

2,5-Dimethyl-1-phenylsulfonyl-1*H*-pyrrole-3,4-dicarbaldehyde

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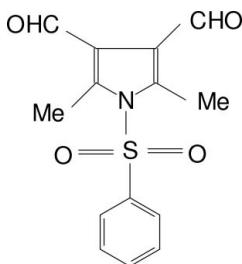
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.048; wR factor = 0.154; data-to-parameter ratio = 25.9.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{13}\text{NO}_4\text{S}$, the mean planes of the pyrrole and phenyl rings form a dihedral angle of $88.7(1)^\circ$. The aldehyde groups are slightly twisted from the pyrrole plane. In the crystal structure, molecules are linked into a three-dimensional framework by $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds.

Related literature

For general background, see: Ali *et al.* (1989); Amal Raj *et al.* (2003). For bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987). For N-atom hybridization details, see: Beddoes *et al.* (1986).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{13}\text{NO}_4\text{S}$
 $M_r = 291.31$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$

$a = 9.0257(3)\text{ \AA}$
 $b = 12.6240(5)\text{ \AA}$
 $c = 11.9914(5)\text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 97.700(2)^\circ$
 $V = 1353.99(9)\text{ \AA}^3$
 $Z = 4$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\mu = 0.25\text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 293\text{ K}$
 $0.25 \times 0.20 \times 0.20\text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII area-detector diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 2001)
 $T_{\min} = 0.940$, $T_{\max} = 0.952$

19609 measured reflections
4736 independent reflections
3164 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.032$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.154$
 $S = 1.00$
4736 reflections

183 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.19\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.42\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
C6—H6···O3	0.93	2.46	3.077 (2)	124
C7—H7A···O4	0.96	2.33	3.021 (3)	128
C11—H11···O4 ⁱ	0.93	2.53	3.456 (2)	174
C13—H13···O2	0.93	2.52	3.304 (2)	143
C14—H14···O3 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.57	3.383 (2)	146

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y, z - 1$; (ii) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2004); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2004); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *PARST* (Nardelli, 1995).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: WN2307).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, o531 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809004425]

2,5-Dimethyl-1-phenylsulfonyl-1*H*-pyrrole-3,4-dicarbaldehyde

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S1. Comment

Heterocyclic compounds, especially five-membered rings, have occupied an important place among organic compounds because of their biological activities. The fungicidal activity of novel heterocycles has been reported by Ali *et al.* (1989). These are crucial intermediates for various pyrrole natural products possessing antitumour properties. They are found to have antifungal activity against various pathogens (Amal Raj *et al.*, 2003). Against this background and in order to obtain detailed information on molecular conformation in the solid state, an X-ray crystallographic study of the title compound has been carried out and the results are presented here.

