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3-(2-Pyridyl)-5-(4-pyridyl)-4-(*p*-tolyl)-1*H*-1,2,4-triazoleLu-Tong Yuan,^a Hai Zhang,^b Zuo-Xiang Wang^b and Zhi-Rong Qu^{b*}^aBenxi Health School of Liaoning, Liaoning 117022, People's Republic of China, and^bOrdered Matter Science Research Center, College of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Southeast University, Nanjing 210096, People's Republic of China

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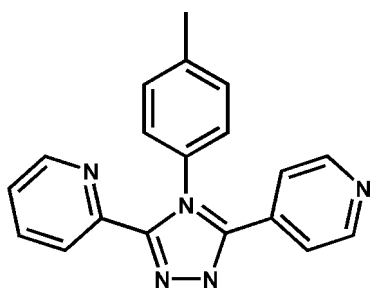
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005$ Å; R factor = 0.071; wR factor = 0.159; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.4.

In the molecule of the title compound, $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_5$, the dihedral angles formed by the plane of the triazole ring with those of the 2-pyridyl, 4-pyridyl and *p*-tolyl rings are 28.12 (10), 34.62 (10) and 71.43 (9)°, respectively. The crystal structure is consolidated by $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$ hydrogen-bonding interactions and by $\pi-\pi$ stacking interactions, with a centroid-centroid distance of 3.794 (4) Å.

Related literature

For the pharmaceutical and agricultural applications of triazoles, see: Grénman *et al.* (2003). For general background on the coordination chemistry of triazoles, see: Haasnoot (2000); Klingele & Brooker (2003); Beckmann & Brooker (2003). For the synthesis of the title compound, see: Erwin (1958).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_5$ $M_r = 313.36$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ $a = 5.6104$ (11) Å $b = 16.312$ (3) Å $c = 16.902$ (4) Å $\beta = 105.07$ (3)° $V = 1493.6$ (6) Å³ $Z = 4$ Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.09$ mm⁻¹ $T = 293$ K

0.20 × 0.20 × 0.20 mm

Data collection

Rigaku SCXmini diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*CrystalClear*; Rigaku, 2005)
 $T_{\min} = 0.982$, $T_{\max} = 0.983$ 13896 measured reflections
2918 independent reflections
1734 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.105$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.071$ $wR(F^2) = 0.159$ $S = 1.07$

2918 reflections

217 parameters

H-atom parameters constrained

 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.32$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.26$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{C11}-\text{H11A}\cdots\text{Cg1}^{\text{i}}$	0.93	2.79	3.630 (4)	150
$\text{C12}-\text{H12A}\cdots\text{Cg3}^{\text{ii}}$	0.93	2.90	3.532 (4)	126
$\text{C14}-\text{H14A}\cdots\text{Cg1}^{\text{iii}}$	0.93	2.76	3.628 (4)	156
$\text{C18}-\text{H18A}\cdots\text{Cg2}^{\text{iii}}$	0.93	2.78	3.615 (4)	149
$\text{C19}-\text{H19C}\cdots\text{Cg3}^{\text{iv}}$	0.96	3.08	3.698 (4)	124

Symmetry codes: (i) $x + 1, -y - \frac{3}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $x + 1, y, z$; (iii) $x - 1, y, z$; (iv) $-x, -y, -z$. Cg1 , Cg2 and Cg3 are the centroids of the $\text{N1}-\text{N3}/\text{C1}, \text{C2}$, $\text{N4}/\text{C3}-\text{C7}$ and $\text{N5}/\text{C8}-\text{C12}$ rings, respectively.

Table 2

 $\pi-\pi$ Stacking interaction geometry.

Group 1	Group 2	α (°)	DCC (Å)	τ (°)
Cg2	Cg2^{i}	0.0	3.794 (3)	31.30

Symmetry code: (i) $3 - x, 1 - y, 2 - z$. α is the dihedral angle between the planes, DCC is the length of the centroid-centroid vector, τ is the angle subtended by the plane normal to CC and Cg2 is the centroid of ring $\text{N5}/\text{C8}-\text{C12}$.

Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 2005); cell refinement: *CrystalClear*; data reduction: *CrystalClear*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL/PC* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *PRPKAPPA* (Ferguson, 1999).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: RZ2317).

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supplementary materials

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3-(2-Pyridyl)-5-(4-pyridyl)-4-(*p*-tolyl)-1*H*-1,2,4-triazole

L.-T. Yuan, H. Zhang, Z.-X. Wang and Z.-R. Qu

Comment

The main interest in triazoles lies in their pharmaceutical and agricultural applications (Grénman *et al.*, 2003). The utilization of 1,2,4-triazole derivatives as bridging ligands in transition-metal complexes is currently of considerable interest because of the fact that it represents a hybrid of pyrazole and imidazole with regard to the arrangement of its heteroatoms, thus promising a rich and versatile coordination chemistry (Haasnoot, 2000; Klingele & Brooker, 2003; Beckmann & Brooker, 2003). We report here the crystal structure of the title compound, which is a substituted 1,2,4-triazole synthesized by the reaction of 4,4'-dimethylphenylphosphazoanilide with N-(2-pyridyl)-N'-(4-pyridyl)hydrazine in *o*-dichlorobenzene (Erwin, 1958).

The structure of the title compound (Fig. 1) features a dihedral angle of 28.12 (10)° between the 2-pyridyl and triazole rings, a dihedral angle of 34.62 (10)° between the 4-pyridyl and triazole rings, and a dihedral angle of 71.43 (9)° between the *p*-tolyl and the triazole rings. The crystal structure is stabilized by C—H⋯π hydrogen interactions (Table 1) and π–π stacking interactions (Table 2).

Experimental

A mixture of 4,4'-dimethylphenylphosphazoanilide (3.60 g, 14.9 mmol) and N-(2-pyridyl)-N'-(4-pyridyl)hydrazine (3.00 g, 12.4 mmol) in *o*-dichlorobenzene (30 ml) was refluxed for 3 h, then conc. HCl (5 ml) and H₂O (5 ml) were added to the system after the removal of the solvent under reduced pressure. After refluxing for 1 h, the mixture was filtered and the filtrate was neutralized with K₂CO₃ to pH 8–9 to achieve a white solid. Colourless crystals of the title compound suitable for X-ray diffraction were obtained by slow evaporation of an ethanol solution.

Refinement

Positional parameters of all the H atoms were calculated geometrically and were allowed to ride on the C atoms to which they are bonded with, C—H = 0.93 Å (aromatic) or 0.96 Å (methyl), and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}_{\text{aromatic}})$ or $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}_{\text{methyl}})$.

Figures

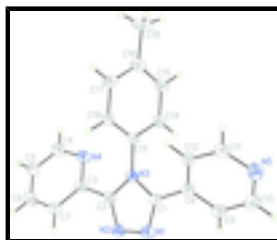


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound, with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 30% probability level.

3-(2-Pyridyl)-5-(4-pyridyl)-4-(*p*-tolyl)-1*H*-1,2,4-triazole

Crystal data

$C_{19}H_{15}N_5$	$F_{000} = 656$
$M_r = 313.36$	$D_x = 1.394 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	$\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
$a = 5.6104 (11) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 1730 reflections
$b = 16.312 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 3.0\text{--}27.5^\circ$
$c = 16.902 (4) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\beta = 105.07 (3)^\circ$	$T = 293 \text{ K}$
$V = 1493.6 (6) \text{ \AA}^3$	Prism, colourless
$Z = 4$	$0.20 \times 0.20 \times 0.20 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Rigaku SCXmini diffractometer	2918 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	1734 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Monochromator: graphite	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.105$
$T = 293 \text{ K}$	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 26.0^\circ$
CCD_Profile_fitting scans	$\theta_{\text{min}} = 3.5^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrystalClear; Rigaku, 2005)	$h = -6 \rightarrow 6$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.982$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.983$	$k = -20 \rightarrow 20$
13896 measured reflections	$l = -20 \rightarrow 20$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.071$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.159$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0527P)^2 + 0.6603P]$
$S = 1.07$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2918 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
217 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.32 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.26 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
	Extinction correction: none

