

2-(2-Fluorobenzoylmethyl)benzoic acid

Muhammad Tahir Hussain,^a Tariq Mahmood Babar,^b Ghulam Qadeer,^b Nasim Hasan Rama^{b*} and Ales Ruzicka^c

^aDepartment of Applied Sciences, National Textile University, Faisalabad, Pakistan,

^bDepartment of Chemistry, Quaid-i-Azam University, Islamabad 45320, Pakistan,

and ^cDepartment of General and Inorganic Chemistry, Faculty of Chemical Technology, University of Pardubice, Nam. Cs. Legi' 565, 53210 Pardubice, Czech Republic

Correspondence e-mail: nasim_hasan_rama@hotmail.com

Received 28 October 2008; accepted 29 October 2008

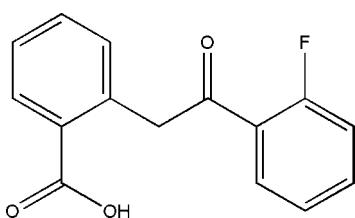
Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 150\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003\text{ \AA}$;

R factor = 0.053; wR factor = 0.136; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.2.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{11}\text{FO}_3$, the aromatic rings are oriented at a dihedral angle of $69.26(3)^\circ$. In the crystal structure, inversion dimers arise from pairs of intermolecular $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, and $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds further consolidate the packing. There are also $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$ contacts between the benzoic acid and 2-fluorobenzene rings.

Related literature

For the biological activity of isocoumarin and 3,4-dihydro-isocoumarin derivatives, see: Hill (1986); Napolitano (1997); Oikawa *et al.* (1997); Kongsaeree *et al.* (2003). For bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987).

**Experimental***Crystal data*

$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{11}\text{FO}_3$	$V = 1251.02(17)\text{ \AA}^3$
$M_r = 258.24$	$Z = 4$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 8.3011(6)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.10\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$b = 15.3232(8)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 150(1)\text{ K}$
$c = 9.9078(10)\text{ \AA}$	$0.52 \times 0.38 \times 0.30\text{ mm}$
$\beta = 96.942(8)^\circ$	

Data collection

Bruker–Nonius Kappa CCD area-detector diffractometer
Absorption correction: Gaussian (Coppens, 1970)
 $T_{\min} = 0.962$, $T_{\max} = 0.975$

8420 measured reflections
2782 independent reflections
2117 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.040$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.053$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.136$
 $S = 1.12$
2782 reflections

172 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.23\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.29\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
O2—H2 \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.82	1.80	2.621 (3)	175
C12—H12 \cdots O3 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.46	3.178 (3)	134
C4—H4 \cdots Cg2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.72	3.535 (3)	146
C13—H13 \cdots Cg1 ⁱⁱ	0.93	3.06	3.868 (3)	146

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, -y, -z + 1$; (ii) $-x, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iii) $-x, -y, -z$. Cg1 and Cg2 are the centroids of the C2–C7 and C10–C15 rings, respectively.

Data collection: *COLLECT* (Hooft, 1998); cell refinement: *COLLECT* and *DENZO* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); data reduction: *COLLECT* and *DENZO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SIR92* (Altomare *et al.*, 1994); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2003); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

M. Tariq Mahmood Babar is grateful to the Higher Education Commission of Pakistan for financial support under the National Support Initiative Program for Pre-doctoral Fellowships at Quaid-i-Azam University.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HK2566).

References

- Allen, F. H., Kennard, O., Watson, D. G., Brammer, L., Orpen, A. G. & Taylor, R. (1987). *J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. 2*, pp. S1–19.
- Altomare, A., Cascarano, G., Giacovazzo, C., Guagliardi, A., Burla, M. C., Polidori, G. & Camalli, M. (1994). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **27**, 435.
- Coppens, P. (1970). *Crystallographic Computing*, edited by F. R. Ahmed, S. R. Hall & C. P. Huber, pp. 255–270. Copenhagen: Munksgaard.
- Hill, R. A. (1986). *Fortschr. Chem. Org. Naturst.* **49**, 1–78.
- Hooft, R. W. W. (1998). *COLLECT*. Nonius BV, Delft, The Netherlands.
- Kongsaeree, P., Prabpai, S., Sriubolmas, N., Vongvein, C. & Wiyakrutta, S. (2003). *J. Nat. Prod.* **66**, 709–711.
- Napolitano, E. (1997). *Org. Prep. Proced. Int.* **29**, 631–665.
- Oikawa, T., Sasaki, M., Inose, M., Shimamura, M., Kuboki, H., Hirano, S. I., Kumagai, H., Ishizuka, M. & Takeuchi, T. (1997). *Anticancer Res.* **17**, 1881–1886.
- Otwinowski, Z. & Minor, W. (1997). *Methods in Enzymology*, Vol. 276, *Macromolecular Crystallography*, Part A, edited by C. W. Carter Jr & R. M. Sweet, pp. 307–326. New York: Academic Press.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst. A* **64**, 112–122.
- Spek, A. L. (2003). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **36**, 7–13.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2008). E64, o2267 [doi:10.1107/S160053680803540X]

