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2,2,2-Trichloro-N-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-acetamide

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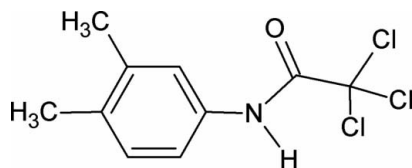
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 299$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005$ Å; R factor = 0.057; wR factor = 0.151; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.4.

The conformation of the N—H bond in the title compound, $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{10}\text{Cl}_3\text{NO}$, is *anti* to the C=O bond. The amide H atom exhibits both intramolecular N—H \cdots Cl and intermolecular N—H \cdots O hydrogen bonding. The latter interactions link the molecules into infinite chains.

Related literature

For the preparation of the title compound, see: Shilpa & Gowda (2007). For related structures, see: Gowda *et al.* (2007, 2008, 2009)



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{10}\text{Cl}_3\text{NO}$
 $M_r = 266.54$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 5.9003$ (8) Å
 $b = 20.843$ (2) Å
 $c = 9.996$ (1) Å
 $\beta = 105.53$ (1)°
 $V = 1184.4$ (2) Å³

$Z = 4$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.75$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 299$ K
 $0.46 \times 0.40 \times 0.30$ mm

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur diffractometer with a Sapphire CCD detector
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis RED*; Oxford)

Diffraction, 2007)
 $T_{\min} = 0.726$, $T_{\max} = 0.807$
 9395 measured reflections
 2407 independent reflections
 1952 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.015$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.057$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.151$
 $S = 1.08$
 2407 reflections

138 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.96$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.88$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1N}\cdots\text{O1}^i$	0.86	2.14	2.917 (3)	149
$\text{N1}-\text{H1N}\cdots\text{Cl1}$	0.86	2.57	3.003 (3)	112

Symmetry code: (i) $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis CCD* (Oxford Diffraction, 2004); cell refinement: *CrysAlis RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2007); data reduction: *CrysAlis RED*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BT2926).

References

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, o1041 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809013075]

2,2,2-Trichloro-*N*-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)acetamide

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Comment

As part of a study of the effect of ring and side chain substitutions on the crystal structures of aromatic amides (Gowda *et al.*, 2007; 2008; 2009), the structure of 2,2,2-trichloro-*N*-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)acetamide has been determined. The conformation of the N—H bond in the title compound is *anti* to the 3-methyl substituent in the aromatic ring similar to that observed with respect to the 3-chloro substituent in *N*-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-2,2,2-trichloroacetamide (Gowda *et al.*, 2007), but in contrast to the *syn* conformation observed with respect to the 3-methyl substituent in *N*-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)acetamide (Gowda *et al.*, 2008). The conformation of the C=O bond in the structure is *anti* to the N—H bond similar to that observed in other amides. The amide H atom exhibits both N—H···Cl intramolecular and N—H···O intermolecular hydrogen bonding. The molecules in (I) are linked into infinite chains through intermolecular N—H···O hydrogen bonding (Table 1, Fig. 2).

Experimental

The title compound was prepared according to the literature method (Shilpa & Gowda, 2007). Single crystals were obtained from the slow evaporation of an ethanolic solution.

Refinement

The H atoms were positioned with idealized geometry using a riding model with C—H = 0.93–0.96 Å, N—H = 0.86 Å, and were refined with isotropic displacement parameters set to 1.2 times of the U_{eq} of the parent atom.

Figures

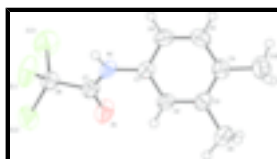


Fig. 1. Molecular structure of the title compound, showing the atom labeling scheme and displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

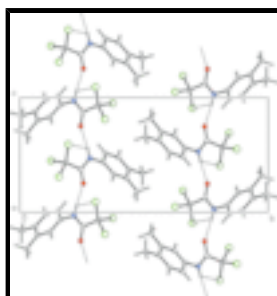


Fig. 2. Molecular packing of the title compound with hydrogen bonding shown as dashed lines.

2,2,2-Trichloro-*N*-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)acetamide

Crystal data

$C_{10}H_{10}Cl_3NO$	$F_{000} = 544$
$M_r = 266.54$	$D_x = 1.495 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	$\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
$a = 5.9003 (8) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 3672 reflections
$b = 20.843 (2) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.3\text{--}27.6^\circ$
$c = 9.996 (1) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.75 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\beta = 105.53 (1)^\circ$	$T = 299 \text{ K}$
$V = 1184.4 (2) \text{ \AA}^3$	Prism, colourless
$Z = 4$	$0.46 \times 0.40 \times 0.30 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur diffractometer with a Sapphire CCD detector	2407 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	1952 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Monochromator: graphite	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.015$
$T = 299 \text{ K}$	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 26.4^\circ$
Rotation method data acquisition using ω and φ scans	$\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.3^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrysAlis RED; Oxford Diffraction, 2007)	$h = -7 \rightarrow 7$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.726$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.807$	$k = -25 \rightarrow 26$
9395 measured reflections	$l = -12 \rightarrow 12$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.057$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.151$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0592P)^2 + 1.4852P]$
$S = 1.08$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2407 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
138 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.96 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.88 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
	Extinction correction: none

Special details

Experimental. Absorption correction: CrysAlis RED (Oxford Diffraction, 2007) Empirical absorption correction using spherical harmonics, implemented in SCALE3 ABSPACK scaling algorithm.

