

Tetraaquabis[4-(4-pyridyl)pyrimidine-2-sulfonato]copper(II) dihydrate

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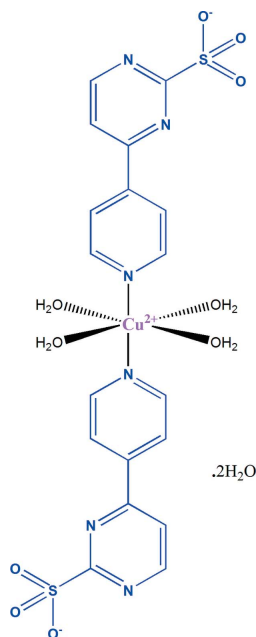
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 298$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.012$ Å; R factor = 0.038; wR factor = 0.105; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.5.

In the title complex, $[\text{Cu}(\text{C}_9\text{H}_6\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{S})_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4] \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$, the Cu^{II} atom lies on an inversion centre and is coordinated by four water molecules in equatorial positions and two N atoms from two 4-(4-pyridyl)pyrimidine-2-sulfonate ligands in apical positions. The asymmetric unit contains half of the complex and one free water molecule. The water molecules, including the uncoordinated water molecules, and sulfonate O atoms are involved in $\text{O}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$ and $\text{O}-\text{H} \cdots \text{N}$ hydrogen-bonding interactions.

Related literature

For coordination complexes with pyridine-2 sulfonate ligands, see: Kimura *et al.* (1999); Lobana *et al.* (2004). For coordination complexes with 4-(pyridin-2-yl)pyrimidine-2-sulfonate, see: Zhu *et al.* (2007).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[\text{Cu}(\text{C}_9\text{H}_6\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{S})_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4] \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$V = 1318.0$ (3) Å ³
$M_r = 644.09$	$Z = 2$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 8.0727$ (11) Å	$\mu = 1.06$ mm ⁻¹
$b = 12.1502$ (16) Å	$T = 298$ K
$c = 13.4911$ (17) Å	$0.12 \times 0.10 \times 0.08$ mm
$\beta = 95.123$ (2)°	

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer	7057 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2001)	2459 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.884$, $T_{\max} = 0.920$	1786 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.079$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.038$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.105$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.33$ e Å ⁻³
$S = 1.00$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.37$ e Å ⁻³
2459 reflections	
197 parameters	
9 restraints	

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H} \cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H} \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-\text{H} \cdots A$
$\text{O1W}-\text{H2W} \cdots \text{O2}^{\text{i}}$	0.83 (7)	2.60 (7)	3.130 (9)	123 (7)
$\text{O1W}-\text{H2W} \cdots \text{N2}^{\text{i}}$	0.83 (7)	2.27 (4)	3.047 (10)	158 (7)
$\text{O2W}-\text{H4W} \cdots \text{O3}^{\text{ii}}$	0.82 (7)	1.91 (7)	2.734 (9)	175 (11)
$\text{O2W}-\text{H3W} \cdots \text{O2}^{\text{i}}$	0.83 (6)	1.93 (6)	2.756 (9)	169 (10)
$\text{O3W}-\text{H5W} \cdots \text{O2}^{\text{iii}}$	0.82 (6)	2.47 (7)	2.879 (10)	111 (6)

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y + 1, z$; (ii) $-x + \frac{3}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$; (iii) $-x + 1, -y, -z + 1$.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: SAINT-Plus (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: SAINT-Plus; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: AT2756).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, m476 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809011738]

Tetraaquabis[4-(4-pyridyl)pyrimidine-2-sulfonato]copper(II) dihydrate

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Comment

The coordination chemistry of some heterocyclic sulfonate ligands has been examined in several reports (Kimura *et al.*, 1999; Lobana *et al.* 2004). In our previous work (Zhu *et al.*, 2007), we have also studied divalent metal coordination complexes with the heterocyclic sulfonate ligand, namely 4-(pyridin-2-yl)pyrimidine-2-sulfonate. Herein, we report the copper(II) coordination complex with its analog, *viz* 4-(pyridin-4-yl)pyrimidine-2-sulfonate.

The coordination geometry about Cu(II) center is shown in Fig.1. The Cu(II) center adopts an octahedral coordination geometry. The equatorial plane around the copper ion is defined by four water molecules and the apical positions are occupied by two nitrogen atoms belonging to two heterocyclic sulfonate ligands. In the title complex, the Cu^{II} atom lies on an inversion centre and the asymmetric unit contains half of the complex and one free water molecule. The Cu—O bond lengths are in the range of 2.094 (6) to 2.289 (7) Å and the Cu—N bond distance is 2.008 (7) Å. The coordinated water molecules, the guest water molecules and the free sulfonato oxygen atoms are involved in the hydrogen bonding interactions (Table 1).

