

**3-(2-Furylmethylene)-1,5-dioxaspiro-[5.5]undecane-2,4-dione****Wu-Lan Zeng<sup>a</sup> and Fang-fang Jian<sup>b\*</sup>**

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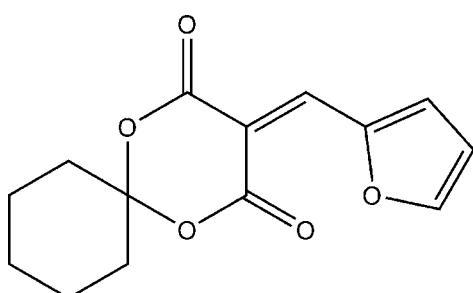
Received 24 June 2009; accepted 9 July 2009

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 293\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.006\text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.074;  $wR$  factor = 0.285; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.2.

In the title molecule,  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_5$ , the 1,3-dioxane ring is in an envelope conformation with the ring C atom common to the cyclohexane ring forming the flap. The other five atoms of the 1,3-dioxane ring are essentially planar [maximum deviation from the least-squares plane = 0.041 (3)  $\text{\AA}$ ] and form a dihedral angle of 13.75 (2) $^\circ$  with the furan ring. In the crystal structure, weak intermolecular  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds form extended chains along [101].

**Related literature**

For the applications and conformational features of spiro compounds, see: Yaozhong *et al.* (1998); Lian *et al.* (2008); Wei *et al.* (2008).

**Experimental***Crystal data*

$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_5$	$\gamma = 84.76(3)^\circ$
$M_r = 262.25$	$V = 613.6(2)\text{ \AA}^3$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$Z = 2$
$a = 7.0634(14)\text{ \AA}$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$b = 9.5103(19)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.11\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 10.183(2)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 293\text{ K}$
$\alpha = 64.91(3)^\circ$	$0.18 \times 0.15 \times 0.12\text{ mm}$
$\beta = 82.38(3)^\circ$	

*Data collection*

Bruker SMART CCD	2779 independent reflections
diffractometer	1456 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Absorption correction: none	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.031$
6043 measured reflections	

*Refinement*

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.074$	172 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.285$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.11$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.48\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
2779 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.35\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{C}2-\text{H}2\text{A}\cdots\text{O}3^{\text{i}}$	0.97	2.59	3.470 (4)	151
$\text{C}14-\text{H}14\text{A}\cdots\text{O}3^{\text{ii}}$	0.93	2.50	3.230 (2)	135

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x, -y + 1, -z + 2$ ; (ii)  $-x - 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$ .

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 1997); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 1997); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LH2856).

**References**

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# supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2009). E65, o1875 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809026877]

## **3-(2-Furylmethylene)-1,5-dioxaspiro[5.5]undecane-2,4-dione**

**Wu-Lan Zeng and Fang-fang Jian**

### **S1. Comment**

Spiro compounds are widely used in medicine, catalysis and optical material (Lian *et al.*, 2008; Yaozhong *et al.*, 1998; Wei *et al.*, 2008) owing to their interesting conformational features. We report here the synthesis and structure of the title compound, (I) (Fig. 1), as part of our ongoing studies on new spiro compounds with potentially higher bioactivity.

