

**(±)-Cyclohexane-1,2-diyl bis(4-nitrobenzoate)****Sok Teng Tong, David Barker,\* Ka Wai Choi, Peter D. W. Boyd and Margaret A. Brimble**

Department of Chemistry, University of Auckland, Private Bag 92019, Auckland, New Zealand

Correspondence e-mail: d.barker@auckland.ac.nz

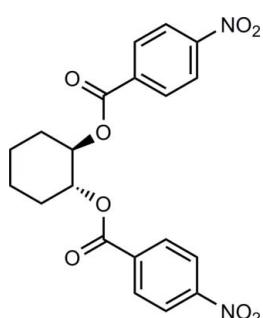
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 89$  K; mean  $\sigma(C-C) = 0.002$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.041;  $wR$  factor = 0.098; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.4.

The crystal structure of the title compound,  $C_{20}H_{18}N_2O_8$ , has been investigated to establish the relative stereochemistry between the ester groups. The cyclohexane ring adopts a chair conformation, in which the two ester groups occupy the adjacent equatorial positions in a *trans* relationship with each other. The molecules assemble in the crystal as chains along the *c* axis via  $C-H \cdots \pi$  interactions between the cyclohexane ring and a pair of nitrophenyl rings of the neighbouring molecule. Also observed are  $\pi-\pi$  stacking interactions between the nitrophenyl rings of neighbouring chains, with a perpendicular distance between these rings of 3.409 Å and a slippage of 0.969 Å.

**Related literature**

For the related synthesis of cyclohexane-1,2-diyl-bis(4-bromobenzoate) from *trans*-cyclohexane-1,2-diol, see: Hayashi *et al.* (2004); for non-conventional hydrogen contacts and stacking interactions, see: Desiraju & Steiner (2001) and Ciunik & Jarosz (1998).

**Experimental***Crystal data*

$C_{20}H_{18}N_2O_8$   
 $M_r = 414.36$   
Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 12.6510 (2)$  Å  
 $b = 12.2720 (2)$  Å  
 $c = 13.2186 (2)$  Å  
 $\beta = 108.8300 (10)$  °

$V = 1942.39 (5)$  Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.11$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 89 (2)$  K  
 $0.2 \times 0.1 \times 0.05$  mm

*Data collection*

Siemens SMART diffractometer  
with an APEXII CCD detector  
Absorption correction: none  
15207 measured reflections

4973 independent reflections  
2999 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.077$

*Refinement*

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.041$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.098$   
 $S = 0.91$   
4973 reflections

271 parameters  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.28$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.30$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H \cdots A$	$D-H$	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-H \cdots A$
C14—H14···O8 <sup>i</sup>	0.93	2.40	3.240 (2)	150
C16—H16···O3	0.93	2.57	3.4374 (19)	156
C19—H19···O3 <sup>ii</sup>	0.93	2.29	3.0919 (19)	145
C5—H5A···Cg2 <sup>iii</sup>	0.97	2.79	3.7273 (18)	162

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x, -y, -z + 1$ ; (ii)  $-x, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (iii)  $x, -y - \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{3}{2}$ .

Data collection: SMART (Siemens, 1995); cell refinement: SAINT (Siemens, 1995); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEPIII (Burnett & Johnson, 1996) and Mercury (Macrae *et al.*, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 1999) and publCIF (Westrip, 2008).

The authors thank Tania Groutso for data collection. The award of an International Doctoral Scholarship from the University of Auckland and a New Zealand International Doctoral Research Scholarship from Education New Zealand (to STT) are greatly appreciated.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SI2117).

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# supporting information

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## ( $\pm$ )-Cyclohexane-1,2-diyl bis(4-nitrobenzoate)

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### S1. Comment

The title diester was isolated as a part of the study towards the organocatalytic  $\alpha$ -oxidation of cyclohexanone catalysed by (S)-proline. Using 3-phenyl-2-tosyl-1,2-oxaziridine as the oxidant, cyclohexanone was oxidized to  $\alpha$ -hydroxycyclohexanone which was subsequently reduced *in-situ* to the corresponding diol with sodium borohydride. Concomitant esterification of the two hydroxyl groups afforded the title diester.