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C11	1.2122 (2)	0.19521 (5)	0.59191 (11)	0.0833 (4)
C12	1.1512 (2)	0.15721 (6)	0.31037 (12)	0.0939 (5)
C13	0.8043 (2)	0.12567 (5)	0.45005 (16)	0.0919 (4)
O1	0.8060 (5)	0.25550 (12)	0.2520 (2)	0.0643 (7)
N1	0.8025 (4)	0.28196 (11)	0.4703 (2)	0.0403 (5)
H1N	0.8600	0.2723	0.5563	0.048*
C1	0.6475 (5)	0.33590 (13)	0.4375 (3)	0.0377 (6)
C2	0.6550 (5)	0.37830 (13)	0.3319 (3)	0.0399 (6)
H2	0.7657	0.3724	0.2819	0.048*
C3	0.4996 (5)	0.42941 (13)	0.2998 (3)	0.0413 (6)
C4	0.3341 (5)	0.43886 (14)	0.3749 (3)	0.0459 (7)
C5	0.3325 (6)	0.39622 (17)	0.4814 (4)	0.0552 (8)
H5	0.2243	0.4024	0.5329	0.066*
C6	0.4852 (6)	0.34532 (15)	0.5131 (3)	0.0500 (7)
H6	0.4796	0.3174	0.5848	0.060*
C7	0.8629 (5)	0.24601 (13)	0.3758 (3)	0.0391 (6)
C8	1.0067 (5)	0.18464 (14)	0.4322 (3)	0.0440 (7)
C9	0.5074 (7)	0.47305 (17)	0.1813 (4)	0.0618 (9)
H9A	0.6361	0.4609	0.1449	0.074*
H9B	0.5285	0.5166	0.2138	0.074*
H9C	0.3625	0.4695	0.1096	0.074*
C10	0.1610 (7)	0.49358 (19)	0.3417 (4)	0.0662 (10)
H10A	0.2428	0.5334	0.3672	0.079*
H10B	0.0457	0.4884	0.3929	0.079*
H10C	0.0843	0.4937	0.2441	0.079*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C11	0.0948 (8)	0.0602 (6)	0.0657 (6)	0.0180 (5)	-0.0288 (5)	-0.0006 (4)

supplementary materials

C12	0.1151 (9)	0.1008 (9)	0.0806 (7)	0.0593 (7)	0.0517 (7)	0.0208 (6)
C13	0.0866 (8)	0.0481 (5)	0.1423 (11)	-0.0182 (5)	0.0329 (7)	0.0060 (6)
O1	0.0981 (18)	0.0639 (14)	0.0272 (10)	0.0322 (13)	0.0104 (11)	-0.0009 (10)
N1	0.0564 (14)	0.0378 (12)	0.0244 (10)	0.0055 (10)	0.0067 (10)	0.0019 (9)
C1	0.0476 (15)	0.0331 (13)	0.0305 (13)	-0.0007 (11)	0.0074 (11)	-0.0030 (10)
C2	0.0472 (15)	0.0398 (14)	0.0344 (14)	0.0002 (12)	0.0141 (12)	0.0006 (11)
C3	0.0482 (16)	0.0346 (14)	0.0389 (14)	-0.0022 (12)	0.0078 (12)	0.0003 (11)
C4	0.0460 (16)	0.0386 (15)	0.0520 (17)	-0.0001 (12)	0.0113 (13)	-0.0036 (13)
C5	0.0551 (19)	0.0589 (19)	0.060 (2)	0.0054 (15)	0.0295 (16)	-0.0003 (16)
C6	0.0630 (19)	0.0491 (17)	0.0430 (16)	0.0002 (15)	0.0230 (14)	0.0058 (13)
C7	0.0475 (15)	0.0370 (14)	0.0305 (13)	0.0016 (12)	0.0064 (11)	-0.0009 (11)
C8	0.0501 (17)	0.0389 (15)	0.0418 (15)	0.0020 (12)	0.0100 (13)	0.0007 (12)
C9	0.073 (2)	0.0528 (19)	0.063 (2)	0.0143 (17)	0.0238 (18)	0.0199 (16)
C10	0.059 (2)	0.057 (2)	0.084 (3)	0.0139 (17)	0.0217 (19)	0.0043 (19)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

