

Diaquadibromidobis[3-dimethylamino-1-(4-pyridyl- κ N)prop-2-en-1-one]-cadmium(II)

Hua-Ze Dong,^a Zhao-Lian Chu^b and Nai-Liang Hu^{c*}

^aDepartment of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Hefei Teachers College, Hefei 230061, People's Republic of China, ^bInstitute of Molecular Engineering & Applied Chemistry, School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Anhui University of Technology, Maanshan 243002, People's Republic of China, and ^cSchool of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Anhui University, Hefei 230039, People's Republic of China
Correspondence e-mail: dapdong@163.com

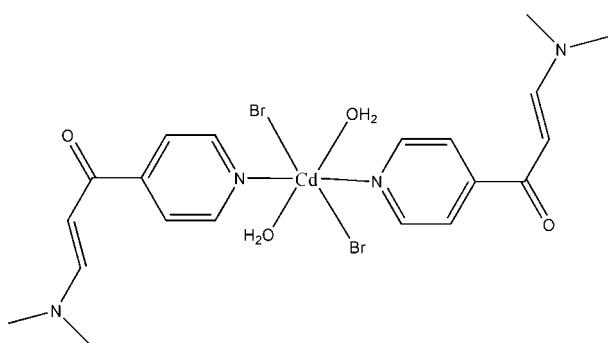
Received 20 February 2009; accepted 25 February 2009

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 273\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.035; wR factor = 0.090; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.4.

In the title compound, $[\text{CdBr}_2(\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2\text{O})_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]$, the Cd^{II} ion is located on an inversion center and is six-coordinated by two N atoms [$\text{Cd}-\text{N} = 2.377(3)\text{ \AA}$] from two different 3-dimethylamino-1-(4-pyridyl)prop-2-en-1-one ligands, two O atoms [$\text{Cd}-\text{O} = 2.355(2)\text{ \AA}$] from two coordinated water molecules and two bromide anions [$\text{Cd}-\text{Br} = 2.6855(5)\text{ \AA}$]. Intermolecular O–H \cdots O hydrogen bonds link the molecules into layers parallel to the bc plane.

Related literature

For general background, see: Bi *et al.* (2008); Dong *et al.* (2008). For related structures, see: Hu *et al.* (2003); Ito *et al.* (1984). For details of the synthesis, see Sun *et al.* (2008).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[\text{CdBr}_2(\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2\text{O})_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]$	$V = 2401.1(5)\text{ \AA}^3$
$M_r = 660.68$	$Z = 4$
Monoclinic, $C2/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 21.362(3)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 4.27\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$b = 8.4360(9)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 273\text{ K}$
$c = 14.6371(16)\text{ \AA}$	$0.2 \times 0.2 \times 0.2\text{ mm}$
$\beta = 114.456(3)^{\circ}$	

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer	6227 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2000)	2356 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.407$, $T_{\max} = 0.424$	2085 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.073$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$	144 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.090$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.02$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.62\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
2356 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.93\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^{\circ}$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{O}2-\text{H}2\text{A}\cdots\text{O}1^{\text{i}}$	0.85	2.02	2.770(3)	147
$\text{O}2-\text{H}2\text{B}\cdots\text{O}1^{\text{ii}}$	0.85	2.31	2.751(4)	113

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y - 1, z$; (ii) $-x + 1, y - 1, -z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2000); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2000); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

The authors are indebted to Anhui Provincial Natural Science Research Project (KJ2009B240Z) and the National Natural Science Foundation of China (No.20871039) for financial support.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CV2525).

