

***rac*-1-Acetyl-5-benzyl-2-thioxoimidazo-lidin-4-one**

Mary C. Uzcátegui,^a Gerzon E. Delgado,^{a*} Asiloé J. Mora,^a Teresa González^b and Alexander Briceño^b

^aLaboratorio de Cristalográfica, Departamento de Química, Facultad de Ciencias, Universidad de Los Andes, Mérida 5101, Venezuela, and ^bCentro de Química, Instituto Venezolano de Investigaciones Científicas (IVIC), Apartado 21827, Caracas 1020-A, Venezuela
Correspondence e-mail: gerzon@ula.ve

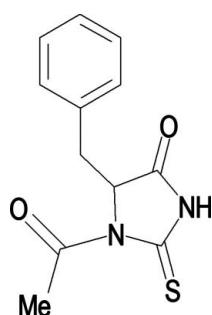
Received 1 December 2008; accepted 9 December 2008

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 298\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.045; wR factor = 0.124; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.1.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}$, the molecules have a wing-like conformation, with a distance of $3.797(2)\text{ \AA}$ between the centroids of the five- and six-membered rings. In the crystal structure, molecules are linked by $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, forming infinite one-dimensional zigzag chains, running along [001], with a $C(4)$ graph-set motif.

Related literature

For related compounds, see: Seijas *et al.* (2006, 2007); Delgado *et al.* (2007); Sulbaran *et al.* (2007). For racemization of amino acids, see: Yamada *et al.* (1983); Yoshioka (2007). For reference structural data, see: Allen *et al.* (2002). For hydrogen-bond motifs in graph-set notation, see Etter (1990).

**Experimental***Crystal data*

$M_r = 248.30$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

$a = 11.696(5)\text{ \AA}$

$b = 13.479(6)\text{ \AA}$

$c = 7.767(4)\text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 94.41(1)^\circ$

$V = 1220.8(9)\text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\mu = 0.26\text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 298(2)\text{ K}$

$0.4 \times 0.3 \times 0.2\text{ mm}$

Data collection

Rigaku AFC-7S Mercury diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan (Jacobson, 1998)

$T_{\min} = 0.900, T_{\max} = 0.950$

12945 measured reflections
2349 independent reflections

2065 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.026$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$

$wR(F^2) = 0.124$

$S = 1.05$

2349 reflections

156 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.24\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.27\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
N3—H3 \cdots O4 ⁱ	0.86	1.98	2.834 (2)	175

Symmetry code: (i) $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$

Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 2002); cell refinement: *CrystalClear*; data reduction: *CrystalStructure* (Rigaku/MSC, 2004); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 1999); software used to prepare material for publication: *PLATON* (Spek, 2003) and *publCIF* (Westrip, 2009).

This work was supported by Consejo de Desarrollo Científico, Humanístico y Tecnológico de la Universidad de Los Andes, CDCHT-ULA (grants C-1616-08-A and C-1617-08-F) and Fondo Nacional de Ciencia, Tecnología e Innovación, FONACIT (grant LAB-97000821).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CV2495).

References

- Allen, F. H. (2002). *Acta Cryst. B* **58**, 380–388.
- Brandenburg, K. (1999). *DIAMOND*. Crystal Impact GbR, Bonn, Germany.
- Delgado, G. E., Mora, A. J., Uzcátegui, J., Bahsas, A. & Briceño, A. (2007). *Acta Cryst. C* **63**, o448–o450.
- Etter, M. C. (1990). *Acc. Chem. Res.* **23**, 120–126.
- Jacobson, R. (1998). Private communication to Rigaku Corporation, Tokyo, Japan.
- Rigaku (2002). *CrystalClear*. Rigaku Corporation, Tokyo, Japan.
- Rigaku/MSC (2004). *CrystalStructure*. Rigaku/MSC, The Woodlands, Texas, USA.
- Seijas, L. E., Delgado, G. E., Mora, A. J., Bahsas, A. & Briceño, A. (2007). *Acta Cryst. C* **63**, o303–o305.
- Seijas, L. E., Delgado, G. E., Mora, A. J., Bahsas, A. & Uzcátegui, J. (2006). *Av. Quím.* **1**, 3–7.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst. A* **64**, 112–122.
- Spek, A. L. (2003). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **36**, 7–13.
- Sulbaran, M. E., Delgado, G. E., Mora, A. J., Bahsas, A., Novoa de Armas, H. & Blaton, N. (2007). *Acta Cryst. C* **63**, o543–o545.
- Westrip, S. P. (2009). *publCIF*. In preparation.
- Yamada, S., Hongo, C., Yoshioka, R. & Chibata, I. (1983). *J. Org. Chem.* **48**, 843–846.
- Yoshioka, R. (2007). *Top. Curr. Chem.* **269**, 83–132.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, o104 [doi:10.1107/S1600536808041883]