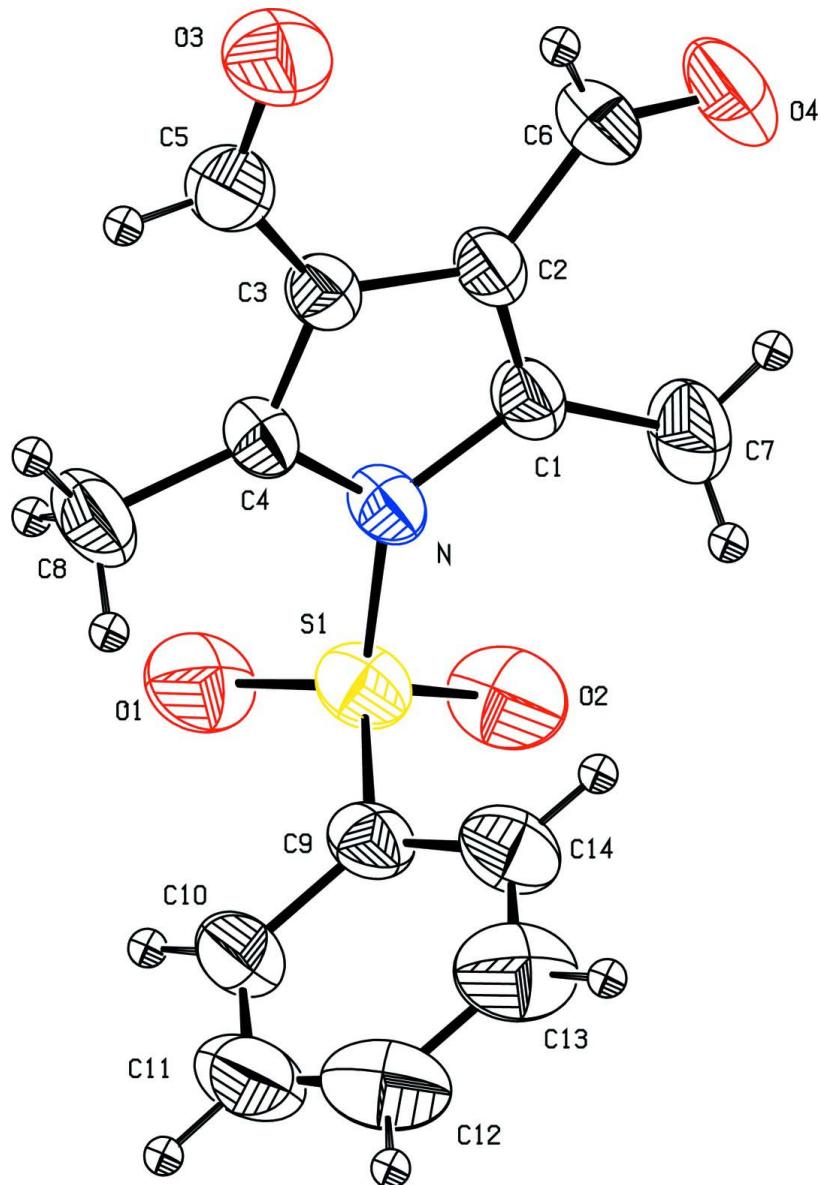
The geometric parameters are normal (Allen *et al.*, 1987). The mean planes of the pyrrole and phenyl rings form a dihedral angle of 88.7 (1)°. The aldehyde groups are slightly twisted from the pyrrole plane, with O3 towards C2 and O4 towards C1, as evidenced by the torsion angles C2—C3—C5—O3 = 2.1 (3)° and C1—C2—C6—O4 = 5.9 (3)° (Fig. 1). The sum of the angles at N is 360.0, which is an indication of sp^2 hybridization (Beddoes *et al.*, 1986). In the crystal structure, the molecules are linked into a three-dimensional framework by C—H···O hydrogen bonds (Fig. 2 and Table 1).

