

(E)-Methyl N'-(1-(4-hydroxyphenyl)ethylidene)hydrazinecarboxylate

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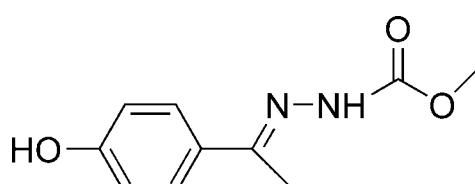
Received 28 July 2008; accepted 30 July 2008

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 273\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.033; wR factor = 0.098; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.8.

The title compound, $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$, adopts a *trans* configuration with respect to the $\text{C}=\text{N}$ bond. The dihedral angle between the benzene ring and the hydrazine carboxylic acid plane is $8.29(7)^\circ$. Molecules are linked into a three-dimensional network by $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$, $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$, $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ hydrogen bonds and $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$ interactions.

Related literature

For general background, see: Parashar *et al.* (1988); Hadjoudis *et al.* (1987); Borg *et al.* (1999). For related structures, see: Shang *et al.* (2007).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$

$M_r = 208.22$

Orthorhombic, $Pbca$

$a = 11.2532(18)\text{ \AA}$

$b = 10.4310(17)\text{ \AA}$

$c = 17.226(3)\text{ \AA}$

$V = 2022.1(6)\text{ \AA}^3$
 $Z = 8$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\mu = 0.10\text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 273(2)\text{ K}$
 $0.31 \times 0.27 \times 0.25\text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2002)
 $T_{\min} = 0.972$, $T_{\max} = 0.978$

12287 measured reflections
1794 independent reflections
1626 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.016$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.033$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.098$
 $S = 1.09$
1794 reflections

140 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.17\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.15\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
O1—H1 \cdots O2 ⁱ	0.82	2.61	3.0523 (14)	116
O1—H1 \cdots N1 ⁱ	0.82	2.03	2.8464 (14)	174
N2—H2A \cdots O2 ⁱⁱ	0.86	2.44	3.2777 (16)	164
C10—H10B \cdots Cg1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.96	2.90	3.7169 (19)	144

Symmetry codes: (i) $x + \frac{1}{2}, y, -z + \frac{3}{2}$; (ii) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, z$; (iii) $-x + \frac{3}{2}, -y, z - \frac{1}{2}$. Cg1 is the centroid of the C1–C6 ring.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2002); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2002); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

The authors acknowledge financial support from Hangzhou Vocational and Technical College, China.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BG2200).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2008). E64, o1675 [doi:10.1107/S1600536808024227]

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S1. Comment

Benzaldehydehydrazone derivatives have received considerable attentions for a long time due to their pharmacological activity (Parashar *et al.*, 1988) and their photochromic properties(Hadjoudis *et al.*, 1987). Meanwhile, it is an important intermediate of 1,3,4-oxadiazoles, which have been reported to be versatile compounds with interesting properties (Borg *et al.*, 1999). As a further investigation of this type of derivatives, the crystal structure of the title compound, C₁₀H₁₂N₂O₃(Fig.1), is described here.

The title molecule (Fig.1) adopts a *trans* configuration with respect to the C=N bond. The N1/N2/O2/O3/C9/C10 plane of the hydrazine carboxylic acid methyl ester group is slightly twisted away from the attached ring, to which it subtends a dihedral angle of 8.29 (7)°. Bond lengths and angles agree with those observed for methyl N'-(*E*-4-methoxybenzylidene) hydrazinecarboxylate (Shang *et al.*, 2007).

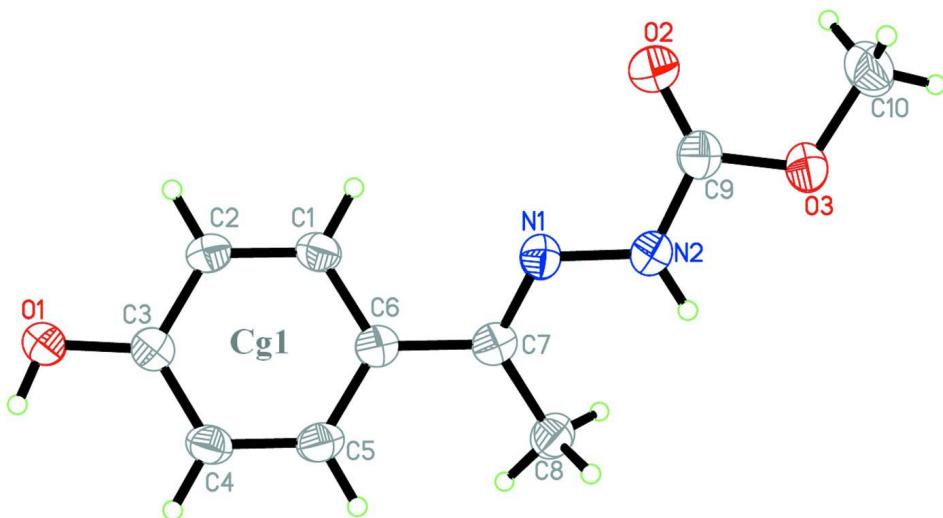
The molecules are linked into a three-dimensional network by N—H···O, O—H···O, O—H···N hydrogen bonds and C—H···π interactions. (Table 1).