***rac*-1-Acetyl-5-benzyl-2-thioxoimidazolidin-4-one**

Mary C. Uzcátegui, Gerzon E. Delgado, Asiloé J. Mora, Teresa González and Alexander Briceño

S1. Comment

In continuation of our study of N-carbamoyl, hydantoin and thiohydantoin derivatives of α -amino acids (Seijas *et al.*, 2006, 2007; Delgado *et al.*, 2007; Sulbaran *et al.*, 2007), we report here the structure of the title compound (I) - the *N*-acetylthiohydantoin derivative of the α -amino acid *L*-phenylalanine.

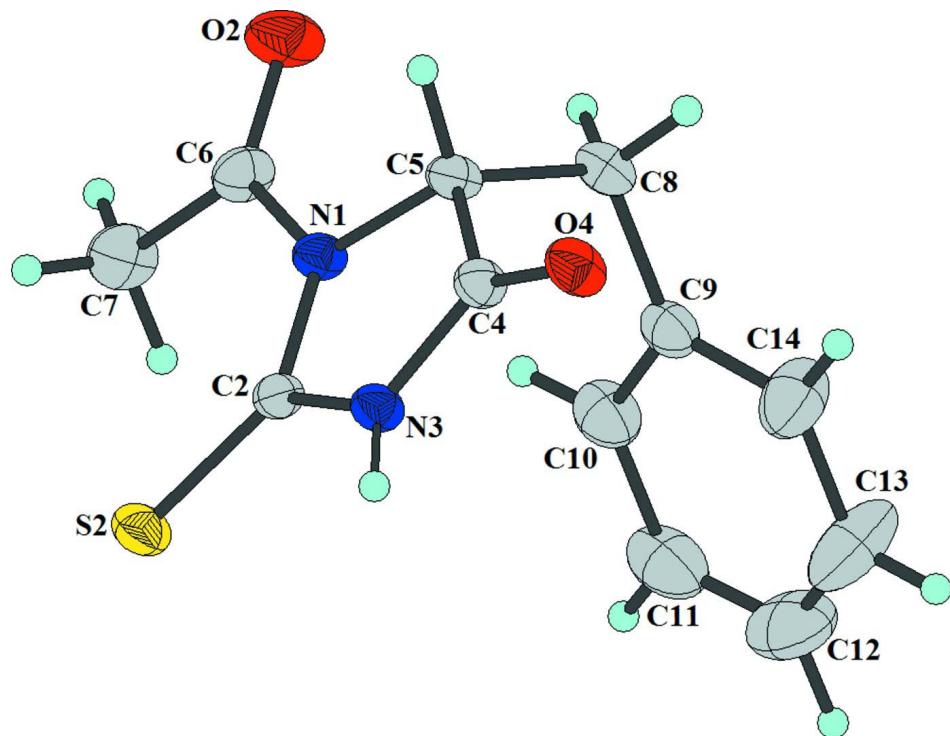
Compound (I) (Fig. 1) crystallizes in a centrosymmetric space group, which implies that *L*-phenylalanine suffered an amino acid racemization produced by the use of acetic acid in the synthesis (Yamada *et al.* 1983; Yoshioka, 2007). All bond distances and angles are normal (Allen, 2002). The thiohydantoin ring is essentially planar with a maximum deviations of 0.023 (1) Å in C4 and -0.025 (2) Å in C5. The molecular structure and crystal packing of (I) are stabilized by intermolecular N3—H3 \cdots O4 (x , $1/2 - y$, $1/2 + z$) hydrogen bonds (Table 1), forming infinite one-dimentional zigzag chains that run along [001] direction, which can be described in graph-set notation as C(4) (Etter, 1990) (Figure 2).