S2. Experimental

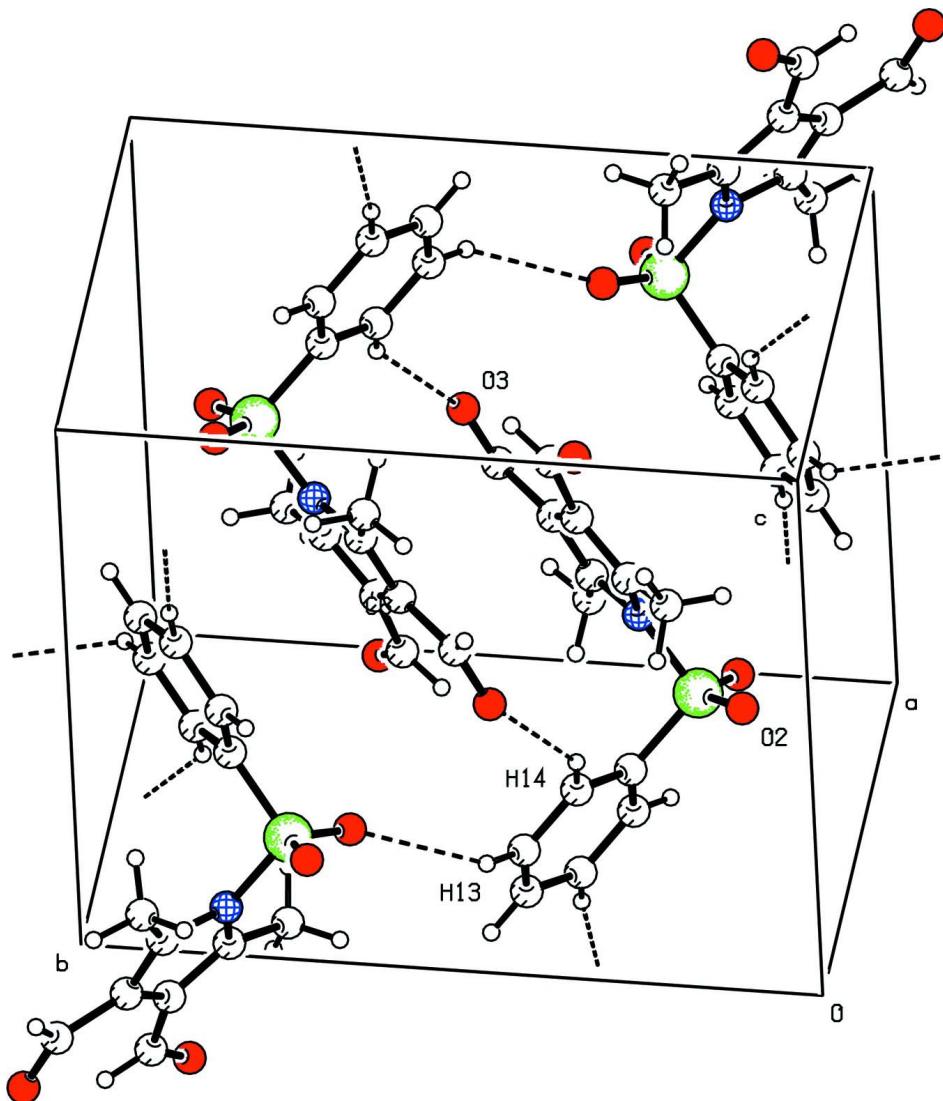
To a suspension of 3°-butoxide (4.4 g, 39.7 mmol) in dry THF (20 ml), 18-crown-6 (catalyst) and 2,5-dimethyl-1*H*-pyrrole-3,4-dicarbaldehyde (4 g, 26.5 mmol) in dry THF were added slowly at room temperature and the reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min. To this, PhSO₂Cl (6.1 g, 34.4 mmol) in dry THF (15 ml) was added and stirred for another 4 h. The mixture was then poured over ice–water (500 ml) and the solid obtained was filtered. The product, 2,5-dimethyl-1-(phenyl sulfonyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-3,4-dicarbaldehyde, was recrystallized from methanol. Yield 4.9 g (64%). M.p. = 395 K.

S3. Refinement

All H atoms were positioned geometrically and allowed to ride on their parent atoms, with C—H = 0.93–0.96 Å and U_{iso}(H) = 1.5 U_{eq}(C) for methyl H atoms and 1.2U_{eq}(C) for other H atoms.

**Figure 1**

Molecular structure of the title compound showing 30% probability displacement ellipsoids. Hydrogen atoms are represented by spheres of arbitrary radius.

**Figure 2**

Crystal packing of the title compound. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

2,5-Dimethyl-1-phenylsulfonyl-1*H*-pyrrole-3,4-dicarbaldehyde

Crystal data

$C_{14}H_{13}NO_4S$
 $M_r = 291.31$
 Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$
 $a = 9.0257 (3) \text{ \AA}$
 $b = 12.6240 (5) \text{ \AA}$
 $c = 11.9914 (5) \text{ \AA}$
 $\beta = 97.700 (2)^\circ$
 $V = 1353.99 (9) \text{ \AA}^3$
 $Z = 4$

$F(000) = 608$
 $D_x = 1.429 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
 Cell parameters from 6814 reflections
 $\theta = 2.4\text{--}32.2^\circ$
 $\mu = 0.25 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 293 \text{ K}$
 Block, colourless
 $0.25 \times 0.20 \times 0.20 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker Kappa-APEXII area-detector
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
 ω scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 2001)
 $T_{\min} = 0.940$, $T_{\max} = 0.952$

