea dissolved in 100 ml of toluene, stirred vigorously, at room temperature. At the same time, (24 g, 0.24 mol) of acetylacetone was added into flask in one portion. The 1.5 ml of trifluoroacetic acid was added too in order to make the value of pH of the solvent is around 4. The reaction mixture was stirred and heated and maintained at reflux for 4 h. After cooling to room temperature, the reaction mixture was filtered. The filtrate was concentrated by rotary evaporation at 318–323 K and then maintained overnight at room temperature and crystals of **I** appear (yield: 4.5 g, 0.036 mol, 15%).

### S3. Refinement

Water H atoms and H atoms of amino group were located in a difference Fourier map and refined freely with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O}, \text{N})$ . All H atoms based on C were placed in calculated positions and refined as riding, with C—H = 0.930–0.960 Å with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2\text{--}1.5 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ .

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of **I** showing the atom–labelling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. H atoms are presented as a small spheres of arbitrary radius.

**Figure 2**

Packing diagram of **I**. H-bonds are shown as dashed lines.

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##### *Crystal data*



$M_r = 202.22$

Triclinic,  $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: -P 1

$a = 8.1246 (5) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 8.4062 (5) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 8.9268 (9) \text{ \AA}$

$\alpha = 105.007 (3)^\circ$

$\beta = 103.857 (3)^\circ$

$\gamma = 114.379 (2)^\circ$

$V = 493.05 (7) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 216$

$D_x = 1.362 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 1728 reflections

$\theta = 2.6\text{--}25.1^\circ$

$\mu = 0.11 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 293 \text{ K}$

Prism, colourless

$0.22 \times 0.16 \times 0.11 \text{ mm}$

##### *Data collection*

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector  
diffractometer

Radiation source: Fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

$\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(SADABS; Bruker, 2005)

$T_{\min} = 0.977$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.998$

5424 measured reflections

1728 independent reflections

1439 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.019$   
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.1^\circ, \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.6^\circ$   
 $h = -9 \rightarrow 9$

$k = -8 \rightarrow 10$   
 $l = -10 \rightarrow 10$

### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$   
Least-squares matrix: Full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.053$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.170$   
 $S = 1.10$   
1728 reflections  
143 parameters  
1 restraint  
Primary atom site location: Direct

Secondary atom site location: Difmap  
Hydrogen site location: Geom  
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent  
and constrained refinement  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0859P)^2 + 0.3229P]$   
where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.45 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.36 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

### Special details

**Geometry.** All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $<\mathbf{i}>\mathbf{R}$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.4613 (3)	0.3670 (3)	0.6702 (3)	0.0323 (5)
C2	0.9295 (4)	0.6340 (4)	0.6375 (4)	0.0479 (7)
H2A	0.9052	0.5182	0.5560	0.072*
H2B	1.0477	0.6850	0.7341	0.072*
H2C	0.9443	0.7254	0.5883	0.072*
C3	0.7605 (3)	0.5927 (3)	0.6906 (3)	0.0343 (5)
C4	0.7602 (3)	0.7390 (3)	0.8094 (3)	0.0342 (5)
H4	0.8631	0.8644	0.8538	0.041*
C5	0.6073 (3)	0.6940 (3)	0.8582 (3)	0.0304 (5)
C6	0.5869 (4)	0.8321 (3)	0.9851 (3)	0.0393 (6)
H6A	0.4664	0.7658	0.9983	0.059*
H6B	0.5853	0.9287	0.9473	0.059*
H6C	0.6958	0.8907	1.0913	0.059*
C7	-0.0065 (3)	0.2768 (3)	0.8185 (3)	0.0326 (5)
N1	0.6150 (3)	0.4123 (3)	0.6221 (2)	0.0345 (5)
N2	0.4613 (3)	0.5103 (3)	0.7881 (2)	0.0305 (5)
H2	0.361 (5)	0.477 (4)	0.825 (4)	0.037*
N3	-0.0268 (4)	0.1313 (3)	0.6941 (3)	0.0456 (6)
H3A	0.067 (5)	0.150 (4)	0.657 (4)	0.055*
H3B	-0.135 (5)	0.035 (5)	0.631 (4)	0.055*
N4	-0.1593 (3)	0.2454 (3)	0.8633 (3)	0.0411 (5)
H4A	-0.151 (4)	0.352 (5)	0.938 (4)	0.049*

H4B	-0.269 (5)	0.148 (5)	0.801 (4)	0.049*
O1	0.3211 (2)	0.2007 (2)	0.6121 (2)	0.0431 (5)
O2	0.1517 (2)	0.4327 (2)	0.8930 (2)	0.0383 (5)
O1W	0.5570 (3)	0.0847 (2)	0.3512 (2)	0.0459 (5)
H1WA	0.5959 (10)	0.175 (2)	0.445 (2)	0.055*
H1WB	0.6047 (12)	0.0249 (14)	0.3918 (11)	0.055*

