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## Structure Reports

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## (E)-1-(4-Aminophenyl)ethanone oxime

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T=100 \mathrm{~K}$; mean $\sigma(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C})=0.002 \AA$; $R$ factor $=0.040 ; w R$ factor $=0.108 ;$ data-to-parameter ratio $=15.6$.

In the molecule of the title compound, $\mathrm{C}_{8} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}$, the oxime group is oriented at a dihedral angle of $5.58(3)^{\circ}$ with respect to the benzene ring. In the crystal structure, intermolecular $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}$ and $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ hydrogen bonds link the molecules, forming a three-dimensional network.

## Related literature

For general background, see: Bertolasi et al. (1982); Degorre et al. (1998). For bond-length data, see: Allen et al. (1987).


## Experimental

Crystal data

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{C}_{8} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O} \\
& M_{r}=150.18 \\
& \text { Monoclinic, } P 2_{8} / n \\
& a=4.8641(2) \AA \\
& b=9.2016(3) \AA \\
& c=17.1447(7) \AA \\
& \beta=95.535(2)^{\circ}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Data collection

Enraf-Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (DENZO; Otwinowski \& Minor, 1997)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.972, T_{\text {max }}=0.979$

## Refinement

$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.040$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.107$
$S=1.04$
1761 reflections
113 parameters

6132 measured reflections 1761 independent reflections 1483 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$ $R_{\text {int }}=0.026$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\mathrm{A},{ }^{\circ}$ ).

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 O \cdots \mathrm{~N} 2^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $0.92(2)$ | $1.88(2)$ | $2.7919(14)$ | $169.8(18)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 N \cdots \mathrm{O} 1^{\mathrm{ii}}$ | $0.916(18)$ | $2.165(18)$ | $3.0790(13)$ | $175.7(15)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 M \cdots \mathrm{~N} 1^{\mathrm{iii}}$ | $0.929(19)$ | $2.525(19)$ | $3.3000(14)$ | $141.0(14)$ |
| Symmetry codes: | (i) $x-\frac{1}{2},-y+\frac{1}{2}, z-\frac{1}{2} ;$ | (ii) | $x-\frac{1}{2},-y+\frac{1}{2}, z+\frac{1}{2} ; \quad$ (iii) |  |
| $-x+\frac{1}{2}, y+\frac{1}{2},-z+\frac{3}{2}$. |  |  |  |  |

Data collection: COLLECT (Hooft, 1998); cell refinement: DENZO (Otwinowski \& Minor, 1997) and COLLECT; data reduction: DENZO and COLLECT; program(s) used to solve structure: SIR2004 (Burla et al., 2005); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: DIAMOND (Brandenburg, 2007) and PLATON (Spek, 2003); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HK2552).

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## supporting information

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## ( $E$ )-1-(4-Aminophenyl)ethanone oxime

## Muhammad Rafiq, Muhammad Hanif, Ghulam Qadeer, Sauli Vuoti and Juho Autio

## S1. Comment

One of the richest sources of diversity for the medicinal chemist is small heterocyclic rings, which in addition to often exhibiting biological activity, may serve as rigid scaffolds for a further display of functionalities. Oximes are among those, that have been reported to posses a wide range of biological activities including anti-oxidants, anti-inflammatory and as reactivators of organophosphate inhibited acetylcholine esterases (Degorre et al., 1998). The oxime moiety can both donate and accept hydrogen bonds, which makes it a very interesting building block in supramolecular chemistry (Bertolasi et al., 1982). It is also a key intermediate, which undergoes the 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition reaction with mono substituted alkenes to form isoxazolines.Due to importance of these compounds, we decided to synthesize the title compound and report herein its crystal structure.

In the title compound (Fig. 1), the bond lengths (Allen et al., 1987) and angles are within normal ranges . The phenyl ring $\mathrm{A}(\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 6)$ is oriented with respect to the planar $(\mathrm{O} 1 / \mathrm{N} 1 / \mathrm{C} 1 / \mathrm{C} 7 / \mathrm{C} 8)$ moiety at a dihedral angle of $5.46(3)^{\circ}$. N 2 atom is -0.014 (3) $\AA$ away from the phenyl plane.
In the crystal structure, intermolecular $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}$ and $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ hydrogen bonds (Table 1) link the molecules to form a supramolecular structure (Fig. 2), in which they may be effective in the stabilization of the structure.

