

N-(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)-2,4-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide

B. Thimme Gowda,^{a*} Sabine Foro,^b P. G. Nirmala^a and Hartmut Fuess^b

^aDepartment of Chemistry, Mangalore University, Mangalagangotri 574 199, Mangalore, India, and ^bInstitute of Materials Science, Darmstadt University of Technology, Petersenstrasse 23, D-64287 Darmstadt, Germany
Correspondence e-mail: gowdab@yahoo.com

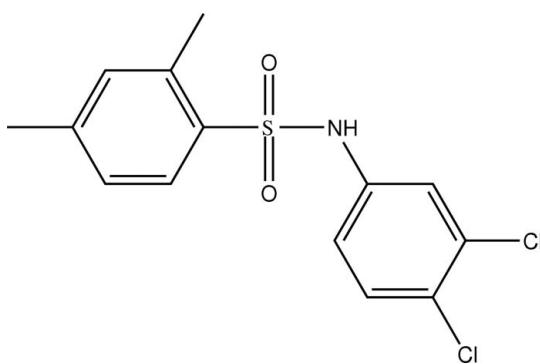
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 299$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å;
R factor = 0.037; wR factor = 0.100; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.5.

In the crystal structure of the title compound, C₁₄H₁₃Cl₂NO₂S, the configurations of the N—C bond with respect to the S=O bonds are *trans* and *gauche*. The molecule is bent at the S atom with a C—SO₂—NH—C torsion angle of $-69.7 (2)^\circ$. The conformation of the N—H bond is *syn* to the 3-chloro group in the substituted aniline ring. The two benzene rings are tilted with respect to each other by $82.4 (1)^\circ$. The presence of N—H···O(S) hydrogen bonding packs the molecules into supramolecular chains along the *b* axis.

Related literature

For our study of the effect of substituents on the structures of N-(aryl)-arylsulfonamides, see: Gowda *et al.* (2008; 2009a,b). For related structures, see: Gelbrich *et al.* (2007); Perlovich *et al.* (2006).



Experimental

Crystal data

C₁₄H₁₃Cl₂NO₂S

$M_r = 330.21$

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur diffractometer with a Sapphire CCD detector
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis RED*; Oxford)

Diffraction, 2009)
 $T_{\min} = 0.790$, $T_{\max} = 0.815$
10274 measured reflections
3064 independent reflections
2618 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.013$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.100$
 $S = 1.05$
3064 reflections
186 parameters
1 restraint

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.27$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.39$ e Å⁻³

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
N1—H1N···O1 ⁱ	0.833 (16)	2.176 (17)	2.984 (2)	164 (2)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 2, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis CCD* (Oxford Diffraction, 2009); cell refinement: *CrysAlis RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2009); data reduction: *CrysAlis RED*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

BTG thanks the Alexander von Humboldt Foundation, Bonn, Germany, for extensions of his research fellowship.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: TK2510).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, o1976 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809028840]

N-(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)-2,4-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide

