

catena-Poly[[diaquabis(diphenylacetato)-zinc(II)]- μ -4,4'-bipyridine]

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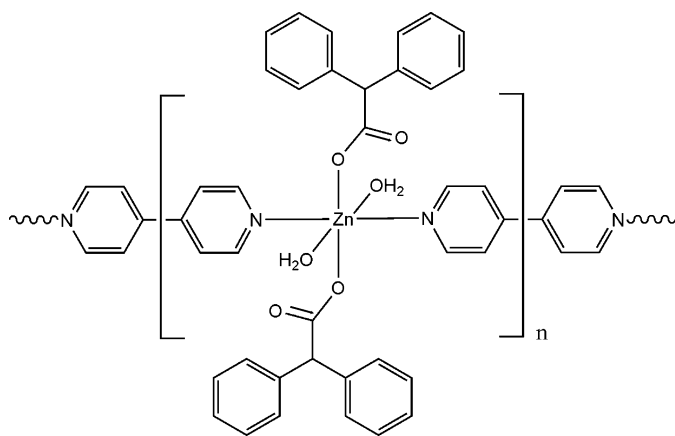
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 291$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.007$ Å; R factor = 0.061; wR factor = 0.135; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.5.

In the title compound, $[\text{Zn}(\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{11}\text{O}_2)_2(\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_8\text{N}_2)(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]_n$, the Zn^{II} ion lies on a crystallographic inversion center and is in a slightly distorted octahedral coordination environment. 4,4'-Bipyridine ligands act as bridging ligands, connecting Zn^{II} ions into a chain along the b -axis direction. In the crystal structure, these chains are linked by intermolecular $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds to form a two-dimensional network parallel to the ab plane.

Related literature

For background information, see: Janiak (2003); Moulton & Zaworotko (2001); Brammer (2004). For the role of weak noncovalent interactions in crystalline architectures, see: Hosseini (2005); Nishio (2004).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[\text{Zn}(\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{11}\text{O}_2)_2(\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_8\text{N}_2)(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]$	$\gamma = 103.450$ (4)°
$M_r = 680.04$	$V = 773.2$ (3) Å ³
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$Z = 1$
$a = 5.7536$ (13) Å	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$b = 11.882$ (3) Å	$\mu = 0.85$ mm ⁻¹
$c = 12.229$ (3) Å	$T = 291$ K
$\alpha = 98.522$ (4)°	$0.30 \times 0.26 \times 0.24$ mm
$\beta = 103.273$ (5)°	

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD diffractometer	3891 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2001)	2679 independent reflections
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.785$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.823$	2234 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.022$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.061$	214 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.135$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.02$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.23$ e Å ⁻³
2679 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.22$ e Å ⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{O3}-\text{H3B}\cdots\text{O2}$	0.96	1.82	2.618 (5)	139
$\text{O3}-\text{H3C}\cdots\text{O1}^1$	0.96	1.97	2.802 (5)	143

Symmetry code: (i) $x + 1, y, z$.

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2001); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2001); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXTL; molecular graphics: SHELXTL; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LH2759).

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supplementary materials

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***catena*-Poly[[diaquabis(diphenylacetato)zinc(II)]- μ -4,4'-bipyridine]**

S.-S. Yu, H. Zhou, H. Xian and Z.-F. Tian

Comment

During the past decade, the design of new metal-organic supramolecular solids has attracted attention in the fields of coordination chemistry and crystal engineering, for the sake of developing desired crystalline materials with potential functionality (Moulton & Zaworotko, 2001; Janiak, 2003). Furthermore, it has been realised that weak noncovalent interactions such as hydrogen bonds, aromatic stacking, and van der Waals forces (Hosseini, 2005; Nishio, 2004) are crucial in the direction of such crystalline architectures. Hitherto, a variety of organic connectors containing pyridyl and/or carboxylate groups (Brammer, 2004) have been widely used to construct metal-organic supramolecular frameworks. Herein we report the crystal structure of the title compound (1).

The asymmetric unit of (1) is illustrated in Fig. 1. The structure of (1) is a one-dimensional chain (Fig. 2), in which the Zn^{II} ions are coordinated by two O atoms from two monodentate carboxylate groups of two bis(diphenylacetato) ligands, two N atoms of two bridging 4,4'-bipyridine ligands and two O atoms from two water molecules. The Zn^{II} ion is in a slightly distorted octahedral coordination environment. In the crystal structure, these one-dimensional chains are linked via intermolecular O—H...O hydrogen bonds to form a two-dimensional network.

