

**3-(4-Pyridyl)-4,5-dihydro-1H-benzo[g]-indazole**

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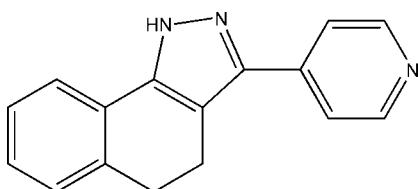
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 293$  K; mean  $\sigma(C-C) = 0.003$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.048;  $wR$  factor = 0.130; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.9.

In the molecular structure of the title compound,  $C_{16}H_{13}N_3$ , the cyclohexa-1,3-diene ring displays a screw-boat conformation and the pyridine ring is twisted by a dihedral angle of  $29.13(9)^\circ$  with respect to the pyrazole ring. Molecules are linked into a supramolecular structure by  $N-H \cdots N$  hydrogen bonding.

**Related literature**

For general background to indazole derivatives and their pharmacological properties, see: Bistochi *et al.* (1981); Keppler & Hartmann (1994); Sun *et al.* (1997); Gomtsyan *et al.* (2008).

**Experimental***Crystal data*

$C_{16}H_{13}N_3$

$M_r = 247.29$

Orthorhombic,  $Pbca$

$a = 15.306(2)$  Å

$b = 8.8368(13)$  Å

$c = 18.543(3)$  Å

$V = 2508.1(6)$  Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 8$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.08$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 293(2)$  K  
 $0.22 \times 0.19 \times 0.18$  mm

*Data collection*

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer  
Absorption correction: none  
24926 measured reflections

2217 independent reflections  
1978 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.036$

*Refinement*

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.130$   
 $S = 1.08$   
2217 reflections

172 parameters  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.44$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.25$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H \cdots A$	$D-H$	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-H \cdots A$
N2—H2···N3 <sup>i</sup>	0.86	2.17	2.895 (2)	141

Symmetry code: (i)  $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, -z$ .

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2002); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2002); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: XU2463).

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# supporting information

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## 3-(4-Pyridyl)-4,5-dihydro-1*H*-benzo[g]indazole

**Xin Xiao, Yun-Qiang Zhang, Sai-Feng Xue, Qian-Jiang Zhu and Zhu Tao**

### S1. Comment

Indazole derivatives exhibit variety of pharmacological properties such as anti-inflammatory (Bistochi *et al.*, 1981), antitumor (Keppler *et al.*, 1994), anti-HIV (Sun *et al.*, 1997) and analgesic (Gomtsyan *et al.*, 2008). Herein we present the crystal structure of the title indazole derivative.

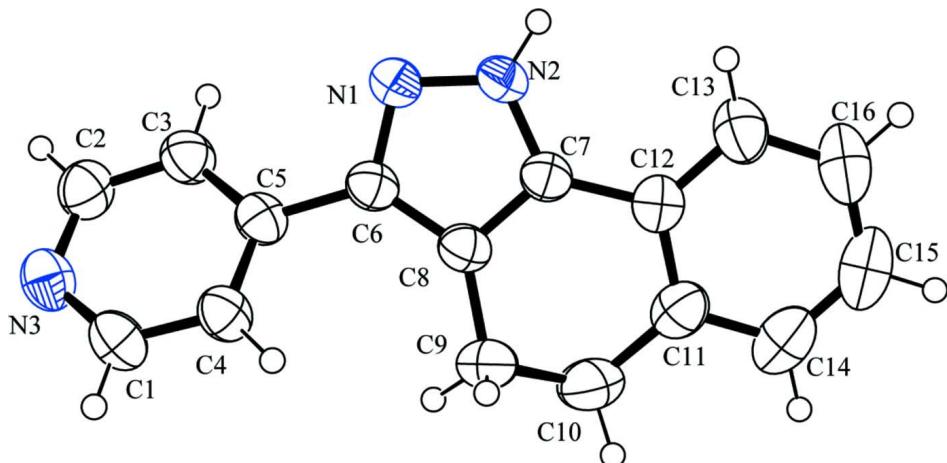
The crystal structure of the title compound is represented in Fig. 1. the C10-containing cyclohexa-1,3-diene ring displays a screw-boat conformation, and the pyridine ring is twisted to pyrazole ring with a dihedral angle of 29.13 (9) $^{\circ}$ . Intermolecular N—H $\cdots$ N hydrogen bonding presents in the crystal structure (Table 1).