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	1.0349 (6)	0.66367 (18)	0.84606 (18)	0.0362 (8)
C2	0.7141 (5)	0.73132 (19)	0.78095 (17)	0.0349 (7)
C3	0.5160 (6)	0.79095 (19)	0.75540 (17)	0.0360 (8)
C4	0.3738 (7)	0.9211 (2)	0.7518 (2)	0.0508 (9)
H4B	0.4004	0.9757	0.7673	0.061*
C5	0.1503 (6)	0.9004 (2)	0.7039 (2)	0.0480 (9)
H5B	0.0273	0.9396	0.6870	0.058*
C6	0.1094 (6)	0.8215 (2)	0.6810 (2)	0.0522 (10)
H6A	-0.0430	0.8056	0.6478	0.063*
C7	0.2918 (6)	0.7655 (2)	0.70656 (19)	0.0453 (8)
H7A	0.2658	0.7108	0.6914	0.054*
C8	1.2577 (6)	0.63716 (17)	0.90639 (19)	0.0346 (7)
C9	1.4365 (6)	0.59609 (18)	0.8799 (2)	0.0418 (8)
H9A	1.4153	0.5859	0.8243	0.050*
C10	1.6455 (6)	0.5704 (2)	0.9356 (2)	0.0471 (9)
H10A	1.7648	0.5428	0.9167	0.056*
C11	1.5079 (6)	0.6215 (2)	1.0397 (2)	0.0455 (9)
H11A	1.5303	0.6301	1.0956	0.055*
C12	1.2956 (6)	0.64888 (19)	0.98817 (19)	0.0406 (8)
H12A	1.1774	0.6754	1.0086	0.049*
C13	0.9579 (5)	0.79279 (17)	0.91387 (17)	0.0310 (7)
C14	1.1613 (6)	0.84102 (19)	0.92208 (19)	0.0407 (8)
H14A	1.2539	0.8385	0.8838	0.049*
C15	1.2267 (6)	0.8930 (2)	0.9874 (2)	0.0481 (9)
H15A	1.3659	0.9258	0.9935	0.058*
C16	1.0920 (6)	0.89820 (18)	1.04469 (19)	0.0421 (8)
C17	0.8873 (6)	0.84945 (19)	1.03423 (19)	0.0429 (8)
H17A	0.7930	0.8520	1.0720	0.052*
C18	0.8200 (5)	0.79711 (19)	0.96907 (17)	0.0362 (7)
H18A	0.6802	0.7645	0.9625	0.043*
C19	1.1735 (8)	0.9536 (2)	1.1171 (2)	0.0689 (12)
H19A	1.3198	0.9824	1.1138	0.103*
H19B	1.2082	0.9216	1.1665	0.103*