Experimental

Solid ZnCl₂ (136 mg, 1 mmol), 4,4'-bipyridine (1 mmol, 0.156 g) and diphenylacetic acid (212 mg, 1 mmol) in water (8 ml) was placed in a Teflon-lined stainless-steel Parr bomb that was heated at 433 K for 48 h. Colorless block crystals were collected after the bomb was subsequently allowed to cool to room temperature.

Refinement

The C-bound H atoms were placed to the bonded parent atoms in geometrically idealized positions (C—H = 0.93, and 0.98 Å) and refined as riding atoms, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$. The O-bound H atoms were located in difference Fourier maps and refined as riding in their as-found positions but with O—H = 0.96 Å and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$.

Figures

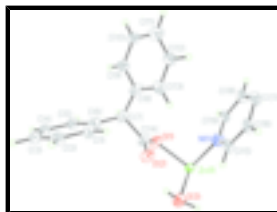


Fig. 1. The asymmetric unit of (1), showing displacement ellipsoids at the 30% probability level.

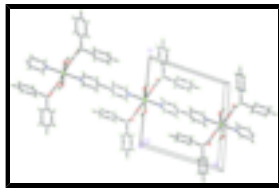


Fig. 2. Part of the one-dimensional chain structure of (I).

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Crystal data

$[\text{Zn}(\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{11}\text{O}_2)_2(\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_8\text{N}_2)(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]$	$Z = 1$
$M_r = 680.04$	$F_{000} = 354$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$D_x = 1.460 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Hall symbol: -P 1	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 5.7536 (13) \text{ \AA}$	$\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
$b = 11.882 (3) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 924 reflections
$c = 12.229 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.2\text{--}20.2^\circ$
$\alpha = 98.522 (4)^\circ$	$\mu = 0.85 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\beta = 103.273 (5)^\circ$	$T = 291 \text{ K}$
$\gamma = 103.450 (4)^\circ$	Block, colorless
$V = 773.2 (3) \text{ \AA}^3$	$0.30 \times 0.26 \times 0.24 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD diffractometer	2679 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	2234 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Monochromator: graphite	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.022$
$T = 291 \text{ K}$	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.0^\circ$
φ and ω scans	$\theta_{\text{min}} = 1.8^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2001)	$h = -6 \rightarrow 6$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.785$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.823$	$k = -12 \rightarrow 14$
3891 measured reflections	$l = -14 \rightarrow 11$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.061$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.135$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.05P)^2 + 1.22P]$
$S = 1.02$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2679 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.23 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

214 parameters

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.22 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Extinction correction: none

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.5242 (9)	0.7816 (4)	-0.0135 (4)	0.0552 (12)
H1	0.6390	0.7442	0.0197	0.066*
C2	0.4992 (9)	0.7953 (4)	-0.1250 (4)	0.0575 (12)
H2	0.5969	0.7669	-0.1672	0.069*
C3	0.3272 (9)	0.8519 (4)	-0.1754 (4)	0.0540 (11)
H3	0.3106	0.8614	-0.2507	0.065*
C4	0.1819 (9)	0.8936 (4)	-0.1118 (4)	0.0592 (13)
H4	0.0679	0.9317	-0.1441	0.071*
C5	0.2073 (8)	0.8782 (4)	0.0000 (4)	0.0481 (11)
H5	0.1076	0.9052	0.0418	0.058*
C6	0.3773 (8)	0.8238 (4)	0.0501 (4)	0.0544 (12)
C7	0.3955 (8)	0.8080 (4)	0.1714 (4)	0.0528 (12)
H7	0.2720	0.8423	0.1963	0.063*
C8	0.3306 (8)	0.6802 (4)	0.1832 (4)	0.0550 (12)
C9	0.0736 (9)	0.6218 (4)	0.1441 (4)	0.0588 (13)
H9	-0.0450	0.6615	0.1215	0.071*
C10	0.0081 (9)	0.4974 (4)	0.1416 (4)	0.0575 (13)
H10	-0.1592	0.4555	0.1163	0.069*
C11	0.1787 (9)	0.4365 (5)	0.1745 (4)	0.0557 (12)
H11	0.1303	0.3552	0.1695	0.067*
C12	0.4204 (8)	0.4999 (4)	0.2145 (4)	0.0527 (11)
H12	0.5387	0.4609	0.2393	0.063*
C13	0.4981 (10)	0.6189 (4)	0.2200 (4)	0.0552 (12)
H13	0.6662	0.6588	0.2489	0.066*
C14	0.6538 (8)	0.8770 (4)	0.2592 (4)	0.0463 (11)
C15	1.1601 (9)	0.7492 (4)	0.4541 (4)	0.0494 (11)
H15	1.2639	0.7935	0.4184	0.059*
C16	1.1620 (8)	0.6347 (4)	0.4540 (4)	0.0478 (11)
H16	1.2728	0.6045	0.4222	0.057*
C17	1.0046 (9)	0.5634 (4)	0.4995 (4)	0.0510 (11)

