

## N'-(Propan-2-ylidene)nicotinohydrazide

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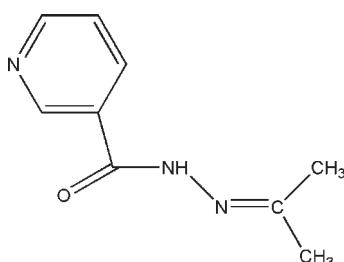
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 296\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003\text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.053;  $wR$  factor = 0.161; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.1.

Crystals of the title compound,  $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{11}\text{N}_3\text{O}$ , were obtained from a condensation reaction of nicotinohydrazide and acetone. In the molecular structure, the pyridine ring is oriented at a dihedral angle of  $36.28(10)^\circ$  with respect to the amide plane. In the crystal structure, molecules are linked via  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds, forming chains.

### Related literature

For applications of Schiff base compounds, see: Kahwa *et al.* (1986); Santos *et al.* (2001).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{11}\text{N}_3\text{O}$

$M_r = 177.21$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$   
 $a = 7.5439(4)\text{ \AA}$   
 $b = 18.0292(9)\text{ \AA}$   
 $c = 7.6172(4)\text{ \AA}$   
 $\beta = 115.937(3)^\circ$   
 $V = 931.67(8)\text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.09\text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 296\text{ K}$   
 $0.42 \times 0.21 \times 0.12\text{ mm}$

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer  
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 1998)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.978$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.990$

14297 measured reflections  
2172 independent reflections  
1301 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.046$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.053$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.161$   
 $S = 1.02$   
2172 reflections

120 parameters  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.21\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.22\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N}2-\text{H}2\text{A}\cdots\text{O}^i$	0.86	2.08	2.9136 (18)	162
Symmetry code: (i) $x - \frac{1}{2}$ , $-y + \frac{1}{2}$ , $z - \frac{1}{2}$ .				

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 1998); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 1998); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: XU2604).

### References

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- Kahwa, I. A., Selbin, I., Hsieh, T. C. Y. & Laine, R. A. (1986). *Inorg. Chim. Acta*, **118**, 179–185.
- Santos, M. L. P., Bagatin, I. A., Pereira, E. M. & Ferreira, A. M. D. C. (2001). *J. Chem. Soc. Dalton Trans.* pp. 838–844.
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# supporting information

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## **N'-(Propan-2-ylidene)nicotinohydrazide**

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### **S1. Comment**

The chemistry of Schiff bases has attracted a great deal of interest in recent years. These compounds play an important role in the development of various proteins and enzymes (Kahwa *et al.*, 1986; Santos *et al.*, 2001). As part of our interest in the coordination chemistry of Schiff bases, we have synthesized the title compound and report here its crystal structure.

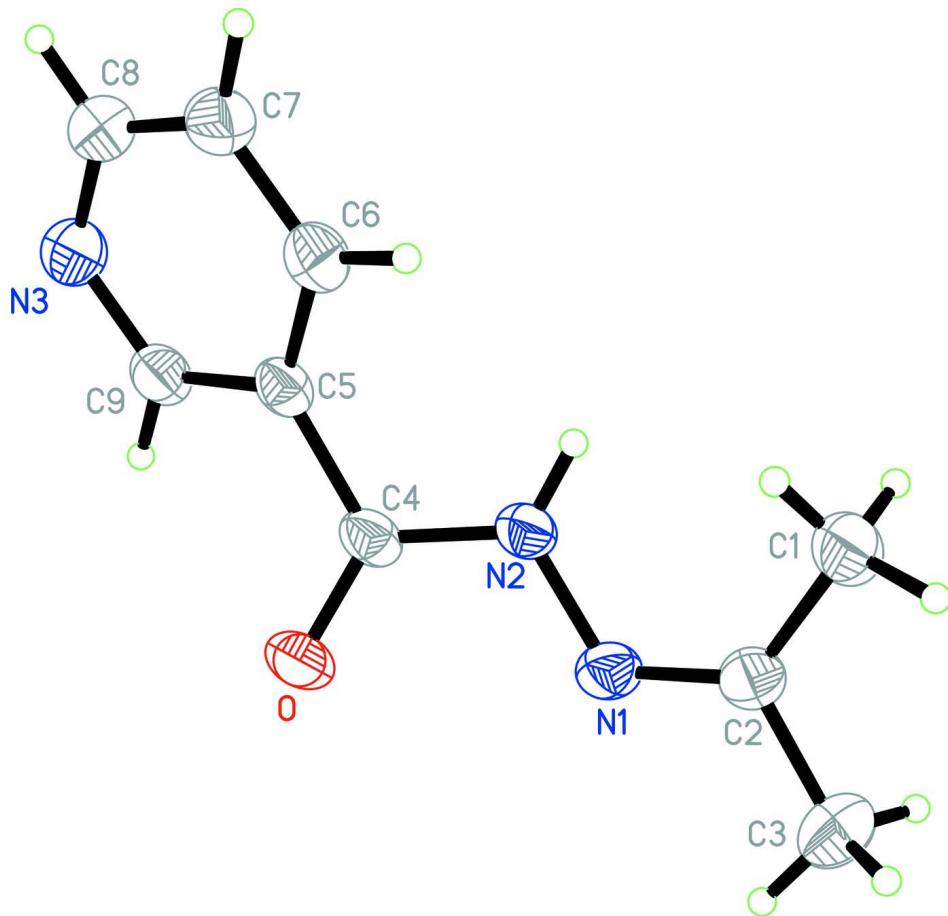
IN the molecular structure (Fig. 1), the pyridine ring is oriented with respect to N2/C4/O plane with a dihedral angle of 36.28 (10) $^{\circ}$ . In the crystal structure intermolecular N—H $\cdots$ O hydrogen bonding links the molecules to form the one-dimensional chains (Table 1).