Experimental

The mixture of Cu(NO₃)₂ (0.1 mmol), sodium 4-(pyridin-4-yl)pyrimidine-2-sulfonate (0.2 mmol) in 6 mL of H₂O was stirred for 20 min at room temperature. After filtration, the mother liquid was stood for three days to give the green crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction analysis.

Refinement

All H atoms bounded to C atoms were positioned geometrically and allowed to ride on their parent atoms, with C—H = 0.93 Å. The positions of the water H atoms were found from a difference Fourier map and the positions of the water H atoms were refined isotropically by fixing the U_{iso} to 0.080.

Figures

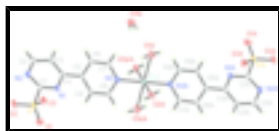


Fig. 1. The coordination environment around Cu(II) in the title complex with the atom-labeling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids for non-hydrogen atoms are drawn at the 30% probability level.

Tetraaquabis[4-(4-pyridyl)pyrimidine-2-sulfonato]copper(II) dihydrate

Crystal data

[Cu(C₉H₆N₃O₃S₁)₂(H₂O₁)₄]₂·2H₂O

*F*₀₀₀ = 662

supplementary materials

$M_r = 644.09$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$

Hall symbol: -P 2yn

$a = 8.0727$ (11) Å

$b = 12.1502$ (16) Å

$c = 13.4911$ (17) Å

$\beta = 95.123$ (2)°

$V = 1318.0$ (3) Å³

$Z = 2$

$D_x = 1.623$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 2459 reflections

$\theta = 2.3$ – 25.5 °

$\mu = 1.06$ mm⁻¹

$T = 298$ K

Block, blue

$0.12 \times 0.10 \times 0.08$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Monochromator: graphite

$T = 298$ K

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2001)

$T_{\min} = 0.884$, $T_{\max} = 0.920$

7057 measured reflections

2459 independent reflections

1786 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.079$

$\theta_{\max} = 25.5$ °

$\theta_{\min} = 2.3$ °

$h = -9 \rightarrow 9$

$k = -14 \rightarrow 12$

$l = -16 \rightarrow 13$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.038$

$wR(F^2) = 0.105$

$S = 1.00$

2459 reflections

197 parameters

9 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct
methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring
sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of
independent and constrained refinement

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.044P)^2]$$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.33$ e Å⁻³

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.37$ e Å⁻³

Extinction correction: none

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cu1	1.0000	0.5000	0.5000	0.0309 (6)
S1	0.7319 (3)	-0.21520 (17)	0.67968 (16)	0.0350 (7)
C1	0.7066 (10)	-0.1463 (7)	0.5611 (6)	0.0296 (19)
C2	0.6103 (12)	-0.1450 (8)	0.3997 (7)	0.044 (2)
H2	0.5582	-0.1793	0.3436	0.053*
C3	0.6619 (11)	-0.0369 (7)	0.3918 (7)	0.039 (2)
H3	0.6460	0.0009	0.3318	0.047*
C4	0.7378 (10)	0.0130 (7)	0.4763 (6)	0.030 (2)
C5	0.8025 (10)	0.1277 (6)	0.4787 (6)	0.0285 (19)
C6	0.7554 (11)	0.2040 (7)	0.4050 (6)	0.037 (2)
H6	0.6823	0.1839	0.3508	0.044*
C7	0.8170 (11)	0.3090 (7)	0.4123 (7)	0.037 (2)
H7	0.7832	0.3590	0.3624	0.044*
C8	0.9733 (11)	0.2692 (7)	0.5587 (6)	0.032 (2)
H8	1.0496	0.2910	0.6107	0.038*
C9	0.9145 (11)	0.1623 (7)	0.5569 (6)	0.033 (2)
H9	0.9497	0.1137	0.6077	0.040*
H1W	0.707 (11)	0.500 (5)	0.480 (5)	0.080*
H2W	0.693 (10)	0.617 (5)	0.471 (6)	0.080*
H3W	0.881 (8)	0.562 (5)	0.658 (7)	0.080*
H4W	0.931 (11)	0.455 (5)	0.681 (6)	0.080*
H5W	0.531 (10)	0.463 (9)	0.341 (4)	0.080*
H6W	0.631 (7)	0.518 (8)	0.286 (6)	0.080*
N1	0.7598 (8)	-0.0431 (6)	0.5630 (5)	0.0307 (17)
N2	0.6322 (9)	-0.2021 (6)	0.4845 (5)	0.0386 (19)
N3	0.9233 (9)	0.3430 (5)	0.4875 (5)	0.0305 (16)
O1	0.8989 (8)	-0.1917 (6)	0.7206 (5)	0.0557 (19)
O2	0.7032 (8)	-0.3316 (5)	0.6583 (5)	0.0497 (18)
O3	0.6036 (8)	-0.1672 (5)	0.7337 (4)	0.0464 (17)
O1W	0.7375 (9)	0.5611 (6)	0.4501 (6)	0.059 (2)
O2W	0.9469 (8)	0.5109 (5)	0.6488 (5)	0.0445 (17)
O3W	0.5402 (9)	0.4870 (7)	0.2846 (6)	0.062 (2)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cu1	0.0474 (10)	0.0141 (8)	0.0317 (9)	-0.0047 (7)	0.0059 (7)	0.0003 (6)
S1	0.0505 (15)	0.0172 (12)	0.0378 (14)	0.0007 (10)	0.0069 (11)	0.0024 (9)
C1	0.037 (5)	0.019 (4)	0.033 (5)	0.000 (4)	0.008 (4)	-0.003 (4)