## S2. Experimental

For the preparation of the title compound, a solution of 1-(4-aminophenyl)- ethanone ( $1.35 \mathrm{~g}, 10 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in methanol ( 15 $\mathrm{ml})$ was added to a mixture of hydroxylamine sulfate $(1.31 \mathrm{~g}, 10 \mathrm{mmol})$ and sodium acetate $(2.0 \mathrm{~g}, 25 \mathrm{mmol})$. The reaction mass was refluxed for $4-5 \mathrm{~h}$, until the reaction completed. The solvent was evaporated under vacuo and demineralized water ( 40 ml ) was added, cooled to $268-265 \mathrm{~K}$ and filtered to obtain crystalline solid (yield; $1.11 \mathrm{~g}, 75 \%$; m.p. 401-402 K).

## S3. Refinement

H atoms (for OH and $\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ ) were located in difference syntheses and refined isotropically $\left[\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H}=0.92(2) \AA\right.$; $\mathrm{U}_{\text {iso }}(\mathrm{H})=$ $0.049(5) \AA^{2}$ and $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H}=0.916(18)$ and $0.929(19) \AA ; \mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{iso}}(\mathrm{H})=0.035(4)$ and $\left.0.039(4) \AA^{2}\right]$. The remaining H atoms were positioned geometrically, with $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}=0.95$ and $0.98 \AA$ for aromatic and methyl H , respectively, and constrained to ride on their parent atoms with $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{iso}}(\mathrm{H})=\mathrm{xU}_{\mathrm{eq}}(\mathrm{C})$, where $\mathrm{x}=1.5$ for methyl H and $\mathrm{x}=1.2$ for aromatic H atoms.


Figure 1
The molecular structure of the title molecule, with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the $50 \%$ probability level.


Figure 2
A partial packing diagram. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

## (E)-1-(4-Aminophenyl)ethanone oxime

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{8} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
$M_{r}=150.18$
Monoclinic, $P 2_{1} / n$
Hall symbol: -P 2yn
$a=4.8641$ (2) Å
$b=9.2016$ (3) $\AA$
$c=17.1447(7) \AA$
$\beta=95.535(2)^{\circ}$
$V=763.78(5) \AA^{3}$
$Z=4$
$F(000)=320$
$D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.306 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$
Melting point: 401(1) K
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation, $\lambda=0.71073 \AA$
Cell parameters from 3781 reflections
$\theta=1.0-30.0^{\circ}$
$\mu=0.09 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=100 \mathrm{~K}$
Block, pale yellow
$0.34 \times 0.28 \times 0.26 \mathrm{~mm}$

## Data collection

Enraf-Nonius KappaCCD
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Horizontally mounted graphite crystal monochromator
Detector resolution: 9 pixels $\mathrm{mm}^{-1}$
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(DENZO; Otwinowski \& Minor, 1997)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& T_{\min }=0.972, T_{\max }=0.979 \\
& 6132 \text { measured reflections } \\
& 1761 \text { independent reflections } \\
& 1483 \text { reflections with } I>2 \sigma(I) \\
& R_{\text {int }}=0.026 \\
& \theta_{\max }=27.5^{\circ}, \theta_{\min }=4.2^{\circ} \\
& h=-6 \rightarrow 6 \\
& k=-11 \rightarrow 11 \\
& l=-22 \rightarrow 22
\end{aligned}
$$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.040$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.108$
$S=1.04$
1761 reflections
113 parameters
0 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

## Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.
Refinement. Refinement of $F^{2}$ against ALL reflections. The weighted $R$-factor $w R$ and goodness of fit $S$ are based on $F^{2}$, conventional $R$-factors $R$ are based on $F$, with $F$ set to zero for negative $F^{2}$. The threshold expression of $F^{2}>\sigma\left(F^{2}\right)$ is used only for calculating $R$-factors $(\mathrm{gt})$ etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. $R$-factors based on $F^{2}$ are statistically about twice as large as those based on $F$, and $R$ - factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\AA^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\mathrm{iso}}{ }^{*} / U_{\mathrm{eq}}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| O1 | $0.42570(18)$ | $0.21270(10)$ | $0.47528(5)$ | $0.0203(2)$ |
| H1O | $0.273(4)$ | $0.158(2)$ | $0.4589(11)$ | $0.049(5)^{*}$ |
| N1 | $0.38949(19)$ | $0.23108(10)$ | $0.55574(5)$ | $0.0168(2)$ |
| N2 | $0.4407(2)$ | $0.42572(11)$ | $0.91465(6)$ | $0.0186(2)$ |
| H2N | $0.288(4)$ | $0.3807(18)$ | $0.9308(10)$ | $0.035(4)^{*}$ |
| H2M | $0.440(4)$ | $0.525(2)$ | $0.9257(10)$ | $0.039(4)^{*}$ |
| C1 | $0.5281(2)$ | $0.34967(12)$ | $0.67458(6)$ | $0.0147(2)$ |
| C2 | $0.3462(2)$ | $0.26638(12)$ | $0.71490(7)$ | $0.0179(3)$ |
| H2 | 0.2421 | 0.1914 | 0.6878 | $0.021^{*}$ |
| C3 | $0.3148(2)$ | $0.29074(13)$ | $0.79324(7)$ | $0.0177(3)$ |
| H3 | 0.1903 | 0.2327 | 0.8192 | $0.021^{*}$ |
| C4 | $0.4655(2)$ | $0.40050(12)$ | $0.83408(6)$ | $0.0156(2)$ |
| C5 | $0.6512(2)$ | $0.48187(13)$ | $0.79535(7)$ | $0.0187(3)$ |
| H5 | 0.7588 | 0.5550 | 0.8230 | $0.022^{*}$ |
| C6 | $0.6810(2)$ | $0.45726(13)$ | $0.71660(7)$ | $0.0178(3)$ |
| H6 | 0.8075 | 0.5146 | 0.6910 | $0.021^{*}$ |


|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C7 | $0.5571(2)$ | $0.32441(12)$ | $0.59009(6)$ | $0.0149(2)$ |
| C8 | $0.7713(2)$ | $0.40782(13)$ | $0.55104(7)$ | $0.0195(3)$ |
| H8A | 0.7606 | 0.3815 | 0.4954 | $0.029^{*}$ |
| H8B | 0.9553 | 0.3841 | 0.5762 | $0.029^{*}$ |
| H8C | 0.7377 | 0.5123 | 0.5560 | $0.029^{*}$ |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(\AA^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| O1 | $0.0222(5)$ | $0.0272(5)$ | $0.0121(4)$ | $-0.0020(4)$ | $0.0043(3)$ | $-0.0033(3)$ |
| N1 | $0.0190(5)$ | $0.0200(5)$ | $0.0118(5)$ | $0.0020(4)$ | $0.0038(4)$ | $-0.0010(4)$ |
| N2 | $0.0230(5)$ | $0.0190(5)$ | $0.0141(5)$ | $0.0005(4)$ | $0.0032(4)$ | $-0.0012(4)$ |
| C1 | $0.0144(5)$ | $0.0144(5)$ | $0.0156(5)$ | $0.0029(4)$ | $0.0024(4)$ | $0.0005(4)$ |
| C2 | $0.0191(6)$ | $0.0168(5)$ | $0.0178(5)$ | $-0.0026(4)$ | $0.0018(4)$ | $-0.0015(4)$ |
| C3 | $0.0172(5)$ | $0.0182(6)$ | $0.0181(6)$ | $-0.0017(4)$ | $0.0042(4)$ | $0.0018(4)$ |
| C4 | $0.0168(5)$ | $0.0160(5)$ | $0.0138(5)$ | $0.0042(4)$ | $0.0012(4)$ | $0.0003(4)$ |
| C5 | $0.0200(6)$ | $0.0173(6)$ | $0.0187(6)$ | $-0.0025(4)$ | $0.0017(4)$ | $-0.0036(4)$ |
| C6 | $0.0179(5)$ | $0.0176(5)$ | $0.0185(6)$ | $-0.0017(4)$ | $0.0041(4)$ | $0.0006(4)$ |
| C7 | $0.0139(5)$ | $0.0158(5)$ | $0.0153(5)$ | $0.0039(4)$ | $0.0027(4)$ | $0.0019(4)$ |
| C8 | $0.0177(5)$ | $0.0231(6)$ | $0.0182(5)$ | $-0.0019(4)$ | $0.0045(4)$ | $0.0010(4)$ |

