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5-Fluoro-3-methylsulfinyl-2-phenyl-1-benzofuran

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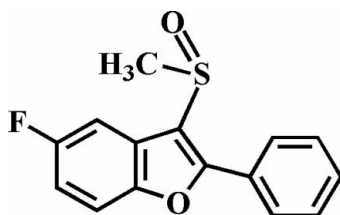
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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 273$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.006$ Å; R factor = 0.061; wR factor = 0.157; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.0.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{11}\text{FO}_2\text{S}$, the O atom and the methyl group of the methylsulfinyl substituent lie on opposite sides of the plane of the benzofuran fragment. The 2-phenyl ring is rotated out of the benzofuran plane, making a dihedral angle of $32.1(2)^\circ$. The crystal structure is stabilized by aromatic $\pi-\pi$ interactions between the benzene rings of neighbouring molecules [centroid-centroid distance = $3.690(5)$ Å]. In addition, the crystal structure exhibits intermolecular $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ and $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{F}$ interactions.

Related literature

For the crystal structures of similar 5-halo-3-methylsulfinyl-2-phenyl-1-benzofuran derivatives, see: Choi *et al.* (2007*a,b*). For the biological and pharmacological activity of benzofuran compounds, see: Howlett *et al.* (1999); Ward (1997).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{11}\text{FO}_2\text{S}$
 $M_r = 274.30$

 Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 8.507(4)$ Å
 $b = 16.655(7)$ Å
 $c = 9.553(4)$ Å
 $\beta = 113.732(5)^\circ$
 $V = 1239.1(9)$ Å³
 $Z = 4$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.27$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 273$ K
 $0.20 \times 0.10 \times 0.10$ mm

Data collection

 Bruker SMART CCD diffractometer
 Absorption correction: none
 8954 measured reflections

 2251 independent reflections
 1478 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.133$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.061$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.157$
 $S = 1.07$
 2251 reflections

 173 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.64$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.34$ e Å⁻³
Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{C5}-\text{H5}\cdots\text{O2}^i$	0.93	2.48	3.282 (5)	145
$\text{C12}-\text{H12}\cdots\text{O2}^{ii}$	0.93	2.48	3.371 (5)	160
$\text{C13}-\text{H13}\cdots\text{O2}^{iii}$	0.93	2.64	3.555 (5)	170
$\text{C15}-\text{H15B}\cdots\text{O1}^{iv}$	0.96	2.67	3.493 (6)	144
$\text{C15}-\text{H15A}\cdots\text{F}^v$	0.96	2.62	3.509 (6)	155

 Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+2, y-\frac{1}{2}, -z+\frac{3}{2}$; (ii) $x-1, y, z-1$; (iii) $x-1, -y+\frac{3}{2}, z-\frac{1}{2}$; (iv) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$; (v) $-x+2, -y+1, -z+2$.

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2001); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2001); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 (Farrugia, 1997) and DIAMOND (Brandenburg, 1998); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: ER2071).

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supporting information

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5-Fluoro-3-methylsulfinyl-2-phenyl-1-benzofuran

Hong Dae Choi, Pil Ja Seo, Byeng Wha Son and Uk Lee

S1. Comment

The benzofuran ring systems have been received considerable attention in the field of their biological and pharmacological properties (Howlett *et al.*, 1999; Ward, 1997). This work is related to our communications on the synthesis and structures of 5-halo-3-methylsulfinyl-2-phenyl-1-benzofuran analogues, *viz.* 5-bromo-3-methylsulfinyl-2-phenyl-1-benzofuran (Choi *et al.*, 2007a) and 5-iodo-3-methylsulfinyl-2-phenyl-1-benzofuran (Choi *et al.*, 2007b). Here we report the crystal structure of the title compound, 5-fluoro-3-methylsulfinyl-2-phenyl-1-benzofuran (Fig. 1).

The benzofuran unit is essentially planar, with a mean deviation of 0.011 (3) Å from the least-squares plane defined by the nine constituent atoms. The dihedral angle formed by the planes of the benzofuran and the phenyl rings is 3.690 (5)°. The crystal packing (Fig. 2) is stabilized by aromatic π - π interactions between the benzene rings of the adjacent molecules, with a Cg...Cg distance of 3.690 (5) Å (Cg is the centroid of the C2-C7 benzene ring). The crystal packing (Fig. 2) exhibits four C-H...O and an C-H...F intermolecular interactions (Table 1 and Fig. 2).

