

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

{6,6'-Diethoxy-2,2'-[ethane-1,2-diylbis-(nitrilomethylidyne)]diphenolato}zinc(II) monohydrate

Yong-Miao Shen^a and Wei Wang^{b*}

^aDepartment of Chemistry, Shaoxing University, Shaoxing 312000, People's Republic of China, and ^bYancheng Institute of Technology, School of Chemical and Biological Engineering, Yancheng 224003, People's Republic of China
Correspondence e-mail: chemreagent@yahoo.cn

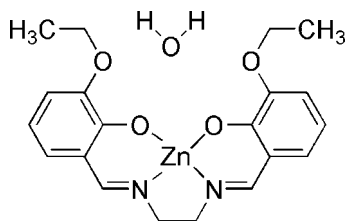
Received 28 February 2009; accepted 20 March 2009

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 273$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$ Å; R factor = 0.034; wR factor = 0.101; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.9.

The molecule of the title compound, $[\text{Zn}(\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{22}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4)] \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$, deviates from planarity with a dihedral angle between the two benzene rings is $18.3(1)^\circ$. The four-coordinate Zn^{II} ion has a distorted square-planar coordination and is N_2O_2 -chelated by the Schiff base ligand. The Zn^{II} ion and solvent water molecule are located on a twofold rotation axis. The structure displays intermolecular $\text{O}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$ hydrogen bonding.

Related literature

For the chemical properties of Schiff bases, see: Lindoy *et al.* (1976). For N,N' -disalicylideneethylenediamine complexes, see: Correia *et al.* (2005); Cunningham *et al.* (2000). For bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $[\text{Zn}(\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{22}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4)] \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$ $M_r = 437.78$ Orthorhombic, $Pbcn$ $a = 12.6512(16)$ Å $b = 19.986(3)$ Å $c = 7.8708(10)$ Å $V = 1990.1(4)$ Å³ $Z = 4$ Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 1.27$ mm⁻¹ $T = 273$ K $0.25 \times 0.21 \times 0.17$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 2003) $T_{\text{min}} = 0.742$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.813$

9492 measured reflections

1855 independent reflections

1423 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.031$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.034$ $wR(F^2) = 0.101$ $S = 1.04$

1855 reflections

133 parameters

1 restraint

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.24$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.46$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H \cdots A$	$D-H$	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-H \cdots A$
$\text{O3}-\text{H3A} \cdots \text{O1}^i$	0.807 (10)	2.91 (5)	3.071 (4)	94 (3)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 1, y, -z + \frac{1}{2}$

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2004); cell refinement: *SAINT-Plus* (Bruker, 2001); data reduction: *SAINT-Plus*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *XP* in *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *XP* in *SHELXTL*.

This work was supported by the Zhejiang Provincial Natural Science Foundation (Y4080395).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: PK2159).

References

- Allen, F. H., Kennard, O., Watson, D. G., Brammer, L., Orpen, A. G. & Taylor, R. (1987). *J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. 2*, pp. S1–19.
- Bruker (2001). *SAINT-Plus*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Bruker (2004). *APEX2*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Correia, I., Pessoa, J. C., Duarte, M. T., da Piedade, M. F. M., Jackush, T., Kiss, T., Castro, M. M. C. A., Geraldes, C. F. G. C. & Aveçilla F. (2005). *Eur. J. Inorg. Chem.* pp. 732–744.
- Cunningham, D., McArdle, P., Mitchell, M., Chonchubhair, N. N., Gara, M. O., Franceschi, F. & Floriani, C. (2000). *Inorg. Chem.* **39**, 1639–1649.
- Lindoy, L. F., Lip, H. C., Power, L. F. & Rea, T. H. (1976). *Inorg. Chem.* **15**, 1724–1727.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2003). *SADABS*. University of Göttingen, Germany.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, m444 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809010344]

{6,6'-Diethoxy-2,2'-[ethane-1,2-diylbis(nitrilomethylidyne)]diphenolato}zinc(II) monohydrate