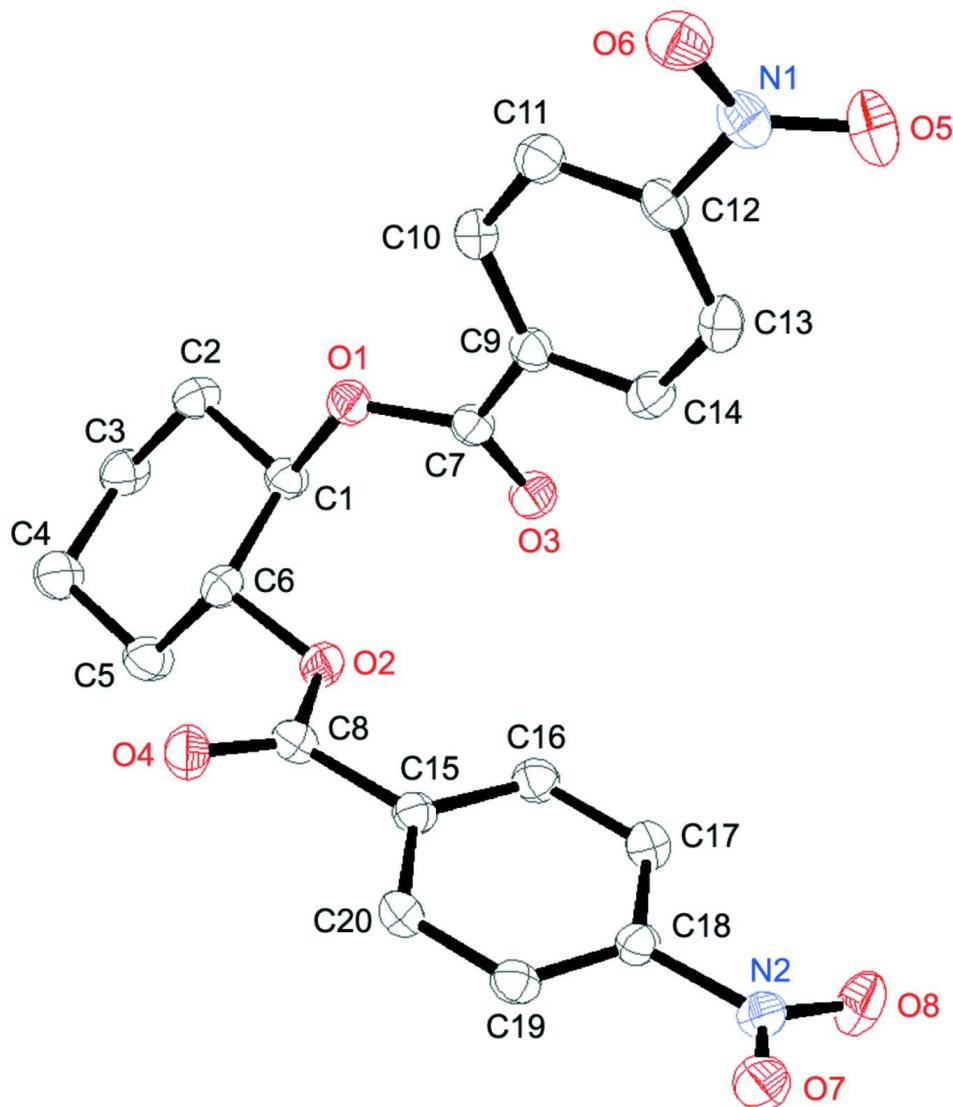
The crystal structure reveals the relative stereochemistry of the racemic diester to be 1*R\**,2*R\** and 1*S\**,2*S\** (1*R\**,6*R\** and 1*S\**,6*S\** in the crystallographic numbering scheme, Fig. 1). The two adjacent ester groups occupy the *trans* diequatorial position of the cyclohexane ring in the chair conformation with a C<sub>2</sub> rotational axis bisecting the cyclohexane ring between the two ester groups (Figure 1). The cyclohexane moiety fits into a cleft formed by the two nitrophenyl groups of a neighbouring diester of opposite stereochemistry with an interplanar angle of 89.16 (6) $^\circ$  (Fig. 2) and the molecules are connected to each other *via* C—H··· $\pi$  interactions and C—H···O contacts (Table 1). Weak non-conventional C—H···O and C—H··· $\pi$  contacts are extensively discussed by Desiraju & Steiner (2001), and a combination of C—H···O and  $\pi$ ··· $\pi$  stacking interactions are reported by Ciunik & Jarosz (1998). These interactions lead to the formation of chains of molecules running along the *c* axis. Each chain is surrounded by four similar chains that are propagated in the opposite direction, and  $\pi$ ··· $\pi$  stacking interactions are observed between the nitrophenyl groups of neighbouring chains (Fig. 3). The centroid (Cg) separation between the stacking phenyl ring (Cg2, C9–C14) and the neighbouring ring (Cg2<sup>iv</sup>), is 3.5441 (9) Å, (symmetry code iv = 1 - *x*, - *y*, 1 - *z*). The slippage of the two rings is 0.969 Å along the 1,4 (C9–C12) vector and the perpendicular distance between Cg2 and the second symmetry related ring is 3.409 Å.