References

- Bi, J. H., Kong, L. T., Huang, Z. X. & Liu, J. H. (2008). *Inorg. Chem.* **47**, 4564–4569.
- Bruker (2000). *SADABS*, *SMART* and *SAINT*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Dong, H. Z., Yang, J., Liu, X. & Gou, S. H. (2008). *Inorg. Chem.* **47**, 2913–2915.
- Hu, C. H., Li, Q. & Englert, U. (2003). *CrystEngComm*, **5**, 519–529.
- Ito, M., Shibata, T. & Saito, Y. (1984). *Acta Cryst. C* **40**, 2041–2043.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst. A* **64**, 112–122.
- Sun, Y.-Y., Dong, H.-Z. & Cheng, L. (2008). *Acta Cryst. E* **64**, o901.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, m358 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809007028]

Diaquadibromidobis[3-dimethylamino-1-(4-pyridyl- κ N)prop-2-en-1-one]cadmium(II)

Hua-Ze Dong, Zhao-Lian Chu and Nai-Liang Hu

S1. Comment

In recent years, researchers showed considerable interest in the physical and chemical properties of mono- and polynuclear complexes of transition metals having the d^{10} electronic configuration (Bi *et al.*, 2008; Dong *et al.*, 2008). Ligands with pyridyl group have been used to generate various metal-organic architectures with cadmium salts (Hu *et al.*, 2003; Ito *et al.*, 1984). Here we report a new monomeric cadmium(II) complex, *viz.* the title compound, $[\text{Cd}(\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2\text{O})_2\text{Br}_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]$.

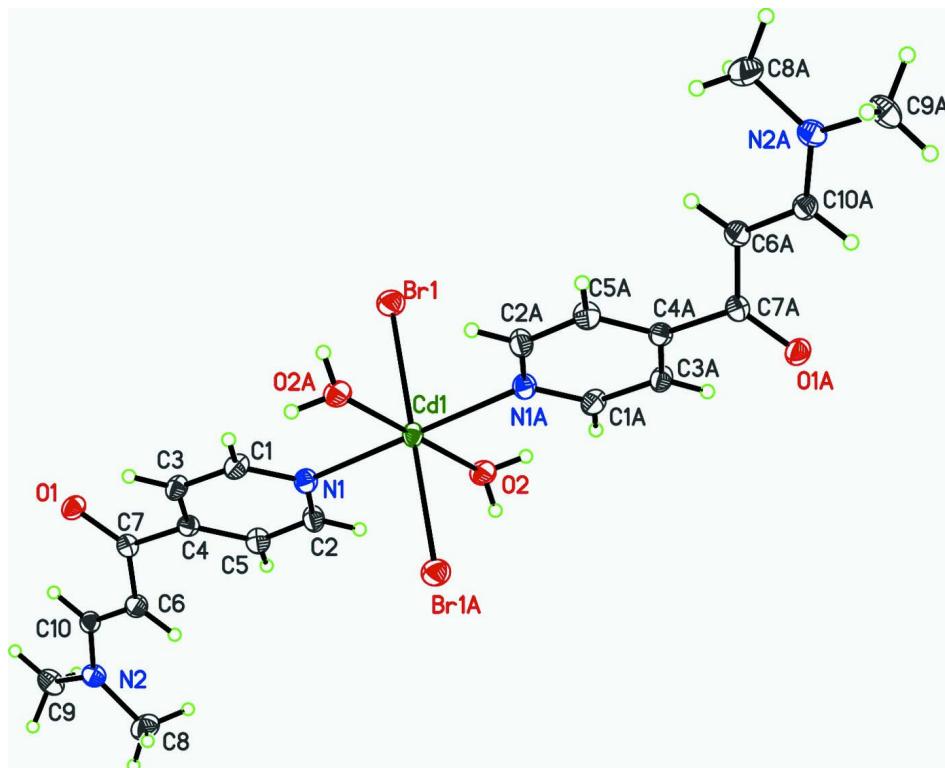
The asymmetric unit of the title compound contains a half of centrosymmetric molecule, and the Cd^{II} ion lies on an inversion center. Each Cd^{II} ion exhibits an octahedral environment with two nitrogen atoms from the pyridyl groups of two ligands, two oxygen atoms from two coordinated water molecules, and two bromine anions (Fig. 1). Intermolecular O—H···O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) link the molecules into layers parallel to bc plane.

