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2-(2-Chloro-3-quinolyl)-3-phenylthiazolidin-4-one

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 296 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.003 Å; R factor = 0.037; wR factor = 0.098; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.9.

In the title compound, $C_{18}H_{13}ClN_2OS$, the thiazolidinone ring is slightly distorted and adopts a envelope conformation. The basal plane is nearly perpendicular to the quinoline ring, forming a dihedral angle of 86.1 $(1)^{\circ}$, and makes a dihedral angle of 14.9 $(1)^{\circ}$ to the benzene ring. The benzene ring is also nearly perpendicular to the quinoline ring, forming a dihedral angle of 89.4 (1)°. In the crystal, non-classical C–H···O and C-H···N hydrogen bonds link the molecules, forming polymers along b.

Related literature

For the biological activity of thiazolidinone derivatives, see: Abd Elhafez et al. (2003); Kuecuekguezel et al. (2006); Shih & Ke (2004); Subudhi et al. (2007); Srivastava et al. (2006).



Experimental

Crystal data

C ₁₈ H ₁₃ ClN ₂ OS	b = 12.7502 (5) Å
$M_r = 340.81$	c = 16.8949 (6) Å
Monoclinic, $C2/c$	$\beta = 110.379 \ (2)^{\circ}$
a = 16.1192 (6) Å	V = 3255.0 (2) Å ³

Z = 8
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$\mu = 0.37 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer Absorption correction: none 12810 measured reflections	2883 independent reflections 2165 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.027$
Refinement	

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$ 208 parameters $wR(F^2) = 0.098$ H-atom parameters constrained $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.22 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$ S = 1.05 $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.24 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$ 2883 reflections

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$C8-H8A\cdots N1^{i}$	0.93	2.63	3.514 (3)	158
$C3-H3A\cdotsO1^{n}$	0.93	2.35	3.192 (2)	151

Symmetry codes: (i) -x, y, $-z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) -x + 1, -y + 2, -z + 1.

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2001); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2001); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: GW2069).

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 $0.35 \times 0.20 \times 0.15 \text{ mm}$

T = 296 K

supporting information

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2-(2-Chloro-3-quinolyl)-3-phenylthiazolidin-4-one

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S1. Comment

Thiazolidinone derivatives are important heterocyclic nitrogen compounds which display a wide range of biological activity. Some synthetic thiazolidinones have been used as antiviral (Abd Elhafez *et al.*, 2003), antioxidant (Shih and Ke, 2004), antimycobacterial (Kuecuekguezel *et al.*, 2006), antimicrobial (Subudhi *et al.*, 2007), and also as antiinflammatory (Srivastava *et al.*, 2006). We report here the structure of 2-(2-chloroquinolin-3-yl)- 3-phenylthiazolidin-4-one, (I).

In (I), the thiazolidinone ring is slightly distorted and adopts a envelope conformation: the atoms of C11, C12, N2 and C10 are coplanar, with S1 deviating from the defined plane by 0.673 Å. The basal plane is nearly perpendicular to the quinoline ring, forming a dihedral angle of 86.1 (1) $^{\circ}$, and makes a dihedral angle of 14.9 (1) $^{\circ}$ to benzene ring. The benzene ring is also nearly to perpendicular to the quinoline ring, forming a dihedral to the quinoline ring, forming a dihedral to the quinoline ring.

There are two non-classical hydrogen bonds of C3—H3A···O1 and C8—H8A···N1 in the crystal structure. The former links the adjacent molecules forming dimmers, while the latter also links another adjacent molecules forming polymers. The two above mentioned non-classical hydrogen bonds link the molecules forming polymers along b.