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C2	0.059 (6)	0.033 (6)	0.039 (6)	-0.009 (5)	-0.004 (5)	-0.007 (5)
C3	0.056 (6)	0.024 (5)	0.036 (5)	-0.006 (4)	-0.001 (4)	0.005 (4)
C4	0.035 (5)	0.021 (5)	0.034 (5)	0.000 (4)	0.003 (4)	-0.001 (4)
C5	0.037 (5)	0.017 (4)	0.032 (5)	-0.003 (4)	0.005 (4)	0.001 (4)
C6	0.043 (5)	0.027 (5)	0.038 (5)	-0.005 (4)	-0.006 (4)	0.002 (4)
C7	0.046 (5)	0.022 (5)	0.040 (5)	-0.001 (4)	-0.004 (4)	0.010 (4)
C8	0.044 (5)	0.021 (5)	0.030 (5)	-0.004 (4)	0.002 (4)	-0.002 (4)
C9	0.049 (5)	0.018 (4)	0.033 (5)	-0.001 (4)	0.003 (4)	0.006 (4)
N1	0.044 (4)	0.017 (4)	0.032 (4)	-0.002 (3)	0.005 (3)	0.001 (3)
N2	0.055 (5)	0.023 (4)	0.038 (4)	-0.007 (4)	0.002 (4)	0.000 (3)
N3	0.042 (4)	0.018 (4)	0.032 (4)	-0.001 (3)	0.005 (3)	0.002 (3)
O1	0.056 (4)	0.046 (5)	0.062 (4)	-0.001 (3)	-0.011 (3)	0.016 (4)
O2	0.080 (5)	0.015 (3)	0.056 (4)	-0.001 (3)	0.016 (4)	0.003 (3)
O3	0.064 (4)	0.037 (4)	0.040 (4)	0.008 (3)	0.015 (3)	-0.002 (3)
O1W	0.068 (5)	0.027 (4)	0.083 (5)	0.005 (4)	0.007 (4)	-0.012 (4)
O2W	0.061 (4)	0.024 (4)	0.050 (4)	0.003 (3)	0.016 (3)	0.006 (3)
O3W	0.059 (5)	0.058 (5)	0.067 (5)	-0.005 (4)	-0.004 (4)	0.009 (4)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Cu1—N3	2.008 (7)	C4—N1	1.352 (10)
Cu1—N3 ⁱ	2.008 (7)	C4—C5	1.487 (11)
Cu1—O2W	2.094 (6)	C5—C6	1.388 (11)
Cu1—O2W ⁱ	2.094 (6)	C5—C9	1.391 (11)
Cu1—O1W	2.289 (7)	C6—C7	1.370 (12)
Cu1—O1W ⁱ	2.289 (7)	C6—H6	0.9300
Cu1—H1W	2.36 (9)	C7—N3	1.335 (11)
Cu1—H3W	2.53 (7)	C7—H7	0.9300
S1—O1	1.439 (7)	C8—N3	1.349 (10)
S1—O3	1.442 (6)	C8—C9	1.382 (11)
S1—O2	1.458 (6)	C8—H8	0.9300
S1—C1	1.801 (8)	C9—H9	0.9300
C1—N1	1.324 (10)	O1W—H1W	0.89 (3)
C1—N2	1.334 (10)	O1W—H2W	0.83 (7)
C2—N2	1.336 (11)	O2W—H3W	0.83 (6)
C2—C3	1.385 (12)	O2W—H4W	0.82 (7)
C2—H2	0.9300	O3W—H5W	0.82 (6)
C3—C4	1.384 (12)	O3W—H6W	0.82 (7)
C3—H3	0.9300		
N3—Cu1—N3 ⁱ	180.000 (1)	N2—C2—C3	122.7 (8)
N3—Cu1—O2W	93.0 (3)	N2—C2—H2	118.7
N3 ⁱ —Cu1—O2W	87.0 (3)	C3—C2—H2	118.6
N3—Cu1—O2W ⁱ	87.0 (3)	C2—C3—C4	117.8 (8)
N3 ⁱ —Cu1—O2W ⁱ	93.0 (3)	C2—C3—H3	121.1
O2W—Cu1—O2W ⁱ	180.000 (1)	C4—C3—H3	121.1
N3—Cu1—O1W	90.7 (3)	N1—C4—C3	120.3 (8)
N3 ⁱ —Cu1—O1W	89.3 (3)	N1—C4—C5	115.8 (7)