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C18	0.8504 (9)	0.6187 (4)	0.5508 (4)	0.0489 (11)
H18	0.7424	0.5755	0.5853	0.059*
C19	0.8580 (9)	0.7341 (4)	0.5501 (4)	0.0476 (11)
H19	0.7515	0.7669	0.5829	0.057*
N1	1.0118 (8)	0.8015 (3)	0.5046 (4)	0.0591 (10)
O1	0.6471 (6)	0.9293 (3)	0.3557 (3)	0.0600 (9)
O2	0.8431 (5)	0.8730 (3)	0.2284 (3)	0.0516 (8)
O3	1.2454 (6)	1.0195 (3)	0.3733 (3)	0.0608 (9)
H3B	1.1539	0.9696	0.2994	0.073*
H3C	1.3925	0.9961	0.4024	0.073*
Zn1	1.0000	1.0000	0.5000	0.0473 (3)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.053 (3)	0.063 (3)	0.046 (3)	0.020 (2)	0.004 (2)	0.010 (2)
C2	0.053 (3)	0.059 (3)	0.055 (3)	0.003 (2)	0.026 (2)	0.001 (2)
C3	0.051 (3)	0.056 (3)	0.049 (3)	0.008 (2)	0.010 (2)	0.011 (2)
C4	0.053 (3)	0.051 (3)	0.065 (3)	0.011 (2)	-0.007 (2)	0.028 (2)
C5	0.047 (2)	0.046 (2)	0.055 (3)	0.024 (2)	0.008 (2)	0.012 (2)
C6	0.046 (3)	0.052 (3)	0.061 (3)	0.014 (2)	0.012 (2)	0.004 (2)
C7	0.044 (2)	0.061 (3)	0.045 (2)	0.018 (2)	0.001 (2)	0.000 (2)
C8	0.042 (2)	0.051 (3)	0.056 (3)	0.002 (2)	0.006 (2)	-0.008 (2)
C9	0.062 (3)	0.057 (3)	0.050 (3)	0.000 (2)	0.016 (2)	0.013 (2)
C10	0.053 (3)	0.059 (3)	0.048 (3)	-0.013 (2)	0.024 (2)	0.005 (2)
C11	0.060 (3)	0.063 (3)	0.048 (3)	0.018 (2)	0.028 (2)	0.001 (2)
C12	0.049 (3)	0.049 (3)	0.065 (3)	0.016 (2)	0.018 (2)	0.020 (2)
C13	0.063 (3)	0.057 (3)	0.051 (3)	0.019 (2)	0.019 (2)	0.019 (2)
C14	0.039 (2)	0.045 (2)	0.047 (2)	0.0136 (18)	0.0069 (19)	-0.0099 (19)
C15	0.061 (3)	0.047 (3)	0.058 (3)	0.030 (2)	0.027 (2)	0.026 (2)
C16	0.051 (3)	0.057 (3)	0.054 (3)	0.032 (2)	0.025 (2)	0.026 (2)
C17	0.059 (3)	0.043 (2)	0.056 (3)	0.025 (2)	0.015 (2)	0.011 (2)
C18	0.054 (3)	0.058 (3)	0.049 (2)	0.030 (2)	0.019 (2)	0.021 (2)
C19	0.056 (3)	0.041 (2)	0.050 (3)	0.023 (2)	0.010 (2)	0.017 (2)
N1	0.065 (3)	0.044 (2)	0.064 (3)	0.0170 (19)	0.011 (2)	0.0041 (19)
O1	0.0470 (18)	0.067 (2)	0.057 (2)	0.0143 (16)	0.0080 (15)	-0.0010 (16)
O2	0.0419 (17)	0.0550 (19)	0.0550 (18)	0.0178 (14)	0.0141 (14)	-0.0054 (14)
O3	0.058 (2)	0.056 (2)	0.061 (2)	0.0140 (16)	0.0108 (16)	0.0031 (16)
Zn1	0.0440 (4)	0.0420 (4)	0.0436 (4)	0.0021 (3)	0.0025 (3)	0.0020 (3)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