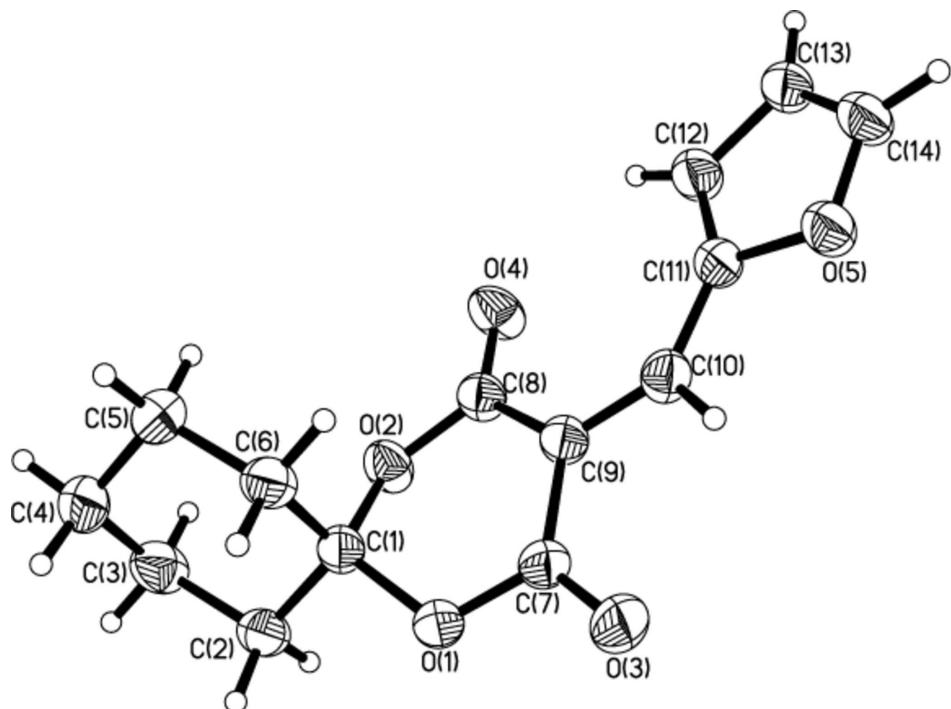
The 1,3-dioxane ring is in an envelope conformation with atom C1 forming the flap and the mean plane of the other five atoms (O1/O2/C1/C7—C9) form a dihedral angle of 13.75 (2) $^{\circ}$  with the furan ring O5/C11-C14). The crystal structure is stabilized by weak intermolecular C—H $\cdots$ O hydrogen bonds (Table 1, Fig. 2).

### **S2. Experimental**

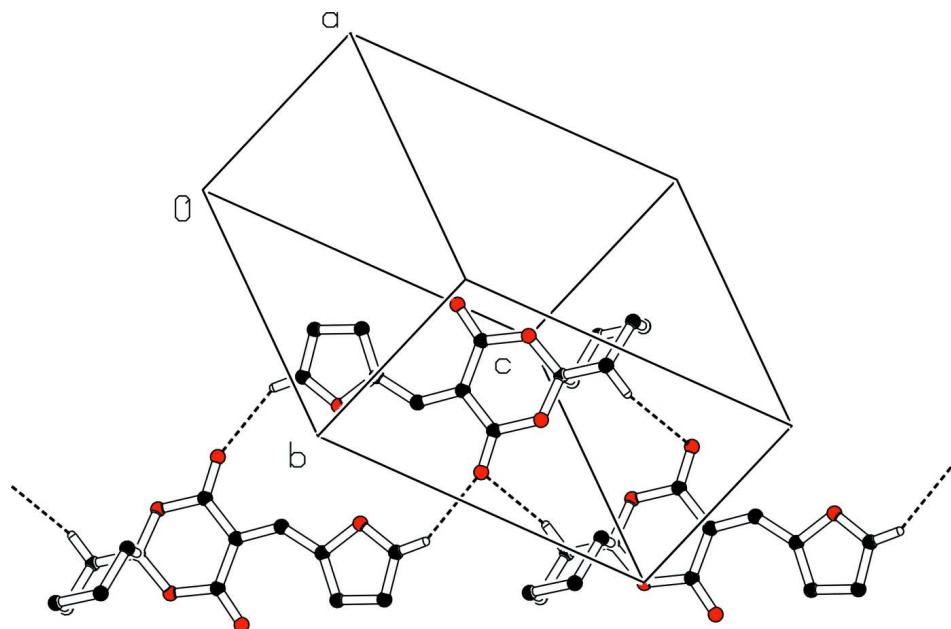
The mixture of malonic acid (6.24 g, 0.06 mol) and acetic anhydride(9 ml) in conc. sulfuric acid (0.25 ml) was stirred with water at 303K, After dissolving, cyclohexanone (5.88 g, 0.06 mol) was added dropwise into solution for 1 h. The reaction was allowed to proceed for 4 h. The mixture was cooled and filtered, and then an ethanol solution of furan-2-carbaldehyde (5.76 g, 0.06 mol) was added. The solution was then filtered and concentrated. Single crystals were obtained by evaporation of an acetone-ethylacetate (2:1 *v/v*) solution of (I) at room temperature over a period of one week.