S2. Experimental

A solution of 2-chloroquinoline-3-carbadehyde (1.92 g, 10 mmol) and 5 mmol aniline (0.5 ml, 5.5 mmol) in anhydrous THF (30 ml) was stirred under ice-cold conditions for 5 min, followed by addition of mercapto acid (1.1 ml, 15 mmol). Dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (DCC) (6 mmol) was added to the reaction mixture 5 min later, the resulting mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 1 h. Dicyclohexylurea (DCU) was removed by filtration and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was taken up in some ethyl acetate. The organic layer was successively washed with 5% aq. citric acid, water, 5% aq. sodium hydrogen carbonate, and then finally with brine. The organic layer was dried over magnesium sulfate and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to get a crude product that was purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether and ethyl acetate as eluents for stepwise elution. The colorless single crystals of the title compound suitable for X-raycrystallographic analysis were obtained by recrystallization from a mixture of petroleum ether and ethyl acetate. m.p.426–428 K.

S3. Refinement

The H atoms were calculated geometrically and refined as riding, with C—H = 0.93–0.98 Å. with $U_{iso}((C_{methyl})) = 1.5U_{eq}$; $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}$ (parent atom).





The molecular structure drawing for (I) showing 50% probability of displacement ellipsoids and the atom-numbering scheme.



Figure 2

The molecular packing diagram of (I). The broken lines indicate hydrogen bonds.

2-(2-Chloro-3-quinolyl)-3-phenylthiazolidin-4-one

Crystal data

C₁₈H₁₃ClN₂OS $M_r = 340.81$ Monoclinic, C2/c Hall symbol: -C 2yc a = 16.1192 (6) Å b = 12.7502 (5) Å c = 16.8949 (6) Å $\beta = 110.379$ (2)° V = 3255.0 (2) Å³ Z = 8 F(000) = 1408 $D_x = 1.391 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Melting point = 426–428 K Mo K\alpha radiation, \lambda = 0.71073 Å Cell parameters from 3808 reflections $\theta = 2.7-26.3^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.37 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 296 KBlock, pale yellow $0.35 \times 0.20 \times 0.15 \text{ mm}$ Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator φ and ω scans 12810 measured reflections 2883 independent reflections	2165 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.027$ $\theta_{max} = 25.0^{\circ}, \ \theta_{min} = 2.1^{\circ}$ $h = -19 \rightarrow 19$ $k = -14 \rightarrow 15$ $l = -20 \rightarrow 20$
Refinement	
Refinement on F^2 Least-squares matrix: full $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$ $wR(F^2) = 0.098$ S = 1.05 2883 reflections 208 parameters 0 restraints Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites H-atom parameters constrained $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0404P)^2 + 1.9966P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} = 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.22$ e Å ⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.24$ e Å ⁻³

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
C11	0.18759 (4)	0.86407 (6)	0.14286 (3)	0.0776 (2)	
S 1	0.35490 (4)	1.06043 (5)	0.23906 (4)	0.0743 (2)	
N1	0.13806 (10)	0.84780 (14)	0.27204 (10)	0.0529 (4)	
C5	0.23728 (14)	0.88458 (16)	0.50321 (12)	0.0505 (5)	
H5A	0.2911	0.9013	0.5446	0.061*	
C2	0.29190 (12)	0.89607 (15)	0.30682 (11)	0.0432 (5)	
C1	0.20616 (13)	0.86948 (16)	0.25139 (11)	0.0486 (5)	
N2	0.45307 (10)	0.91604 (14)	0.33821 (9)	0.0483 (4)	
C9	0.14837 (12)	0.85342 (15)	0.35618 (12)	0.0455 (5)	
C3	0.30220 (12)	0.89873 (15)	0.39034 (11)	0.0433 (5)	
H3A	0.3576	0.9137	0.4300	0.052*	
C4	0.23063 (12)	0.87924 (15)	0.41773 (11)	0.0418 (4)	
C8	0.07547 (14)	0.83422 (19)	0.38073 (13)	0.0581 (6)	
H8A	0.0210	0.8175	0.3403	0.070*	
C10	0.36487 (12)	0.92437 (17)	0.27408 (11)	0.0488 (5)	
H10A	0.3613	0.8785	0.2265	0.059*	
C13	0.49430 (13)	0.81620 (18)	0.35847 (12)	0.0516 (5)	

