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## Structure Reports

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# Phenyl *N*-[4-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-phenyl]carbamate

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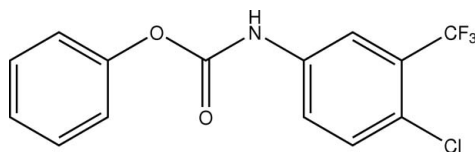
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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 294$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.009$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.066;  $wR$  factor = 0.188; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.0.

In the molecule of the title compound,  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_9\text{ClF}_3\text{NO}_2$ , the aromatic rings are oriented at a dihedral angle of  $66.49(3)^\circ$ . Intramolecular  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{F}$  and  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  interactions result in the formation of one planar five- and one non-planar six-membered ring. In the crystal structure, intermolecular  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds link the molecules into chains.

## Related literature

 For bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987).


## Experimental

### Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_9\text{ClF}_3\text{NO}_2$ 
 $M_r = 315.67$ 

 Orthorhombic,  $P2_12_12_1$ 
 $a = 8.5680(17)$  Å

 $b = 11.152(2)$  Å

 $c = 14.232(3)$  Å

 $V = 1359.9(5)$  Å<sup>3</sup>
 $Z = 4$ 

 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

 $\mu = 0.32$  mm<sup>-1</sup>
 $T = 294$  K

 $0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.10$  mm

### Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4

diffractometer

 Absorption correction:  $\psi$  scan

 (North *et al.*, 1968)

 $T_{\min} = 0.910$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.969$ 

2733 measured reflections

2465 independent reflections

 1775 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.034$ 

3 standard reflections

frequency: 120 min

intensity decay: 1%

### Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.066$ 
 $wR(F^2) = 0.188$ 
 $S = 1.00$ 

2465 reflections

190 parameters

H-atom parameters constrained

 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.31$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.33$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Absolute structure: Flack (1983),

1012 Friedel pairs

 Flack parameter:  $-0.1(2)$ 
**Table 1**

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N}-\text{H}0\text{A}\cdots\text{O}2^i$	0.86	2.10	2.943 (5)	168
$\text{C}9-\text{H}9\text{A}\cdots\text{O}2$	0.93	2.44	2.950 (5)	114
$\text{C}13-\text{H}13\text{A}\cdots\text{F}2$	0.93	2.34	2.687 (5)	102

 Symmetry code: (i)  $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + 1$ .

Data collection: *CAD-4 Software* (Enraf–Nonius, 1989); cell refinement: *CAD-4 Software*; data reduction: *XCAD4* (Harms & Wocadlo, 1995); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HK2623).

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**supplementary materials**

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## Phenyl *N*-[4-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]carbamate

H.-T. Tang and Z. Fang

### Comment

Some derivatives of benzoic acid are important chemical materials. We report herein the crystal structure of the title compound.

In the molecule of the title compound (Fig. 1), the bond lengths (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and angles are within normal ranges. Rings A (C1-C6) and B (C8-C13) are, of course, planar and the dihedral angle between them is A/B = 66.49 (3)°. The intramolecular C-H...F and C-H...O interactions (Table 1) result in the formations of one planar five- and one nonplanar six-membered rings C (F2/C12-C14/H13A) and D (O2/N/C7-C9/H9A). Ring C is oriented with respect to rings A and B at dihedral angles of 66.33 (3)° and 0.93 (3)°, respectively. So, rings B and C are nearly coplanar.

In the crystal structure, intermolecular N-H...O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) link the molecules into chains (Fig. 2), in which they may be effective in the stabilization of the structure.

### Experimental

For the preparation of the title compound, phenyl chloroformate (1.0 ml) was added slowly to a cold solution of 4-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzenamine (1.0 g) and triethylamine (0.8 ml) in methylene chloride (10 ml) at 273 K. The mixture was then warmed and stirred for 1 h at room temperature. Then, it was washed with water (20 ml), dried and concentrated to give the title compound (yield; 1.3 g). Crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were obtained by slow evaporation of an methanol solution.

### Refinement

H-atoms were positioned geometrically, with N-H = 0.86 Å (for NH) and C-H = 0.93 Å for aromatic H, and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{N})$ .

### Figures

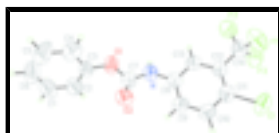


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title molecule, with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.