### S2. Experimental

A solution of 3,4-dihydronaphthalen-1(2*H*)-one (1.46 g, 0.01 mol) was added to a stirred solution of hydrazine (0.05 g, 0.01 mol) in dry tetrahydrofuran (50 ml) at 273 K for 3 h. Then n-butyllithium (0.02 mol) was added at a fast dropwise rate during a 5 min period at 273 K. The solution was stirred at 273 K for an additional 30 min, then methyl isonicotinate (1.37 g, 0.01 mol) dissolved in 40 ml of THF was added to the dilithiated intermediate, and the solution was stirred for 1 h at 273 K. Finally, 20 ml of 3 *M* hydrochloric acid was added, and the two phase mixture was well stirred and heated under reflux for 45 min. The mixture was then neutralized with solid sodium bicarbonate, and the layers were separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with ether. The organic fractions were combined, evaporated, the crude product was dissolved in methanol (60 ml). The solution was filtered and the filtrate was set aside for three weeks to obtain colorless single crystals of the title compound.

### S3. Refinement

H atoms were placed in calculated positions with C—H = 0.93 or 0.97 Å, N—H = 0.86 Å, and refined in riding mode with U<sub>iso</sub>(H) = 1.2U<sub>eq</sub>(C,N).

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of (I) showing the atom-labeling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

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#### Crystal data

$C_{16}H_{13}N_3$   
 $M_r = 247.29$   
Orthorhombic,  $Pbca$   
Hall symbol: -P 2ac 2ab  
 $a = 15.306 (2)$  Å  
 $b = 8.8368 (13)$  Å  
 $c = 18.543 (3)$  Å  
 $V = 2508.1 (6)$  Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 8$

$F(000) = 1040$   
 $D_x = 1.310 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å  
Cell parameters from 2217 reflections  
 $\theta = 2.2\text{--}25.0^\circ$   
 $\mu = 0.08 \text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 293 \text{ K}$   
Block, colorless  
 $0.22 \times 0.19 \times 0.18$  mm

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector  
diffractometer  
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
Graphite monochromator  
 $\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans  
24926 measured reflections  
2217 independent reflections

1978 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.036$   
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.0^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.2^\circ$   
 $h = -18 \rightarrow 17$   
 $k = -10 \rightarrow 9$   
 $l = -22 \rightarrow 22$