### S2. Experimental

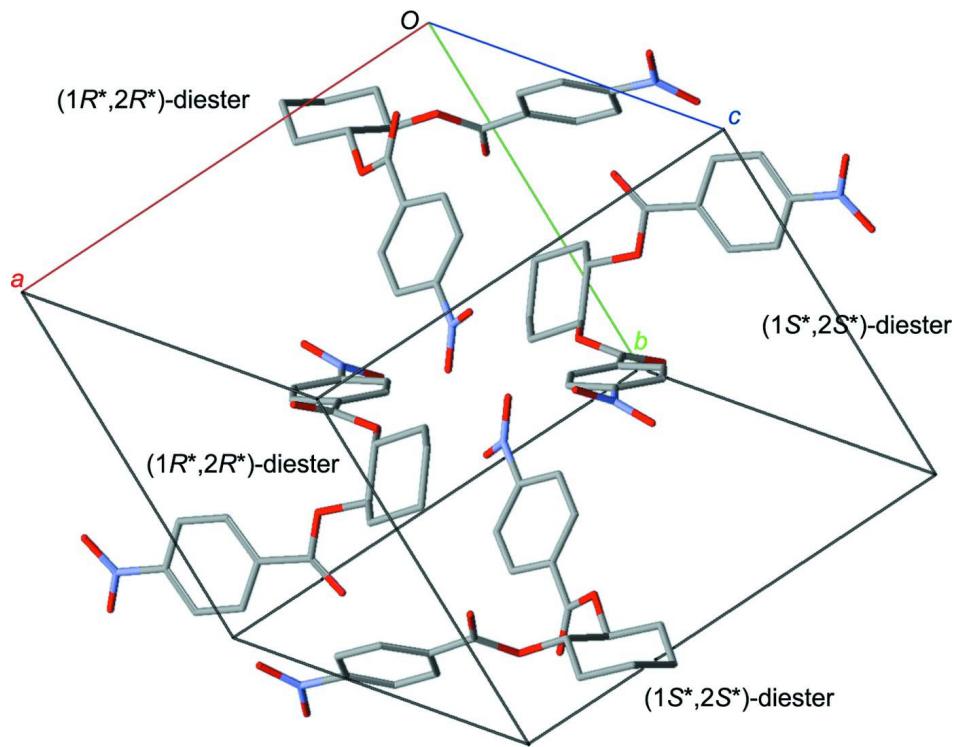
To a solution of cyclohexane-1,2-diol (19.0 mg, 0.164 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (1.2 ml) was added triethylamine (0.400 ml, 2.89 mmol), 4-nitrobenzoyl chloride (152 mg, 0.818 mmol) and a catalytic amount of 4-(dimethylamino)-pyridine at room temperature. After overnight stirring, the mixture was quenched with pH 7 phosphate buffer (2 ml). The organic phase was separated and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (5 ml *x* 3). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a crude dark brown oil. Purification by flash chromatography using hexane-EtOAc (4:1) as eluent furnished the title diester as a brown solid (64.0 mg, 94%). Recrystallization of the title diester from methanol afforded yellow needles. Melting point: 381 K.

