

## 2,4-Dimethoxybenzaldehyde azine

M. A. A. A. Islam,<sup>a</sup> M. T. H. Tarafder,<sup>b\*</sup> M. A. Alam,<sup>a</sup> N. Guidolin<sup>c</sup> and E. Zangrandino<sup>c</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Department of Chemistry, Rajshahi University of Engineering and Technology, Rajshahi 6204, Bangladesh, <sup>b</sup>Department of Chemistry, Rajshahi University, Rajshahi 6205, Bangladesh, and <sup>c</sup>Dipartimento di Scienze Chimiche, Via Licio Giorgieri 1, 34127 Trieste, Italy  
Correspondence e-mail: ttofazzal@yahoo.com

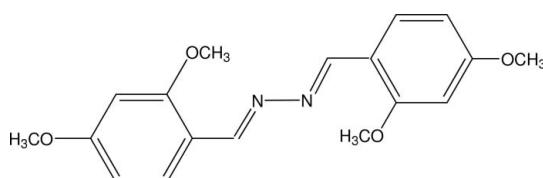
Received 9 September 2009; accepted 21 September 2009

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 293$  K; mean  $\sigma(C-C) = 0.003$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.045;  $wR$  factor = 0.121; data-to-parameter ratio = 11.8.

The title molecule,  $C_{18}H_{20}N_2O_4$ , is located on a crystallographic centre of symmetry. The methoxy groups are coplanar with the benzene ring [interplanar angles of 14.4 (2) and 3.1 (3) $^\circ$ ], indicating a conjugation effect.

### Related literature

For the structures of related compounds, see: Narayana *et al.* (2007); Liu *et al.* (2007); Takakashi *et al.* (2006). For a statistical study of methoxy groups bound to phenyl rings, see: Hummel *et al.* (1988).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$C_{18}H_{20}N_2O_4$   
 $M_r = 328.36$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 6.775(2)$  Å

#### Data collection

Enraf–Nonius DIP1030 image-plate diffractometer  
Absorption correction: none  
3535 measured reflections

1293 independent reflections  
719 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.058$   
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 24.1^\circ$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.121$   
 $S = 0.84$   
1293 reflections

110 parameters  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.12$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.10$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Data collection: *XPRESS* (MacScience, 2002; cell refinement: *DENZO* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); data reduction: *DENZO* and *SCALEPACK* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999).

MAAAAI is grateful to the Department of Chemistry, Rajshahi University of Engineering and Technology, for a research grant. MTHT thanks the Department of Chemistry, Rajshahi University, for the provision of laboratory facilities.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: RZ2359).

### References

- Farrugia, L. J. (1997). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **30**, 565.
- Farrugia, L. J. (1999). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **32**, 837–838.
- Hummel, W., Huml, K. & Burgi, H.-B. (1988). *Helv. Chim. Acta*, **71**, 1291–1302.
- Liu, G., Xie, L., Wang, Y. & Wang, J.-D. (2007). *Acta Cryst. E* **63**, o2611.
- MacScience (2002). *XPRESS*. MacScience Co. Ltd, Yokohama, Japan.
- Narayana, B., Yathirajan, H. S., Sarojini, B. K. & Bolte, M. (2007). Private communication (deposition number 653075). CCDC, Union Road, Cambridge, England.
- Otwinowski, Z. & Minor, W. (1997). *Methods in Enzymology*, Vol. 276, *Macromolecular Crystallography*, Part A, edited by C. W. Carter Jr & R. M. Sweet, pp. 307–326. New York: Academic Press.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst. A* **64**, 112–122.
- Takakashi, H., Kubo, K., Takechi, H., Matsumoto, T. & Ideta, K. (2006). *J. Oleo Sci.* **55**, 483–486.

# supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2009). E65, o2560 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809038082]

## 2,4-Dimethoxybenzaldehyde azine

**M. A. A. A. Islam, M. T. H. Tarafder, M. A. Alam, N. Guidolin and E. Zangrandeo**

### S1. Comment

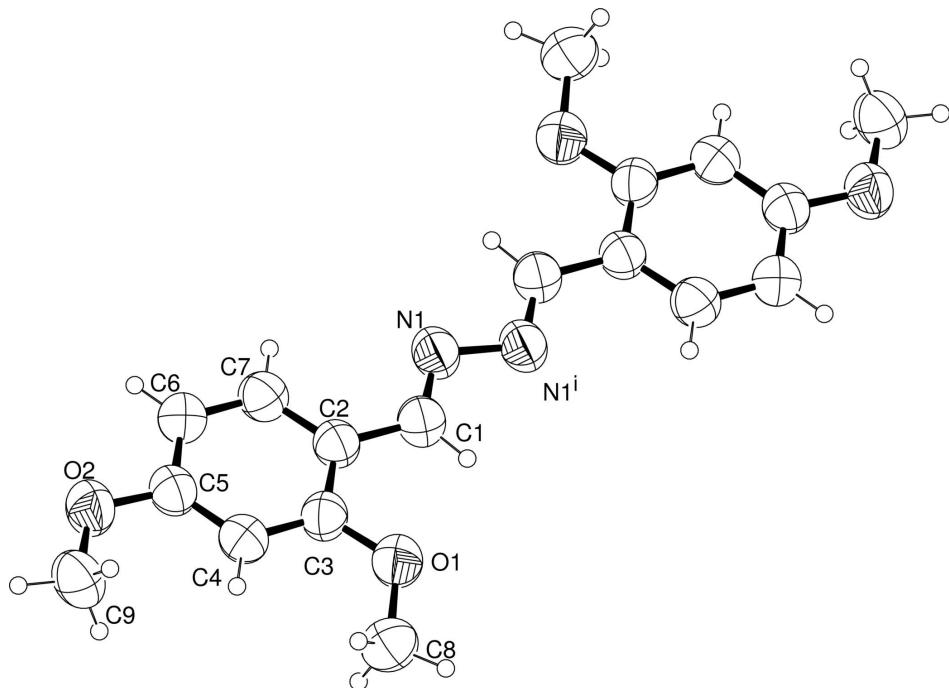
The molecule of the title compound (Fig. 1) possesses a crystallographically imposed inversion centre at the midpoint of the N—N bond. Thus the conformation about the N1—N1<sup>i</sup> azine bridge (symmetry code: (i) -x - 1, -y + 1, -z + 1) is *trans*, with a torsion angle C1—N1—N1'—C1' of 180°. The molecule has coplanar non hydrogen atoms as found in other similar structures (Narayana *et al.*, 2007; Takakashi *et al.*, 2006). The coplanarity of methoxy groups with the benzene ring suggests the presence of a conjugation effect (Hummel *et al.*, 1988). The bond distance N1—N1<sup>i</sup> of 1.414 (4) Å, is comparable to those measured in the structure of methoxybenzaldehyde azine and *N,N'*-bis(4-hydroxybenzylidene)-hydrazine, which are 1.418 and 1.415 Å, respectively (Narayana *et al.*, 2007; Liu *et al.*, 2007). The crystal packing does not show any  $\pi$ – $\pi$  stacking interactions between aromatic rings.

### S2. Experimental

Hydrazine hydrate (99.99%) (0.13 g, 2.5 mmol) was added to a solution of 2,4-dimethoxybenzaldehyde (0.83 g, 5 mmol) in methanol (10 ml) with constant stirring for 5 min, at room temperature. A light yellow precipitate was formed, which was separated by filtration, washed with methanol and dried at 70°C for 1 h and then preserved *in vacuo* over anhydrous CaCl<sub>2</sub> (0.43 g, 44.79%, m.p. 473 K). The compound was soluble in chloroform, benzene and toluene whereas insoluble in acetonitrile, methanol and ethanol. The compound (0.37 g) was dissolved in chloroform (60 ml) at boiling temperature and allowed to stand at room temperature (20–25°C). Bright large yellow crystals, suitable for X-ray single-crystal analysis, were obtained after 7 days. The crystals were collected, washed with absolute ethanol and dried *in vacuo* over anhydrous CaCl<sub>2</sub>.

### S3. Refinement

All H atoms were located geometrically and treated as riding atoms, with C—H = 0.93–0.96 Å, and with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  or  $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  for methyl H atoms.

**Figure 1**

ORTEP drawing (ellipsoids at the 40% probability level) of the title compound with atom labelling scheme. Primed atom at  $-x - 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$ .