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S1. Comment

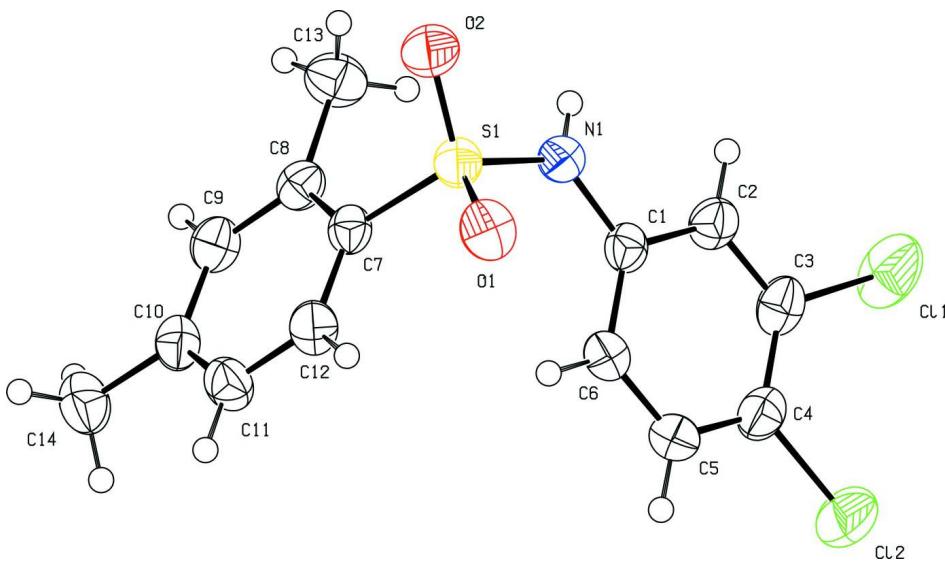
As part of a study of substituent effects on the structures of *N*-(aryl)-arylsulfonamides (Gowda *et al.*, 2008, 2009*a, b*), in the present work, the structure of 2,4-dimethyl-*N*-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)benzenesulfonamide (I) has been determined. The conformations of the N—C bond in the C—SO₂—NH—C segment are *trans* and *gauche* to the S=O bonds (Fig. 1). The molecule is bent at the S atom with the C—SO₂—NH—C torsion angle of -69.7 (2) $^{\circ}$, compared to the values of -48.2 (2) $^{\circ}$ in 2,4-dichloro-*N*-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)benzenesulfonamide (II) (Gowda *et al.*, 2009*b*), and 46.1 (3) $^{\circ}$ and 47.7 (3) $^{\circ}$ in the two independent molecules of 2,4-dimethyl-*N*-(phenyl)benzenesulfonamide (III) (Gowda *et al.*, 2009*a*). The conformation of the N—H bond is *syn* to the *meta*-chloro group in the substituted aniline ring. The two benzene rings in (I) are tilted by 82.4 (1) $^{\circ}$ to each other compared to the values of 68.9 (1) $^{\circ}$ in II, and 67.5 (1) $^{\circ}$ and 72.9 (1) $^{\circ}$ in III. The other bond parameters in (I) are similar to those observed in II, III, and other aryl sulfonamides (Gowda *et al.*, 2008; Perlovich *et al.*, 2006; Gelbrich *et al.*, 2007). The crystal packing of molecules in (I) is *via* N—H···O(S) hydrogen bonding (Table 1) leading to a supramolecular chain.

S2. Experimental

A solution of 1,3-xylene (10 ml) in chloroform (40 ml) was treated dropwise with chlorosulfonic acid (25 ml) at 0 °C. After the initial evolution of hydrogen chloride subsided, the reaction mixture was brought to room temperature and poured into crushed ice in a beaker. The chloroform layer was separated, washed with cold water and allowed to evaporate slowly. The residual 2,4-dimethylbenzenesulfonylchloride was treated with 3,4-dichloroaniline in a stoichiometric ratio and boiled for ten minutes. The reaction mixture was then cooled to room temperature and added to ice-cold water (100 ml). The resultant solid, 2,4-dimethyl-*N*-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)benzenesulfonamide, was filtered under suction and washed thoroughly with cold water. It was then recrystallized to constant melting point from dilute ethanol. The prisms used in the X-ray analysis were grown in ethanolic solution by a slow evaporation at room temperature.

S3. Refinement

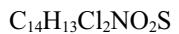
The H atom of the NH group was located in difference map and was refined with restrained geometry to 0.86 (2) Å. The other H atoms were positioned with idealized geometry using a riding model [C—H = 0.93—0.96 Å], and were refined with isotropic displacement parameters set to 1.2 times of the U_{eq} of the parent atom.