### S3. Refinement

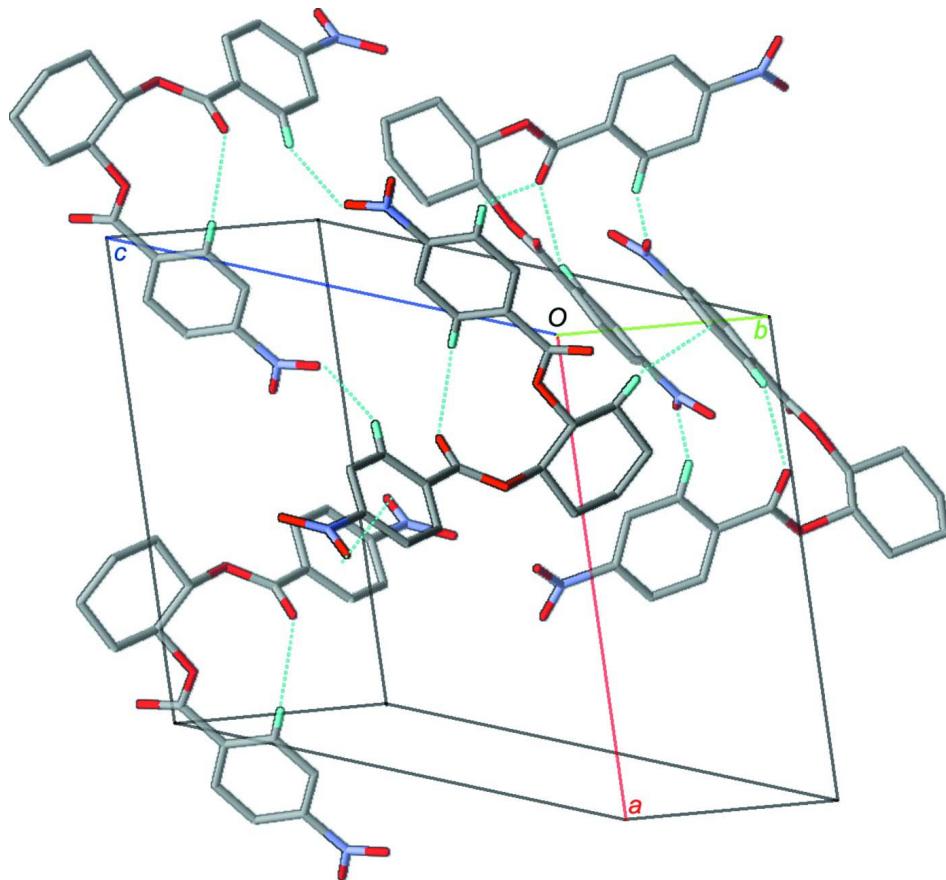
H atoms were placed in calculated positions and were refined using a riding model (C—H = 0.93 or 0.97 Å), with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H})$  = 1.2 or 1.5 times  $U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ .

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure and atom numbering scheme of ( $1R^*,2R^*$ )-diester ( $1R^*,6R^*$  in the crystallographic numbering scheme) with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level for non-H atoms.

**Figure 2**

The molecular packing of racemic diester within a unit cell. The origin of the unit cell is labelled as  $O$  while cell axes are labelled as  $a$  (red),  $b$  (green) and  $c$  (blue), respectively.

