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3-Methyl-4-(3-methylphenyl)-5-(2-pyridyl)-4H-1,2,4-triazole

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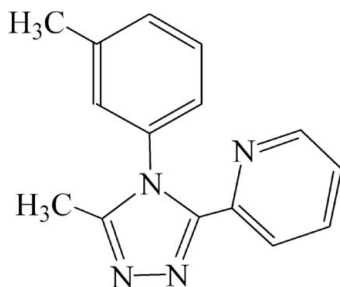
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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.057; wR factor = 0.163; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.8.

In the molecule of the title compound, $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_4$, the triazole ring is oriented at dihedral angles of 30.8 (2) and 67.4 (2)° with respect to the pyridine and benzene rings, respectively. The crystal structure is stabilized by $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ hydrogen-bonding interactions, forming chains of molecules along $[\bar{1}01]$.

Related literature

For general background to the chemistry of 1,2,4-triazole derivatives, see: Haasnoot (2000); Klingele *et al.* (2005); Moliner *et al.* (2001). For the applications of iron(II)-triazole complexes in electronics, see: Kröber *et al.* (1993); Kahn & Martinez (1998); Zhu *et al.* (2002). For the synthesis of the title compound, see: Grimmel *et al.* (1946); Klingsberg *et al.* (1958). For the synthesis and structures of related triazole ligands and complexes, see: Wang *et al.* (2005); Liu *et al.* (2005); Zhu *et al.* (2000, 2004, 2005); Zhang *et al.* (2004, 2005); Schneider *et al.* (2007); Wu *et al.* (2007); Matouzenko *et al.* (2004); Nakano *et al.* (2004); Qi *et al.* (2008). For bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_4$	$V = 1355.1$ (4) Å ³
$M_r = 250.30$	$Z = 4$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 9.568$ (1) Å	$\mu = 0.08$ mm ⁻¹
$b = 10.519$ (2) Å	$T = 293$ K
$c = 13.555$ (2) Å	$0.50 \times 0.50 \times 0.25$ mm
$\beta = 96.64$ (3)°	

Data collection

Bruker APEX2 CCD diffractometer	10962 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2005)	2386 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.963$, $T_{\max} = 0.981$	1937 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.051$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.057$	173 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.163$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.30$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.15$ e Å ⁻³
2386 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.14$ e Å ⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{C}1-\text{H}1\text{B}\cdots\text{N}1^i$	0.93	2.56	3.377 (3)	147

 Symmetry code: (i) $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2005); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: RZ2308).

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supporting information

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3-Methyl-4-(3-methylphenyl)-5-(2-pyridyl)-4H-1,2,4-triazole**Da-Jing Xie, Wei Lu, Zuo-Xiang Wang and Dun-Ru Zhu****S1. Comment**

In recent years, 1,2,4-triazole derivatives have attracted much attention (Haasnoot 2000; Klingele *et al.*, 2005; Moliner *et al.*, 2001), mainly because of the fact that these molecules can act as flexible bridging ligands and spacers between transition metal ions. For instance, some iron(II) triazole complexes have spin-crossover properties which can be used in molecular electronics (Kröber *et al.*, 1993), as information storage (Kahn & Martinez, 1998) and switching materials (Zhu *et al.*, 2002). Recently, some substituted 1,2,4-triazoles (Wang *et al.*, 2005; Liu *et al.*, 2005; Zhu *et al.*, 2000; Zhang *et al.*, 2004; Zhang *et al.*, 2005) and their metal complexes (Schneider *et al.*, 2007; Wu *et al.*, 2007; Zhu *et al.*, 2004; Matouzenko *et al.*, 2004; Zhu *et al.*, 2005; Nakano *et al.*, 2004; Qi *et al.*, 2008;) have been prepared by us and other groups. We report herein the crystal structure of the title compound, in order to elucidate its molecular conformation.