O2W—Cu1—O1W	89.9 (3)	C3—C4—C5	123.9 (8)
O2W ⁱ —Cu1—O1W	90.1 (3)	C6—C5—C9	117.3 (8)
N3—Cu1—O1W ⁱ	89.3 (3)	C6—C5—C4	122.5 (8)
N3 ⁱ —Cu1—O1W ⁱ	90.7 (3)	C9—C5—C4	120.2 (7)
O2W—Cu1—O1W ⁱ	90.1 (3)	C7—C6—C5	119.7 (8)
O2W ⁱ —Cu1—O1W ⁱ	89.9 (3)	C7—C6—H6	120.1
O1W—Cu1—O1W ⁱ	180.000 (1)	C5—C6—H6	120.1
N3—Cu1—H1W	72.1 (15)	N3—C7—C6	123.2 (8)
N3 ⁱ —Cu1—H1W	107.9 (15)	N3—C7—H7	118.5
O2W—Cu1—H1W	79.5 (18)	C6—C7—H7	118.4
O2W ⁱ —Cu1—H1W	100.5 (18)	N3—C8—C9	122.1 (8)
O1W ⁱ —Cu1—H1W	158.0 (4)	N3—C8—H8	119.0
N3—Cu1—H3W	102.5 (19)	C9—C8—H8	119.0
N3 ⁱ —Cu1—H3W	77.5 (19)	C8—C9—C5	119.8 (8)
O2W—Cu1—H3W	17.7 (12)	C8—C9—H9	120.1
O2W ⁱ —Cu1—H3W	162.3 (12)	C5—C9—H9	120.1
O1W—Cu1—H3W	75.0 (16)	C1—N1—C4	116.4 (7)
O1W ⁱ —Cu1—H3W	105.0 (16)	C1—N2—C2	114.6 (8)
H1W—Cu1—H3W	69 (3)	C8—N3—C7	117.9 (7)
O1—S1—O3	114.6 (4)	C8—N3—Cu1	120.1 (6)
O1—S1—O2	113.3 (4)	C7—N3—Cu1	122.0 (6)
O3—S1—O2	112.6 (4)	Cu1—O1W—H1W	83 (6)
O1—S1—C1	106.0 (4)	Cu1—O1W—H2W	126 (7)
O3—S1—C1	103.4 (4)	H1W—O1W—H2W	112 (4)
O2—S1—C1	105.8 (4)	Cu1—O2W—H3W	113 (6)
N1—C1—N2	128.2 (8)	Cu1—O2W—H4W	121 (7)
N1—C1—S1	114.4 (6)	H3W—O2W—H4W	114 (8)
N2—C1—S1	117.4 (6)	H5W—O3W—H6W	107 (8)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+2, -y+1, -z+1$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry ($\text{\AA}, ^\circ$)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
O1W—H2W \cdots O2 ⁱⁱ	0.83 (7)	2.60 (7)	3.130 (9)	123 (7)
O1W—H2W \cdots N2 ⁱⁱ	0.83 (7)	2.27 (4)	3.047 (10)	158 (7)
O2W—H4W \cdots O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.82 (7)	1.91 (7)	2.734 (9)	175 (11)
O2W—H3W \cdots O2 ⁱⁱ	0.83 (6)	1.93 (6)	2.756 (9)	169 (10)
O2W—H3W \cdots S1 ⁱⁱ	0.83 (6)	2.99 (4)	3.794 (7)	163 (7)
O3W—H5W \cdots O2 ^{iv}	0.82 (6)	2.47 (7)	2.879 (10)	111 (6)

Symmetry codes: (ii) $x, y+1, z$; (iii) $-x+3/2, y+1/2, -z+3/2$; (iv) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$.

Fig. 1