S2. Experimental

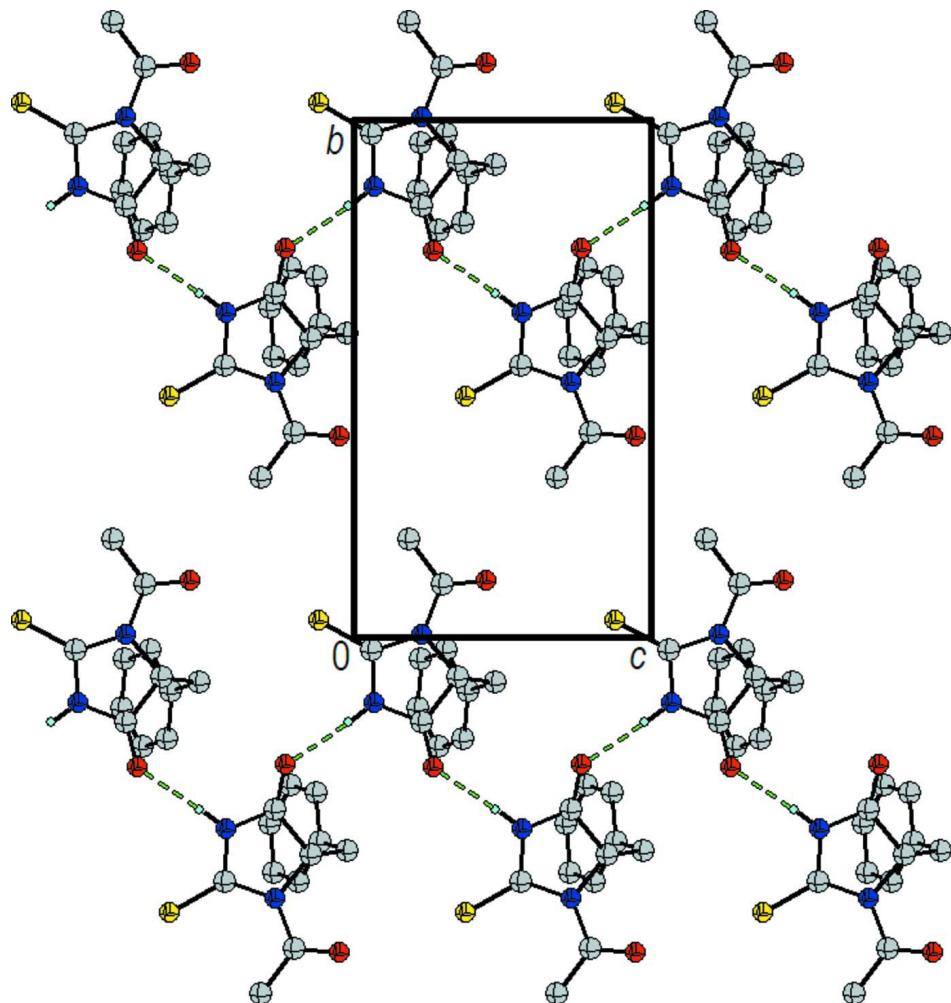
L-phenylalanine (3.4 mmol) and NH₄SCN (3.4 mmol) was dissolved in a 9 ml acetic anhydride - 1 ml acetic acid mixture and transferred in a round-bottom flask. The mixture was warmed, with agitation, to 363 K over a period of 30 min. The resulting solution was cooled in a ice/water mixture and stored in a freezer overnight. The resulting white solid was filtered off and washed with cool water (m.p. 441–443 K). Crystal of (I) suitable for X-ray diffraction analysis were obtained by slow evaporation of a 1:1 ethanol-methanol solution.

S3. Refinement

All H atoms were placed at calculated positions and treated using the riding model, with C—H distances of 0.93–0.98 Å, and N—H distances of 0.86 Å. The U_{iso} (H) parameters were fixed at 1.2 U_{eq} (C, N) and 1.5 U_{eq} (methyl).

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of (I), showing the atomic numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 25% probability level and H atoms are shown as spheres of arbitrary radii.

**Figure 2**

A portion of the crystal packing viewed along the a -axis. Hydrogen bonds are marked with dashed lines. H atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding have been omitted for clarity.

rac-1-Acetyl-5-benzyl-2-thioxoimidazolidin-4-one

Crystal data

$C_{12}H_{12}N_2O_2S$

$M_r = 248.30$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 11.696 (5) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 13.479 (6) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 7.767 (4) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 94.41 (1)^\circ$

$V = 1220.8 (9) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 520$

$D_x = 1.351 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Melting point = 441–443 K

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71070 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 4020 reflections