2-(2-Fluorobenzoylmethyl)benzoic acid

Muhammad Tahir Hussain, Tariq Mahmood Babar, Ghulam Qadeer, Nasim Hasan Rama and Ales Ruzicka

S1. Comment

The title compound is an important intermediate in the conversion of isocoumarin to 3,4-dihydroisocoumarin. Derivatives of isocoumarin and 3,4-dihydroisocoumarin display a broad range of biological activity (Hill, 1986; Napolitano, 1997). 3,4-Dihydroisocoumarins are an important class of naturally occurring, biologically active gamma-lactones. Numbers of such dihydroisocoumarins have various uses, ranging from sweetening agents to bactericides, antimalarial, antituberculous, antifungal, antiulcerogenic and antitumour (Oikawa *et al.*, 1997; Kongsaeree *et al.*, 2003).

In the title compound (Fig. 1), the bond lengths (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and angles are within normal ranges. Rings A (C2-C7) and B (C10-C15) are, of course, planar and they are oriented at a dihedral angle of 69.26 (3)°. The (O1/O2/C1) moiety is oriented with respect to rings A and B at dihedral angles of 14.54 (4)° and 76.12 (3)°, respectively.

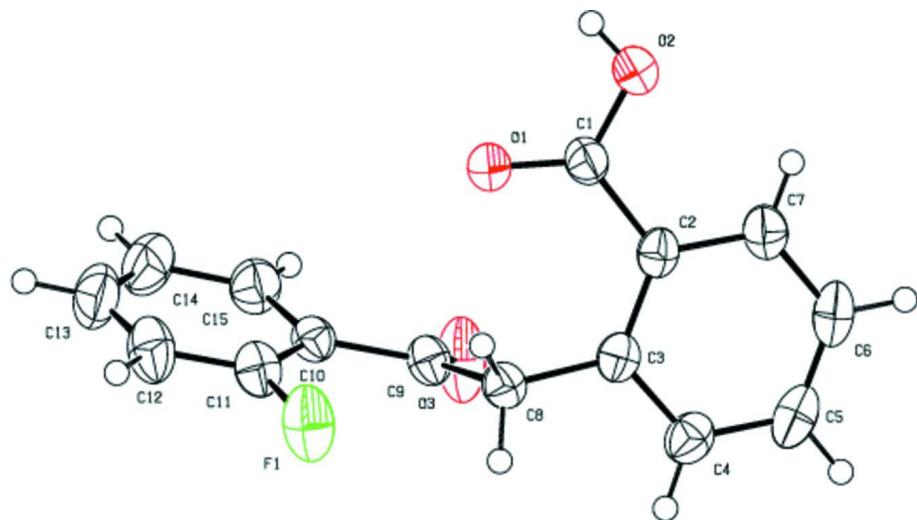
In the crystal structure, intermolecular O-H···O and C-H···O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) link the molecules (Fig. 2), in which they may be effective in the stabilization of the structure. There also exist C—H···π contacts (Table 1) between the benzoic acid and 2-fluorobenzene rings.