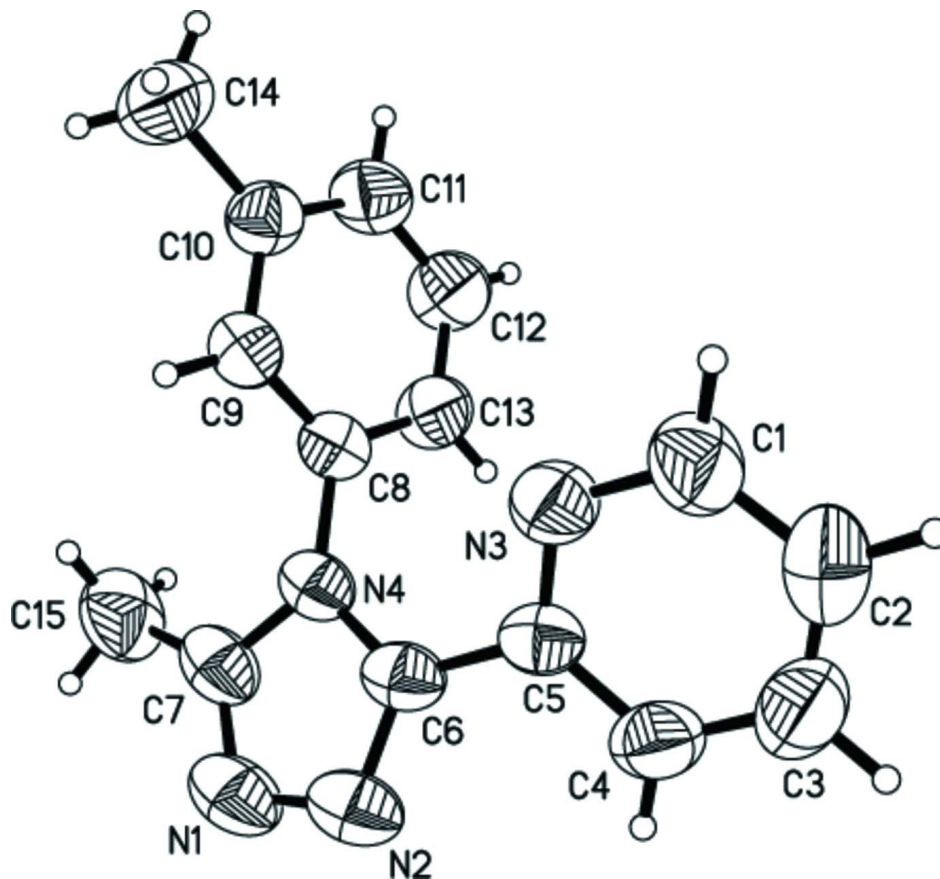
In the molecule of the title compound (Fig. 1), the bond lengths (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and angles are within normal ranges. The dihedral angle formed by the 1,2,4-triazole ring with the pyridyl and methylphenyl ring is 30.8 (2)° and 67.4 (2)°, respectively. The N3—C5—C6—N4 torsion angle including the N4 atom of the 1,2,4-triazole ring and the N3 atom of the pyridyl ring is 32.0 (3)°. In the crystal packing, chains of molecules running parallel to the $[\bar{1}0\ 1]$ direction are formed through intermolecular C—H...N hydrogen bonds (Table 1).

S2. Experimental

The title compound was synthesized by the reaction of 3,3'-dimethylphenylphosphazone and *N*-acetyl-*N*-(2-pyridoyl)hydrazine in *o*-dichlorobenzene at 463–473 K according to the literature method (Grimmel, *et al.* 1946; Klingsberg, *et al.* 1958). Single crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were obtained by recrystallization from an aqueous ethanol solution at room temperature (yield 60%).

S3. Refinement

All H atoms were located in a difference Fourier map and allowed to ride on their parent atoms, with C—H = 0.93–0.96 Å and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ or $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for methyl H atoms.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound with the atomic labelling. Displacement ellipsoids are shown at the 30% probability level

3-Methyl-4-(3-methylphenyl)-5-(2-pyridyl)-4H-1,2,4-triazole

Crystal data

$C_{15}H_{14}N_4$

$M_r = 250.30$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$

Hall symbol: $-P\ 2yn$

$a = 9.568\ (1)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 10.519\ (2)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 13.555\ (2)\ \text{\AA}$

$\beta = 96.64\ (3)^\circ$

$V = 1355.1\ (4)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 528$

$D_x = 1.227\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 2955 reflections

$\theta = 2.8\text{--}27.5^\circ$

$\mu = 0.08\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 293\ \text{K}$

Prism, colorless

$0.50 \times 0.50 \times 0.25\ \text{mm}$

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2005)

$T_{\min} = 0.963$, $T_{\max} = 0.981$

10962 measured reflections

2386 independent reflections

1937 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.051$
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 3.0^\circ$
 $h = -11 \rightarrow 11$