S2. Experimental

All solvents and chemicals were of analytical grade and were used without further purification. Ligand was prepared by similar procedure reported in the literature (Sun *et al.*, 2008). For the synthesis of title compound, a solution of ligand (0.1 mmol), CdBr_2 (0.1 mmol) in 30 ml methanol was refluxed for 2 h, and then cooled to room temperature and filtered. Single crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were grown from the methanol solution by slow evaporation at room temperature in air. Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{28}\text{CdN}_4\text{O}_4\text{Br}_2$: C, 36.36; H, 4.27; N, 8.48. Found: C, 36.38; H, 4.38; N, 8.32. Main FT—IR (KBr, cm^{-1}): 3078(*w*), 1627(*s*), 1603(*m*), 1558(*w*), 1498(*s*), 1437(*m*), 1384(*m*), 1329(*w*), 1233(*m*), 781(*w*).

S3. Refinement

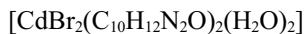
All hydrogen atoms were geometrically positioned (C—H 0.93–0.97 Å, O—H 0.85 Å) and refined as riding, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H})=1.2\text{--}1.5 U_{\text{eq}}$ of the parent atom.

**Figure 1**

Molecular structure of the title compound, showing 30% probability displacement ellipsoids and the atom-numbering [symmetry code: (A) $1 - x, 1 - y, 1 - z$].

Diaquadibromidobis[3-dimethylamino-1-(4-pyridyl- κ N)prop-2-en-1-one]cadmium(II)

Crystal data



$M_r = 660.68$

Monoclinic, $C2/c$

Hall symbol: -C 2yc

$a = 21.362 (3)$ Å

$b = 8.4360 (9)$ Å

$c = 14.6371 (16)$ Å

$\beta = 114.456 (3)^\circ$

$V = 2401.1 (5)$ Å³

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 1304$

$D_x = 1.828 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 3328 reflections

$\theta = 2.6\text{--}27.8^\circ$

$\mu = 4.27 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 273$ K

Block, colourless

$0.2 \times 0.2 \times 0.2$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2000)

$T_{\min} = 0.407$, $T_{\max} = 0.424$

6227 measured reflections

2356 independent reflections

2085 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.073$

$\theta_{\max} = 26.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.1^\circ$

$h = -26 \rightarrow 25$

$k = -8 \rightarrow 10$

$l = -18 \rightarrow 17$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.090$
 $S = 1.02$
 2356 reflections
 144 parameters
 0 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0479P)^2]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.62 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.93 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Experimental. The structure was solved by direct methods (Bruker, 2000) and successive difference Fourier syntheses.

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cd1	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.02740 (13)
Br1	0.626658 (19)	0.61470 (5)	0.54529 (3)	0.04254 (15)
C1	0.44435 (18)	0.8564 (4)	0.4098 (2)	0.0332 (8)
H1	0.4561	0.8760	0.4775	0.040*
C2	0.43309 (18)	0.6830 (4)	0.2848 (2)	0.0350 (8)
H2	0.4368	0.5807	0.2639	0.042*
C3	0.42099 (19)	0.9802 (4)	0.3443 (2)	0.0317 (8)
H3	0.4171	1.0810	0.3673	0.038*
C4	0.40298 (16)	0.9534 (4)	0.2423 (2)	0.0270 (7)
C5	0.40919 (18)	0.7997 (4)	0.2139 (2)	0.0341 (8)
H5	0.3971	0.7758	0.1467	0.041*
C6	0.33391 (18)	1.0483 (5)	0.0698 (2)	0.0337 (8)
H6	0.3149	0.9472	0.0558	0.040*
C7	0.38011 (16)	1.0865 (4)	0.1687 (2)	0.0276 (7)
C8	0.2340 (2)	0.9862 (5)	-0.1300 (3)	0.0524 (11)
H8A	0.2646	0.9016	-0.1281	0.079*
H8B	0.1990	0.9969	-0.1970	0.079*
H8C	0.2131	0.9631	-0.0848	0.079*
C9	0.2647 (2)	1.2464 (5)	-0.1787 (3)	0.0423 (9)
H9A	0.2856	1.3452	-0.1492	0.063*
H9B	0.2167	1.2629	-0.2196	0.063*
H9C	0.2866	1.2058	-0.2195	0.063*
C10	0.31637 (17)	1.1583 (4)	-0.0065 (2)	0.0299 (7)
H10	0.3371	1.2575	0.0093	0.036*