S2. Experimental

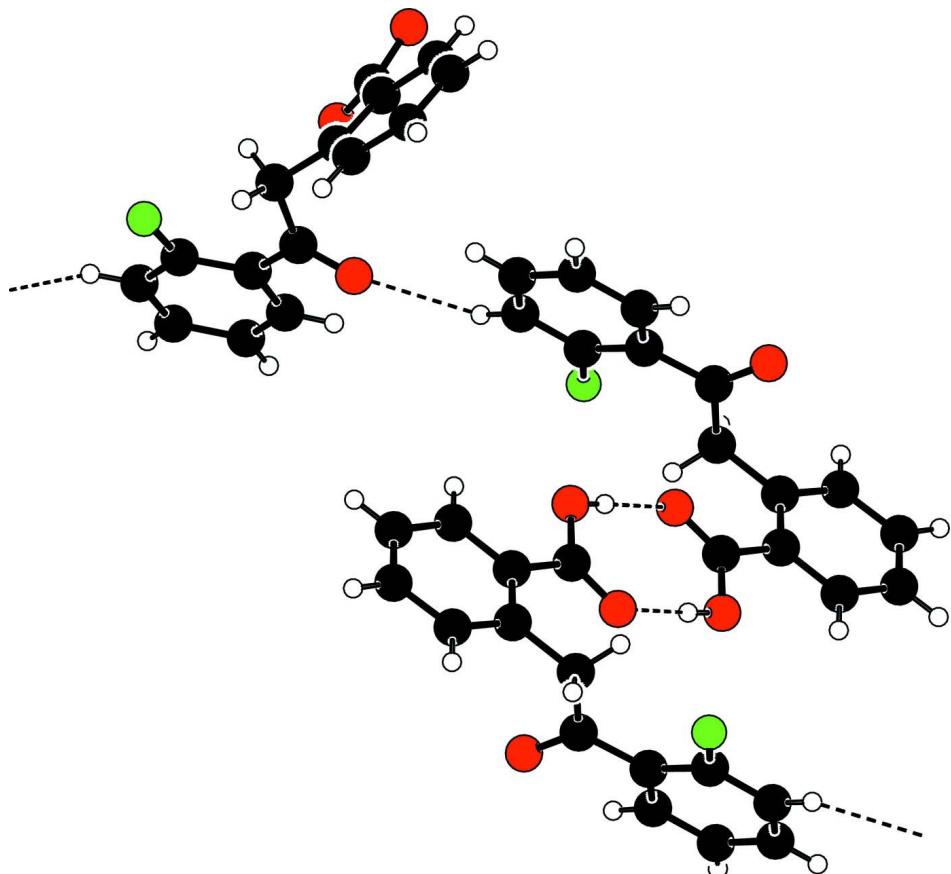
3-(2-Fluorophenyl)isocoumarin (6.4 mmol) was dissolved in ethanol (25 ml) and potassium hydroxide (30 ml 5%) was added. The mixture refluxed for about 5 h. After cooling the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. Cold water (20 ml) was added and the reaction mixture acidified with hydrochloric acid (5%). The precipitated keto acid was filtered, washed, dried and recrystallized from hot ethanol (yield; 87%, m.p. 404–405 K).

S3. Refinement

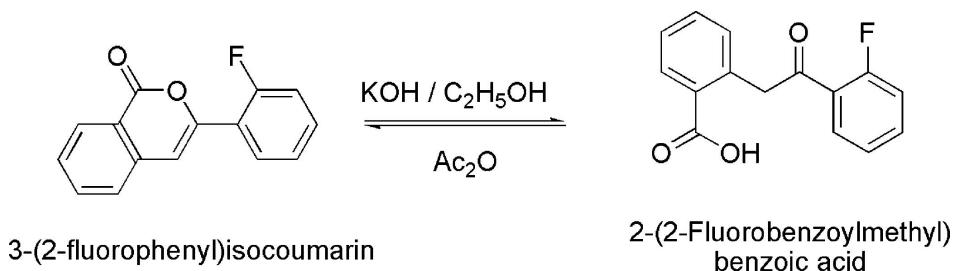
H atoms were positioned geometrically, with O-H = 0.82 Å (for OH) and C-H = 0.93 and 0.97 Å for aromatic and methylene H, respectively, and constrained to ride on their parent atoms with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{O})$.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title molecule, with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.

**Figure 2**

A partial packing diagram. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

**Figure 3**

The formation of the title compound.

2-(2-Fluorobenzoylmethyl)benzoic acid

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{11}\text{FO}_3$
 $M_r = 258.24$
 Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 Hall symbol: -P 2ybc
 $a = 8.3011 (6) \text{ \AA}$
 $b = 15.3232 (8) \text{ \AA}$
 $c = 9.9078 (10) \text{ \AA}$
 $\beta = 96.942 (8)^\circ$

$V = 1251.02 (17) \text{ \AA}^3$
 $Z = 4$
 $F(000) = 536$
 $D_x = 1.371 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
 Melting point: 404(1) K
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
 Cell parameters from 8503 reflections
 $\theta = 1-27.5^\circ$

$\mu = 0.11 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 150 \text{ K}$

Block, colorless
 $0.52 \times 0.38 \times 0.31 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker-Nonius Kappa CCD area-detector diffractometer
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
 Graphite monochromator
 Detector resolution: 9.091 pixels mm^{-1}
 φ and ω scans
 Absorption correction: gaussian (Coppens, 1970)
 $T_{\min} = 0.962$, $T_{\max} = 0.975$