S2. Experimental

The 77% 3-chloroperoxybenzoic acid (291 mg, 1.3 mmol) was added in small portions to a stirred solution of 5-fluoro-3-methylsulfonyl-2-phenyl-1-benzofuran (310 mg, 1.2 mmol) in dichloromethane (30 mL) at 273 K. After being stirred at room temperature for 3h, the mixture was washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution and the organic layer was separated, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuum. The residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane-ethyl acetate, 1 : 1 v/v) to afford the title compound as a colorless solid [yield 83%, m.p. 462-463 K; R_f = 0.47 (hexane-ethyl acetate, 1 : 1 v/v)]. Single crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were prepared by slow evaporation of a solution of the title compound in tetrahydrofuran at room temperature.

S3. Refinement

All H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model, with C-H = 0.93 Å for aromatic H atoms and 0.96 Å for methyl H atoms, respectively, and with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$ for aromatic H atoms and 1.5 $U_{eq}(C)$ for methyl H atoms, respectively.

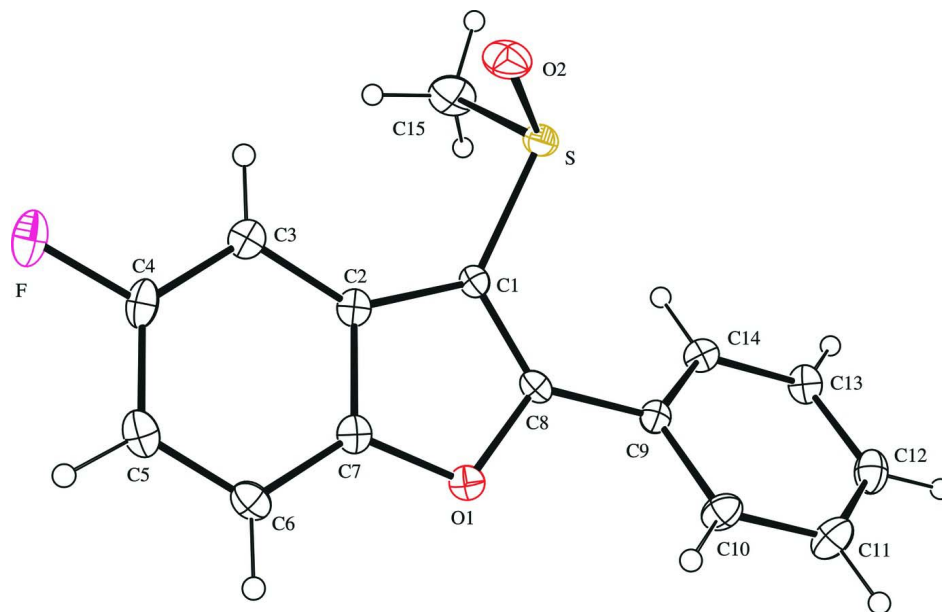


Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound with the atom numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. H atoms are presented as a small spheres of arbitrary radius.