**Figure 1**

Molecular structure of (I), showing the atom labelling scheme and displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level

N-(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)-2,4-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide

Crystal data



$M_r = 330.21$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 8.8046 (7)$ Å

$b = 9.2688 (8)$ Å

$c = 18.947 (1)$ Å

$\beta = 99.644 (8)^\circ$

$V = 1524.4 (2)$ Å³

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 680$

$D_x = 1.439 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 4751 reflections

$\theta = 3.0\text{--}27.6^\circ$

$\mu = 0.56 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 299$ K

Prism, colourless

$0.44 \times 0.40 \times 0.38$ mm

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur

diffractometer with a Sapphire CCD detector

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

Rotation method data acquisition using ω and φ scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*CrysAlis RED*; Oxford Diffraction, 2009)

$T_{\min} = 0.790$, $T_{\max} = 0.815$

10274 measured reflections

3064 independent reflections

2618 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.013$

$\theta_{\max} = 26.4^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.9^\circ$

$h = -9\text{--}10$

$k = -11\text{--}11$

$l = -23\text{--}23$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$

$wR(F^2) = 0.100$

$S = 1.05$

3064 reflections

186 parameters

1 restraint

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0506P)^2 + 0.7353P]$$

$$\text{where } P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.007$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.27 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.39 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

Special details

Experimental. CrysAlis RED (Oxford Diffraction, 2009) Empirical absorption correction using spherical harmonics, implemented in SCALE3 ABSPACK scaling algorithm.

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.7751 (2)	0.1105 (2)	0.26937 (9)	0.0342 (4)
C2	0.7595 (2)	0.0272 (2)	0.32852 (10)	0.0405 (4)
H2	0.8407	-0.0308	0.3497	0.049*
C3	0.6243 (2)	0.0301 (2)	0.35611 (10)	0.0425 (5)
C4	0.5020 (2)	0.1148 (2)	0.32506 (10)	0.0425 (5)
C5	0.5178 (2)	0.1972 (3)	0.26616 (10)	0.0472 (5)
H5	0.4360	0.2544	0.2449	0.057*
C6	0.6528 (2)	0.1963 (2)	0.23813 (10)	0.0441 (5)
H6	0.6618	0.2529	0.1985	0.053*
C7	0.8600 (2)	0.1276 (2)	0.09846 (9)	0.0334 (4)
C8	0.8733 (2)	-0.0147 (2)	0.07500 (10)	0.0363 (4)
C9	0.7833 (2)	-0.0518 (2)	0.01025 (10)	0.0410 (4)
H9	0.7907	-0.1453	-0.0067	0.049*
C10	0.6828 (2)	0.0432 (2)	-0.03070 (10)	0.0403 (4)
C11	0.6726 (2)	0.1824 (2)	-0.00542 (10)	0.0434 (5)
H11	0.6057	0.2479	-0.0317	0.052*
C12	0.7608 (2)	0.2250 (2)	0.05836 (10)	0.0406 (4)
H12	0.7537	0.3191	0.0746	0.049*
C13	0.9776 (3)	-0.1262 (2)	0.11551 (13)	0.0515 (5)
H13A	0.9396	-0.1519	0.1584	0.062*
H13B	1.0797	-0.0874	0.1277	0.062*
H13C	0.9800	-0.2103	0.0862	0.062*
C14	0.5881 (3)	-0.0036 (3)	-0.10031 (11)	0.0529 (5)
H14A	0.5855	-0.1071	-0.1026	0.064*
H14B	0.6331	0.0336	-0.1394	0.064*
H14C	0.4851	0.0328	-0.1035	0.064*
N1	0.91696 (19)	0.1015 (2)	0.24438 (8)	0.0407 (4)
H1N	0.976 (2)	0.035 (2)	0.2605 (12)	0.049*