### 2,4-Dimethoxybenzaldehyde azine

#### Crystal data

$C_{18}H_{20}N_2O_4$   
 $M_r = 328.36$   
Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc  
 $a = 6.775 (2)$  Å  
 $b = 9.014 (3)$  Å  
 $c = 14.081 (3)$  Å  
 $\beta = 100.42 (2)^\circ$   
 $V = 845.7 (4)$  Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 2$

$F(000) = 348$   
 $D_x = 1.289$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>  
Melting point: 475 K  
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å  
Cell parameters from 482 reflections  
 $\theta = 3.6\text{--}20.7^\circ$   
 $\mu = 0.09$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 293$  K  
Plate, yellow  
 $0.45 \times 0.30 \times 0.12$  mm

#### Data collection

Enraf–Nonius DIP1030 image-plate  
diffractometer  
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
Graphite monochromator  
 $\varphi$ -scans with narrow frames  
3535 measured reflections  
1293 independent reflections

719 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.058$   
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 24.1^\circ, \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.9^\circ$   
 $h = -7 \rightarrow 7$   
 $k = -10 \rightarrow 10$   
 $l = -16 \rightarrow 16$

*Refinement*Refinement on  $F^2$ 

Least-squares matrix: full

$$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$$

$$wR(F^2) = 0.121$$

$$S = 0.84$$

1293 reflections

110 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methodsSecondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
mapHydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0678P)^2]$$

$$\text{where } P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.12 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.10 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

Extinction correction: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick,  
2008),  $F_c^* = kF_c[1 + 0.001x F_c^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$ 

Extinction coefficient: 0.070 (13)

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
N1	-0.4202 (3)	0.4904 (2)	0.53948 (13)	0.0857 (6)
O1	0.0297 (2)	0.77203 (18)	0.52320 (12)	0.0960 (6)
O2	0.4398 (2)	0.55904 (18)	0.80720 (11)	0.0952 (6)
C1	-0.2709 (4)	0.5738 (3)	0.53259 (16)	0.0833 (7)
H1	-0.2800	0.6376	0.4800	0.100*
C2	-0.0880 (3)	0.5722 (2)	0.60384 (15)	0.0745 (6)
C3	0.0667 (3)	0.6732 (2)	0.59790 (16)	0.0768 (6)
C4	0.2433 (3)	0.6732 (2)	0.66487 (16)	0.0785 (7)
H4	0.3431	0.7425	0.6606	0.094*
C5	0.2699 (3)	0.5695 (3)	0.73791 (16)	0.0787 (6)
C6	0.1196 (4)	0.4673 (3)	0.74624 (17)	0.0850 (7)
H6	0.1372	0.3984	0.7962	0.102*
C7	-0.0547 (3)	0.4704 (3)	0.67925 (18)	0.0830 (7)
H7	-0.1546	0.4017	0.6845	0.100*
C8	0.1918 (4)	0.8551 (3)	0.49880 (19)	0.1041 (9)
H8A	0.1429	0.9185	0.4449	0.156*
H8B	0.2905	0.7885	0.4820	0.156*
H8C	0.2514	0.9144	0.5531	0.156*
C9	0.5936 (3)	0.6675 (3)	0.80431 (19)	0.1042 (9)
H9A	0.7046	0.6488	0.8557	0.156*
H9B	0.5410	0.7648	0.8118	0.156*
H9C	0.6381	0.6614	0.7435	0.156*