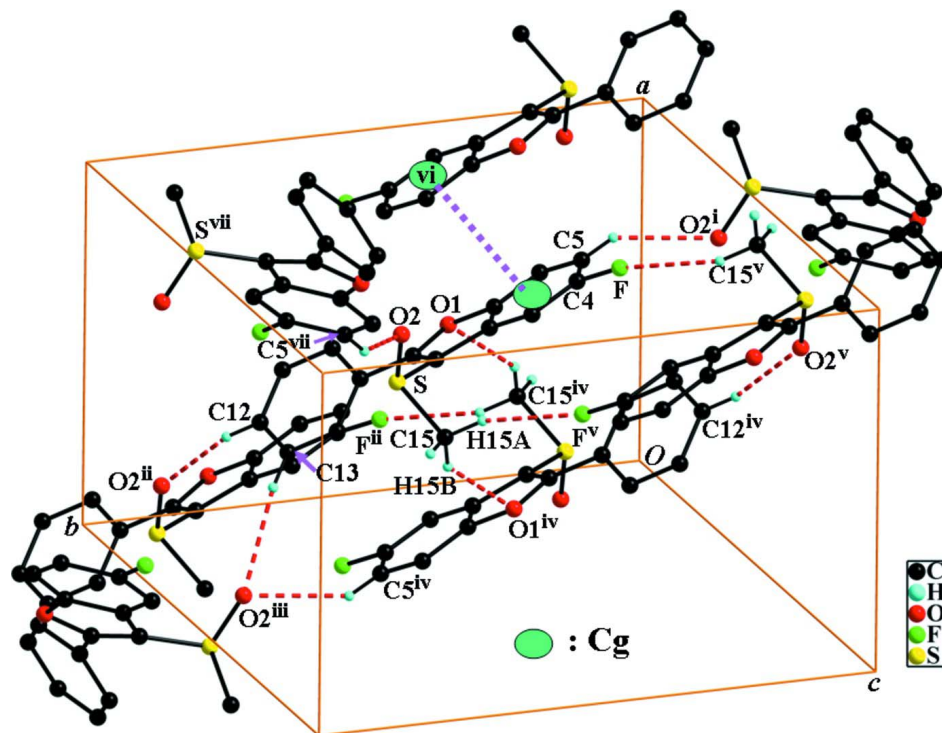


Figure 2

π - π , C-H...O, and C-H...F interactions (dotted lines) in the crystal structure of title compound. Cg denotes the ring centroid. [Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 2, y - 1/2, -z + 3/2$; (ii) $x - 1, y, z - 1$; (iii) $x - 1, -y + 3/2, z - 1/2$; (iv) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$; (v) $-x + 2, -y + 1, -z + 2$; (vi) $-x + 2, -y + 1, -z + 1$; (vii) $-x + 2, y + 1/2, -z + 3/2$.]

5-Fluoro-3-methylsulfinyl-2-phenyl-1-benzofuran

Crystal data

C₁₅H₁₁FO₂S $M_r = 274.30$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

 $a = 8.507(4) \text{ \AA}$ $b = 16.655(7) \text{ \AA}$ $c = 9.553(4) \text{ \AA}$ $\beta = 113.732(5)^\circ$ $V = 1239.1(9) \text{ \AA}^3$ $Z = 4$ $F(000) = 568$ $D_x = 1.470 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 2317 reflections

 $\theta = 2.5\text{--}26.7^\circ$ $\mu = 0.27 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ $T = 273 \text{ K}$

Block, colourless

 $0.20 \times 0.10 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD

diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

Detector resolution: $10.0 \text{ pixels mm}^{-1}$ φ and ω scans

8954 measured reflections

2251 independent reflections

1478 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.133$ $\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.5^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.5^\circ$ $h = -10 \rightarrow 10$ $k = -20 \rightarrow 20$ $l = -11 \rightarrow 11$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.061$ $wR(F^2) = 0.157$ $S = 1.07$

2251 reflections

173 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant

direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: difference Fourier map

H-atom parameters constrained

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0649P)^2 + 1.1956P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.64 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$ $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.34 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S	0.68313 (13)	0.69115 (6)	0.59163 (12)	0.0254 (3)
F	1.1429 (3)	0.43327 (15)	0.9193 (3)	0.0410 (7)
O1	0.6667 (3)	0.49692 (15)	0.3511 (3)	0.0239 (6)
O2	0.8646 (4)	0.71756 (17)	0.6700 (4)	0.0382 (8)
C1	0.6897 (5)	0.5933 (2)	0.5247 (4)	0.0195 (8)