C6	0.16534 (14)	0.86545 (18)	0.52517 (13)	0.0578 (6)
H6A	0.1701	0.8693	0.5816	0.069*
C7	0.08402 (14)	0.8399 (2)	0.46357 (14)	0.0635 (6)
H7A	0.0353	0.8268	0.4795	0.076*
01	0.55375 (11)	1.01688 (16)	0.43920 (10)	0.0849 (6)
C18	0.44621 (16)	0.72616 (19)	0.32907 (14)	0.0624 (6)
H18A	0.3863	0.7308	0.2969	0.075*
C12	0.48571 (15)	1.0079 (2)	0.37932 (14)	0.0613 (6)
C14	0.58436 (16)	0.8072 (2)	0.40572 (14)	0.0731 (7)
H14A	0.6184	0.8669	0.4258	0.088*
C11	0.42542 (19)	1.0985 (2)	0.34260 (17)	0.0841 (8)
H11A	0.4596	1.1600	0.3396	0.101*
H11B	0.3904	1.1150	0.3775	0.101*
C16	0.5747 (2)	0.6209 (3)	0.3948 (2)	0.0937 (9)
H16A	0.6015	0.5556	0.4082	0.112*
C17	0.4867 (2)	0.6282 (2)	0.34713 (18)	0.0835 (8)
H17A	0.4539	0.5677	0.3268	0.100*
C15	0.6223 (2)	0.7092 (3)	0.42233 (18)	0.0950 (10)
H15A	0.6824	0.7036	0.4534	0.114*