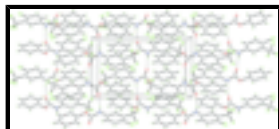


Fig. 2. A partial packing diagram of the title compound. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

## Phenyl *N*-[4-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]carbamate

### Crystal data

$C_{14}H_9ClF_3NO_2$	$F_{000} = 640$
$M_r = 315.67$	$D_x = 1.542 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
Hall symbol: P 2ac 2ab	$\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
$a = 8.5680 (17) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 25 reflections
$b = 11.152 (2) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 9\text{--}13^\circ$
$c = 14.232 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.32 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$V = 1359.9 (5) \text{ \AA}^3$	$T = 294 \text{ K}$
$Z = 4$	Block, colorless
	$0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$

### Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.034$
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.4^\circ$
Monochromator: graphite	$\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.3^\circ$
$T = 294 \text{ K}$	$h = -10 \rightarrow 0$
$\omega/2\theta$ scans	$k = -13 \rightarrow 13$
Absorption correction: $\psi$ scan (North <i>et al.</i> , 1968)	$l = 0 \rightarrow 17$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.910$ , $T_{\text{max}} = 0.969$	3 standard reflections
2733 measured reflections	every 120 min
2465 independent reflections	intensity decay: 1%
1775 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$	

### Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
Least-squares matrix: full	H-atom parameters constrained
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.066$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.1P)^2 + 0.77P]$
$wR(F^2) = 0.188$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$S = 1.00$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
2465 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.31 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
190 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.33 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction correction: none
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map	Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 1012 Friedel pairs
	Flack parameter: $-0.1 (2)$

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.0048 (2)	0.53814 (16)	0.89390 (11)	0.0988 (6)
O1	-0.2368 (5)	0.1837 (4)	0.4272 (2)	0.0826 (12)
O2	-0.0472 (4)	0.3226 (3)	0.4484 (2)	0.0666 (9)
N	-0.2332 (4)	0.2838 (4)	0.5598 (2)	0.0591 (10)
H0A	-0.3230	0.2503	0.5658	0.071*
F1	-0.0639 (5)	0.2695 (4)	0.9446 (2)	0.1080 (13)
F2	-0.2866 (6)	0.2112 (4)	0.8948 (2)	0.1123 (14)
F3	-0.2646 (5)	0.3817 (4)	0.9590 (2)	0.1006 (12)
C1	-0.1803 (11)	0.1852 (9)	0.1733 (4)	0.113 (3)
H1A	-0.2077	0.2306	0.1210	0.135*
C2	-0.2231 (8)	0.2230 (6)	0.2625 (4)	0.0855 (17)
H2A	-0.2801	0.2933	0.2705	0.103*
C3	-0.1805 (6)	0.1559 (5)	0.3380 (3)	0.0640 (12)
C4	-0.0945 (7)	0.0528 (6)	0.3267 (5)	0.0858 (17)
H4A	-0.0635	0.0080	0.3785	0.103*
C5	-0.0551 (8)	0.0171 (7)	0.2366 (7)	0.108 (2)
H5A	0.0023	-0.0528	0.2279	0.129*
C6	-0.0982 (10)	0.0814 (9)	0.1623 (6)	0.107 (3)
H6A	-0.0721	0.0554	0.1023	0.128*
C7	-0.1599 (6)	0.2711 (5)	0.4764 (3)	0.0592 (12)
C8	-0.1749 (5)	0.3473 (4)	0.6376 (3)	0.0552 (10)
C9	-0.0823 (6)	0.4470 (4)	0.6301 (3)	0.0630 (12)
H9A	-0.0551	0.4759	0.5710	0.076*
C10	-0.0296 (6)	0.5046 (5)	0.7093 (4)	0.0701 (14)
H10A	0.0317	0.5731	0.7037	0.084*
C11	-0.0673 (6)	0.4609 (5)	0.7972 (3)	0.0668 (13)
C12	-0.1575 (5)	0.3606 (5)	0.8067 (3)	0.0575 (11)
C13	-0.2113 (6)	0.3025 (4)	0.7261 (3)	0.0575 (11)
H13A	-0.2717	0.2336	0.7316	0.069*
C14	-0.1934 (7)	0.3082 (5)	0.9005 (4)	0.0750 (14)