C2	0.8108 (5)	0.5306 (2)	0.6026 (4)	0.0212 (8)
C3	0.9321 (5)	0.5180 (2)	0.7509 (5)	0.0255 (9)
H3	0.9490	0.5548	0.8289	0.031*
C4	1.0255 (5)	0.4483 (3)	0.7757 (5)	0.0280 (9)
C5	1.0078 (5)	0.3919 (2)	0.6625 (5)	0.0292 (10)
H5	1.0754	0.3458	0.6864	0.035*
C6	0.8909 (5)	0.4045 (2)	0.5168 (5)	0.0275 (9)
H6	0.8777	0.3682	0.4388	0.033*
C7	0.7926 (5)	0.4737 (2)	0.4896 (4)	0.0224 (8)
C8	0.6087 (5)	0.5703 (2)	0.3762 (4)	0.0207 (8)
C9	0.4741 (5)	0.6076 (2)	0.2420 (4)	0.0209 (8)
C10	0.4709 (5)	0.5957 (3)	0.0963 (5)	0.0303 (10)
H10	0.5542	0.5640	0.0838	0.036*
C11	0.3445 (6)	0.6311 (3)	-0.0293 (5)	0.0371 (11)
H11	0.3438	0.6236	-0.1260	0.044*
C12	0.2182 (5)	0.6779 (3)	-0.0119 (5)	0.0339 (10)
H12	0.1329	0.7016	-0.0966	0.041*
C13	0.2205 (5)	0.6887 (2)	0.1312 (5)	0.0269 (9)
H13	0.1353	0.7196	0.1428	0.032*
C14	0.3464 (5)	0.6547 (2)	0.2579 (5)	0.0238 (9)
H14	0.3467	0.6631	0.3542	0.029*
C15	0.6122 (6)	0.6672 (3)	0.7391 (5)	0.0403 (12)
H15A	0.6921	0.6308	0.8104	0.060*
H15B	0.5009	0.6426	0.6947	0.060*
H15C	0.6055	0.7155	0.7914	0.060*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
S	0.0240 (5)	0.0220 (5)	0.0278 (6)	-0.0001 (4)	0.0079 (4)	-0.0029 (4)
F	0.0295 (14)	0.0525 (17)	0.0367 (15)	0.0104 (11)	0.0086 (12)	0.0157 (12)
O1	0.0211 (14)	0.0263 (15)	0.0259 (15)	0.0005 (11)	0.0112 (12)	-0.0010 (11)
O2	0.0293 (17)	0.0332 (17)	0.048 (2)	-0.0098 (13)	0.0108 (15)	-0.0085 (14)
C1	0.0155 (18)	0.0189 (19)	0.023 (2)	0.0004 (14)	0.0071 (16)	0.0009 (15)
C2	0.0142 (19)	0.026 (2)	0.026 (2)	-0.0018 (15)	0.0110 (17)	0.0027 (15)
C3	0.020 (2)	0.031 (2)	0.027 (2)	-0.0018 (16)	0.0115 (18)	0.0017 (16)
C4	0.016 (2)	0.040 (2)	0.028 (2)	0.0038 (17)	0.0091 (18)	0.0123 (18)
C5	0.027 (2)	0.031 (2)	0.039 (3)	0.0073 (17)	0.022 (2)	0.0095 (18)
C6	0.028 (2)	0.025 (2)	0.036 (2)	0.0015 (17)	0.0193 (19)	-0.0002 (17)
C7	0.020 (2)	0.026 (2)	0.026 (2)	-0.0025 (15)	0.0139 (18)	0.0039 (16)
C8	0.021 (2)	0.0170 (19)	0.028 (2)	0.0004 (15)	0.0135 (17)	0.0001 (15)
C9	0.0177 (19)	0.023 (2)	0.022 (2)	-0.0030 (15)	0.0075 (16)	0.0018 (15)
C10	0.026 (2)	0.040 (2)	0.026 (2)	0.0028 (18)	0.0120 (19)	-0.0037 (18)
C11	0.035 (3)	0.053 (3)	0.025 (2)	0.000 (2)	0.014 (2)	0.000 (2)
C12	0.026 (2)	0.037 (3)	0.034 (3)	-0.0002 (18)	0.007 (2)	0.0096 (18)
C13	0.016 (2)	0.032 (2)	0.034 (2)	0.0027 (16)	0.0114 (18)	0.0044 (18)
C14	0.017 (2)	0.029 (2)	0.026 (2)	-0.0027 (16)	0.0107 (18)	-0.0009 (16)
C15	0.047 (3)	0.043 (3)	0.044 (3)	0.003 (2)	0.033 (2)	-0.008 (2)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