$k = -12 \rightarrow 12$
 $l = -16 \rightarrow 16$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.057$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.163$
 $S = 1.30$
 2386 reflections
 173 parameters
 0 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods
 Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0801P)^2]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.15 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.14 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 Extinction correction: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick,
 2008), $F_c^* = kFc[1 + 0.001x \text{Fc}^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
 Extinction coefficient: 0.032 (8)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
N1	0.1372 (2)	0.8645 (2)	0.47665 (12)	0.0792 (6)
N2	0.05623 (19)	0.76334 (17)	0.50563 (11)	0.0725 (5)
N3	-0.09930 (17)	0.73930 (15)	0.73296 (12)	0.0658 (5)
N4	0.11155 (15)	0.88829 (15)	0.63546 (10)	0.0561 (4)
C1	-0.1707 (2)	0.6566 (2)	0.78336 (17)	0.0793 (7)
H1B	-0.2143	0.6876	0.8363	0.095*
C2	-0.1837 (2)	0.5290 (2)	0.76202 (19)	0.0819 (7)
H2B	-0.2362	0.4761	0.7985	0.098*
C3	-0.1172 (3)	0.4818 (2)	0.68567 (18)	0.0845 (7)
H3B	-0.1237	0.3959	0.6694	0.101*
C4	-0.0409 (2)	0.5632 (2)	0.63355 (15)	0.0731 (6)
H4A	0.0058	0.5328	0.5819	0.088*
C5	-0.03405 (18)	0.69079 (18)	0.65844 (12)	0.0537 (5)
C6	0.04303 (19)	0.77911 (17)	0.60035 (13)	0.0559 (5)
C7	0.1694 (2)	0.9368 (2)	0.55513 (15)	0.0680 (6)
C8	0.12918 (18)	0.93671 (17)	0.73586 (13)	0.0527 (5)
C9	0.06763 (19)	1.05012 (18)	0.75777 (13)	0.0571 (5)
H9A	0.0163	1.0962	0.7074	0.069*
C10	0.0816 (2)	1.09668 (18)	0.85510 (14)	0.0608 (5)
C11	0.1585 (2)	1.0247 (2)	0.92840 (15)	0.0719 (6)

H11A	0.1680	1.0531	0.9938	0.086*
C12	0.2210 (2)	0.9120 (2)	0.90560 (16)	0.0793 (7)
H12A	0.2728	0.8657	0.9557	0.095*
C13	0.2075 (2)	0.86690 (19)	0.80930 (14)	0.0673 (6)
H13A	0.2501	0.7911	0.7940	0.081*
C14	0.0136 (3)	1.2195 (2)	0.88081 (18)	0.0886 (7)
H14A	0.0346	1.2357	0.9507	0.133*
H14B	-0.0864	1.2134	0.8642	0.133*
H14C	0.0493	1.2879	0.8440	0.133*
C15	0.2596 (3)	1.0526 (2)	0.55930 (19)	0.0941 (8)
H15A	0.2877	1.0689	0.4948	0.141*
H15B	0.3416	1.0395	0.6061	0.141*
H15C	0.2075	1.1240	0.5797	0.141*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
N1	0.0814 (13)	0.1051 (15)	0.0546 (11)	0.0076 (11)	0.0229 (9)	0.0042 (9)
N2	0.0765 (11)	0.0929 (13)	0.0501 (10)	0.0047 (9)	0.0158 (8)	-0.0068 (8)
N3	0.0660 (10)	0.0654 (10)	0.0701 (11)	-0.0030 (8)	0.0257 (8)	-0.0060 (8)
N4	0.0555 (9)	0.0664 (10)	0.0474 (9)	0.0024 (7)	0.0109 (7)	0.0019 (7)
C1	0.0745 (14)	0.0799 (16)	0.0892 (16)	-0.0026 (11)	0.0344 (12)	0.0051 (11)
C2	0.0766 (15)	0.0713 (15)	0.0959 (18)	-0.0122 (11)	0.0024 (12)	0.0183 (12)
C3	0.1042 (19)	0.0598 (13)	0.0850 (17)	-0.0060 (13)	-0.0078 (14)	-0.0009 (12)
C4	0.0935 (16)	0.0646 (13)	0.0602 (13)	0.0125 (11)	0.0040 (11)	-0.0104 (10)
C5	0.0512 (10)	0.0624 (11)	0.0466 (10)	0.0045 (8)	0.0022 (7)	-0.0059 (8)
C6	0.0544 (10)	0.0672 (12)	0.0466 (10)	0.0076 (9)	0.0084 (8)	-0.0056 (8)
C7	0.0651 (12)	0.0856 (14)	0.0556 (12)	0.0039 (10)	0.0173 (9)	0.0108 (10)
C8	0.0508 (10)	0.0598 (11)	0.0477 (10)	-0.0027 (8)	0.0060 (8)	-0.0003 (8)
C9	0.0549 (11)	0.0626 (11)	0.0541 (11)	0.0017 (9)	0.0075 (8)	0.0057 (8)
C10	0.0599 (11)	0.0611 (12)	0.0616 (12)	-0.0053 (9)	0.0067 (9)	-0.0054 (9)
C11	0.0791 (14)	0.0800 (14)	0.0534 (12)	-0.0072 (11)	-0.0057 (10)	-0.0088 (10)
C12	0.0842 (15)	0.0839 (15)	0.0633 (14)	0.0113 (12)	-0.0186 (11)	-0.0015 (11)
C13	0.0692 (13)	0.0658 (12)	0.0637 (13)	0.0106 (10)	-0.0053 (10)	-0.0023 (9)
C14	0.1013 (18)	0.0802 (16)	0.0844 (16)	0.0122 (13)	0.0109 (13)	-0.0157 (12)
C15	0.0968 (18)	0.0993 (18)	0.0908 (17)	-0.0152 (14)	0.0309 (14)	0.0164 (13)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

