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(Z,Z)-N"-[Amino(pyrazin-2-yl)methylene]pyrazine-2-carbohydrazonamide

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 295 K; mean $\sigma(C-C) = 0.002 \text{ Å}$; R factor = 0.038; wR factor = 0.108; data-to-parameter ratio = 10.5.

The title compound, C₁₀H₁₀N₈, resides on a crystallographic symmetry center and features an essentially planar molecule = 0.278 (1) Å]. In the C=N-N=C [r.m.s. deviation fragment, the C=N distance is 1.3017 (18) Å and the N-N distance is 1.403 (2) Å. In the crystal, adjacent molecules are linked by N-H···N hydrogen bonds into a three-dimensional network.

Related literature

For related structures, see: Armstrong et al. (1998), Xu et al. (2006), Shi et al. (2008).

Experimental

Crystal data

 $C_{10}H_{10}N_8$ a = 8.6576 (16) Å $M_r = 242.26$ b = 6.6685 (12) ÅMonoclinic, $P2_1/c$ c = 9.6162 (18) Å $\beta = 97.682 (4)^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ $V = 550.19 (18) \text{ Å}^3$. T - 295 K $0.30 \times 0.19 \times 0.16 \text{ mm}$ Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD 1946 measured reflections 946 independent reflections diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan 844 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ (SADABS; Sheldrick, 2000) $R_{\rm int} = 0.013$ $T_{\min} = 0.970, T_{\max} = 0.984$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.038$ H atoms treated by a mixture of $wR(F^2) = 0.108$ independent and constrained S = 1.05refinement $\Delta \rho_{\text{max}} = 0.20 \text{ e Å}^{-3}$ 946 reflections $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.13~{\rm e}~{\rm \mathring{A}}^{-3}$ 90 parameters

Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D-\mathrm{H}\cdots A$
$ \begin{array}{c} N3 - H3B \cdot \cdot \cdot N2^{i} \\ N3 - H3C \cdot \cdot \cdot N4^{ii} \end{array} $	0.906 (18) 0.892 (19)	2.280 (18) 2.405 (18)	3.0539 (18) 3.1587 (18)	143.2 (14) 142.3 (16)
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Symmetry codes: (i) -x + 2, $y - \frac{1}{2}$, $-z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $x, -y - \frac{1}{2}$, $z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2000); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2000); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BT5007).

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supporting information

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(Z,Z)-N"-[Amino(pyrazin-2-yl)methylene]pyrazine-2-carbohydrazonamide

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S1. Comment

The title compound can be regarded as a dihydrazidine with all atoms essentially coplanar and has now been shown to have *trans* geometry because of steric repulsion effect. In the C=N—N=C fragment, the C=N distance is 1.302 (2) Å, which is much shorter than the N—N distance of 1.403 (2) Å. All other C—N distances are 1.341 (2) Å, which are considered to have full double-bond character. Adjacent molecules are linked into a two-dimensional sheet by intermolecular N—H···N hydrogen bonds with the N···N distance of 3.054 (2) Å. Each molecule acts as double hydrogen-bond acceptors with the 2-position N atoms of pyrazine rings and donors with the two amino groups.

S2. Experimental

A mixture of pyrazine-2-carbonitrile (0.210 g, 2 mmol), MnSO₄. H_2O (0.169 g, 1 mmol), hydrazine hydrate (80%, 2 ml) and anhydrous ethanol (6 ml) was heated in a 15 ml Teflon-lined autoclave at 393 K for 3 days, followed by slow cooling (5 K h^{-1}) to room temperature. The resulting mixture was filtered and washed with 95% ethanol, and yellow block crystals were collected and dried in vacuum. Yield (0.32 g) 26.4%.

S3. Refinement

The H atom bonded to N were located in a difference map and freely refined. Other H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model with C—H = 0.93 Å and with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2 U_{eq}(C)$.

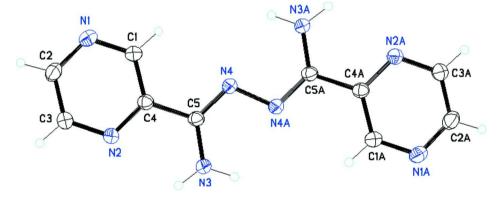


Figure 1 Structure of the title compound with 30% displacement ellipsoids. [Symmetry code: (A) 2-x, -1-y, -z.]

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(Z,Z)-N''-[Amino(pyrazin-2-yl)methylene]pyrazine-2-carbohydrazonamide

Crystal data

F(000) = 252 $C_{10}H_{10}N_8$ $M_r = 242.26$ $D_{\rm x} = 1.462 \; {\rm Mg \; m^{-3}}$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Hall symbol: -P 2ybc Cell parameters from 651 reflections a = 8.6576 (16) Å $\theta = 3.9 - 26.5^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ b = 6.6685 (12) Åc = 9.6162 (18) ÅT = 295 K $\beta = 97.682 (4)^{\circ}$ Block, yellow $V = 550.19 (18) \text{ Å}^3$ $0.30 \times 0.19 \times 0.16 \text{ mm}$ Z=2