N1	0.45139 (14)	0.7084 (3)	0.38242 (19)	0.0311 (6)
N2	0.27261 (15)	1.1335 (4)	-0.1000 (2)	0.0338 (7)
O1	0.40227 (12)	1.2232 (3)	0.19871 (16)	0.0343 (5)
O2	0.50607 (12)	0.3380 (3)	0.37287 (16)	0.0368 (6)
H2A	0.4661	0.3344	0.3253	0.044*
H2B	0.5323	0.3885	0.3525	0.044*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cd1	0.0341 (2)	0.0237 (2)	0.02374 (19)	0.00164 (13)	0.01137 (15)	0.00238 (13)
Br1	0.0377 (2)	0.0426 (3)	0.0455 (2)	-0.00547 (16)	0.01541 (19)	0.00457 (17)
C1	0.043 (2)	0.031 (2)	0.0228 (15)	-0.0064 (15)	0.0108 (14)	0.0005 (14)
C2	0.043 (2)	0.0280 (19)	0.0297 (16)	0.0049 (15)	0.0112 (15)	0.0012 (15)
C3	0.043 (2)	0.0242 (19)	0.0264 (16)	-0.0044 (14)	0.0129 (15)	-0.0006 (13)
C4	0.0252 (17)	0.0282 (17)	0.0270 (15)	-0.0016 (13)	0.0102 (13)	0.0032 (14)
C5	0.042 (2)	0.036 (2)	0.0241 (15)	0.0019 (15)	0.0131 (15)	-0.0017 (15)
C6	0.037 (2)	0.0299 (19)	0.0284 (16)	-0.0003 (15)	0.0076 (15)	0.0022 (15)
C7	0.0299 (18)	0.029 (2)	0.0260 (16)	0.0017 (14)	0.0132 (14)	0.0028 (14)
C8	0.058 (3)	0.049 (3)	0.037 (2)	-0.0098 (19)	0.006 (2)	-0.0102 (18)
C9	0.044 (2)	0.051 (2)	0.0299 (17)	0.0098 (18)	0.0135 (16)	0.0129 (17)
C10	0.0322 (18)	0.0291 (18)	0.0275 (15)	0.0002 (14)	0.0115 (14)	-0.0019 (14)
N1	0.0342 (16)	0.0294 (17)	0.0295 (14)	-0.0007 (12)	0.0129 (12)	0.0049 (12)
N2	0.0338 (16)	0.0398 (18)	0.0251 (13)	0.0008 (12)	0.0094 (12)	0.0021 (13)
O1	0.0407 (14)	0.0288 (14)	0.0293 (11)	-0.0061 (10)	0.0105 (11)	0.0017 (10)
O2	0.0361 (13)	0.0434 (15)	0.0304 (12)	-0.0041 (11)	0.0132 (10)	-0.0094 (11)

Geometric parameters (\AA , ^\circ)