N1—C7	1.315 (3)	C8—C9	1.378 (3)
N1—N2	1.399 (3)	C8—C13	1.385 (3)
N2—C6	1.315 (3)	C9—C10	1.399 (3)
N3—C1	1.341 (3)	C9—H9A	0.9300
N3—C5	1.348 (2)	C10—C11	1.390 (3)
N4—C7	1.375 (3)	C10—C14	1.506 (3)
N4—C6	1.380 (3)	C11—C12	1.379 (3)
N4—C8	1.445 (3)	C11—H11A	0.9300
C1—C2	1.376 (4)	C12—C13	1.381 (3)

C1—H1B	0.9300	C12—H12A	0.9300
C2—C3	1.369 (3)	C13—H13A	0.9300
C2—H2B	0.9300	C14—H14A	0.9600
C3—C4	1.373 (3)	C14—H14B	0.9600
C3—H3B	0.9300	C14—H14C	0.9600
C4—C5	1.384 (3)	C15—H15A	0.9600
C4—H4A	0.9300	C15—H15B	0.9600
C5—C6	1.470 (3)	C15—H15C	0.9600
C7—C15	1.490 (4)		
C7—N1—N2	107.35 (17)	C13—C8—N4	118.98 (18)
C6—N2—N1	107.28 (17)	C8—C9—C10	120.65 (17)
C1—N3—C5	116.33 (19)	C8—C9—H9A	119.7
C7—N4—C6	104.75 (17)	C10—C9—H9A	119.7
C7—N4—C8	126.95 (19)	C11—C10—C9	117.9 (2)
C6—N4—C8	128.13 (15)	C11—C10—C14	120.6 (2)
N3—C1—C2	124.4 (2)	C9—C10—C14	121.47 (19)
N3—C1—H1B	117.8	C12—C11—C10	121.0 (2)
C2—C1—H1B	117.8	C12—C11—H11A	119.5
C3—C2—C1	118.3 (2)	C10—C11—H11A	119.5
C3—C2—H2B	120.9	C11—C12—C13	120.76 (19)
C1—C2—H2B	120.9	C11—C12—H12A	119.6
C2—C3—C4	119.0 (2)	C13—C12—H12A	119.6
C2—C3—H3B	120.5	C12—C13—C8	118.8 (2)
C4—C3—H3B	120.5	C12—C13—H13A	120.6
C3—C4—C5	119.5 (2)	C8—C13—H13A	120.6
C3—C4—H4A	120.2	C10—C14—H14A	109.5
C5—C4—H4A	120.2	C10—C14—H14B	109.5
N3—C5—C4	122.48 (18)	H14A—C14—H14B	109.5
N3—C5—C6	117.83 (18)	C10—C14—H14C	109.5
C4—C5—C6	119.66 (18)	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5
N2—C6—N4	110.26 (17)	H14B—C14—H14C	109.5
N2—C6—C5	123.65 (18)	C7—C15—H15A	109.5
N4—C6—C5	126.10 (17)	C7—C15—H15B	109.5
N1—C7—N4	110.4 (2)	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
N1—C7—C15	125.7 (2)	C7—C15—H15C	109.5
N4—C7—C15	123.9 (2)	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
C9—C8—C13	120.88 (18)	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
C9—C8—N4	120.14 (16)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C1—H1B \cdots N1 ⁱ	0.93	2.56	3.377 (3)	147

Symmetry code: (i) $x-1/2, -y+3/2, z+1/2$.