8420 measured reflections
 2782 independent reflections
 2117 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.040$
 $\theta_{\max} = 27.5^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.5^\circ$
 $h = -9 \rightarrow 10$
 $k = -18 \rightarrow 19$
 $l = -12 \rightarrow 12$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.053$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.136$
 $S = 1.12$
 2782 reflections
 172 parameters
 0 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0382P)^2 + 0.8217P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.23 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.30 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
F1	0.15542 (18)	-0.18437 (8)	0.10130 (16)	0.0594 (4)
O1	0.3928 (2)	-0.00007 (12)	0.355571 (16)	0.0573 (5)
O2	0.61607 (19)	0.07728 (11)	0.40921 (15)	0.0504 (4)
H2	0.6161	0.0506	0.4809	0.061*
O3	0.0632 (2)	0.07181 (10)	0.1708 (2)	0.0626 (5)
C1	0.4909 (2)	0.05329 (13)	0.3244 (2)	0.0361 (4)
C2	0.4762 (2)	0.09750 (12)	0.1908 (2)	0.0326 (4)
C3	0.3662 (2)	0.06805 (12)	0.08185 (19)	0.0316 (4)
C4	0.3530 (3)	0.11624 (15)	-0.0370 (2)	0.0410 (5)
H4	0.2814	0.0979	-0.1111	0.049*
C5	0.4429 (3)	0.19136 (15)	-0.0483 (2)	0.0477 (6)
H5	0.4292	0.2236	-0.1284	0.057*
C6	0.5523 (3)	0.21865 (14)	0.0580 (2)	0.0468 (5)

H6	0.6140	0.2686	0.0499	0.056*
C7	0.5704 (3)	0.17144 (13)	0.1770 (2)	0.0397 (5)
H7	0.6464	0.1889	0.2485	0.048*
C8	0.2660 (2)	-0.01340 (13)	0.0886 (2)	0.0335 (4)
H8A	0.3338	-0.0593	0.1325	0.040*
H8B	0.2282	-0.0325	-0.0032	0.040*
C9	0.1223 (2)	0.00021 (12)	0.1651 (2)	0.0344 (4)
C10	0.0483 (2)	-0.07466 (12)	0.2322 (2)	0.0330 (4)
C11	0.0665 (2)	-0.16193 (13)	0.2005 (2)	0.0395 (5)
C12	-0.0064 (3)	-0.22847 (15)	0.2627 (3)	0.0520 (6)
H12	0.0071	-0.2862	0.2371	0.062*
C13	-0.1001 (3)	-0.20839 (18)	0.3633 (3)	0.0599 (7)
H13	-0.1490	-0.2527	0.4079	0.072*
C14	-0.1213 (3)	-0.12269 (19)	0.3988 (3)	0.0603 (7)
H14	-0.1854	-0.1092	0.4667	0.072*
C15	-0.0491 (3)	-0.05654 (16)	0.3331 (2)	0.0469 (5)
H15	-0.0654	0.0011	0.3573	0.056*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
F1	0.0607 (9)	0.0356 (7)	0.0886 (11)	-0.0018 (6)	0.0356 (8)	-0.0117 (7)
O1	0.0577 (10)	0.0698 (12)	0.0414 (9)	-0.0320 (9)	-0.0064 (7)	0.0151 (8)
O2	0.0525 (9)	0.0544 (10)	0.0422 (8)	-0.0221 (8)	-0.0034 (7)	0.0060 (7)
O3	0.0532 (10)	0.0293 (8)	0.1121 (15)	0.0072 (7)	0.0381 (10)	0.0056 (9)
C1	0.0367 (10)	0.0344 (10)	0.0375 (10)	-0.0062 (8)	0.0057 (8)	-0.0028 (8)
C2	0.0350 (10)	0.0281 (9)	0.0369 (10)	0.0002 (7)	0.0126 (8)	-0.0010 (7)
C3	0.0277 (9)	0.0324 (10)	0.0365 (10)	0.0044 (7)	0.0108 (8)	0.0008 (8)
C4	0.0351 (10)	0.0487 (12)	0.0402 (11)	0.0050 (9)	0.0086 (8)	0.0075 (9)
C5	0.0467 (12)	0.0463 (12)	0.0538 (13)	0.0066 (10)	0.0210 (11)	0.0179 (10)
C6	0.0495 (13)	0.0339 (11)	0.0614 (14)	-0.0047 (9)	0.0245 (11)	0.0058 (10)
C7	0.0410 (11)	0.0350 (11)	0.0455 (12)	-0.0050 (8)	0.0146 (9)	-0.0054 (9)
C8	0.0329 (10)	0.0320 (10)	0.0360 (10)	-0.0013 (8)	0.0050 (8)	-0.0019 (8)
C9	0.0309 (9)	0.0291 (10)	0.0432 (11)	0.0000 (8)	0.0046 (8)	-0.0005 (8)
C10	0.0293 (9)	0.0331 (10)	0.0363 (10)	-0.0006 (7)	0.0023 (7)	0.0001 (8)
C11	0.0325 (10)	0.0343 (10)	0.0522 (13)	0.0020 (8)	0.0068 (9)	0.0013 (9)
C12	0.0460 (12)	0.0328 (11)	0.0772 (17)	-0.0012 (9)	0.0074 (12)	0.0106 (11)
C13	0.0589 (15)	0.0561 (15)	0.0653 (16)	-0.0107 (12)	0.0103 (13)	0.0231 (13)
C14	0.0649 (17)	0.0703 (18)	0.0504 (14)	-0.0106 (13)	0.0257 (12)	0.0032 (12)
C15	0.0514 (13)	0.0455 (12)	0.0459 (12)	-0.0052 (10)	0.0142 (10)	-0.0059 (10)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