### **S2. Experimental**

Nicotinohydrazide (1 mmol, 0.137 g) was dissolved in anhydrous ethanol (15 ml). The mixture was stirred for several min at 351 K, then the acetone (1 mmol, 0.058 g) in ethanol (8 ml) was added dropwise and the mixture was stirred at refluxing temperature for 2 h. The solid product was isolated and recrystallized from methanol. Colourless single crystals were obtained after 3 d.

### **S3. Refinement**

All H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined as riding with C—H = 0.93 (aromatic), 0.96 Å (methyl) and N—H = 0.86 Å.  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  for methyl H atoms and  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{N})$  for the others.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.

### *N'*-(Propan-2-ylidene)nicotinohydrazide

#### Crystal data

C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>11</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O  
 $M_r = 177.21$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$   
 Hall symbol: -P 2yn  
 $a = 7.5439 (4)$  Å  
 $b = 18.0292 (9)$  Å  
 $c = 7.6172 (4)$  Å  
 $\beta = 115.937 (3)$ °  
 $V = 931.67 (8)$  Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$

$F(000) = 376$   
 $D_x = 1.263$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>  
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å  
 Cell parameters from 3071 reflections  
 $\theta = 2.3\text{--}27.0$ °  
 $\mu = 0.09$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 296$  K  
 Block, colourless  
 $0.42 \times 0.21 \times 0.12$  mm

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector  
 diffractometer  
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
 Graphite monochromator  
 $\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan  
 (SADABS; Bruker, 1998)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.978$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.990$   
 14297 measured reflections  
 2172 independent reflections  
 1301 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.046$   
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.7^\circ, \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.3^\circ$   
 $h = -9 \rightarrow 9$

$k = -23 \rightarrow 23$   
 $l = -9 \rightarrow 9$

### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$   
Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.053$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.161$   
 $S = 1.02$   
2172 reflections  
120 parameters  
0 restraints  
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map  
Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0882P)^2 + 0.0683P]$   
where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.21 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.22 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

### Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
N1	0.6021 (2)	0.20018 (9)	0.3243 (2)	0.0526 (4)
N2	0.5607 (2)	0.23097 (8)	0.1426 (2)	0.0498 (4)
H2A	0.4896	0.2078	0.0361	0.060*
N3	0.5259 (3)	0.44511 (10)	-0.2362 (3)	0.0683 (5)
O	0.74766 (19)	0.33093 (7)	0.29001 (19)	0.0640 (4)
C1	0.5162 (3)	0.07664 (11)	0.1687 (3)	0.0707 (6)
H1A	0.3751	0.0725	0.1065	0.106*
H1B	0.5731	0.0290	0.2184	0.106*
H1C	0.5612	0.0935	0.0755	0.106*
C2	0.5773 (2)	0.13080 (11)	0.3328 (3)	0.0522 (5)
C3	0.6197 (3)	0.10093 (13)	0.5301 (3)	0.0748 (6)
H3A	0.6712	0.1398	0.6252	0.112*
H3B	0.7147	0.0617	0.5627	0.112*
H3C	0.5003	0.0821	0.5293	0.112*
C4	0.6361 (2)	0.29792 (10)	0.1407 (3)	0.0470 (5)
C5	0.5842 (2)	0.33173 (9)	-0.0540 (2)	0.0448 (4)
C6	0.5646 (3)	0.29200 (11)	-0.2158 (3)	0.0553 (5)
H7A	0.5770	0.2406	-0.2101	0.066*
C7	0.5262 (3)	0.32960 (13)	-0.3867 (3)	0.0649 (6)
H8A	0.5129	0.3040	-0.4978	0.078*
C8	0.5083 (3)	0.40459 (13)	-0.3895 (3)	0.0678 (6)
H9A	0.4821	0.4292	-0.5055	0.081*