$\theta = 2.4\text{--}27.8^\circ$

$\mu = 0.26 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 298 \text{ K}$

Block, colourless

$0.4 \times 0.3 \times 0.2 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Rigaku AFC-7S Mercury diffractometer
 Radiation source: Normal-focus sealed tube
 Graphite monochromator
 Detector resolution: 14.6306 pixels mm⁻¹
 ω scans
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (Jacobson, 1998)
 $T_{\min} = 0.900$, $T_{\max} = 0.950$

12945 measured reflections
 2349 independent reflections
 2065 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.026$
 $\theta_{\max} = 28.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.3^\circ$
 $h = -13 \rightarrow 13$
 $k = -15 \rightarrow 15$
 $l = -9 \rightarrow 6$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.124$
 $S = 1.05$
 2349 reflections
 156 parameters
 0 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
 Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0616P)^2 + 0.4929P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.24 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.27 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 Extinction correction: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008), $F_c^* = kFc[1 + 0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
 Extinction coefficient: 0.013 (2)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S2	0.84958 (5)	0.53330 (4)	0.61947 (7)	0.0501 (2)
O2	0.88296 (18)	0.61004 (12)	0.0516 (2)	0.0689 (5)
O4	0.87718 (14)	0.24785 (10)	0.23095 (18)	0.0512 (4)
N1	0.85248 (14)	0.50588 (12)	0.26762 (19)	0.0366 (4)
N3	0.86134 (14)	0.37142 (11)	0.42952 (19)	0.0383 (4)
H3	0.8622	0.3343	0.5196	0.046*
C2	0.85359 (16)	0.47307 (13)	0.4365 (2)	0.0356 (4)
C4	0.86755 (17)	0.33477 (14)	0.2669 (2)	0.0378 (4)
C5	0.85594 (17)	0.42208 (14)	0.1459 (2)	0.0385 (4)
H5	0.9237	0.4272	0.0796	0.046*
C6	0.86200 (19)	0.60326 (15)	0.2013 (3)	0.0476 (5)
C7	0.8434 (2)	0.69011 (16)	0.3128 (3)	0.0626 (7)
H7A	0.8421	0.7495	0.2445	0.094*
H7B	0.9046	0.6941	0.4024	0.094*

H7C	0.7716	0.6829	0.3637	0.094*
C8	0.74690 (19)	0.41292 (17)	0.0231 (3)	0.0487 (5)
H8A	0.7375	0.4732	-0.0446	0.058*
H8B	0.7565	0.3585	-0.0561	0.058*
C9	0.63988 (19)	0.39550 (17)	0.1147 (3)	0.0496 (5)
C10	0.5823 (2)	0.4733 (2)	0.1867 (3)	0.0634 (7)
H10	0.6101	0.5376	0.1786	0.076*
C11	0.4837 (3)	0.4563 (3)	0.2707 (4)	0.0837 (10)
H11	0.4463	0.5092	0.3190	0.100*
C12	0.4967 (3)	0.2862 (3)	0.2141 (7)	0.1180 (15)
H12	0.4681	0.2223	0.2237	0.142*
C13	0.4415 (3)	0.3629 (4)	0.2826 (5)	0.1022 (12)
H13	0.3749	0.3518	0.3378	0.123*
C14	0.5954 (3)	0.3015 (2)	0.1296 (5)	0.0825 (9)
H14	0.6319	0.2478	0.0826	0.099*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
S2	0.0680 (4)	0.0440 (4)	0.0399 (3)	-0.0022 (2)	0.0150 (2)	-0.0088 (2)
O2	0.1084 (15)	0.0490 (10)	0.0522 (10)	0.0001 (9)	0.0243 (9)	0.0161 (7)
O4	0.0777 (11)	0.0330 (8)	0.0435 (8)	0.0035 (7)	0.0093 (7)	-0.0038 (6)
N1	0.0462 (10)	0.0304 (8)	0.0341 (8)	0.0014 (7)	0.0091 (6)	0.0021 (6)
N3	0.0531 (10)	0.0312 (8)	0.0312 (8)	-0.0013 (7)	0.0075 (6)	0.0022 (6)
C2	0.0369 (10)	0.0348 (10)	0.0358 (10)	-0.0015 (7)	0.0081 (7)	0.0009 (7)
C4	0.0439 (11)	0.0342 (10)	0.0356 (10)	0.0009 (8)	0.0067 (7)	-0.0014 (7)
C5	0.0491 (12)	0.0344 (10)	0.0335 (10)	0.0021 (8)	0.0118 (8)	0.0006 (7)
C6	0.0571 (14)	0.0352 (11)	0.0516 (13)	0.0004 (9)	0.0110 (10)	0.0083 (9)
C7	0.0881 (19)	0.0330 (12)	0.0679 (16)	0.0020 (11)	0.0140 (13)	0.0055 (10)
C8	0.0588 (14)	0.0552 (13)	0.0319 (10)	0.0042 (10)	0.0029 (9)	-0.0021 (9)
C9	0.0471 (13)	0.0623 (14)	0.0385 (11)	0.0045 (10)	-0.0029 (8)	-0.0030 (9)
C10	0.0547 (15)	0.0767 (19)	0.0582 (15)	0.0128 (12)	-0.0001 (11)	-0.0111 (12)
C11	0.0587 (18)	0.126 (3)	0.0657 (18)	0.0246 (18)	0.0017 (13)	-0.0179 (18)
C12	0.070 (2)	0.102 (3)	0.186 (4)	-0.022 (2)	0.034 (3)	0.016 (3)
C13	0.060 (2)	0.144 (4)	0.106 (3)	0.000 (2)	0.0263 (18)	0.009 (2)
C14	0.0598 (17)	0.0713 (19)	0.118 (3)	-0.0079 (14)	0.0165 (16)	-0.0138 (17)