**Figure 3**

The molecular packing of racemic diester with non-conventional hydrogen bonding represented as dashed lines. Hydrogen atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding have been omitted for clarity.

#### (±)-Cyclohexane-1,2-diyl bis(4-nitrobenzoate)

##### *Crystal data*

$C_{20}H_{18}N_2O_8$   
 $M_r = 414.36$   
Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 12.6510 (2) \text{ \AA}$   
 $b = 12.2720 (2) \text{ \AA}$   
 $c = 13.2186 (2) \text{ \AA}$   
 $\beta = 108.830 (1)^\circ$   
 $V = 1942.39 (5) \text{ \AA}^3$   
 $Z = 4$   
 $F(000) = 864$

$D_x = 1.417 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$   
Melting point:  $381(1) \text{ K}$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$   
Cell parameters from 4298 reflections  
 $\theta = 1.7\text{--}25.1^\circ$   
 $\mu = 0.11 \text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 89 \text{ K}$   
Needle, yellow  
 $0.2 \times 0.1 \times 0.05 \text{ mm}$

##### *Data collection*

Siemens SMART  
diffractometer with an APEXII CCD detector  
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
Graphite monochromator  
area-detector  $\omega$  scans  
15207 measured reflections  
4973 independent reflections

2999 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.077$   
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 28.8^\circ, \theta_{\text{min}} = 1.7^\circ$   
 $h = -16 \rightarrow 17$   
 $k = -16 \rightarrow 16$   
 $l = -17 \rightarrow 17$

*Refinement*

Refinement on  $F^2$   
Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.041$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.098$   
 $S = 0.91$   
4973 reflections  
271 parameters  
0 restraints  
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map  
Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0453P)^2]$   
where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.28 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.30 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O2	0.13143 (8)	0.12316 (9)	0.12240 (8)	0.0237 (2)
O4	0.07109 (9)	0.29575 (9)	0.08144 (8)	0.0294 (3)
O1	0.36109 (8)	0.08691 (8)	0.21140 (7)	0.0238 (3)
O3	0.26940 (8)	-0.03067 (9)	0.28553 (8)	0.0263 (3)
O6	0.62313 (9)	0.29785 (10)	0.71389 (8)	0.0337 (3)
O7	-0.20229 (9)	0.24599 (10)	0.45414 (8)	0.0341 (3)
O5	0.55152 (10)	0.16681 (9)	0.78095 (8)	0.0368 (3)
O8	-0.16503 (10)	0.07314 (10)	0.46935 (9)	0.0371 (3)
C9	0.39653 (12)	0.09399 (12)	0.39838 (11)	0.0213 (3)
N1	0.56407 (11)	0.21667 (11)	0.70528 (10)	0.0280 (3)
N2	-0.16168 (10)	0.16318 (12)	0.42995 (10)	0.0269 (3)
C18	-0.10386 (12)	0.17208 (13)	0.34967 (11)	0.0221 (3)
C1	0.29657 (12)	0.04900 (13)	0.10370 (11)	0.0224 (3)
H1	0.2646	-0.0229	0.1080	0.027*
C12	0.50482 (13)	0.17579 (12)	0.59718 (11)	0.0236 (3)
C6	0.20401 (12)	0.13022 (13)	0.05672 (11)	0.0235 (3)
H6	0.2354	0.2038	0.0614	0.028*
C15	0.00784 (12)	0.19370 (13)	0.20538 (10)	0.0206 (3)
C16	0.02556 (12)	0.10200 (13)	0.27072 (11)	0.0238 (4)
H16	0.0757	0.0487	0.2655	0.029*
C14	0.35143 (13)	0.07916 (13)	0.48064 (12)	0.0261 (4)
H14	0.2843	0.0420	0.4676	0.031*
C17	-0.03163 (12)	0.09018 (13)	0.34374 (11)	0.0247 (4)
H17	-0.0215	0.0289	0.3873	0.030*
C10	0.49575 (13)	0.15077 (13)	0.41674 (11)	0.0240 (3)