Yong-Miao Shen and Wei Wang

S1. Comment

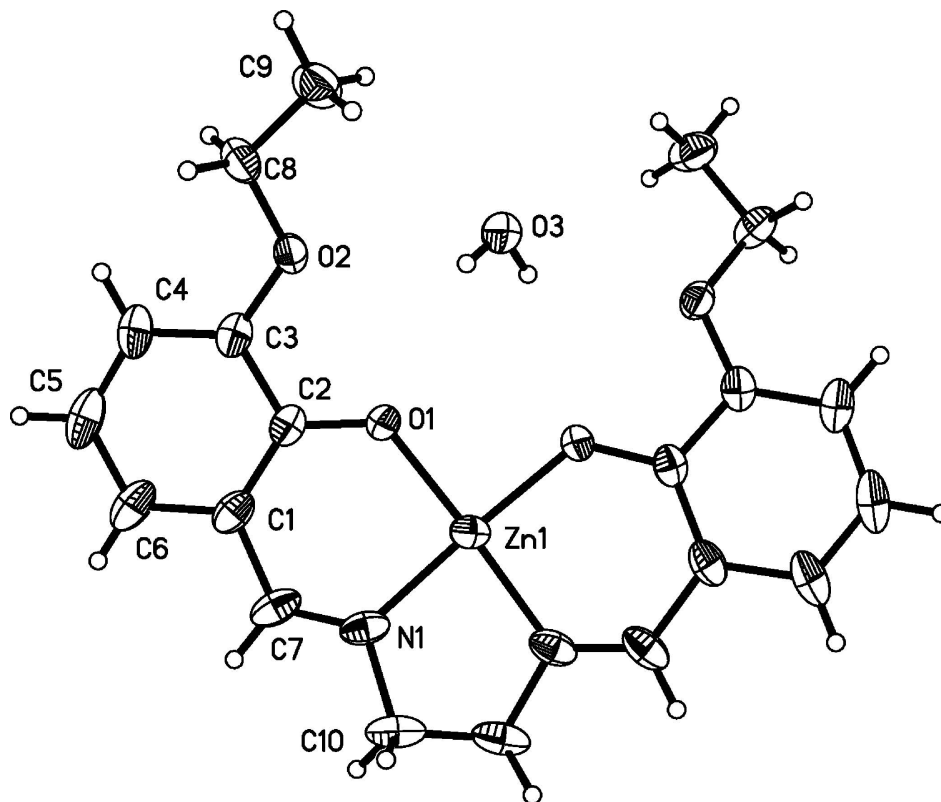
The schiff bases have been extensively studied as effective ligands for metal ions and used in the mechanism of many biochemical processes (Lindoy *et al.*, 1976). *N,N*-disalicylideneethylenediamine type schiff bases ligands present versatile steric, electronic and lipophilic properties (Correia *et al.* 2005; Cunningham *et al.* 2000). We report here the synthesis and crystal structure of the title compound. The molecular structure is shown in Fig.1. The values of the geometric parameters in the structure are normal (Allen *et al.*, 1987). The interplanar angles between the the two phenyl group is 18.3 (1)°. The four-coordinate Zn gives plane coordination.

S2. Experimental

A mixture of 6,6'-Diethoxy-2,2'-(ethane-1,2-diylidiminodimethylene)diphenol (0.1 mmol) and zinc acetate (0.1 mmol) in absolute methanol (20 ml) was heated at 50 centidegree and stirred for 30 min, then filtered. The resulting clear orange solution was moved to a tube, some ethyl ether was added, and then after 14 days, block-shaped crystals of the title complex suitable for X-ray diffraction analysis were obtained(yield: about 40%).

S3. Refinement

The H atoms were fixed geometrically and were treated as riding on their parent C atoms, with C–H distances in the range of 0.93–0.97Å and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{parent atom})$, or $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}_{\text{methyl}})$. The coordinates of the water H atom were found in a difference Fourier map and refined with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O})$.

**Figure 1**

The independent molecules of the title compound, showing 30% probability displacement ellipsoids and the atom-numbering scheme.