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$   
Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.130$   
 $S = 1.08$   
2217 reflections  
172 parameters  
0 restraints  
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map  
Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $w = 1/\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0626P)^2 + 0.7587P$   
where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.44 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.25 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
N2	0.37603 (9)	0.33266 (16)	0.11204 (7)	0.0442 (4)
H2	0.3299	0.3882	0.1124	0.053*
N1	0.43088 (9)	0.32191 (17)	0.05503 (8)	0.0458 (4)
C2	0.65724 (12)	0.2397 (2)	-0.07332 (10)	0.0563 (5)
H2A	0.6747	0.3078	-0.1087	0.068*
C11	0.41088 (14)	0.1591 (2)	0.29215 (10)	0.0567 (5)
C5	0.56409 (10)	0.18489 (19)	0.02662 (9)	0.0436 (4)
C7	0.40188 (10)	0.24622 (18)	0.16853 (9)	0.0415 (4)
C12	0.36103 (11)	0.2337 (2)	0.23932 (9)	0.0466 (4)
C8	0.47774 (11)	0.17516 (19)	0.14790 (9)	0.0438 (4)
C6	0.49343 (10)	0.22560 (19)	0.07685 (9)	0.0425 (4)
C4	0.60463 (11)	0.0446 (2)	0.02934 (10)	0.0484 (4)
H4	0.5881	-0.0261	0.0639	0.058*
C9	0.52238 (13)	0.0675 (2)	0.19845 (11)	0.0631 (5)
H9A	0.5018	-0.0346	0.1895	0.076*
H9B	0.5849	0.0696	0.1899	0.076*
C1	0.66954 (11)	0.0109 (2)	-0.01959 (10)	0.0534 (5)
H1	0.6958	-0.0838	-0.0165	0.064*
N3	0.69715 (9)	0.10469 (18)	-0.07098 (8)	0.0534 (4)
C3	0.59220 (12)	0.2840 (2)	-0.02683 (10)	0.0528 (5)
H3	0.5672	0.3795	-0.0311	0.063*
C13	0.27959 (13)	0.2938 (2)	0.25682 (11)	0.0614 (5)
H13	0.2468	0.3434	0.2219	0.074*
C14	0.37630 (18)	0.1460 (3)	0.36132 (11)	0.0726 (6)
H14	0.4082	0.0962	0.3968	0.087*
C15	0.29537 (18)	0.2057 (3)	0.37810 (12)	0.0771 (7)
H15	0.2733	0.1959	0.4246	0.092*
C16	0.24751 (16)	0.2795 (3)	0.32620 (12)	0.0761 (7)
H16	0.1932	0.3200	0.3378	0.091*
C10	0.50413 (16)	0.1100 (3)	0.27516 (12)	0.0759 (7)
H10A	0.5432	0.1918	0.2884	0.091*
H10B	0.5183	0.0240	0.3055	0.091*

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
N2	0.0354 (7)	0.0488 (8)	0.0484 (8)	0.0074 (6)	-0.0015 (6)	0.0005 (6)
N1	0.0395 (8)	0.0497 (8)	0.0480 (8)	0.0035 (6)	-0.0009 (6)	0.0016 (6)
C2	0.0498 (11)	0.0611 (12)	0.0579 (11)	-0.0071 (9)	0.0052 (8)	0.0048 (9)
C11	0.0704 (12)	0.0498 (11)	0.0499 (10)	-0.0028 (9)	-0.0010 (9)	0.0031 (8)
C5	0.0331 (8)	0.0480 (9)	0.0496 (9)	-0.0036 (7)	-0.0023 (7)	-0.0032 (7)
C7	0.0375 (9)	0.0422 (9)	0.0447 (9)	-0.0016 (7)	-0.0033 (7)	-0.0008 (7)
C12	0.0474 (10)	0.0449 (9)	0.0474 (9)	-0.0077 (8)	0.0013 (7)	-0.0040 (7)
C8	0.0379 (9)	0.0430 (9)	0.0504 (10)	0.0011 (7)	-0.0024 (7)	0.0020 (7)
C6	0.0361 (8)	0.0416 (9)	0.0498 (9)	-0.0019 (7)	-0.0022 (7)	0.0007 (7)
C4	0.0412 (9)	0.0455 (10)	0.0585 (10)	-0.0024 (7)	0.0045 (8)	0.0002 (8)
C9	0.0590 (12)	0.0645 (12)	0.0658 (12)	0.0145 (10)	-0.0004 (9)	0.0158 (10)
C1	0.0428 (10)	0.0493 (10)	0.0681 (12)	-0.0001 (8)	0.0046 (8)	-0.0068 (9)
N3	0.0396 (8)	0.0601 (10)	0.0605 (9)	-0.0063 (7)	0.0053 (7)	-0.0069 (7)
C3	0.0455 (10)	0.0520 (11)	0.0610 (11)	0.0020 (8)	0.0051 (8)	0.0058 (9)
C13	0.0494 (11)	0.0756 (13)	0.0592 (11)	-0.0032 (10)	0.0058 (9)	-0.0080 (10)
C14	0.0972 (18)	0.0692 (14)	0.0515 (11)	-0.0096 (13)	0.0013 (11)	0.0068 (10)
C15	0.0888 (17)	0.0870 (16)	0.0554 (12)	-0.0268 (14)	0.0208 (12)	-0.0080 (11)
C16	0.0628 (13)	0.0966 (17)	0.0689 (13)	-0.0122 (12)	0.0210 (11)	-0.0184 (13)
C10	0.0849 (14)	0.0828 (16)	0.0600 (12)	0.0256 (12)	-0.0095 (11)	0.0120 (11)

Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )

N2—N1	1.353 (2)	C4—C1	1.378 (2)
N2—C7	1.356 (2)	C4—H4	0.9300
N2—H2	0.8600	C9—C10	1.497 (3)
N1—C6	1.343 (2)	C9—H9A	0.9700
C2—N3	1.341 (3)	C9—H9B	0.9700
C2—C3	1.374 (3)	C1—N3	1.332 (2)
C2—H2A	0.9300	C1—H1	0.9300
C11—C14	1.393 (3)	C3—H3	0.9300
C11—C12	1.406 (3)	C13—C16	1.383 (3)
C11—C10	1.525 (3)	C13—H13	0.9300
C5—C4	1.387 (2)	C14—C15	1.382 (4)
C5—C3	1.391 (2)	C14—H14	0.9300
C5—C6	1.472 (2)	C15—C16	1.374 (4)
C7—C8	1.374 (2)	C15—H15	0.9300
C7—C12	1.458 (2)	C16—H16	0.9300
C12—C13	1.393 (3)	C10—H10A	0.9700
C8—C6	1.412 (2)	C10—H10B	0.9700
C8—C9	1.500 (2)		
N1—N2—C7	112.52 (13)	C8—C9—H9A	109.6
N1—N2—H2	123.7	C10—C9—H9B	109.6
C7—N2—H2	123.7	C8—C9—H9B	109.6
C6—N1—N2	104.56 (13)	H9A—C9—H9B	108.1

N3—C2—C3	124.28 (18)	N3—C1—C4	124.42 (18)
N3—C2—H2A	117.9	N3—C1—H1	117.8
C3—C2—H2A	117.9	C4—C1—H1	117.8
C14—C11—C12	118.3 (2)	C1—N3—C2	115.61 (16)
C14—C11—C10	121.50 (19)	C2—C3—C5	119.47 (18)
C12—C11—C10	119.84 (17)	C2—C3—H3	120.3
C4—C5—C3	116.76 (16)	C5—C3—H3	120.3
C4—C5—C6	121.60 (16)	C16—C13—C12	120.0 (2)
C3—C5—C6	121.63 (16)	C16—C13—H13	120.0
N2—C7—C8	106.80 (14)	C12—C13—H13	120.0
N2—C7—C12	127.82 (15)	C15—C14—C11	121.1 (2)
C8—C7—C12	125.33 (15)	C15—C14—H14	119.5
C13—C12—C11	120.13 (17)	C11—C14—H14	119.5
C13—C12—C7	124.38 (17)	C16—C15—C14	120.1 (2)
C11—C12—C7	115.47 (16)	C16—C15—H15	120.0
C7—C8—C6	105.03 (14)	C14—C15—H15	120.0
C7—C8—C9	120.04 (16)	C15—C16—C13	120.4 (2)
C6—C8—C9	134.91 (16)	C15—C16—H16	119.8
N1—C6—C8	111.09 (15)	C13—C16—H16	119.8
N1—C6—C5	119.20 (15)	C9—C10—C11	116.24 (18)
C8—C6—C5	129.68 (15)	C9—C10—H10A	108.2
C1—C4—C5	119.47 (17)	C11—C10—H10A	108.2
C1—C4—H4	120.3	C9—C10—H10B	108.2
C5—C4—H4	120.3	C11—C10—H10B	108.2
C10—C9—C8	110.47 (17)	H10A—C10—H10B	107.4
C10—C9—H9A	109.6		

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
N2—H2···N3 <sup>i</sup>	0.86	2.17	2.895 (2)	141

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