19609 measured reflections
4736 independent reflections
3164 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.032$
 $\theta_{\max} = 32.2^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.4^\circ$
 $h = -13 \rightarrow 10$
 $k = -18 \rightarrow 18$
 $l = -16 \rightarrow 17$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.154$
 $S = 1.00$
4736 reflections
183 parameters
0 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites
H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0787P)^2 + 0.2246P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.19 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.42 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	0.51190 (5)	0.21083 (3)	0.25629 (3)	0.05026 (14)
N	0.56878 (14)	0.29263 (9)	0.36572 (10)	0.0417 (3)
O1	0.64275 (15)	0.17150 (11)	0.21659 (11)	0.0704 (4)
O3	0.82639 (16)	0.54763 (12)	0.58440 (12)	0.0777 (4)
O2	0.40939 (17)	0.13956 (10)	0.29555 (12)	0.0743 (4)
O4	0.49857 (19)	0.36086 (17)	0.70677 (12)	0.1023 (6)
C1	0.51247 (15)	0.29778 (11)	0.46937 (11)	0.0422 (3)
C2	0.59280 (15)	0.37280 (11)	0.53213 (11)	0.0404 (3)
C3	0.69918 (14)	0.41747 (11)	0.46621 (11)	0.0383 (3)
C4	0.68371 (15)	0.36717 (11)	0.36473 (11)	0.0412 (3)
C5	0.80621 (18)	0.50177 (13)	0.49571 (14)	0.0524 (4)
H5	0.8646	0.5223	0.4412	0.063*
C6	0.57651 (19)	0.40278 (16)	0.64774 (13)	0.0579 (4)
H6	0.6327	0.4602	0.6779	0.069*
C7	0.3863 (2)	0.23246 (17)	0.50008 (16)	0.0661 (5)
H7A	0.3587	0.2571	0.5702	0.099*