C9	0.5659 (3)	0.40808 (11)	-0.0721 (3)	0.0547 (5)
H10A	0.5827	0.4353	0.0377	0.066*

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
N1	0.0529 (9)	0.0484 (9)	0.0449 (9)	0.0063 (7)	0.0108 (7)	0.0040 (7)
N2	0.0472 (8)	0.0448 (9)	0.0428 (8)	-0.0020 (7)	0.0062 (6)	-0.0001 (7)
N3	0.0776 (12)	0.0534 (11)	0.0617 (11)	-0.0046 (8)	0.0191 (9)	0.0067 (9)
O	0.0620 (8)	0.0498 (8)	0.0513 (8)	-0.0055 (6)	-0.0019 (6)	-0.0041 (6)
C1	0.0713 (13)	0.0476 (12)	0.0699 (14)	0.0045 (10)	0.0092 (11)	0.0022 (10)
C2	0.0411 (9)	0.0499 (11)	0.0542 (11)	0.0086 (8)	0.0103 (8)	0.0066 (9)
C3	0.0817 (14)	0.0678 (14)	0.0718 (15)	0.0150 (12)	0.0306 (12)	0.0183 (12)
C4	0.0382 (8)	0.0406 (10)	0.0480 (10)	0.0027 (7)	0.0056 (7)	-0.0036 (8)
C5	0.0341 (8)	0.0432 (10)	0.0481 (11)	-0.0022 (7)	0.0096 (7)	-0.0036 (8)
C6	0.0563 (11)	0.0473 (11)	0.0605 (13)	-0.0027 (8)	0.0239 (9)	-0.0063 (9)
C7	0.0699 (13)	0.0732 (15)	0.0559 (13)	-0.0130 (11)	0.0315 (10)	-0.0100 (11)
C8	0.0732 (13)	0.0705 (15)	0.0555 (13)	-0.0120 (11)	0.0244 (11)	0.0041 (11)
C9	0.0528 (10)	0.0466 (11)	0.0532 (11)	-0.0041 (8)	0.0127 (8)	-0.0030 (9)

*Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )*

N1—C2	1.271 (2)	C3—H3A	0.9600
N1—N2	1.394 (2)	C3—H3B	0.9600
N2—C4	1.337 (2)	C3—H3C	0.9600
N2—H2A	0.8600	C4—C5	1.489 (2)
N3—C9	1.330 (2)	C5—C6	1.376 (2)
N3—C8	1.334 (3)	C5—C9	1.384 (2)
O—C4	1.232 (2)	C6—C7	1.382 (3)
C1—C2	1.492 (3)	C6—H7A	0.9300
C1—H1A	0.9600	C7—C8	1.358 (3)
C1—H1B	0.9600	C7—H8A	0.9300
C1—H1C	0.9600	C8—H9A	0.9300
C2—C3	1.493 (3)	C9—H10A	0.9300
C2—N1—N2	117.96 (15)	H3B—C3—H3C	109.5
C4—N2—N1	117.32 (14)	O—C4—N2	123.21 (17)
C4—N2—H2A	121.3	O—C4—C5	119.84 (16)
N1—N2—H2A	121.3	N2—C4—C5	116.93 (14)
C9—N3—C8	116.26 (18)	C6—C5—C9	117.46 (17)
C2—C1—H1A	109.5	C6—C5—C4	123.87 (16)
C2—C1—H1B	109.5	C9—C5—C4	118.56 (16)
H1A—C1—H1B	109.5	C5—C6—C7	118.99 (18)
C2—C1—H1C	109.5	C5—C6—H7A	120.5
H1A—C1—H1C	109.5	C7—C6—H7A	120.5
H1B—C1—H1C	109.5	C8—C7—C6	118.78 (19)
N1—C2—C1	126.87 (17)	C8—C7—H8A	120.6
N1—C2—C3	115.77 (18)	C6—C7—H8A	120.6

C1—C2—C3	117.34 (18)	N3—C8—C7	124.1 (2)
C2—C3—H3A	109.5	N3—C8—H9A	117.9
C2—C3—H3B	109.5	C7—C8—H9A	117.9
H3A—C3—H3B	109.5	N3—C9—C5	124.38 (18)
C2—C3—H3C	109.5	N3—C9—H10A	117.8
H3A—C3—H3C	109.5	C5—C9—H10A	117.8

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
N2—H2A···O <sup>i</sup>	0.86	2.08	2.9136 (18)	162

Symmetry code: (i)  $x-1/2, -y+1/2, z-1/2$ .