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
N1	0.0716 (13)	0.0972 (13)	0.0854 (14)	0.0055 (12)	0.0066 (9)	-0.0007 (11)
O1	0.0858 (11)	0.1004 (12)	0.0995 (12)	-0.0022 (9)	0.0106 (9)	0.0169 (10)
O2	0.0820 (11)	0.1060 (13)	0.0915 (12)	-0.0027 (9)	-0.0012 (9)	0.0038 (9)
C1	0.0778 (16)	0.0904 (16)	0.0803 (15)	0.0037 (13)	0.0101 (13)	0.0021 (12)
C2	0.0693 (14)	0.0799 (14)	0.0732 (14)	0.0017 (12)	0.0099 (12)	-0.0017 (12)
C3	0.0782 (15)	0.0787 (15)	0.0728 (14)	0.0082 (13)	0.0118 (13)	0.0026 (12)
C4	0.0734 (15)	0.0799 (15)	0.0818 (15)	-0.0017 (12)	0.0132 (13)	-0.0029 (13)
C5	0.0722 (15)	0.0864 (15)	0.0755 (15)	0.0053 (13)	0.0084 (13)	-0.0065 (13)
C6	0.0806 (16)	0.0919 (16)	0.0815 (16)	0.0009 (13)	0.0114 (14)	0.0056 (13)
C7	0.0772 (16)	0.0870 (16)	0.0841 (16)	-0.0032 (12)	0.0126 (13)	-0.0010 (13)
C8	0.1061 (19)	0.0956 (17)	0.113 (2)	-0.0067 (16)	0.0255 (16)	0.0164 (15)
C9	0.0775 (16)	0.115 (2)	0.114 (2)	-0.0073 (15)	0.0006 (15)	-0.0033 (16)

Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )

N1—C1	1.278 (3)	C4—H4	0.9300
N1—N1 <sup>i</sup>	1.414 (4)	C5—C6	1.393 (3)
O1—C3	1.366 (2)	C6—C7	1.372 (3)
O1—C8	1.422 (3)	C6—H6	0.9300
O2—C5	1.371 (3)	C7—H7	0.9300
O2—C9	1.435 (3)	C8—H8A	0.9600
C1—C2	1.446 (3)	C8—H8B	0.9600
C1—H1	0.9300	C8—H8C	0.9600
C2—C7	1.391 (3)	C9—H9A	0.9600
C2—C3	1.402 (3)	C9—H9B	0.9600
C3—C4	1.383 (3)	C9—H9C	0.9600
C4—C5	1.378 (3)		
C1—N1—N1 <sup>i</sup>	111.8 (2)	C7—C6—C5	118.7 (2)
C3—O1—C8	119.13 (18)	C7—C6—H6	120.7
C5—O2—C9	116.98 (19)	C5—C6—H6	120.7
N1—C1—C2	122.2 (2)	C6—C7—C2	122.6 (2)
N1—C1—H1	118.9	C6—C7—H7	118.7
C2—C1—H1	118.9	C2—C7—H7	118.7
C7—C2—C3	117.0 (2)	O1—C8—H8A	109.5
C7—C2—C1	122.4 (2)	O1—C8—H8B	109.5
C3—C2—C1	120.5 (2)	H8A—C8—H8B	109.5
O1—C3—C4	122.7 (2)	O1—C8—H8C	109.5
O1—C3—C2	115.7 (2)	H8A—C8—H8C	109.5
C4—C3—C2	121.5 (2)	H8B—C8—H8C	109.5
C5—C4—C3	119.3 (2)	O2—C9—H9A	109.5
C5—C4—H4	120.4	O2—C9—H9B	109.5
C3—C4—H4	120.4	H9A—C9—H9B	109.5
O2—C5—C4	123.9 (2)	O2—C9—H9C	109.5
O2—C5—C6	115.3 (2)	H9A—C9—H9C	109.5

C4—C5—C6	120.8 (2)	H9B—C9—H9C	109.5
N1 <sup>i</sup> —N1—C1—C2	−178.8 (2)	C2—C3—C4—C5	1.5 (3)
N1—C1—C2—C7	6.4 (3)	C9—O2—C5—C4	2.6 (3)
N1—C1—C2—C3	−175.1 (2)	C9—O2—C5—C6	−176.66 (18)
C8—O1—C3—C4	15.1 (3)	C3—C4—C5—O2	179.32 (18)
C8—O1—C3—C2	−166.0 (2)	C3—C4—C5—C6	−1.5 (3)
C7—C2—C3—O1	−179.90 (18)	O2—C5—C6—C7	−179.73 (19)
C1—C2—C3—O1	1.5 (3)	C4—C5—C6—C7	1.0 (3)
C7—C2—C3—C4	−1.0 (3)	C5—C6—C7—C2	−0.5 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	−179.62 (19)	C3—C2—C7—C6	0.5 (3)
O1—C3—C4—C5	−179.68 (18)	C1—C2—C7—C6	179.1 (2)

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x-1, -y+1, -z+1$ .