## supplementary materials

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### Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C1	0.1108 (13)	0.0951 (10)	0.0905 (9)	-0.0134 (10)	-0.0136 (9)	-0.0296 (8)
O1	0.076 (2)	0.100 (3)	0.071 (2)	-0.028 (2)	0.0213 (18)	-0.0225 (19)
O2	0.0450 (19)	0.081 (2)	0.0734 (19)	-0.0056 (17)	0.0076 (16)	0.0014 (17)
N	0.041 (2)	0.078 (2)	0.0584 (19)	-0.0034 (19)	0.0061 (17)	-0.0029 (18)
F1	0.112 (3)	0.130 (3)	0.0824 (19)	0.030 (3)	-0.007 (2)	0.027 (2)
F2	0.146 (4)	0.112 (3)	0.0788 (19)	-0.032 (3)	0.025 (2)	0.0049 (19)
F3	0.106 (3)	0.121 (3)	0.0750 (18)	0.010 (2)	0.0225 (19)	-0.0228 (19)
C1	0.120 (6)	0.150 (8)	0.068 (3)	-0.029 (6)	0.003 (4)	0.008 (4)
C2	0.085 (4)	0.088 (4)	0.083 (3)	0.015 (4)	0.005 (3)	0.004 (3)
C3	0.055 (3)	0.078 (3)	0.060 (2)	-0.010 (3)	0.008 (2)	-0.011 (2)
C4	0.068 (4)	0.086 (4)	0.104 (4)	-0.001 (3)	-0.006 (3)	-0.004 (4)
C5	0.078 (4)	0.099 (5)	0.146 (7)	0.000 (4)	0.020 (5)	-0.052 (5)
C6	0.091 (5)	0.131 (7)	0.099 (5)	-0.021 (5)	0.032 (4)	-0.042 (5)
C7	0.045 (3)	0.074 (3)	0.059 (2)	0.011 (3)	-0.003 (2)	-0.004 (2)
C8	0.038 (2)	0.067 (3)	0.060 (2)	0.009 (2)	0.0014 (19)	0.002 (2)
C9	0.062 (3)	0.059 (3)	0.068 (3)	0.001 (2)	0.004 (2)	0.006 (2)
C10	0.069 (3)	0.063 (3)	0.079 (3)	-0.007 (3)	0.005 (3)	-0.005 (2)
C11	0.057 (3)	0.073 (3)	0.071 (3)	0.006 (3)	-0.003 (2)	-0.004 (2)
C12	0.048 (3)	0.064 (3)	0.061 (2)	0.007 (2)	0.000 (2)	-0.002 (2)
C13	0.049 (3)	0.057 (3)	0.066 (2)	0.000 (2)	0.001 (2)	0.004 (2)
C14	0.075 (4)	0.085 (4)	0.065 (3)	0.000 (3)	0.001 (3)	0.001 (3)

### Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

C1—C11	1.738 (5)	C4—C5	1.384 (10)
O1—C7	1.369 (6)	C4—H4A	0.9300
O1—C3	1.393 (6)	C5—C6	1.330 (12)
O2—C7	1.192 (6)	C5—H5A	0.9300
N—C7	1.350 (6)	C6—H6A	0.9300
N—C8	1.406 (6)	C8—C9	1.370 (7)
N—H0A	0.8600	C8—C13	1.390 (6)
F1—C14	1.346 (7)	C9—C10	1.373 (7)
F2—C14	1.347 (7)	C9—H9A	0.9300
F3—C14	1.318 (6)	C10—C11	1.381 (7)
C1—C6	1.363 (12)	C10—H10A	0.9300
C1—C2	1.386 (9)	C11—C12	1.366 (8)
C1—H1A	0.9300	C12—C13	1.395 (7)
C2—C3	1.360 (8)	C12—C14	1.490 (7)
C2—H2A	0.9300	C13—H13A	0.9300
C3—C4	1.375 (9)		
C7—O1—C3	117.2 (4)	C9—C8—C13	119.5 (4)
C7—N—C8	125.5 (4)	C9—C8—N	123.5 (4)
C7—N—H0A	117.3	C13—C8—N	116.9 (4)
C8—N—H0A	117.3	C8—C9—C10	120.4 (4)