H7B	0.4168	0.1597	0.5075	0.099*
H7C	0.3022	0.2386	0.4423	0.099*
C8	0.7684 (2)	0.38292 (17)	0.26769 (14)	0.0662 (5)
H8A	0.8349	0.4421	0.2825	0.099*
H8B	0.6997	0.3965	0.2009	0.099*
H8C	0.8253	0.3203	0.2571	0.099*
C9	0.41822 (17)	0.29562 (12)	0.15557 (12)	0.0455 (3)
C10	0.4612 (2)	0.29939 (16)	0.04944 (14)	0.0604 (4)
H10	0.5403	0.2583	0.0315	0.072*
C11	0.3837 (3)	0.3659 (2)	-0.02973 (16)	0.0767 (6)
H11	0.4104	0.3696	-0.1019	0.092*
C12	0.2683 (3)	0.42608 (17)	-0.00229 (17)	0.0780 (6)
H12	0.2176	0.4707	-0.0561	0.094*
C13	0.2260 (3)	0.42188 (16)	0.10310 (18)	0.0744 (6)
H13	0.1476	0.4638	0.1207	0.089*
C14	0.3000 (2)	0.35534 (13)	0.18281 (14)	0.0579 (4)
H14	0.2708	0.3507	0.2541	0.069*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
S1	0.0664 (3)	0.0385 (2)	0.0462 (2)	-0.00334 (15)	0.00855 (17)	-0.00739 (14)
N	0.0513 (6)	0.0408 (6)	0.0347 (5)	-0.0058 (5)	0.0120 (5)	-0.0013 (4)
O1	0.0800 (8)	0.0655 (8)	0.0655 (8)	0.0209 (7)	0.0084 (6)	-0.0213 (6)
O3	0.0858 (9)	0.0823 (10)	0.0652 (8)	-0.0240 (7)	0.0105 (7)	-0.0272 (7)
O2	0.1039 (10)	0.0500 (7)	0.0681 (8)	-0.0305 (7)	0.0080 (7)	0.0000 (6)
O4	0.1016 (12)	0.1637 (17)	0.0496 (8)	-0.0353 (11)	0.0398 (8)	-0.0136 (9)
C1	0.0459 (7)	0.0463 (7)	0.0362 (6)	-0.0003 (5)	0.0121 (5)	0.0061 (5)
C2	0.0429 (6)	0.0467 (7)	0.0333 (6)	0.0049 (5)	0.0115 (5)	0.0032 (5)
C3	0.0418 (6)	0.0389 (7)	0.0347 (6)	0.0024 (5)	0.0074 (5)	0.0024 (5)
C4	0.0465 (7)	0.0430 (7)	0.0358 (6)	-0.0019 (5)	0.0123 (5)	0.0015 (5)
C5	0.0560 (8)	0.0535 (9)	0.0480 (8)	-0.0081 (7)	0.0078 (6)	-0.0012 (7)
C6	0.0595 (9)	0.0796 (12)	0.0366 (7)	0.0025 (8)	0.0143 (6)	-0.0055 (7)
C7	0.0662 (10)	0.0772 (12)	0.0595 (10)	-0.0208 (9)	0.0248 (8)	0.0053 (9)
C8	0.0784 (12)	0.0817 (13)	0.0445 (9)	-0.0255 (10)	0.0295 (8)	-0.0068 (8)
C9	0.0551 (8)	0.0435 (7)	0.0379 (7)	-0.0089 (6)	0.0067 (6)	-0.0098 (5)
C10	0.0643 (10)	0.0774 (12)	0.0411 (8)	-0.0095 (8)	0.0134 (7)	-0.0091 (8)
C11	0.0942 (15)	0.0952 (16)	0.0402 (9)	-0.0202 (12)	0.0072 (9)	0.0005 (9)
C12	0.1054 (16)	0.0665 (12)	0.0567 (11)	-0.0007 (11)	-0.0086 (11)	0.0022 (9)
C13	0.0900 (14)	0.0586 (11)	0.0710 (12)	0.0162 (10)	-0.0029 (10)	-0.0134 (9)
C14	0.0742 (11)	0.0527 (9)	0.0472 (9)	0.0036 (8)	0.0099 (8)	-0.0136 (7)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

S1—O2	1.4155 (13)	C7—H7A	0.9600
S1—O1	1.4209 (13)	C7—H7B	0.9600
S1—N	1.6945 (12)	C7—H7C	0.9600
S1—C9	1.7452 (17)	C8—H8A	0.9600