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C1	0.0355 (12)	0.0298 (12)	0.0289 (11)	0.0177 (10)	0.0113 (9)	0.0074 (9)
C2	0.0432 (14)	0.0535 (16)	0.0554 (16)	0.0269 (13)	0.0298 (13)	0.0205 (13)
C3	0.0341 (12)	0.0401 (13)	0.0342 (12)	0.0221 (11)	0.0143 (10)	0.0162 (10)
C4	0.0327 (12)	0.0300 (12)	0.0364 (12)	0.0140 (10)	0.0135 (10)	0.0117 (10)
C5	0.0341 (11)	0.0292 (11)	0.0289 (11)	0.0173 (10)	0.0116 (9)	0.0117 (9)
C6	0.0460 (14)	0.0297 (12)	0.0414 (13)	0.0186 (11)	0.0216 (11)	0.0103 (10)
C7	0.0318 (11)	0.0287 (12)	0.0343 (12)	0.0133 (10)	0.0123 (10)	0.0128 (9)
N1	0.0366 (10)	0.0378 (11)	0.0332 (10)	0.0227 (9)	0.0160 (8)	0.0113 (9)
N2	0.0304 (10)	0.0294 (10)	0.0310 (10)	0.0156 (9)	0.0135 (8)	0.0093 (8)
N3	0.0370 (12)	0.0340 (12)	0.0463 (13)	0.0084 (10)	0.0188 (10)	0.0023 (10)
N4	0.0302 (10)	0.0337 (11)	0.0488 (13)	0.0114 (9)	0.0167 (10)	0.0085 (10)
O1	0.0404 (10)	0.0296 (9)	0.0449 (10)	0.0129 (8)	0.0169 (8)	0.0025 (7)
O2	0.0328 (9)	0.0305 (9)	0.0433 (10)	0.0113 (7)	0.0184 (7)	0.0078 (7)
O1W	0.0477 (10)	0.0437 (10)	0.0396 (10)	0.0248 (9)	0.0124 (8)	0.0091 (8)

*Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $\text{^\circ}$ )*

C1—O1	1.244 (3)	C6—H6A	0.9600
C1—N1	1.356 (3)	C6—H6B	0.9600
C1—N2	1.379 (3)	C6—H6C	0.9600
C2—C3	1.495 (3)	C7—O2	1.249 (3)
C2—H2A	0.9600	C7—N4	1.339 (3)
C2—H2B	0.9600	C7—N3	1.341 (3)
C2—H2C	0.9600	N2—H2	0.92 (3)
C3—N1	1.329 (3)	N3—H3A	0.87 (3)
C3—C4	1.401 (3)	N3—H3B	0.83 (3)
C4—C5	1.354 (3)	N4—H4A	0.93 (3)
C4—H4	0.9300	N4—H4B	0.83 (3)
C5—N2	1.347 (3)	O1W—H1WA	0.850 (11)
C5—C6	1.492 (3)	O1W—H1WB	0.850 (11)
O1—C1—N1	122.19 (19)	C5—C6—H6B	109.5
O1—C1—N2	119.09 (19)	H6A—C6—H6B	109.5
N1—C1—N2	118.7 (2)	C5—C6—H6C	109.5
C3—C2—H2A	109.5	H6A—C6—H6C	109.5
C3—C2—H2B	109.5	H6B—C6—H6C	109.5
H2A—C2—H2B	109.5	O2—C7—N4	121.7 (2)
C3—C2—H2C	109.5	O2—C7—N3	120.9 (2)

H2A—C2—H2C	109.5	N4—C7—N3	117.3 (2)
H2B—C2—H2C	109.5	C3—N1—C1	118.88 (19)
N1—C3—C4	122.5 (2)	C5—N2—C1	123.10 (19)
N1—C3—C2	116.8 (2)	C5—N2—H2	118.8 (19)
C4—C3—C2	120.7 (2)	C1—N2—H2	117.9 (19)
C5—C4—C3	118.7 (2)	C7—N3—H3A	119 (2)
C5—C4—H4	120.6	C7—N3—H3B	122 (2)
C3—C4—H4	120.6	H3A—N3—H3B	116 (3)
N2—C5—C4	118.0 (2)	C7—N4—H4A	116.4 (19)
N2—C5—C6	116.75 (19)	C7—N4—H4B	119 (2)
C4—C5—C6	125.2 (2)	H4A—N4—H4B	120 (3)
C5—C6—H6A	109.5	H1WA—O1W—H1WB	96.3 (12)
N1—C3—C4—C5	1.1 (4)	O1—C1—N1—C3	-179.4 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-177.7 (2)	N2—C1—N1—C3	0.3 (3)
C3—C4—C5—N2	-0.8 (3)	C4—C5—N2—C1	0.3 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	178.9 (2)	C6—C5—N2—C1	-179.4 (2)
C4—C3—N1—C1	-0.8 (3)	O1—C1—N2—C5	179.7 (2)
C2—C3—N1—C1	178.0 (2)	N1—C1—N2—C5	-0.1 (3)

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
N2—H2···O2	0.92 (3)	1.87 (3)	2.779 (2)	172 (3)
N3—H3A···O1	0.87 (3)	2.09 (3)	2.953 (3)	169 (3)
N3—H3B···O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.83 (3)	2.16 (3)	2.896 (3)	149 (3)
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N4—H4B···O1 <sup>W<sup>i</sup></sup>	0.83 (3)	2.12 (4)	2.948 (3)	175 (3)
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