### **S3. Refinement**

The H atoms were placed in calculated positions (C—H = 0.93–0.97 Å), and refined as riding with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ .

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of (I), drawn with 30% probability ellipsoids and spheres of arbitrary size for the H atoms.

**Figure 2**

Part of the crystal structure of (I) with hydrogen bonds drawn as dashed lines.

**3-(2-Furylmethylene)-1,5-dioxaspiro[5.5]undecane-2,4-dione***Crystal data*

C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>14</sub>O<sub>5</sub>  
*M<sub>r</sub>* = 262.25  
Triclinic, *P*1  
Hall symbol: -P 1  
*a* = 7.0634 (14) Å  
*b* = 9.5103 (19) Å  
*c* = 10.183 (2) Å  
 $\alpha$  = 64.91 (3) $^\circ$   
 $\beta$  = 82.38 (3) $^\circ$   
 $\gamma$  = 84.76 (3) $^\circ$   
*V* = 613.6 (2) Å<sup>3</sup>

*Z* = 2  
*F*(000) = 276  
*D<sub>x</sub>* = 1.420 Mg m<sup>-3</sup>  
Mo *Kα* radiation,  $\lambda$  = 0.71073 Å  
Cell parameters from 6043 reflections  
 $\theta$  = 3.5–27.5 $^\circ$   
 $\mu$  = 0.11 mm<sup>-1</sup>  
*T* = 293 K  
Block, colorless  
0.18 × 0.15 × 0.12 mm

*Data collection*

Bruker SMART CCD  
diffractometer  
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
Graphite monochromator  
 $\omega$  scans  
6043 measured reflections  
2779 independent reflections

1456 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
*R*<sub>int</sub> = 0.031  
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\text{min}} = 3.5^\circ$   
*h* = -9→9  
*k* = -12→12  
*l* = -13→13

*Refinement*

Refinement on  $F^2$   
Least-squares matrix: full  
*R*[ $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$ ] = 0.074  
*wR*( $F^2$ ) = 0.285  
*S* = 1.11  
2779 reflections  
172 parameters  
0 restraints  
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map  
Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.1559P)^2 + 0.0401P]$   
where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.48 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.35 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on  $F^2$ , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on *F<sup>2</sup>* are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	<i>U</i> <sub>iso</sub> */* <i>U</i> <sub>eq</sub>
O2	0.2535 (3)	0.2890 (3)	0.7823 (3)	0.0604 (7)
O1	0.0683 (3)	0.4802 (3)	0.8363 (3)	0.0619 (7)
O4	0.1675 (3)	0.1935 (4)	0.6368 (3)	0.0709 (8)
O5	-0.4171 (3)	0.3169 (3)	0.4940 (3)	0.0651 (7)