Geometric parameters $\left(\AA,{ }^{\circ}\right)$

| O1-N1 | 1.4175 (11) | C3-C4 | 1.3961 (16) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{H1O}$ | 0.92 (2) | C3-H3 | 0.9500 |
| N1-C7 | 1.2869 (15) | C4-C5 | 1.3905 (16) |
| N2-C4 | 1.4173 (14) | C5-C6 | 1.3903 (15) |
| N2-H2N | 0.916 (18) | C5-H5 | 0.9500 |
| N2-H2M | 0.929 (19) | C6-H6 | 0.9500 |
| C1-C6 | 1.3961 (16) | C7-C8 | 1.5026 (15) |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 1.4020 (16) | C8-H8A | 0.9800 |
| C1-C7 | 1.4872 (14) | С8-H8B | 0.9800 |
| C2-C3 | 1.3846 (15) | C8-H8C | 0.9800 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2$ | 0.9500 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{O}$ | 100.9 (11) | C3-C4-N2 | 121.15 (10) |
| C7-N1-O1 | 113.10 (9) | C6-C5-C4 | 120.63 (10) |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~N}$ | 111.6 (10) | C6-C5-H5 | 119.7 |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{M}$ | 111.1 (11) | C4-C5-H5 | 119.7 |
| $\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{M}$ | 111.2 (15) | C5-C6-C1 | 121.09 (10) |
| C6- $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 117.60 (10) | C5-C6-H6 | 119.5 |
| C6-C1-C7 | 121.17 (10) | C1-C6-H6 | 119.5 |
| C2-C1-C7 | 121.23 (10) | N1-C7-C1 | 115.76 (9) |
| C3-C2-C1 | 121.59 (11) | N1-C7-C8 | 124.95 (10) |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2$ | 119.2 | C1-C7-C8 | 119.29 (10) |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2$ | 119.2 | C7-C8-H8A | 109.5 |
| C2-C3-C4 | 120.12 (10) | C7-C8-H8B | 109.5 |
| C2-C3-H3 | 119.9 | H8A-C8-H8B | 109.5 |

# supporting information 

| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3$ | 119.9 | $\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{H} 8 \mathrm{C}$ | 109.5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $118.94(10)$ | $\mathrm{H} 8 \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{H} 8 \mathrm{C}$ | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{N} 2$ | $119.85(10)$ | $\mathrm{H} 8 \mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{H} 8 \mathrm{C}$ | 109.5 |

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $A,{ }^{\circ}$ )

| $D — \mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{O} 1 — \mathrm{H} 1 O \cdots \mathrm{~N} 2^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $0.92(2)$ | $1.88(2)$ | $2.7919(14)$ | $169.8(18)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 2 — \mathrm{H} 2 N \cdots 1^{\mathrm{ii}}$ | $0.916(18)$ | $2.165(18)$ | $3.0790(13)$ | $175.7(15)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 2 — \mathrm{H} 2 M \cdots \mathrm{~N}^{\mathrm{iii}}$ | $0.929(19)$ | $2.525(19)$ | $3.3000(14)$ | $141.0(14)$ |

Symmetry codes: (i) $x-1 / 2,-y+1 / 2, z-1 / 2$; (ii) $x-1 / 2,-y+1 / 2, z+1 / 2$; (iii) $-x+1 / 2, y+1 / 2,-z+3 / 2$.