O1	0.92732 (17)	0.33947 (15)	0.18616 (7)	0.0471 (4)
O2	1.12802 (16)	0.15602 (19)	0.18124 (8)	0.0530 (4)
Cl1	0.61158 (9)	-0.07351 (7)	0.43079 (4)	0.0753 (2)
Cl2	0.33330 (7)	0.12189 (9)	0.36022 (3)	0.0680 (2)
S1	0.96962 (5)	0.19135 (5)	0.17881 (2)	0.03717 (14)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0378 (10)	0.0348 (9)	0.0301 (8)	-0.0019 (7)	0.0057 (7)	-0.0059 (7)
C2	0.0482 (11)	0.0329 (10)	0.0418 (10)	0.0070 (8)	0.0121 (8)	0.0008 (8)
C3	0.0561 (12)	0.0323 (10)	0.0428 (10)	-0.0013 (9)	0.0190 (9)	-0.0015 (8)
C4	0.0378 (10)	0.0490 (12)	0.0424 (10)	-0.0053 (9)	0.0116 (8)	-0.0117 (9)
C5	0.0372 (11)	0.0635 (14)	0.0389 (10)	0.0079 (9)	0.0010 (8)	-0.0018 (9)
C6	0.0414 (11)	0.0577 (13)	0.0325 (9)	0.0056 (9)	0.0045 (8)	0.0039 (9)
C7	0.0347 (9)	0.0356 (10)	0.0313 (8)	-0.0044 (7)	0.0093 (7)	0.0007 (7)
C8	0.0373 (9)	0.0337 (9)	0.0398 (9)	-0.0012 (8)	0.0121 (7)	0.0019 (7)
C9	0.0476 (11)	0.0346 (10)	0.0421 (10)	-0.0028 (8)	0.0112 (8)	-0.0050 (8)
C10	0.0438 (11)	0.0453 (11)	0.0330 (9)	-0.0057 (9)	0.0100 (8)	-0.0020 (8)
C11	0.0520 (12)	0.0418 (11)	0.0353 (9)	0.0052 (9)	0.0037 (8)	0.0059 (8)
C12	0.0517 (11)	0.0336 (10)	0.0370 (9)	0.0028 (8)	0.0087 (8)	0.0008 (8)
C13	0.0532 (13)	0.0401 (11)	0.0588 (13)	0.0051 (10)	0.0027 (10)	0.0035 (10)
C14	0.0577 (13)	0.0602 (14)	0.0391 (11)	-0.0061 (11)	0.0032 (9)	-0.0050 (10)
N1	0.0381 (9)	0.0497 (10)	0.0350 (8)	0.0079 (7)	0.0080 (7)	0.0061 (7)
O1	0.0542 (9)	0.0374 (8)	0.0481 (8)	-0.0112 (6)	0.0038 (6)	-0.0065 (6)
O2	0.0326 (7)	0.0724 (11)	0.0544 (9)	-0.0062 (7)	0.0087 (6)	-0.0024 (7)
Cl1	0.0973 (5)	0.0599 (4)	0.0818 (5)	0.0169 (3)	0.0531 (4)	0.0292 (3)
Cl2	0.0443 (3)	0.0965 (5)	0.0679 (4)	-0.0024 (3)	0.0234 (3)	-0.0037 (3)
S1	0.0339 (2)	0.0413 (3)	0.0365 (2)	-0.00631 (19)	0.00630 (18)	-0.00184 (19)

Geometric parameters (\AA , ^\circ)

C1—C2	1.387 (3)	C9—C10	1.389 (3)
C1—C6	1.389 (3)	C9—H9	0.9300
C1—N1	1.410 (2)	C10—C11	1.385 (3)
C2—C3	1.379 (3)	C10—C14	1.501 (3)
C2—H2	0.9300	C11—C12	1.380 (3)
C3—C4	1.382 (3)	C11—H11	0.9300
C3—Cl1	1.729 (2)	C12—H12	0.9300
C4—C5	1.378 (3)	C13—H13A	0.9600
C4—Cl2	1.7283 (19)	C13—H13B	0.9600
C5—C6	1.381 (3)	C13—H13C	0.9600
C5—H5	0.9300	C14—H14A	0.9600
C6—H6	0.9300	C14—H14B	0.9600
C7—C12	1.391 (3)	C14—H14C	0.9600
C7—C8	1.403 (3)	N1—S1	1.6264 (17)
C7—S1	1.7623 (18)	N1—H1N	0.833 (16)
C8—C9	1.387 (3)	O1—S1	1.4353 (15)