C1—C2	1.377 (6)	C12—H12	0.9300
C1—C6	1.398 (6)	C13—H13	0.9300
C1—H1	0.9300	C14—O2	1.240 (5)
C2—C3	1.401 (7)	C14—O1	1.263 (5)
C2—H2	0.9300	C15—C16	1.363 (6)
C3—C4	1.388 (7)	C15—N1	1.368 (6)
C3—H3	0.9300	C15—H15	0.9300

C4—C5	1.385 (6)	C16—C17	1.365 (6)
C4—H4	0.9300	C16—H16	0.9300
C5—C6	1.374 (6)	C17—C18	1.420 (6)
C5—H5	0.9300	C17—C17 ⁱ	1.497 (8)
C6—C7	1.505 (7)	C18—C19	1.362 (6)
C7—C8	1.514 (7)	C18—H18	0.9300
C7—C14	1.572 (6)	C19—N1	1.328 (6)
C7—H7	0.9800	C19—H19	0.9300
C8—C13	1.373 (7)	N1—Zn1	2.384 (4)
C8—C9	1.413 (6)	O1—Zn1	2.250 (3)
C9—C10	1.432 (7)	O3—Zn1	2.326 (3)
C9—H9	0.9300	O3—H3B	0.9600
C10—C11	1.372 (7)	O3—H3C	0.9600
C10—H10	0.9300	Zn1—O1 ⁱⁱ	2.250 (3)
C11—C12	1.354 (7)	Zn1—O3 ⁱⁱ	2.326 (3)
C11—H11	0.9300	Zn1—N1 ⁱⁱ	2.384 (4)
C12—C13	1.367 (6)		
C2—C1—C6	120.1 (5)	C8—C13—H13	119.7
C2—C1—H1	120.0	O2—C14—O1	126.4 (4)
C6—C1—H1	120.0	O2—C14—C7	117.4 (4)
C1—C2—C3	120.3 (5)	O1—C14—C7	116.2 (4)
C1—C2—H2	119.9	C16—C15—N1	122.6 (4)
C3—C2—H2	119.9	C16—C15—H15	118.7
C4—C3—C2	119.3 (4)	N1—C15—H15	118.7
C4—C3—H3	120.3	C15—C16—C17	121.4 (4)
C2—C3—H3	120.3	C15—C16—H16	119.3
C5—C4—C3	119.8 (4)	C17—C16—H16	119.3
C5—C4—H4	120.1	C16—C17—C18	115.3 (4)
C3—C4—H4	120.1	C16—C17—C17 ⁱ	123.8 (5)
C6—C5—C4	121.1 (5)	C18—C17—C17 ⁱ	120.9 (5)
C6—C5—H5	119.4	C19—C18—C17	121.1 (4)
C4—C5—H5	119.4	C19—C18—H18	119.4
C5—C6—C1	119.4 (5)	C17—C18—H18	119.4
C5—C6—C7	119.0 (4)	N1—C19—C18	122.5 (4)
C1—C6—C7	121.6 (4)	N1—C19—H19	118.8
C6—C7—C8	114.4 (4)	C18—C19—H19	118.8
C6—C7—C14	113.9 (4)	C19—N1—C15	117.1 (4)
C8—C7—C14	109.1 (4)	C19—N1—Zn1	120.2 (3)
C6—C7—H7	106.3	C15—N1—Zn1	122.6 (3)
C8—C7—H7	106.3	C14—O1—Zn1	119.4 (3)
C14—C7—H7	106.3	Zn1—O3—H3B	109.4
C13—C8—C9	120.2 (5)	Zn1—O3—H3C	109.2
C13—C8—C7	125.6 (4)	H3B—O3—H3C	109.5
C9—C8—C7	114.0 (4)	O1—Zn1—O1 ⁱⁱ	180.000 (1)
C8—C9—C10	115.4 (5)	O1—Zn1—O3	92.45 (12)
C8—C9—H9	122.3	O1 ⁱⁱ —Zn1—O3	87.55 (12)
C10—C9—H9	122.3	O1—Zn1—O3 ⁱⁱ	87.55 (12)