S—O2	1.486 (3)	C6—H6	0.9300
S—C1	1.760 (4)	C8—C9	1.470 (5)
S—C15	1.786 (5)	C9—C10	1.395 (5)
F—C4	1.357 (4)	C9—C14	1.397 (5)
O1—C8	1.375 (4)	C10—C11	1.380 (6)
O1—C7	1.381 (5)	C10—H10	0.9300
C1—C8	1.358 (5)	C11—C12	1.390 (6)
C1—C2	1.446 (5)	C11—H11	0.9300
C2—C3	1.392 (5)	C12—C13	1.372 (6)
C2—C7	1.398 (5)	C12—H12	0.9300
C3—C4	1.373 (6)	C13—C14	1.374 (5)
C3—H3	0.9300	C13—H13	0.9300
C4—C5	1.393 (6)	C14—H14	0.9300
C5—C6	1.363 (6)	C15—H15A	0.9600
C5—H5	0.9300	C15—H15B	0.9600
C6—C7	1.385 (5)	C15—H15C	0.9600
O2—S—C1	106.19 (17)	C1—C8—C9	133.0 (3)
O2—S—C15	106.3 (2)	O1—C8—C9	115.6 (3)
C1—S—C15	98.6 (2)	C10—C9—C14	119.0 (4)
C8—O1—C7	106.0 (3)	C10—C9—C8	120.4 (3)
C8—C1—C2	106.9 (3)	C14—C9—C8	120.6 (3)
C8—C1—S	124.3 (3)	C11—C10—C9	120.2 (4)
C2—C1—S	127.0 (3)	C11—C10—H10	119.9
C3—C2—C7	119.4 (4)	C9—C10—H10	119.9
C3—C2—C1	135.7 (4)	C10—C11—C12	120.3 (4)
C7—C2—C1	104.9 (3)	C10—C11—H11	119.8
C4—C3—C2	116.3 (4)	C12—C11—H11	119.8
C4—C3—H3	121.9	C13—C12—C11	119.4 (4)
C2—C3—H3	121.9	C13—C12—H12	120.3
F—C4—C3	118.0 (4)	C11—C12—H12	120.3
F—C4—C5	117.8 (4)	C12—C13—C14	121.1 (4)
C3—C4—C5	124.2 (4)	C12—C13—H13	119.5
C6—C5—C4	119.7 (4)	C14—C13—H13	119.5
C6—C5—H5	120.2	C13—C14—C9	120.0 (4)
C4—C5—H5	120.2	C13—C14—H14	120.0
C5—C6—C7	117.2 (4)	C9—C14—H14	120.0
C5—C6—H6	121.4	S—C15—H15A	109.5
C7—C6—H6	121.4	S—C15—H15B	109.5
O1—C7—C6	126.1 (4)	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
O1—C7—C2	110.6 (3)	S—C15—H15C	109.5
C6—C7—C2	123.3 (4)	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
C1—C8—O1	111.5 (3)	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
O2—S—C1—C8	-123.7 (3)	C3—C2—C7—C6	-0.5 (6)
C15—S—C1—C8	126.4 (4)	C1—C2—C7—C6	177.9 (3)

O2—S—C1—C2	39.2 (4)	C2—C1—C8—O1	0.4 (4)
C15—S—C1—C2	-70.7 (4)	S—C1—C8—O1	166.2 (3)
C8—C1—C2—C3	178.7 (4)	C2—C1—C8—C9	179.9 (4)
S—C1—C2—C3	13.4 (6)	S—C1—C8—C9	-14.3 (6)
C8—C1—C2—C7	0.6 (4)	C7—O1—C8—C1	-1.3 (4)
S—C1—C2—C7	-164.6 (3)	C7—O1—C8—C9	179.1 (3)
C7—C2—C3—C4	-0.8 (5)	C1—C8—C9—C10	147.8 (4)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-178.6 (4)	O1—C8—C9—C10	-32.7 (5)
C2—C3—C4—F	-178.9 (3)	C1—C8—C9—C14	-32.9 (6)
C2—C3—C4—C5	1.3 (6)	O1—C8—C9—C14	146.6 (3)
F—C4—C5—C6	179.8 (3)	C14—C9—C10—C11	0.8 (6)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.4 (6)	C8—C9—C10—C11	-179.8 (4)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-1.0 (6)	C9—C10—C11—C12	-0.8 (7)
C8—O1—C7—C6	-177.6 (4)	C10—C11—C12—C13	0.1 (7)
C8—O1—C7—C2	1.7 (4)	C11—C12—C13—C14	0.6 (6)
C5—C6—C7—O1	-179.3 (3)	C12—C13—C14—C9	-0.6 (6)
C5—C6—C7—C2	1.4 (6)	C10—C9—C14—C13	-0.1 (6)
C3—C2—C7—O1	-179.9 (3)	C8—C9—C14—C13	-179.5 (3)
C1—C2—C7—O1	-1.5 (4)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
C5—H5 \cdots O2 ⁱ	0.93	2.48	3.282 (5)	145
C12—H12 \cdots O2 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.48	3.371 (5)	160
C13—H13 \cdots O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.64	3.555 (5)	170
C15—H15 <i>B</i> \cdots O1 ^{iv}	0.96	2.67	3.493 (6)	144
C15—H15 <i>A</i> \cdots F ^v	0.96	2.62	3.509 (6)	155

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+2, y-1/2, -z+3/2$; (ii) $x-1, y, z-1$; (iii) $x-1, -y+3/2, z-1/2$; (iv) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$; (v) $-x+2, -y+1, -z+2$.