S2. Experimental

4-Hydroxy-acetophenone (1.36 g, 0.01 mol) and methyl hydrazinecarboxylate (0.90 g, 0.01 mol) were dissolved in stirred methanol (25 ml) and left for 4 h at room temperature. The resulting solid was filtered off and recrystallized from ethanol to give the title compound in 80% yield. Crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were obtained by slow evaporation of a ethanol solution at room temperature (m.p. 483–485 K).

S3. Refinement

H atoms were included in the riding model approximation with N—H = 0.86 Å and O—H = 0.82 Å. C-bound H atoms were positioned geometrically (C—H = 0.93 or 0.96 Å) and refined using a riding model, with U_{iso}(H) = 1.2–1.5 U_{eq}(C).

**Figure 1**

Molecular structure of (I), showing 50% probability displacement ellipsoids and the atomic numbering.

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Crystal data

$C_{10}H_{12}N_2O_3$
 $M_r = 208.22$
Orthorhombic, $Pbca$
Hall symbol: -P 2ac 2ab
 $a = 11.2532$ (18) Å
 $b = 10.4310$ (17) Å
 $c = 17.226$ (3) Å
 $V = 2022.1$ (6) Å³
 $Z = 8$

$F(000) = 880$
 $D_x = 1.368$ Mg m⁻³
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Cell parameters from 1794 reflections
 $\theta = 2.4\text{--}25.0^\circ$
 $\mu = 0.10$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 273$ K
Block, colourless
 $0.31 \times 0.27 \times 0.25$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
 φ and ω scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2002)
 $T_{\min} = 0.972$, $T_{\max} = 0.978$

12287 measured reflections
1794 independent reflections
1626 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.016$
 $\theta_{\max} = 25.1^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.4^\circ$
 $h = -13 \rightarrow 10$
 $k = -12 \rightarrow 12$
 $l = -20 \rightarrow 20$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.033$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.098$
 $S = 1.09$
1794 reflections
140 parameters
0 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites
H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0493P)^2 + 0.6007P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.17$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.15$ e Å⁻³

Extinction correction: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008), $F_c^* = kF_c[1 + 0.001x F_c^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$

Extinction coefficient: 0.0032 (8)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.54458 (12)	0.13035 (13)	0.82724 (8)	0.0330 (3)
H3	0.4976	0.1806	0.8596	0.040*
C7	0.47041 (11)	-0.06505 (12)	0.89717 (7)	0.0287 (3)
C5	0.61590 (11)	-0.07467 (13)	0.78629 (8)	0.0329 (3)
H5	0.6177	-0.1634	0.7913	0.039*
C9	0.22859 (11)	0.01890 (13)	1.01445 (7)	0.0332 (3)
C3	0.68423 (11)	0.11609 (13)	0.72183 (7)	0.0294 (3)
C2	0.61307 (12)	0.18868 (13)	0.77120 (8)	0.0339 (3)
H2	0.6118	0.2775	0.7663	0.041*
C6	0.54416 (11)	-0.00311 (12)	0.83650 (7)	0.0283 (3)
C4	0.68424 (12)	-0.01681 (13)	0.72942 (7)	0.0328 (3)
H4	0.7302	-0.0667	0.6963	0.039*
C8	0.50358 (13)	-0.19457 (13)	0.92764 (8)	0.0366 (3)
H8A	0.5024	-0.1932	0.9834	0.055*
H8B	0.5819	-0.2166	0.9100	0.055*
H8C	0.4477	-0.2571	0.9091	0.055*
N2	0.30927 (11)	-0.05735 (10)	0.97785 (7)	0.0348 (3)
H2A	0.3164	-0.1372	0.9895	0.042*
N1	0.37946 (9)	-0.00106 (10)	0.92106 (6)	0.0299 (3)
O1	0.74919 (9)	0.18049 (9)	0.66825 (5)	0.0381 (3)
H1	0.7828	0.1291	0.6397	0.057*
O3	0.16440 (10)	-0.05274 (10)	1.06350 (6)	0.0471 (3)
O2	0.21727 (9)	0.13304 (9)	1.00534 (6)	0.0433 (3)
C10	0.07785 (16)	0.01597 (17)	1.10905 (10)	0.0540 (5)
H10A	0.1108	0.0965	1.1253	0.081*
H10B	0.0571	-0.0339	1.1539	0.081*
H10C	0.0081	0.0310	1.0783	0.081*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0343 (7)	0.0289 (7)	0.0359 (7)	0.0019 (6)	0.0053 (6)	-0.0057 (5)
C7	0.0261 (6)	0.0289 (7)	0.0309 (7)	-0.0016 (5)	-0.0063 (5)	-0.0016 (5)