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C11—C10—C9	123.6 (5)	O1 ⁱⁱ —Zn1—O3 ⁱⁱ	92.45 (12)
C11—C10—H10	118.2	O3—Zn1—O3 ⁱⁱ	180.000 (1)
C9—C10—H10	118.2	O1—Zn1—N1 ⁱⁱ	90.93 (13)
C12—C11—C10	117.1 (5)	O1 ⁱⁱ —Zn1—N1 ⁱⁱ	89.07 (13)
C12—C11—H11	121.4	O3—Zn1—N1 ⁱⁱ	86.86 (13)
C10—C11—H11	121.4	O3 ⁱⁱ —Zn1—N1 ⁱⁱ	93.14 (13)
C11—C12—C13	122.8 (5)	O1—Zn1—N1	89.07 (13)
C11—C12—H12	118.6	O1 ⁱⁱ —Zn1—N1	90.93 (13)
C13—C12—H12	118.6	O3—Zn1—N1	93.14 (13)
C12—C13—C8	120.7 (5)	O3 ⁱⁱ —Zn1—N1	86.86 (13)
C12—C13—H13	119.7	N1 ⁱⁱ —Zn1—N1	180.000 (2)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+2, -y+1, -z+1$; (ii) $-x+2, -y+2, -z+1$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
O3—H3B \cdots O2	0.96	1.82	2.618 (5)	139
O3—H3C \cdots O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.96	1.97	2.802 (5)	143

Symmetry codes: (iii) $x+1, y, z$.

Fig. 1

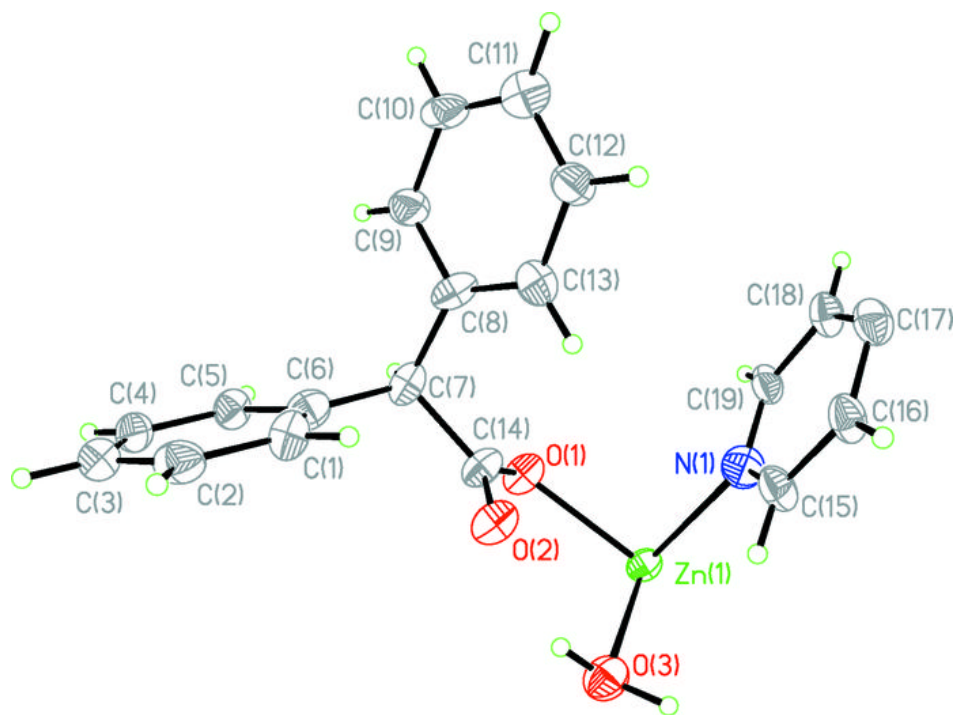


Fig. 2