H10	0.5254	0.1603	0.3615	0.029*
C20	-0.06729 (12)	0.27323 (13)	0.21196 (11)	0.0226 (3)
H20	-0.0799	0.3335	0.1669	0.027*
C13	0.40625 (13)	0.11952 (13)	0.58144 (12)	0.0270 (4)
H13	0.3776	0.1091	0.6373	0.032*
C4	0.21805 (13)	0.09860 (14)	-0.12498 (12)	0.0315 (4)
H4A	0.1763	0.0791	-0.1981	0.038*
H4B	0.2514	0.1697	-0.1257	0.038*
C11	0.55089 (13)	0.19336 (13)	0.51698 (12)	0.0254 (4)
H11	0.6169	0.2326	0.5299	0.031*
C7	0.33501 (12)	0.04317 (13)	0.29358 (12)	0.0225 (3)
C5	0.13918 (13)	0.10373 (15)	-0.05883 (11)	0.0302 (4)
H5A	0.0829	0.1592	-0.0878	0.036*
H5B	0.1016	0.0342	-0.0625	0.036*
C8	0.07180 (12)	0.21209 (13)	0.12914 (11)	0.0226 (3)
C19	-0.12367 (12)	0.26323 (13)	0.28548 (11)	0.0226 (3)
H19	-0.1735	0.3166	0.2914	0.027*
C3	0.30937 (13)	0.01510 (14)	-0.07859 (12)	0.0297 (4)
H3A	0.3599	0.0142	-0.1203	0.036*
H3B	0.2763	-0.0568	-0.0826	0.036*
C2	0.37471 (12)	0.04183 (14)	0.03779 (11)	0.0259 (4)
H2A	0.4302	-0.0143	0.0670	0.031*
H2B	0.4134	0.1107	0.0412	0.031*

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>U</i> <sup>11</sup>	<i>U</i> <sup>22</sup>	<i>U</i> <sup>33</sup>	<i>U</i> <sup>12</sup>	<i>U</i> <sup>13</sup>	<i>U</i> <sup>23</sup>
O2	0.0232 (5)	0.0264 (6)	0.0246 (5)	0.0030 (5)	0.0120 (4)	0.0016 (5)
O4	0.0333 (6)	0.0289 (6)	0.0296 (6)	0.0057 (6)	0.0154 (5)	0.0067 (5)
O1	0.0238 (6)	0.0269 (6)	0.0198 (5)	-0.0028 (5)	0.0057 (4)	-0.0001 (5)
O3	0.0266 (6)	0.0235 (6)	0.0279 (6)	-0.0040 (5)	0.0077 (5)	-0.0001 (5)
O6	0.0331 (6)	0.0315 (7)	0.0330 (6)	-0.0044 (6)	0.0057 (5)	-0.0059 (6)
O7	0.0320 (6)	0.0451 (8)	0.0290 (6)	0.0127 (6)	0.0150 (5)	0.0018 (6)
O5	0.0551 (8)	0.0320 (7)	0.0227 (6)	0.0051 (6)	0.0118 (5)	0.0032 (5)
O8	0.0417 (7)	0.0364 (7)	0.0406 (7)	-0.0056 (6)	0.0236 (6)	0.0053 (6)
C9	0.0220 (8)	0.0188 (8)	0.0218 (7)	0.0018 (7)	0.0053 (6)	0.0023 (7)
N1	0.0317 (8)	0.0258 (8)	0.0247 (7)	0.0069 (7)	0.0065 (6)	-0.0003 (6)
N2	0.0208 (7)	0.0354 (9)	0.0248 (7)	-0.0002 (7)	0.0078 (6)	0.0009 (7)
C18	0.0185 (7)	0.0299 (9)	0.0183 (7)	0.0004 (7)	0.0066 (6)	-0.0008 (7)
C1	0.0207 (8)	0.0255 (9)	0.0197 (7)	-0.0011 (7)	0.0046 (6)	-0.0016 (7)
C12	0.0279 (8)	0.0198 (8)	0.0205 (7)	0.0033 (7)	0.0041 (6)	0.0003 (7)
C6	0.0221 (8)	0.0273 (9)	0.0240 (8)	0.0009 (7)	0.0114 (6)	0.0018 (7)
C15	0.0190 (7)	0.0251 (8)	0.0165 (7)	-0.0001 (7)	0.0043 (6)	-0.0020 (7)
C16	0.0224 (8)	0.0255 (9)	0.0245 (8)	0.0056 (7)	0.0087 (6)	0.0006 (7)
C14	0.0242 (8)	0.0257 (9)	0.0292 (8)	-0.0031 (8)	0.0098 (7)	0.0003 (7)
C17	0.0260 (8)	0.0242 (9)	0.0235 (8)	0.0009 (7)	0.0075 (6)	0.0030 (7)
C10	0.0268 (8)	0.0232 (9)	0.0225 (7)	0.0002 (8)	0.0087 (6)	0.0025 (7)
C20	0.0230 (8)	0.0237 (9)	0.0189 (7)	0.0018 (7)	0.0038 (6)	0.0014 (7)