C6—C1—C2	120.0 (7)	C8—C9—H9A	119.8
C6—C1—H1A	120.0	C10—C9—H9A	119.8
C2—C1—H1A	120.0	C9—C10—C11	120.1 (5)
C3—C2—C1	119.0 (7)	C9—C10—H10A	120.0
C3—C2—H2A	120.5	C11—C10—H10A	120.0
C1—C2—H2A	120.5	C12—C11—C10	120.7 (5)
C2—C3—C4	120.7 (5)	C12—C11—Cl	121.9 (4)
C2—C3—O1	120.3 (5)	C10—C11—Cl	117.3 (4)
C4—C3—O1	118.6 (5)	C11—C12—C13	119.1 (4)
C3—C4—C5	118.7 (6)	C11—C12—C14	121.7 (5)
C3—C4—H4A	120.6	C13—C12—C14	119.1 (5)
C5—C4—H4A	120.6	C8—C13—C12	120.2 (4)
C6—C5—C4	120.9 (7)	C8—C13—H13A	119.9
C6—C5—H5A	119.6	C12—C13—H13A	119.9
C4—C5—H5A	119.6	F3—C14—F1	106.6 (5)
C5—C6—C1	120.7 (7)	F3—C14—F2	105.3 (5)
C5—C6—H6A	119.7	F1—C14—F2	105.0 (5)
C1—C6—H6A	119.7	F3—C14—C12	114.7 (5)
O2—C7—N	128.4 (5)	F1—C14—C12	111.9 (5)
O2—C7—O1	124.2 (4)	F2—C14—C12	112.5 (4)
N—C7—O1	107.5 (4)		
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.7 (11)	C8—C9—C10—C11	1.2 (8)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.9 (10)	C9—C10—C11—C12	-0.2 (8)
C1—C2—C3—O1	-172.5 (6)	C9—C10—C11—Cl	179.6 (4)
C7—O1—C3—C2	-83.3 (7)	C10—C11—C12—C13	0.0 (7)
C7—O1—C3—C4	103.2 (6)	Cl—C11—C12—C13	-179.8 (4)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-1.5 (9)	C10—C11—C12—C14	177.0 (5)
O1—C3—C4—C5	172.0 (5)	Cl—C11—C12—C14	-2.8 (7)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.5 (10)	C9—C8—C13—C12	1.8 (7)
C4—C5—C6—C1	1.0 (12)	N—C8—C13—C12	179.9 (4)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-1.6 (12)	C11—C12—C13—C8	-0.8 (7)
C8—N—C7—O2	-11.4 (8)	C14—C12—C13—C8	-177.8 (4)
C8—N—C7—O1	167.3 (4)	C11—C12—C14—F3	58.4 (7)
C3—O1—C7—O2	-1.4 (7)	C13—C12—C14—F3	-124.6 (5)
C3—O1—C7—N	179.8 (4)	C11—C12—C14—F1	-63.3 (7)
C7—N—C8—C9	32.4 (7)	C13—C12—C14—F1	113.7 (5)
C7—N—C8—C13	-145.7 (5)	C11—C12—C14—F2	178.7 (5)
C13—C8—C9—C10	-2.0 (7)	C13—C12—C14—F2	-4.4 (7)
N—C8—C9—C10	180.0 (5)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N—H0A $\cdots$ O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.86	2.10	2.943 (5)	168
C9—H9A $\cdots$ O2	0.93	2.44	2.950 (5)	114
C13—H13A $\cdots$ F2	0.93	2.34	2.687 (5)	102

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x-1/2, -y+1/2, -z+1$ .

Fig. 1

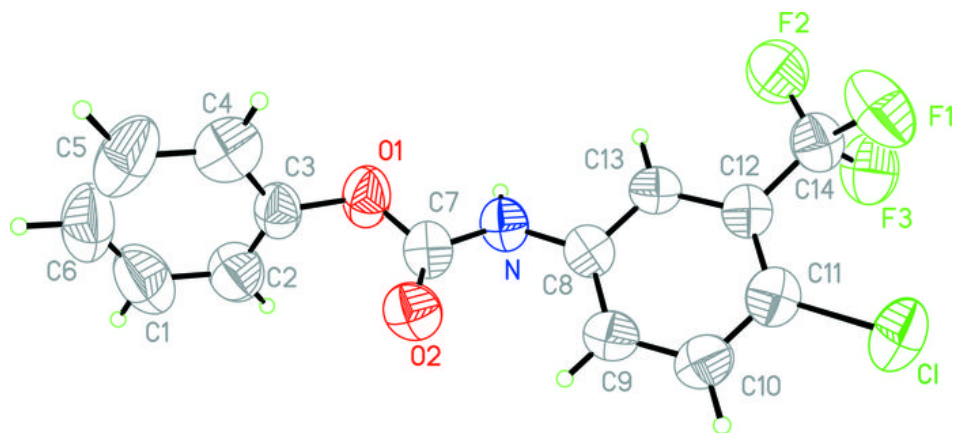


Fig. 2