C8—C13	1.505 (3)	O2—S1	1.4258 (15)
C2—C1—C6	119.25 (18)	C9—C10—C14	121.03 (19)
C2—C1—N1	116.83 (17)	C12—C11—C10	120.66 (18)
C6—C1—N1	123.92 (17)	C12—C11—H11	119.7
C3—C2—C1	120.29 (18)	C10—C11—H11	119.7
C3—C2—H2	119.9	C11—C12—C7	120.17 (18)
C1—C2—H2	119.9	C11—C12—H12	119.9
C2—C3—C4	120.68 (18)	C7—C12—H12	119.9
C2—C3—Cl1	118.55 (16)	C8—C13—H13A	109.5
C4—C3—Cl1	120.77 (15)	C8—C13—H13B	109.5
C5—C4—C3	118.87 (18)	H13A—C13—H13B	109.5
C5—C4—Cl2	120.05 (16)	C8—C13—H13C	109.5
C3—C4—Cl2	121.06 (16)	H13A—C13—H13C	109.5
C4—C5—C6	121.20 (19)	H13B—C13—H13C	109.5
C4—C5—H5	119.4	C10—C14—H14A	109.5
C6—C5—H5	119.4	C10—C14—H14B	109.5
C5—C6—C1	119.71 (18)	H14A—C14—H14B	109.5
C5—C6—H6	120.1	C10—C14—H14C	109.5
C1—C6—H6	120.1	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5
C12—C7—C8	121.01 (17)	H14B—C14—H14C	109.5
C12—C7—S1	117.22 (14)	C1—N1—S1	127.44 (14)
C8—C7—S1	121.76 (14)	C1—N1—H1N	117.1 (16)
C9—C8—C7	116.59 (17)	S1—N1—H1N	114.8 (16)
C9—C8—C13	119.36 (18)	O2—S1—O1	119.00 (9)
C7—C8—C13	124.05 (18)	O2—S1—N1	105.08 (9)
C8—C9—C10	123.55 (18)	O1—S1—N1	107.69 (9)
C8—C9—H9	118.2	O2—S1—C7	109.99 (9)
C10—C9—H9	118.2	O1—S1—C7	106.92 (9)
C11—C10—C9	118.01 (18)	N1—S1—C7	107.66 (9)
C11—C10—C14	120.96 (19)		
C6—C1—C2—C3	-0.2 (3)	C8—C9—C10—C11	0.2 (3)
N1—C1—C2—C3	-179.96 (17)	C8—C9—C10—C14	-179.83 (18)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.5 (3)	C9—C10—C11—C12	0.4 (3)
C1—C2—C3—Cl1	-179.00 (14)	C14—C10—C11—C12	-179.54 (19)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.3 (3)	C10—C11—C12—C7	-0.7 (3)
Cl1—C3—C4—C5	179.16 (16)	C8—C7—C12—C11	0.3 (3)
C2—C3—C4—Cl2	-178.74 (15)	S1—C7—C12—C11	179.45 (15)
Cl1—C3—C4—Cl2	0.7 (2)	C2—C1—N1—S1	-177.17 (15)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.1 (3)	C6—C1—N1—S1	3.1 (3)
Cl2—C4—C5—C6	178.33 (16)	C1—N1—S1—O2	173.04 (16)
C4—C5—C6—C1	0.4 (3)	C1—N1—S1—O1	45.23 (19)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.2 (3)	C1—N1—S1—C7	-69.74 (18)
N1—C1—C6—C5	179.52 (18)	C12—C7—S1—O2	-129.57 (15)
C12—C7—C8—C9	0.3 (3)	C8—C7—S1—O2	49.56 (17)
S1—C7—C8—C9	-178.82 (13)	C12—C7—S1—O1	0.97 (17)
C12—C7—C8—C13	-179.77 (19)	C8—C7—S1—O1	-179.90 (14)

S1—C7—C8—C13	1.1 (3)	C12—C7—S1—N1	116.45 (15)
C7—C8—C9—C10	-0.6 (3)	C8—C7—S1—N1	-64.42 (16)
C13—C8—C9—C10	179.49 (19)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D\text{—H}\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}\cdots A$
N1—H1N \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.83 (2)	2.18 (2)	2.984 (2)	164 (2)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+2, y-1/2, -z+1/2$.