C13	0.0336 (9)	0.0265 (9)	0.0245 (8)	0.0009 (8)	0.0142 (7)	0.0014 (7)
C4	0.0302 (9)	0.0416 (11)	0.0220 (8)	0.0001 (9)	0.0077 (7)	-0.0028 (8)
C11	0.0249 (8)	0.0234 (9)	0.0271 (8)	-0.0015 (7)	0.0071 (7)	0.0002 (7)
C7	0.0205 (8)	0.0217 (8)	0.0251 (8)	0.0032 (7)	0.0072 (6)	0.0033 (7)
C5	0.0248 (8)	0.0420 (11)	0.0233 (8)	0.0040 (8)	0.0069 (7)	-0.0009 (8)
C8	0.0219 (8)	0.0238 (9)	0.0204 (7)	0.0026 (7)	0.0044 (6)	-0.0005 (7)
C19	0.0203 (8)	0.0248 (9)	0.0221 (7)	0.0041 (7)	0.0057 (6)	-0.0013 (7)
C3	0.0283 (9)	0.0353 (10)	0.0277 (8)	-0.0006 (8)	0.0122 (7)	-0.0057 (8)
C2	0.0214 (8)	0.0294 (9)	0.0285 (8)	-0.0004 (8)	0.0101 (7)	-0.0018 (7)

Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )

O2—C8	1.3459 (18)	C15—C16	1.392 (2)
O2—C6	1.4557 (16)	C15—C8	1.499 (2)
O4—C8	1.2034 (17)	C16—C17	1.388 (2)
O1—C7	1.3447 (17)	C16—H16	0.9300
O1—C1	1.4694 (16)	C14—C13	1.380 (2)
O3—C7	1.2101 (17)	C14—H14	0.9300
O6—N1	1.2283 (16)	C17—H17	0.9300
O7—N2	1.2267 (16)	C10—C11	1.385 (2)
O5—N1	1.2258 (16)	C10—H10	0.9300
O8—N2	1.2281 (17)	C20—C19	1.384 (2)
C9—C10	1.387 (2)	C20—H20	0.9300
C9—C14	1.393 (2)	C13—H13	0.9300
C9—C7	1.489 (2)	C4—C3	1.518 (2)
N1—C12	1.4710 (19)	C4—C5	1.526 (2)
N2—C18	1.4746 (18)	C4—H4A	0.9700
C18—C17	1.378 (2)	C4—H4B	0.9700
C18—C19	1.377 (2)	C11—H11	0.9300
C1—C6	1.510 (2)	C5—H5A	0.9700
C1—C2	1.5166 (19)	C5—H5B	0.9700
C1—H1	0.9800	C19—H19	0.9300
C12—C11	1.382 (2)	C3—C2	1.529 (2)
C12—C13	1.381 (2)	C3—H3A	0.9700
C6—C5	1.517 (2)	C3—H3B	0.9700
C6—H6	0.9800	C2—H2A	0.9700
C15—C20	1.385 (2)	C2—H2B	0.9700
C8—O2—C6	117.78 (12)	C9—C10—H10	119.8
C7—O1—C1	116.87 (11)	C15—C20—C19	120.09 (14)
C10—C9—C14	120.30 (13)	C15—C20—H20	120.0
C10—C9—C7	123.02 (13)	C19—C20—H20	120.0
C14—C9—C7	116.65 (13)	C14—C13—C12	118.21 (14)
O6—N1—O5	124.36 (13)	C14—C13—H13	120.9
O6—N1—C12	118.07 (13)	C12—C13—H13	120.9
O5—N1—C12	117.57 (13)	C3—C4—C5	110.47 (13)
O7—N2—O8	124.06 (13)	C3—C4—H4A	109.6
O7—N2—C18	118.23 (14)	C5—C4—H4A	109.6