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD 1946 measured reflections diffractometer 946 independent reflections Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube 844 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ Graphite monochromator $R_{\rm int} = 0.013$ $\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.0^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.4^{\circ}$ φ and ω scans $h = -10 \rightarrow 4$ Absorption correction: multi-scan $k = -7 \rightarrow 7$ (SADABS; Sheldrick, 2000) $l = -11 \rightarrow 11$ $T_{\min} = 0.970, T_{\max} = 0.984$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier Least-squares matrix: full map $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.038$ Hydrogen site location: inferred from $wR(F^2) = 0.108$ neighbouring sites S = 1.05H atoms treated by a mixture of independent 946 reflections and constrained refinement 90 parameters $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_0^2) + (0.0659P)^2 + 0.0834P]$ 0 restraints where $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ Primary atom site location: structure-invariant $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$ $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.20 \text{ e Å}^{-3}$ direct methods

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

 $\Delta \rho_{\min} = -0.13 \text{ e Å}^{-3}$

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and F-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\mathring{A}^2)

	x	У	Z	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
C1	0.71263 (17)	-0.1470(2)	-0.12888 (15)	0.0400 (4)
H1A	0.7177	-0.2641	-0.1806	0.048*
C2	0.61260 (19)	0.1595 (2)	-0.10119 (17)	0.0459 (4)

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H2A	0.5502	0.2669	-0.1353	0.055*	
C3	0.69636 (18)	0.1731 (2)	0.03029 (16)	0.0421 (4)	
H3A	0.6851	0.2866	0.0842	0.050*	
C4	0.80524 (15)	-0.1312 (2)	0.00078 (14)	0.0326 (4)	
C5	0.92285 (16)	-0.2845 (2)	0.05271 (14)	0.0322 (4)	
N1	0.61789 (15)	-0.0024 (2)	-0.18134 (13)	0.0462 (4)	
N2	0.79325 (14)	0.02862 (18)	0.08288 (12)	0.0372 (4)	
N3	1.00358 (16)	-0.2540 (2)	0.17988 (13)	0.0431 (4)	
Н3В	1.071 (2)	-0.351 (3)	0.2148 (18)	0.045 (4)*	
H3C	0.974(2)	-0.154(3)	0.2320 (19)	0.050 (5)*	
N4	0.94266 (14)	-0.43331 (17)	-0.03069 (11)	0.0356 (4)	

Atomic displacement parameters (\mathring{A}^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0420(8)	0.0408 (8)	0.0350(8)	0.0018 (6)	-0.0029(6)	-0.0042 (7)
C2	0.0441 (9)	0.0435 (9)	0.0475 (9)	0.0069(7)	-0.0038 (7)	0.0066 (7)
C3	0.0468 (9)	0.0355 (8)	0.0426 (9)	0.0047 (6)	0.0013 (7)	-0.0023(7)
C4	0.0353 (8)	0.0329 (8)	0.0295 (7)	-0.0030 (6)	0.0039 (6)	0.0006 (6)
C5	0.0363 (8)	0.0316 (7)	0.0280(7)	-0.0025 (6)	0.0017 (6)	0.0015 (6)
N1	0.0459 (8)	0.0486 (8)	0.0405 (8)	0.0040(6)	-0.0078(6)	0.0010(6)
N2	0.0429 (7)	0.0339 (7)	0.0335 (7)	0.0024 (5)	-0.0002(5)	-0.0018(5)
N3	0.0534 (9)	0.0409(8)	0.0317 (7)	0.0145 (6)	-0.0068(6)	-0.0050(6)
N4	0.0425 (7)	0.0312 (7)	0.0313 (7)	0.0042 (5)	-0.0016(5)	-0.0001(5)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

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C1—N1	1.3219 (19)	C4—N2	1.3386 (18)
C1—C4	1.393 (2)	C4—C5	1.4815 (19)
C1—H1A	0.9300	C5—N4	1.3017 (18)
C2—N1	1.331 (2)	C5—N3	1.3405 (18)
C2—C3	1.374 (2)	N3—H3B	0.906 (18)
C2—H2A	0.9300	N3—H3C	0.893 (19)
C3—N2	1.3318 (19)	N4— $N4$ ⁱ	1.403 (2)
С3—Н3А	0.9300		
N1—C1—C4	122.66 (14)	C1—C4—C5	122.46 (13)
N1—C1—H1A	118.7	N4—C5—N3	125.59 (13)
C4—C1—H1A	118.7	N4—C5—C4	117.36 (12)
N1—C2—C3	122.11 (14)	N3—C5—C4	117.01 (13)
N1—C2—H2A	118.9	C1—N1—C2	116.02 (13)
C3—C2—H2A	118.9	C3—N2—C4	116.52 (12)
N2—C3—C2	122.01 (14)	C5—N3—H3B	117.6 (10)
N2—C3—H3A	119.0	C5—N3—H3C	118.3 (11)
C2—C3—H3A	119.0	H3B—N3—H3C	123.0 (15)

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N2—C4—C1	120.49 (13)	C5—N4—N4 ⁱ	111.61 (13)
N2—C4—C5	117.03 (12)		

Symmetry code: (i) -x+2, -y-1, -z.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	$H\cdots A$	D··· A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
N3—H3 <i>B</i> ···N2 ⁱⁱ	0.906 (18)	2.280 (18)	3.0539 (18)	143.2 (14)
N3—H3 <i>C</i> ···N4 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.892 (19)	2.405 (18)	3.1587 (18)	142.3 (16)

Symmetry codes: (ii) -x+2, y-1/2, -z+1/2; (iii) x, -y-1/2, z+1/2.

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