Cd1—O2 ⁱ	2.355 (2)	C6—C10	1.379 (5)
Cd1—O2	2.355 (2)	C6—C7	1.411 (4)
Cd1—N1 ⁱ	2.377 (3)	C6—H6	0.9300
Cd1—N1	2.377 (3)	C7—O1	1.255 (4)
Cd1—Br1 ⁱ	2.6855 (5)	C8—N2	1.455 (5)
Cd1—Br1	2.6855 (5)	C8—H8A	0.9600
C1—N1	1.339 (4)	C8—H8B	0.9600
C1—C3	1.365 (5)	C8—H8C	0.9600
C1—H1	0.9300	C9—N2	1.449 (4)
C2—N1	1.333 (4)	C9—H9A	0.9600
C2—C5	1.366 (5)	C9—H9B	0.9600
C2—H2	0.9300	C9—H9C	0.9600
C3—C4	1.398 (4)	C10—N2	1.316 (4)
C3—H3	0.9300	C10—H10	0.9300
C4—C5	1.385 (5)	O2—H2A	0.8500
C4—C7	1.491 (4)	O2—H2B	0.8501
C5—H5	0.9300		
O2 ⁱ —Cd1—O2	180.0	C10—C6—C7	121.2 (3)

O2 ⁱ —Cd1—N1 ⁱ	90.43 (9)	C10—C6—H6	119.4
O2—Cd1—N1 ⁱ	89.57 (9)	C7—C6—H6	119.4
O2 ⁱ —Cd1—N1	89.57 (9)	O1—C7—C6	124.8 (3)
O2—Cd1—N1	90.43 (9)	O1—C7—C4	118.4 (3)
N1 ⁱ —Cd1—N1	180.00 (11)	C6—C7—C4	116.8 (3)
O2 ⁱ —Cd1—Br1 ⁱ	91.41 (6)	N2—C8—H8A	109.5
O2—Cd1—Br1 ⁱ	88.59 (6)	N2—C8—H8B	109.5
N1 ⁱ —Cd1—Br1 ⁱ	90.33 (7)	H8A—C8—H8B	109.5
N1—Cd1—Br1 ⁱ	89.67 (7)	N2—C8—H8C	109.5
O2 ⁱ —Cd1—Br1	88.59 (6)	H8A—C8—H8C	109.5
O2—Cd1—Br1	91.41 (6)	H8B—C8—H8C	109.5
N1 ⁱ —Cd1—Br1	89.67 (7)	N2—C9—H9A	109.5
N1—Cd1—Br1	90.33 (7)	N2—C9—H9B	109.5
Br1 ⁱ —Cd1—Br1	180.000 (15)	H9A—C9—H9B	109.5
N1—C1—C3	123.8 (3)	N2—C9—H9C	109.5
N1—C1—H1	118.1	H9A—C9—H9C	109.5
C3—C1—H1	118.1	H9B—C9—H9C	109.5
N1—C2—C5	123.3 (3)	N2—C10—C6	125.0 (3)
N1—C2—H2	118.3	N2—C10—H10	117.5
C5—C2—H2	118.3	C6—C10—H10	117.5
C1—C3—C4	119.1 (3)	C2—N1—C1	116.8 (3)
C1—C3—H3	120.5	C2—N1—Cd1	120.2 (2)
C4—C3—H3	120.5	C1—N1—Cd1	122.8 (2)
C5—C4—C3	117.0 (3)	C10—N2—C9	121.4 (3)
C5—C4—C7	122.1 (3)	C10—N2—C8	121.3 (3)
C3—C4—C7	120.9 (3)	C9—N2—C8	117.2 (3)
C2—C5—C4	119.9 (3)	Cd1—O2—H2A	107.7
C2—C5—H5	120.0	Cd1—O2—H2B	104.3
C4—C5—H5	120.0	H2A—O2—H2B	108.3

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D\text{—H}\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}\cdots A$
O2—H2A ⁱⁱ —O1 ⁱⁱ	0.85	2.02	2.770 (3)	147
O2—H2B ⁱⁱⁱ —O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.85	2.31	2.751 (4)	113

Symmetry codes: (ii) $x, y-1, z$; (iii) $-x+1, y-1, -z+1/2$.