O8—N2—C18	117.70 (14)	C3—C4—H4B	109.6
C17—C18—C19	123.34 (13)	C5—C4—H4B	109.6
C17—C18—N2	118.64 (14)	H4A—C4—H4B	108.1
C19—C18—N2	118.01 (13)	C12—C11—C10	117.91 (15)
O1—C1—C6	107.69 (12)	C12—C11—H11	121.0
O1—C1—C2	108.28 (11)	C10—C11—H11	121.0
C6—C1—C2	111.39 (12)	O3—C7—O1	124.61 (14)
O1—C1—H1	109.8	O3—C7—C9	122.21 (14)
C6—C1—H1	109.8	O1—C7—C9	113.17 (13)
C2—C1—H1	109.8	C6—C5—C4	110.17 (12)
C11—C12—C13	123.12 (14)	C6—C5—H5A	109.6
C11—C12—N1	118.90 (14)	C4—C5—H5A	109.6
C13—C12—N1	117.97 (13)	C6—C5—H5B	109.6
O2—C6—C1	105.67 (11)	C4—C5—H5B	109.6
O2—C6—C5	110.34 (12)	H5A—C5—H5B	108.1
C1—C6—C5	111.59 (13)	O4—C8—O2	124.52 (13)
O2—C6—H6	109.7	O4—C8—C15	124.49 (14)
C1—C6—H6	109.7	O2—C8—C15	110.98 (13)
C5—C6—H6	109.7	C18—C19—C20	118.17 (14)
C20—C15—C16	120.49 (14)	C18—C19—H19	120.9
C20—C15—C8	117.80 (14)	C20—C19—H19	120.9
C16—C15—C8	121.67 (14)	C4—C3—C2	110.83 (13)
C17—C16—C15	120.01 (14)	C4—C3—H3A	109.5
C17—C16—H16	120.0	C2—C3—H3A	109.5
C15—C16—H16	120.0	C4—C3—H3B	109.5
C13—C14—C9	120.12 (14)	C2—C3—H3B	109.5
C13—C14—H14	119.9	H3A—C3—H3B	108.1
C9—C14—H14	119.9	C1—C2—C3	110.46 (12)
C18—C17—C16	117.87 (14)	C1—C2—H2A	109.6
C18—C17—H17	121.1	C3—C2—H2A	109.6
C16—C17—H17	121.1	C1—C2—H2B	109.6
C11—C10—C9	120.32 (14)	C3—C2—H2B	109.6
C11—C10—H10	119.8	H2A—C2—H2B	108.1

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
C14—H14···O8 <sup>i</sup>	0.93	2.40	3.240 (2)	150
C16—H16···O3	0.93	2.57	3.4374 (19)	156
C19—H19···O3 <sup>ii</sup>	0.93	2.29	3.0919 (19)	145
C5—H5A···Cg2 <sup>iii</sup>	0.97	2.79	3.7273 (18)	162

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x, -y, -z+1$ ; (ii)  $-x, y+1/2, -z+1/2$ ; (iii)  $x, -y-1/2, z-3/2$ .