{6,6'-Diethoxy-2,2'-[ethane-1,2-diylbis(nitrilomethylidene)]diphenolato}zinc(II) monohydrate

Crystal data

[Zn(C₂₀H₂₂N₂O₄)]·H₂O

M_r = 437.78

Orthorhombic, *Pbcn*

Hall symbol: -P 2n 2ab

a = 12.6512 (16) Å

b = 19.986 (3) Å

c = 7.8708 (10) Å

V = 1990.1 (4) Å³

Z = 4

F(000) = 912

D_x = 1.461 Mg m⁻³

Mo *K*α radiation, λ = 0.71073 Å

Cell parameters from 2488 reflections

θ = 3.3–24.0°

μ = 1.27 mm⁻¹

T = 273 K

Needle, colourless

0.25 × 0.21 × 0.17 mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 2003)

T_{min} = 0.742, *T_{max}* = 0.813

9492 measured reflections

1855 independent reflections

1423 reflections with *I* > 2σ(*I*)

R_{int} = 0.031

θ_{max} = 25.5°, θ_{min} = 1.9°

h = -15→13

k = -24→23

l = -9→9

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.034$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.101$
 $S = 1.04$
 1855 reflections
 133 parameters
 1 restraint
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
 and constrained refinement
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0592P)^2 + 0.4077P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.034$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.24 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.46 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Zn1	0.5000	0.475277 (19)	0.2500	0.04314 (18)
O1	0.40642 (12)	0.40659 (8)	0.1698 (2)	0.0441 (4)
O2	0.31927 (13)	0.29902 (8)	0.0342 (2)	0.0491 (4)
O3	0.5000	0.26838 (19)	0.2500	0.0940 (13)
N1	0.40920 (19)	0.54832 (10)	0.1725 (3)	0.0519 (6)
C1	0.2641 (2)	0.47896 (14)	0.0770 (3)	0.0530 (7)
C2	0.31464 (18)	0.41541 (12)	0.0957 (3)	0.0422 (6)
C3	0.26222 (19)	0.35776 (13)	0.0260 (3)	0.0468 (6)
C4	0.1632 (2)	0.36235 (17)	-0.0434 (4)	0.0619 (8)
H4	0.1294	0.3244	-0.0849	0.074*
C5	0.1133 (2)	0.4253 (2)	-0.0514 (4)	0.0800 (10)
H5	0.0453	0.4284	-0.0957	0.096*
C6	0.1628 (3)	0.48188 (19)	0.0045 (4)	0.0740 (10)
H6	0.1289	0.5230	-0.0055	0.089*
C7	0.3159 (2)	0.54153 (14)	0.1154 (4)	0.0588 (8)
H7	0.2774	0.5805	0.0967	0.071*
C8	0.2840 (2)	0.24216 (14)	-0.0638 (4)	0.0590 (8)
H8A	0.2683	0.2559	-0.1792	0.071*
H8B	0.2201	0.2238	-0.0142	0.071*
C9	0.3688 (3)	0.19045 (15)	-0.0647 (4)	0.0726 (9)
H9A	0.4320	0.2090	-0.1130	0.109*
H9B	0.3463	0.1528	-0.1312	0.109*
H9C	0.3827	0.1762	0.0496	0.109*
C10	0.4568 (3)	0.61556 (13)	0.1843 (4)	0.0651 (8)