O3	-0.2004 (4)	0.5790 (3)	0.7400 (3)	0.0726 (8)
C9	-0.0519 (5)	0.3713 (4)	0.6897 (4)	0.0539 (8)
C2	0.3594 (5)	0.3844 (4)	0.9383 (4)	0.0611 (9)
H2A	0.3191	0.4343	1.0035	0.073*
H2B	0.4318	0.4577	0.8525	0.073*
C7	-0.0735 (5)	0.4822 (4)	0.7561 (4)	0.0550 (8)
C8	0.1248 (4)	0.2756 (4)	0.7003 (4)	0.0524 (8)
C10	-0.2000 (5)	0.3676 (4)	0.6195 (4)	0.0556 (9)
H10A	-0.3012	0.4351	0.6257	0.067*
C1	0.1860 (5)	0.3406 (4)	0.8941 (4)	0.0553 (8)
C13	-0.2757 (5)	0.1442 (5)	0.4174 (4)	0.0637 (9)
H13A	-0.2541	0.0765	0.3723	0.076*
C6	0.0755 (5)	0.2159 (4)	1.0210 (4)	0.0591 (9)
H6A	-0.0295	0.1863	0.9867	0.071*
H6B	0.0224	0.2560	1.0918	0.071*
C11	-0.2361 (4)	0.2852 (4)	0.5395 (4)	0.0542 (8)
C14	-0.4363 (6)	0.2284 (5)	0.4246 (5)	0.0697 (10)
H14A	-0.5473	0.2254	0.3860	0.084*
C5	0.2062 (6)	0.0738 (5)	1.0931 (5)	0.0708 (11)
H5A	0.1356	-0.0024	1.1779	0.085*
H5B	0.2478	0.0272	1.0254	0.085*
C4	0.3771 (6)	0.1165 (5)	1.1386 (5)	0.0770 (12)
H4A	0.3361	0.1520	1.2146	0.092*
H4B	0.4608	0.0251	1.1787	0.092*
C3	0.4854 (5)	0.2409 (5)	1.0140 (5)	0.0751 (12)
H3A	0.5407	0.2005	0.9440	0.090*
H3B	0.5893	0.2702	1.0496	0.090*
C12	-0.1479 (5)	0.1787 (5)	0.4913 (4)	0.0654 (10)
H12A	-0.0241	0.1369	0.5055	0.078*

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
O2	0.0605 (14)	0.0740 (17)	0.0588 (14)	0.0104 (11)	-0.0124 (11)	-0.0400 (13)
O1	0.0783 (16)	0.0523 (15)	0.0644 (15)	0.0134 (11)	-0.0225 (12)	-0.0321 (12)
O4	0.0637 (14)	0.089 (2)	0.0877 (19)	0.0176 (13)	-0.0172 (13)	-0.0652 (17)
O5	0.0641 (14)	0.0686 (17)	0.0778 (17)	0.0096 (11)	-0.0223 (12)	-0.0433 (14)
O3	0.0799 (17)	0.0654 (17)	0.0807 (18)	0.0260 (13)	-0.0212 (14)	-0.0403 (15)
C9	0.0649 (19)	0.0522 (19)	0.0511 (18)	0.0083 (14)	-0.0129 (14)	-0.0280 (16)
C2	0.065 (2)	0.060 (2)	0.067 (2)	-0.0029 (16)	-0.0113 (16)	-0.0333 (18)
C7	0.0639 (19)	0.0490 (19)	0.0562 (19)	0.0063 (14)	-0.0102 (15)	-0.0264 (16)
C8	0.0567 (18)	0.056 (2)	0.0497 (17)	0.0035 (14)	-0.0042 (13)	-0.0288 (16)
C10	0.0621 (19)	0.055 (2)	0.0515 (18)	0.0086 (14)	-0.0084 (14)	-0.0254 (16)
C1	0.070 (2)	0.052 (2)	0.0520 (18)	0.0160 (15)	-0.0160 (15)	-0.0307 (16)
C13	0.079 (2)	0.060 (2)	0.067 (2)	0.0098 (17)	-0.0219 (17)	-0.0397 (19)
C6	0.0599 (19)	0.059 (2)	0.066 (2)	-0.0009 (15)	-0.0098 (16)	-0.0322 (18)
C11	0.0547 (18)	0.0522 (19)	0.061 (2)	0.0055 (13)	-0.0150 (14)	-0.0279 (17)
C14	0.074 (2)	0.072 (3)	0.084 (3)	0.0043 (18)	-0.0272 (19)	-0.049 (2)

C5	0.089 (3)	0.053 (2)	0.066 (2)	0.0002 (18)	-0.0142 (19)	-0.0202 (19)
C4	0.093 (3)	0.066 (3)	0.077 (3)	0.018 (2)	-0.036 (2)	-0.031 (2)
C3	0.063 (2)	0.079 (3)	0.101 (3)	0.0110 (19)	-0.028 (2)	-0.052 (3)
C12	0.067 (2)	0.065 (2)	0.077 (2)	0.0113 (17)	-0.0228 (18)	-0.041 (2)

*Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^{\circ}$ )*

O2—C8	1.361 (4)	C13—C14	1.340 (5)
O2—C1	1.433 (4)	C13—C12	1.390 (5)
O1—C7	1.368 (4)	C13—H13A	0.9300
O1—C1	1.438 (4)	C6—C5	1.525 (5)
O4—C8	1.206 (4)	C6—H6A	0.9700
O5—C14	1.333 (5)	C6—H6B	0.9700
O5—C11	1.382 (4)	C11—C12	1.371 (5)
O3—C7	1.199 (4)	C14—H14A	0.9300
C9—C10	1.354 (5)	C5—C4	1.495 (6)
C9—C8	1.463 (5)	C5—H5A	0.9700
C9—C7	1.463 (5)	C5—H5B	0.9700
C2—C1	1.507 (5)	C4—C3	1.493 (6)
C2—C3	1.522 (6)	C4—H4A	0.9700
C2—H2A	0.9700	C4—H4B	0.9700
C2—H2B	0.9700	C3—H3A	0.9700
C10—C11	1.405 (5)	C3—H3B	0.9700
C10—H10A	0.9300	C12—H12A	0.9300
C1—C6	1.512 (5)		
C8—O2—C1	118.6 (2)	C5—C6—H6A	109.6
C7—O1—C1	117.9 (3)	C1—C6—H6B	109.6
C14—O5—C11	107.2 (3)	C5—C6—H6B	109.6
C10—C9—C8	124.7 (3)	H6A—C6—H6B	108.1
C10—C9—C7	116.0 (3)	C12—C11—O5	107.1 (3)
C8—C9—C7	119.3 (3)	C12—C11—C10	140.0 (3)
C1—C2—C3	110.5 (3)	O5—C11—C10	112.9 (3)
C1—C2—H2A	109.5	O5—C14—C13	111.5 (3)
C3—C2—H2A	109.5	O5—C14—H14A	124.2
C1—C2—H2B	109.5	C13—C14—H14A	124.2
C3—C2—H2B	109.5	C4—C5—C6	111.3 (3)
H2A—C2—H2B	108.1	C4—C5—H5A	109.4
O3—C7—O1	117.7 (3)	C6—C5—H5A	109.4
O3—C7—C9	125.2 (3)	C4—C5—H5B	109.4
O1—C7—C9	117.0 (3)	C6—C5—H5B	109.4
O4—C8—O2	118.5 (3)	H5A—C5—H5B	108.0
O4—C8—C9	125.1 (3)	C3—C4—C5	111.9 (3)
O2—C8—C9	116.3 (3)	C3—C4—H4A	109.2
C9—C10—C11	134.7 (3)	C5—C4—H4A	109.2
C9—C10—H10A	112.7	C3—C4—H4B	109.2
C11—C10—H10A	112.7	C5—C4—H4B	109.2
O2—C1—O1	110.2 (3)	H4A—C4—H4B	107.9

O2—C1—C2	106.7 (3)	C4—C3—C2	112.3 (3)
O1—C1—C2	106.3 (3)	C4—C3—H3A	109.1
O2—C1—C6	111.0 (3)	C2—C3—H3A	109.1
O1—C1—C6	110.2 (3)	C4—C3—H3B	109.1
C2—C1—C6	112.3 (3)	C2—C3—H3B	109.1
C14—C13—C12	106.0 (4)	H3A—C3—H3B	107.9
C14—C13—H13A	127.0	C11—C12—C13	108.1 (3)
C12—C13—H13A	127.0	C11—C12—H12A	125.9
C1—C6—C5	110.3 (3)	C13—C12—H12A	125.9
C1—C6—H6A	109.6		

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
C2—H2A···O3 <sup>i</sup>	0.97	2.59	3.470 (4)	151
C14—H14A···O3 <sup>ii</sup>	0.93	2.50	3.230 (2)	135
C10—H10A···O3	0.93	2.34	2.764 (3)	107
C12—H12A···O4	0.93	2.27	2.879 (2)	122

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x, -y+1, -z+2$ ; (ii)  $-x-1, -y+1, -z+1$ .