C5	0.0315 (7)	0.0245 (7)	0.0426 (8)	0.0020 (5)	-0.0003 (6)	-0.0014 (5)
C9	0.0302 (7)	0.0359 (8)	0.0334 (7)	-0.0036 (6)	-0.0026 (5)	-0.0005 (6)
C3	0.0268 (6)	0.0316 (7)	0.0298 (6)	-0.0015 (5)	-0.0012 (5)	-0.0024 (5)
C2	0.0390 (8)	0.0238 (6)	0.0390 (7)	0.0006 (5)	0.0041 (6)	-0.0025 (5)
C6	0.0249 (6)	0.0286 (7)	0.0315 (7)	-0.0005 (5)	-0.0036 (5)	-0.0013 (5)
C4	0.0309 (7)	0.0300 (7)	0.0374 (7)	0.0043 (6)	0.0039 (5)	-0.0051 (5)
C8	0.0345 (7)	0.0321 (7)	0.0432 (8)	-0.0003 (6)	0.0006 (6)	0.0048 (6)
N2	0.0366 (7)	0.0293 (6)	0.0383 (6)	-0.0002 (5)	0.0056 (5)	0.0042 (5)
N1	0.0290 (6)	0.0319 (6)	0.0289 (6)	-0.0010 (5)	0.0005 (4)	0.0029 (4)
O1	0.0434 (6)	0.0314 (5)	0.0396 (5)	0.0003 (4)	0.0132 (4)	-0.0021 (4)
O3	0.0500 (7)	0.0373 (6)	0.0541 (6)	-0.0066 (5)	0.0232 (5)	-0.0039 (5)
O2	0.0437 (6)	0.0358 (6)	0.0505 (6)	0.0056 (5)	0.0053 (5)	0.0056 (5)
C10	0.0557 (10)	0.0507 (10)	0.0558 (10)	-0.0061 (8)	0.0227 (8)	-0.0134 (8)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^{\circ}$)

C1—C2	1.3770 (19)	C3—C4	1.3924 (19)
C1—C6	1.4012 (19)	C2—H2	0.9300
C1—H3	0.9300	C4—H4	0.9300
C7—N1	1.2894 (17)	C8—H8A	0.9600
C7—C6	1.4827 (18)	C8—H8B	0.9600
C7—C8	1.4967 (18)	C8—H8C	0.9600
C5—C4	1.3840 (19)	N2—N1	1.3877 (15)
C5—C6	1.3990 (18)	N2—H2A	0.8600
C5—H5	0.9300	O1—H1	0.8200
C9—O2	1.2076 (17)	O3—C10	1.4416 (18)
C9—O3	1.3394 (16)	C10—H10A	0.9600
C9—N2	1.3618 (18)	C10—H10B	0.9600
C3—O1	1.3556 (16)	C10—H10C	0.9600
C3—C2	1.3920 (18)		
C2—C1—C6	121.38 (12)	C5—C4—C3	120.04 (12)
C2—C1—H3	119.3	C5—C4—H4	120.0
C6—C1—H3	119.3	C3—C4—H4	120.0
N1—C7—C6	116.34 (11)	C7—C8—H8A	109.5
N1—C7—C8	123.60 (12)	C7—C8—H8B	109.5
C6—C7—C8	120.07 (11)	H8A—C8—H8B	109.5
C4—C5—C6	121.71 (12)	C7—C8—H8C	109.5
C4—C5—H5	119.1	H8A—C8—H8C	109.5
C6—C5—H5	119.1	H8B—C8—H8C	109.5
O2—C9—O3	125.11 (12)	C9—N2—N1	117.31 (11)
O2—C9—N2	125.88 (12)	C9—N2—H2A	121.3
O3—C9—N2	109.01 (12)	N1—N2—H2A	121.3
O1—C3—C2	117.17 (12)	C7—N1—N2	117.25 (11)
O1—C3—C4	123.86 (11)	C3—O1—H1	109.5
C2—C3—C4	118.96 (12)	C9—O3—C10	115.49 (12)
C1—C2—C3	120.66 (12)	O3—C10—H10A	109.5
C1—C2—H2	119.7	O3—C10—H10B	109.5

C3—C2—H2	119.7	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
C5—C6—C1	117.25 (12)	O3—C10—H10C	109.5
C5—C6—C7	121.75 (12)	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
C1—C6—C7	121.01 (11)	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.0 (2)	C6—C5—C4—C3	1.0 (2)
O1—C3—C2—C1	−179.91 (12)	O1—C3—C4—C5	179.43 (12)
C4—C3—C2—C1	0.66 (19)	C2—C3—C4—C5	−1.17 (19)
C4—C5—C6—C1	−0.33 (18)	O2—C9—N2—N1	−4.8 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C7	179.66 (12)	O3—C9—N2—N1	176.23 (11)
C2—C1—C6—C5	−0.20 (19)	C6—C7—N1—N2	−179.99 (10)
C2—C1—C6—C7	179.81 (12)	C8—C7—N1—N2	−0.36 (18)
N1—C7—C6—C5	−156.37 (12)	C9—N2—N1—C7	166.88 (11)
C8—C7—C6—C5	23.98 (18)	O2—C9—O3—C10	−1.4 (2)
N1—C7—C6—C1	23.61 (17)	N2—C9—O3—C10	177.62 (12)
C8—C7—C6—C1	−156.03 (12)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
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