H10A	0.4030	0.6479	0.2152	0.078*
H10B	0.4857	0.6283	0.0748	0.078*
H3A	0.487 (4)	0.2934 (18)	0.172 (4)	0.126 (18)*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Zn1	0.0450 (3)	0.0357 (3)	0.0487 (3)	0.000	0.00991 (18)	0.000
O1	0.0357 (9)	0.0407 (9)	0.0558 (11)	0.0034 (7)	-0.0043 (8)	0.0012 (8)
O2	0.0455 (10)	0.0505 (10)	0.0513 (10)	-0.0085 (8)	-0.0114 (8)	0.0028 (8)
O3	0.096 (3)	0.054 (2)	0.132 (4)	0.000	-0.064 (3)	0.000
N1	0.0604 (15)	0.0394 (11)	0.0558 (14)	0.0128 (11)	0.0222 (12)	0.0062 (11)
C1	0.0456 (15)	0.0639 (18)	0.0496 (16)	0.0188 (12)	0.0072 (13)	0.0064 (13)
C2	0.0342 (12)	0.0563 (15)	0.0361 (13)	0.0052 (11)	0.0062 (10)	0.0073 (11)
C3	0.0378 (14)	0.0650 (17)	0.0376 (13)	0.0001 (12)	0.0031 (10)	0.0109 (12)
C4	0.0378 (15)	0.095 (2)	0.0526 (17)	-0.0027 (15)	-0.0049 (12)	0.0055 (16)
C5	0.0401 (17)	0.126 (3)	0.074 (2)	0.0183 (19)	-0.0085 (15)	0.012 (2)
C6	0.054 (2)	0.091 (2)	0.077 (2)	0.0321 (17)	-0.0010 (15)	0.011 (2)
C7	0.0645 (19)	0.0545 (17)	0.0575 (17)	0.0282 (15)	0.0164 (15)	0.0095 (14)
C8	0.0666 (18)	0.0623 (18)	0.0481 (15)	-0.0252 (15)	-0.0096 (14)	0.0051 (13)
C9	0.092 (2)	0.0575 (18)	0.068 (2)	-0.0142 (17)	-0.0122 (18)	-0.0091 (15)
C10	0.090 (2)	0.0338 (14)	0.071 (2)	0.0088 (13)	0.0375 (16)	0.0048 (13)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Zn1—O1	1.9195 (16)	C4—C5	1.410 (5)
Zn1—O1 ⁱ	1.9195 (16)	C4—H4	0.9300
Zn1—N1 ⁱ	1.955 (2)	C5—C6	1.365 (5)
Zn1—N1	1.955 (2)	C5—H5	0.9300
O1—C2	1.311 (3)	C6—H6	0.9300
O2—C3	1.380 (3)	C7—H7	0.9300
O2—C8	1.444 (3)	C8—C9	1.489 (4)
O3—H3A	0.807 (10)	C8—H8A	0.9700
N1—C7	1.270 (4)	C8—H8B	0.9700
N1—C10	1.476 (3)	C9—H9A	0.9600
C1—C6	1.404 (4)	C9—H9B	0.9600
C1—C2	1.429 (3)	C9—H9C	0.9600
C1—C7	1.444 (4)	C10—C10 ⁱ	1.505 (7)
C2—C3	1.438 (3)	C10—H10A	0.9700
C3—C4	1.369 (4)	C10—H10B	0.9700
O1—Zn1—O1 ⁱ	88.69 (9)	C4—C5—H5	119.4
O1—Zn1—N1 ⁱ	177.35 (8)	C5—C6—C1	121.0 (3)
O1 ⁱ —Zn1—N1 ⁱ	93.95 (9)	C5—C6—H6	119.5
O1—Zn1—N1	93.95 (9)	C1—C6—H6	119.5
O1 ⁱ —Zn1—N1	177.35 (8)	N1—C7—C1	126.1 (2)
N1 ⁱ —Zn1—N1	83.40 (15)	N1—C7—H7	117.0
C2—O1—Zn1	126.60 (15)	C1—C7—H7	117.0

C3—O2—C8	118.9 (2)	O2—C8—C9	109.0 (2)
C7—N1—C10	119.9 (2)	O2—C8—H8A	109.9
C7—N1—Zn1	125.21 (19)	C9—C8—H8A	109.9
C10—N1—Zn1	114.9 (2)	O2—C8—H8B	109.9
C6—C1—C2	119.1 (3)	C9—C8—H8B	109.9
C6—C1—C7	117.6 (3)	H8A—C8—H8B	108.3
C2—C1—C7	123.0 (3)	C8—C9—H9A	109.5
O1—C2—C1	124.1 (2)	C8—C9—H9B	109.5
O1—C2—C3	118.0 (2)	H9A—C9—H9B	109.5
C1—C2—C3	117.8 (2)	C8—C9—H9C	109.5
C4—C3—O2	123.6 (3)	H9A—C9—H9C	109.5
C4—C3—C2	121.3 (2)	H9B—C9—H9C	109.5
O2—C3—C2	115.0 (2)	N1—C10—C10 ⁱ	109.85 (18)
C3—C4—C5	119.2 (3)	N1—C10—H10A	109.7
C3—C4—H4	120.4	C10 ⁱ —C10—H10A	109.7
C5—C4—H4	120.4	N1—C10—H10B	109.7
C6—C5—C4	121.3 (3)	C10 ⁱ —C10—H10B	109.7
C6—C5—H5	119.4	H10A—C10—H10B	108.2

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1, y, -z+1/2$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
O3—H3A \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.81 (1)	2.91 (5)	3.071 (4)	94 (3)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1, y, -z+1/2$.