N—C4	1.4018 (17)	C8—H8B	0.9600
N—C1	1.4060 (17)	C8—H8C	0.9600
O3—C5	1.203 (2)	C9—C10	1.380 (2)
O4—C6	1.187 (2)	C9—C14	1.381 (2)
C1—C2	1.358 (2)	C10—C11	1.385 (3)
C1—C7	1.492 (2)	C10—H10	0.9300
C2—C3	1.4382 (18)	C11—C12	1.364 (3)
C2—C6	1.463 (2)	C11—H11	0.9300
C3—C4	1.3631 (19)	C12—C13	1.370 (3)
C3—C5	1.449 (2)	C12—H12	0.9300
C4—C8	1.4890 (19)	C13—C14	1.376 (3)
C5—H5	0.9300	C13—H13	0.9300
C6—H6	0.9300	C14—H14	0.9300
O2—S1—O1	119.94 (9)	H7A—C7—H7B	109.5
O2—S1—N	105.88 (7)	C1—C7—H7C	109.5
O1—S1—N	107.05 (7)	H7A—C7—H7C	109.5
O2—S1—C9	110.02 (8)	H7B—C7—H7C	109.5
O1—S1—C9	109.26 (8)	C4—C8—H8A	109.5
N—S1—C9	103.33 (7)	C4—C8—H8B	109.5
C4—N—C1	109.39 (11)	H8A—C8—H8B	109.5
C4—N—S1	123.39 (9)	C4—C8—H8C	109.5
C1—N—S1	127.22 (10)	H8A—C8—H8C	109.5
C2—C1—N	107.03 (11)	H8B—C8—H8C	109.5
C2—C1—C7	128.14 (13)	C10—C9—C14	121.40 (16)
N—C1—C7	124.83 (14)	C10—C9—S1	119.29 (14)
C1—C2—C3	108.37 (12)	C14—C9—S1	119.29 (12)
C1—C2—C6	126.27 (13)	C9—C10—C11	118.31 (18)
C3—C2—C6	125.35 (14)	C9—C10—H10	120.8
C4—C3—C2	108.18 (12)	C11—C10—H10	120.8
C4—C3—C5	123.06 (13)	C12—C11—C10	120.27 (18)
C2—C3—C5	128.76 (13)	C12—C11—H11	119.9
C3—C4—N	107.02 (11)	C10—C11—H11	119.9
C3—C4—C8	129.31 (14)	C11—C12—C13	121.2 (2)
N—C4—C8	123.67 (13)	C11—C12—H12	119.4
O3—C5—C3	125.90 (15)	C13—C12—H12	119.4
O3—C5—H5	117.1	C12—C13—C14	119.66 (19)
C3—C5—H5	117.1	C12—C13—H13	120.2
O4—C6—C2	126.33 (18)	C14—C13—H13	120.2
O4—C6—H6	116.8	C13—C14—C9	119.18 (16)
C2—C6—H6	116.8	C13—C14—H14	120.4
C1—C7—H7A	109.5	C9—C14—H14	120.4
C1—C7—H7B	109.5		
O2—S1—N—C4	172.55 (12)	C1—N—C4—C3	0.29 (16)
O1—S1—N—C4	43.51 (14)	S1—N—C4—C3	-179.53 (10)
C9—S1—N—C4	-71.78 (13)	C1—N—C4—C8	179.88 (15)
O2—S1—N—C1	-7.23 (15)	S1—N—C4—C8	0.1 (2)

O1—S1—N—C1	−136.28 (13)	C4—C3—C5—O3	−178.68 (17)
C9—S1—N—C1	108.43 (13)	C2—C3—C5—O3	2.1 (3)
C4—N—C1—C2	−1.03 (16)	C1—C2—C6—O4	5.9 (3)
S1—N—C1—C2	178.78 (10)	C3—C2—C6—O4	−173.12 (19)
C4—N—C1—C7	178.16 (15)	O2—S1—C9—C10	−122.33 (14)
S1—N—C1—C7	−2.0 (2)	O1—S1—C9—C10	11.30 (15)
N—C1—C2—C3	1.33 (16)	N—S1—C9—C10	125.00 (13)
C7—C1—C2—C3	−177.83 (16)	O2—S1—C9—C14	55.92 (14)
N—C1—C2—C6	−177.86 (14)	O1—S1—C9—C14	−170.46 (12)
C7—C1—C2—C6	3.0 (3)	N—S1—C9—C14	−56.75 (13)
C1—C2—C3—C4	−1.18 (16)	C14—C9—C10—C11	0.7 (3)
C6—C2—C3—C4	178.02 (14)	S1—C9—C10—C11	178.93 (14)
C1—C2—C3—C5	178.14 (14)	C9—C10—C11—C12	0.3 (3)
C6—C2—C3—C5	−2.7 (2)	C10—C11—C12—C13	−0.4 (3)
C2—C3—C4—N	0.53 (15)	C11—C12—C13—C14	−0.5 (3)
C5—C3—C4—N	−178.84 (13)	C12—C13—C14—C9	1.4 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C8	−179.04 (17)	C10—C9—C14—C13	−1.6 (2)
C5—C3—C4—C8	1.6 (3)	S1—C9—C14—C13	−179.77 (14)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
C6—H6···O3	0.93	2.46	3.077 (2)	124
C7—H7A···O4	0.96	2.33	3.021 (3)	128
C11—H11···O4 ⁱ	0.93	2.53	3.456 (2)	174
C13—H13···O2	0.93	2.52	3.304 (2)	143
C14—H14···O3 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.57	3.383 (2)	146

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y, z-1$; (ii) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$.