F1—C11	1.343 (2)	C8—H8A	0.9700
O1—C1	1.220 (2)	C8—H8B	0.9700
O2—C1	1.308 (2)	C9—O3	1.206 (2)
O2—H2	0.8199	C9—C8	1.503 (3)
C2—C1	1.479 (3)	C9—C10	1.495 (3)

C2—C3	1.402 (3)	C10—C11	1.386 (3)
C2—C7	1.393 (3)	C10—C15	1.388 (3)
C3—C4	1.383 (3)	C11—C12	1.370 (3)
C3—C8	1.506 (3)	C12—C13	1.371 (4)
C4—C5	1.384 (3)	C12—H12	0.9299
C4—H4	0.9300	C13—H13	0.9300
C5—C6	1.370 (3)	C14—C13	1.376 (4)
C5—H5	0.9300	C14—H14	0.9300
C6—H6	0.9299	C15—C14	1.380 (3)
C7—C6	1.376 (3)	C15—H15	0.9300
C7—H7	0.9300		
C1—O2—H2	109.5	C9—C8—H8B	109.1
O1—C1—O2	121.87 (19)	C3—C8—H8B	109.1
O1—C1—C2	123.30 (18)	H8A—C8—H8B	107.8
O2—C1—C2	114.80 (17)	O3—C9—C10	119.08 (18)
C7—C2—C3	120.47 (18)	O3—C9—C8	120.14 (18)
C7—C2—C1	118.31 (18)	C10—C9—C8	120.77 (16)
C3—C2—C1	121.18 (17)	C11—C10—C15	116.41 (19)
C4—C3—C2	117.49 (18)	C11—C10—C9	125.32 (18)
C4—C3—C8	119.50 (18)	C15—C10—C9	118.26 (18)
C2—C3—C8	123.00 (17)	F1—C11—C12	116.77 (19)
C3—C4—C5	121.6 (2)	F1—C11—C10	119.81 (18)
C3—C4—H4	119.2	C12—C11—C10	123.4 (2)
C5—C4—H4	119.2	C11—C12—C13	118.7 (2)
C6—C5—C4	120.4 (2)	C11—C12—H12	120.7
C6—C5—H5	119.7	C13—C12—H12	120.6
C4—C5—H5	119.9	C12—C13—C14	120.1 (2)
C5—C6—C7	119.4 (2)	C12—C13—H13	120.0
C5—C6—H6	120.4	C14—C13—H13	119.9
C7—C6—H6	120.2	C13—C14—C15	120.2 (2)
C6—C7—C2	120.5 (2)	C13—C14—H14	120.0
C6—C7—H7	119.7	C15—C14—H14	119.8
C2—C7—H7	119.8	C14—C15—C10	121.1 (2)
C9—C8—C3	112.56 (16)	C14—C15—H15	119.5
C9—C8—H8A	109.1	C10—C15—H15	119.4
C3—C8—H8A	109.1		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
O2—H2···O1 ⁱ	0.82	1.80	2.621 (3)	175
C12—H12···O3 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.46	3.178 (3)	134
C4—H4···Cg2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.72	3.535 (3)	146
C13—H13···Cg1 ⁱⁱ	0.93	3.06	3.868 (3)	146

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$; (ii) $-x, y-1/2, -z+1/2$; (iii) $-x, -y, -z$.