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H19C	1.0450	0.9923	1.1176	0.103*
N1	0.9349 (5)	0.62309 (16)	0.77955 (16)	0.0446 (7)
N2	0.7292 (5)	0.66575 (17)	0.73835 (16)	0.0443 (7)
N3	0.9026 (4)	0.73278 (14)	0.84991 (14)	0.0324 (6)
N4	0.5604 (5)	0.86832 (16)	0.77874 (16)	0.0453 (7)
N5	1.6862 (5)	0.58304 (17)	1.01564 (19)	0.0508 (8)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.044 (2)	0.0345 (17)	0.0313 (17)	-0.0008 (15)	0.0120 (15)	-0.0043 (14)
C2	0.0358 (18)	0.0410 (18)	0.0263 (16)	-0.0069 (14)	0.0054 (14)	-0.0005 (15)
C3	0.0404 (18)	0.0421 (19)	0.0238 (15)	-0.0069 (15)	0.0054 (14)	-0.0014 (14)
C4	0.056 (2)	0.040 (2)	0.051 (2)	0.0005 (17)	0.0052 (19)	0.0049 (17)
C5	0.043 (2)	0.050 (2)	0.047 (2)	0.0048 (17)	0.0052 (17)	0.0093 (17)
C6	0.040 (2)	0.062 (3)	0.047 (2)	-0.0066 (18)	-0.0017 (17)	0.0049 (19)
C7	0.046 (2)	0.0430 (19)	0.0419 (19)	-0.0092 (16)	0.0016 (16)	-0.0041 (16)
C8	0.0388 (19)	0.0289 (16)	0.0374 (18)	-0.0048 (13)	0.0122 (15)	0.0015 (14)
C9	0.049 (2)	0.0355 (18)	0.0425 (19)	-0.0032 (16)	0.0153 (17)	-0.0008 (15)
C10	0.048 (2)	0.0399 (19)	0.059 (2)	-0.0016 (16)	0.0227 (19)	0.0037 (17)
C11	0.045 (2)	0.047 (2)	0.042 (2)	-0.0038 (17)	0.0087 (17)	-0.0008 (16)
C12	0.0382 (19)	0.047 (2)	0.0371 (18)	0.0025 (15)	0.0114 (15)	0.0003 (16)
C13	0.0326 (17)	0.0314 (16)	0.0264 (15)	-0.0044 (13)	0.0030 (13)	-0.0009 (13)
C14	0.0410 (19)	0.0423 (19)	0.0382 (18)	-0.0073 (15)	0.0094 (15)	-0.0019 (16)
C15	0.044 (2)	0.0390 (19)	0.055 (2)	-0.0101 (16)	0.0024 (18)	-0.0039 (17)
C16	0.055 (2)	0.0289 (17)	0.0324 (18)	0.0048 (16)	-0.0056 (17)	0.0024 (14)
C17	0.056 (2)	0.0401 (19)	0.0331 (18)	0.0051 (16)	0.0132 (16)	-0.0022 (15)
C18	0.0342 (17)	0.0413 (18)	0.0317 (17)	-0.0066 (14)	0.0060 (14)	-0.0033 (14)
C19	0.098 (3)	0.045 (2)	0.046 (2)	0.005 (2)	-0.013 (2)	-0.0117 (18)
N1	0.0515 (18)	0.0429 (16)	0.0381 (15)	-0.0024 (13)	0.0093 (14)	-0.0070 (13)
N2	0.0477 (17)	0.0464 (16)	0.0360 (15)	-0.0020 (14)	0.0057 (13)	-0.0070 (14)
N3	0.0372 (15)	0.0337 (14)	0.0257 (13)	-0.0043 (11)	0.0070 (11)	-0.0043 (11)
N4	0.0505 (18)	0.0413 (16)	0.0396 (16)	-0.0045 (14)	0.0036 (14)	-0.0006 (13)
N5	0.0429 (17)	0.0485 (18)	0.060 (2)	-0.0045 (14)	0.0115 (15)	0.0045 (15)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

C1—N1	1.300 (4)	C10—H10A	0.9300
C1—N3	1.361 (4)	C11—N5	1.331 (4)
C1—C8	1.458 (4)	C11—C12	1.356 (4)
C2—N2	1.304 (4)	C11—H11A	0.9300
C2—N3	1.355 (3)	C12—H12A	0.9300
C2—C3	1.456 (4)	C13—C18	1.360 (4)
C3—N4	1.326 (4)	C13—C14	1.363 (4)
C3—C7	1.377 (4)	C13—N3	1.431 (3)
C4—N4	1.340 (4)	C14—C15	1.365 (4)
C4—C5	1.347 (4)	C14—H14A	0.9300
C4—H4B	0.9300	C15—C16	1.376 (5)
C5—C6	1.345 (5)	C15—H15A	0.9300