C11—C8	1.741 (3)	C4—C5	1.389 (5)
C12—C8	1.759 (3)	C4—C10	1.507 (4)
C13—C8	1.755 (3)	C5—C6	1.373 (5)
O1—C7	1.209 (3)	C5—H5	0.9300
N1—C7	1.327 (3)	C6—H6	0.9300
N1—C1	1.431 (3)	C7—C8	1.555 (4)
N1—H1N	0.8600	C9—H9A	0.9600
C1—C6	1.383 (4)	C9—H9B	0.9600
C1—C2	1.387 (4)	C9—H9C	0.9600
C2—C3	1.386 (4)	C10—H10A	0.9600
C2—H2	0.9300	C10—H10B	0.9600
C3—C4	1.395 (4)	C10—H10C	0.9600
C3—C9	1.504 (4)		
C7—N1—C1	123.9 (2)	O1—C7—N1	125.6 (3)
C7—N1—H1N	118.0	O1—C7—C8	118.7 (2)
C1—N1—H1N	118.0	N1—C7—C8	115.5 (2)
C6—C1—C2	119.6 (3)	C7—C8—C11	114.0 (2)
C6—C1—N1	118.7 (2)	C7—C8—C13	107.0 (2)
C2—C1—N1	121.7 (2)	C11—C8—C13	108.74 (17)
C3—C2—C1	120.8 (3)	C7—C8—C12	109.6 (2)
C3—C2—H2	119.6	C11—C8—C12	109.15 (17)
C1—C2—H2	119.6	C13—C8—C12	108.17 (17)
C2—C3—C4	120.0 (3)	C3—C9—H9A	109.5
C2—C3—C9	119.3 (3)	C3—C9—H9B	109.5
C4—C3—C9	120.8 (3)	H9A—C9—H9B	109.5
C5—C4—C3	118.1 (3)	C3—C9—H9C	109.5
C5—C4—C10	120.6 (3)	H9A—C9—H9C	109.5
C3—C4—C10	121.3 (3)	H9B—C9—H9C	109.5
C6—C5—C4	122.2 (3)	C4—C10—H10A	109.5
C6—C5—H5	118.9	C4—C10—H10B	109.5
C4—C5—H5	118.9	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
C5—C6—C1	119.4 (3)	C4—C10—H10C	109.5

C5—C6—H6	120.3	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
C1—C6—H6	120.3	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
C7—N1—C1—C6	140.0 (3)	C4—C5—C6—C1	0.3 (5)
C7—N1—C1—C2	-39.4 (4)	C2—C1—C6—C5	0.6 (5)
C6—C1—C2—C3	-1.0 (4)	N1—C1—C6—C5	-178.9 (3)
N1—C1—C2—C3	178.5 (3)	C1—N1—C7—O1	3.8 (5)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.4 (4)	C1—N1—C7—C8	-172.3 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C9	-177.9 (3)	O1—C7—C8—C11	145.1 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.5 (4)	N1—C7—C8—C11	-38.5 (3)
C9—C3—C4—C5	178.7 (3)	O1—C7—C8—C13	-94.6 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C10	-179.4 (3)	N1—C7—C8—C13	81.8 (3)
C9—C3—C4—C10	-1.1 (5)	O1—C7—C8—C12	22.4 (4)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.8 (5)	N1—C7—C8—C12	-161.1 (2)
C10—C4—C5—C6	179.0 (3)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
N1—H1N...O1 ⁱ	0.86	2.14	2.917 (3)	149
N1—H1N...C11	0.86	2.57	3.003 (3)	112

Symmetry codes: (i) *x*, -*y*+1/2, *z*+1/2.

Fig. 1

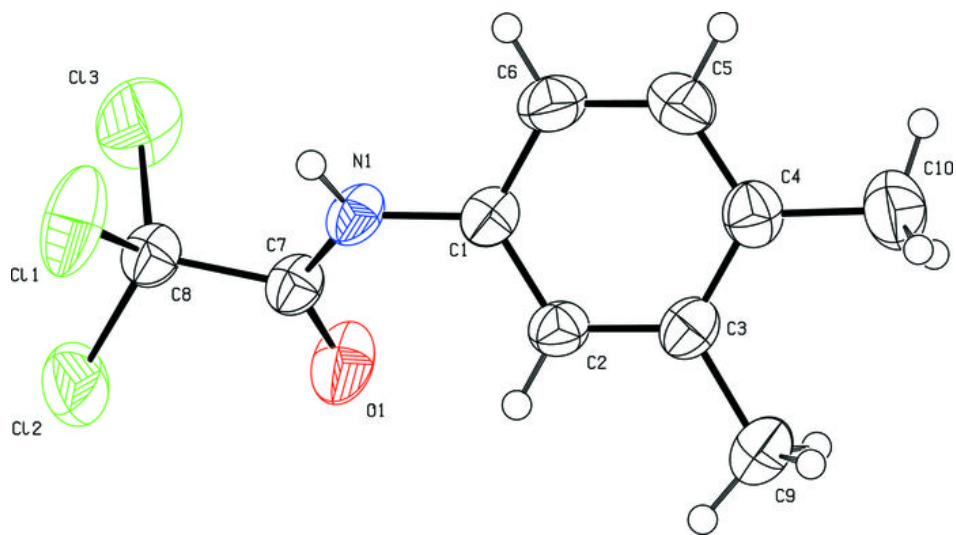


Fig. 2