Geometric parameters (\AA , ^\circ)

S2—C2	1.6402 (19)	C7—H7C	0.9600
O2—C6	1.210 (3)	C8—C9	1.505 (3)
O4—C4	1.212 (2)	C8—H8A	0.9700
N1—C2	1.384 (2)	C8—H8B	0.9700
N1—C6	1.418 (2)	C9—C14	1.378 (4)
N1—C5	1.476 (2)	C9—C10	1.387 (3)
N3—C4	1.363 (2)	C10—C11	1.387 (4)
N3—C2	1.374 (2)	C10—H10	0.9300
N3—H3	0.8600	C11—C13	1.358 (5)

C4—C5	1.506 (3)	C11—H11	0.9300
C5—C8	1.537 (3)	C12—C13	1.349 (5)
C5—H5	0.9800	C12—C14	1.386 (5)
C6—C7	1.482 (3)	C12—H12	0.9300
C7—H7A	0.9600	C13—H13	0.9300
C7—H7B	0.9600	C14—H14	0.9300
C2—N1—C6	130.19 (17)	H7B—C7—H7C	109.5
C2—N1—C5	111.36 (15)	C9—C8—C5	113.59 (16)
C6—N1—C5	117.97 (16)	C9—C8—H8A	108.8
C4—N3—C2	113.97 (15)	C5—C8—H8A	108.8
C4—N3—H3	123.0	C9—C8—H8B	108.8
C2—N3—H3	123.0	C5—C8—H8B	108.8
N3—C2—N1	106.08 (15)	H8A—C8—H8B	107.7
N3—C2—S2	122.29 (14)	C14—C9—C10	117.5 (2)
N1—C2—S2	131.63 (15)	C14—C9—C8	121.1 (2)
O4—C4—N3	125.20 (18)	C10—C9—C8	121.3 (2)
O4—C4—C5	128.11 (17)	C9—C10—C11	120.9 (3)
N3—C4—C5	106.65 (16)	C9—C10—H10	119.6
N1—C5—C4	101.76 (14)	C11—C10—H10	119.6
N1—C5—C8	113.36 (16)	C13—C11—C10	120.3 (3)
C4—C5—C8	110.80 (17)	C13—C11—H11	119.9
N1—C5—H5	110.2	C10—C11—H11	119.9
C4—C5—H5	110.2	C13—C12—C14	120.9 (4)
C8—C5—H5	110.2	C13—C12—H12	119.5
O2—C6—N1	116.53 (19)	C14—C12—H12	119.5
O2—C6—C7	123.47 (19)	C12—C13—C11	119.8 (3)
N1—C6—C7	119.98 (18)	C12—C13—H13	120.1
C6—C7—H7A	109.5	C11—C13—H13	120.1
C6—C7—H7B	109.5	C12—C14—C9	120.7 (3)
H7A—C7—H7B	109.5	C12—C14—H14	119.7
C6—C7—H7C	109.5	C9—C14—H14	119.7
H7A—C7—H7C	109.5		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
N3—H3···O4 ⁱ	0.86	1.98	2.834 (2)	175

Symmetry code: (i) $x, -y+1/2, z+1/2$.