C5—H5B	0.9300	C16—C17	1.370 (5)
C6—C7	1.356 (5)	C16—C19	1.494 (4)
C6—H6A	0.9300	C17—C18	1.367 (4)
C7—H7A	0.9300	C17—H17A	0.9300
C8—C12	1.356 (4)	C18—H18A	0.9300
C8—C9	1.375 (4)	C19—H19A	0.9600
C9—C10	1.365 (4)	C19—H19B	0.9600
C9—H9A	0.9300	C19—H19C	0.9600
C10—N5	1.328 (4)	N1—N2	1.372 (4)
N1—C1—N3	110.2 (3)	C11—C12—H12A	120.4
N1—C1—C8	123.6 (3)	C8—C12—H12A	120.4
N3—C1—C8	126.3 (3)	C18—C13—C14	120.7 (3)
N2—C2—N3	109.9 (3)	C18—C13—N3	120.2 (3)
N2—C2—C3	122.6 (3)	C14—C13—N3	118.9 (3)
N3—C2—C3	127.5 (3)	C13—C14—C15	118.9 (3)
N4—C3—C7	122.5 (3)	C13—C14—H14A	120.6
N4—C3—C2	118.5 (3)	C15—C14—H14A	120.6
C7—C3—C2	119.0 (3)	C14—C15—C16	121.7 (3)
N4—C4—C5	124.5 (3)	C14—C15—H15A	119.1
N4—C4—H4B	117.8	C16—C15—H15A	119.1
C5—C4—H4B	117.8	C17—C16—C15	117.9 (3)
C6—C5—C4	118.4 (3)	C17—C16—C19	121.6 (3)
C6—C5—H5B	120.8	C15—C16—C19	120.4 (3)
C4—C5—H5B	120.8	C18—C17—C16	120.9 (3)
C5—C6—C7	119.6 (3)	C18—C17—H17A	119.6
C5—C6—H6A	120.2	C16—C17—H17A	119.6
C7—C6—H6A	120.2	C13—C18—C17	119.9 (3)
C6—C7—C3	118.9 (3)	C13—C18—H18A	120.1
C6—C7—H7A	120.5	C17—C18—H18A	120.1
C3—C7—H7A	120.5	C16—C19—H19A	109.5
C12—C8—C9	117.8 (3)	C16—C19—H19B	109.5
C12—C8—C1	123.3 (3)	H19A—C19—H19B	109.5
C9—C8—C1	118.8 (3)	C16—C19—H19C	109.5
C10—C9—C8	119.5 (3)	H19A—C19—H19C	109.5
C10—C9—H9A	120.2	H19B—C19—H19C	109.5
C8—C9—H9A	120.2	C1—N1—N2	107.3 (3)
N5—C10—C9	123.0 (3)	C2—N2—N1	107.6 (2)
N5—C10—H10A	118.5	C2—N3—C1	104.9 (2)
C9—C10—H10A	118.5	C2—N3—C13	129.0 (2)
N5—C11—C12	124.3 (3)	C1—N3—C13	126.1 (2)
N5—C11—H11A	117.9	C3—N4—C4	116.1 (3)
C12—C11—H11A	117.9	C10—N5—C11	116.2 (3)
C11—C12—C8	119.2 (3)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
C11—H11A \cdots Cg1 ⁱ	0.93	2.79	3.630 (4)	150
C12—H12A \cdots Cg3	0.93	2.90	3.532 (4)	126

supplementary materials

C14—H14A...Cg1 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.76	3.628 (4)	156
C18—H18A...Cg2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.78	3.615 (4)	149
C19—H19C...Cg3 ^{iv}	0.96	3.08	3.698 (4)	124

Symmetry codes: (i) $x+1, -y-3/2, z-1/2$; (ii) $x+1, y, z$; (iii) $x-1, y, z$; (iv) $-x, -y, -z$.

Table 2

π - π Stacking interaction geometry (α is the dihedral angle between the planes, DCC is the length of the centroid-centroid vector; τ is the angle subtended by the plane normal to CC. Cg2 is the centroid of ring N5/C8-C12)

Group 1	Group 2	α (°)	DCC (Å)	τ (°)
Cg2	Cg2 ⁱ	0.0	3.794 (3)	31.30

Symmetry code: (i) $3-x, 1-y, 2-z$.

Fig. 1