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U ³³	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cl1	0.0609 (4)	0.1297 (6)	0.0347 (3)	-0.0162 (4)	0.0073 (2)	-0.0082 (3)
S 1	0.0791 (5)	0.0764 (4)	0.0645 (4)	-0.0054 (4)	0.0214 (3)	0.0224 (3)
N1	0.0406 (9)	0.0694 (12)	0.0419 (9)	-0.0089 (9)	0.0060 (7)	-0.0041 (8)
C5	0.0442 (11)	0.0637 (13)	0.0414 (10)	-0.0034 (10)	0.0122 (9)	-0.0016 (10)
C2	0.0385 (10)	0.0500 (11)	0.0375 (9)	-0.0028 (9)	0.0086 (8)	-0.0009 (8)
C1	0.0451 (11)	0.0600 (13)	0.0352 (10)	-0.0032 (10)	0.0072 (9)	-0.0028 (9)
N2	0.0397 (9)	0.0629 (11)	0.0414 (8)	-0.0110 (8)	0.0131 (7)	-0.0021 (8)
C9	0.0404 (11)	0.0488 (12)	0.0443 (10)	-0.0034 (9)	0.0108 (9)	-0.0007 (9)
C3	0.0337 (10)	0.0538 (12)	0.0380 (10)	-0.0036 (9)	0.0069 (8)	-0.0020 (8)
C4	0.0379 (10)	0.0457 (11)	0.0392 (9)	-0.0010 (9)	0.0099 (8)	-0.0007 (8)
C8	0.0407 (11)	0.0739 (15)	0.0563 (13)	-0.0125 (11)	0.0128 (10)	-0.0010 (11)
C10	0.0444 (11)	0.0641 (13)	0.0360 (10)	-0.0066 (10)	0.0116 (8)	-0.0013 (9)
C13	0.0488 (12)	0.0720 (15)	0.0406 (10)	-0.0003 (11)	0.0237 (9)	0.0066 (10)
C6	0.0576 (13)	0.0723 (15)	0.0474 (11)	-0.0042 (12)	0.0233 (10)	0.0014 (10)
C7	0.0489 (13)	0.0824 (17)	0.0647 (14)	-0.0100 (12)	0.0266 (11)	0.0031 (12)
01	0.0623 (10)	0.1135 (15)	0.0676 (10)	-0.0327 (10)	0.0083 (9)	-0.0206 (10)
C18	0.0603 (14)	0.0692 (16)	0.0676 (14)	-0.0016 (13)	0.0346 (12)	-0.0020 (12)
C12	0.0547 (13)	0.0780 (17)	0.0527 (12)	-0.0226 (13)	0.0204 (11)	-0.0058 (12)
C14	0.0569 (14)	0.099 (2)	0.0590 (14)	0.0021 (14)	0.0147 (11)	0.0118 (13)
C11	0.097 (2)	0.0620 (16)	0.0873 (18)	-0.0189 (15)	0.0247 (16)	-0.0036 (14)
C16	0.102 (3)	0.094 (2)	0.096 (2)	0.032 (2)	0.048 (2)	0.0265 (18)
C17	0.104 (2)	0.0750 (19)	0.090 (2)	0.0042 (17)	0.0571 (18)	0.0035 (15)
C15	0.0746 (19)	0.123 (3)	0.0808 (19)	0.029 (2)	0.0185 (15)	0.0279 (19)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Cl1—C1	1.7534 (19)	C10—H10A	0.9800	
S1—C11	1.790 (3)	C13—C18	1.377 (3)	
S1—C10	1.822 (2)	C13—C14	1.397 (3)	
N1—C1	1.292 (3)	С6—С7	1.399 (3)	
N1—C9	1.374 (2)	С6—Н6А	0.9300	
С5—С6	1.357 (3)	С7—Н7А	0.9300	
C5—C4	1.412 (3)	O1—C12	1.211 (3)	
С5—Н5А	0.9300	C18—C17	1.393 (4)	
C2—C3	1.363 (2)	C18—H18A	0.9300	
C2—C1	1.414 (3)	C12—C11	1.497 (4)	
C2-C10	1.508 (3)	C14—C15	1.377 (4)	
N2—C12	1.370 (3)	C14—H14A	0.9300	
N2-C13	1.422 (3)	C11—H11A	0.9700	
N2-C10	1.461 (2)	C11—H11B	0.9700	
C9—C8	1.397 (3)	C16—C15	1.349 (4)	
С9—С4	1.410 (2)	C16—C17	1.369 (4)	
C3—C4	1.407 (3)	C16—H16A	0.9300	
С3—НЗА	0.9300	C17—H17A	0.9300	
C8—C7	1.360 (3)	C15—H15A	0.9300	
C8—H8A	0.9300			
C11 C1 C10	00.00 (11)		120.15 (10)	
	89.23 (11)	C18 - C13 - N2	120.15 (19)	
CI - NI - C9	11/.38 (16)	C14 - C13 - N2	121.1(2)	
C_{0}	120.21 (19)	C_{5}	120.5 (2)	
C6—C5—H5A	119.9	С5—С6—Н6А	119.8	
C4 - C5 - H5A	119.9	C / - C 6 - H 6 A	119.8	
$C_3 = C_2 = C_1$	115.48 (18)	$C_8 - C_7 - C_6$	120.7 (2)	
$C_{3} = C_{2} = C_{10}$	123.01 (16)	C8 - C7 - H/A	119.6	
CI - C2 - CI0	121.45 (16)	C_{0} C_{-} H/A	119.6	
NI - CI - C2	126.77 (18)	C13 - C18 - C17	120.4 (2)	
NI-CI-CII	114.97 (14)	C13—C18—H18A	119.8	
C2—CI—CII	118.26 (16)	CI/-CI8-HI8A	119.8	
C12— $N2$ — $C13$	125.37 (18)	OI = CI2 = N2	125.5 (2)	
C12 - N2 - C10	114.62 (18)		122.8 (2)	
C13—N2—C10	119.76 (17)	N2—C12—C11	111.71 (19)	
NI	119.12 (17)	C15-C14-C13	119.3 (3)	
NI	121.27 (17)	C15—C14—H14A	120.3	
C8—C9—C4	119.61 (18)	C13—C14—H14A	120.3	
$C_2 = C_3 = C_4$	121.21 (17)		107.20 (18)	
C2—C3—H3A	119.4	CI2—CII—HIIA	110.3	
C4—C3—H3A	119.4	SI-CII-HIIA	110.3	
C3 - C4 - C9	117.83 (16)	C12—C11—H11B	110.3	
$C_3 - C_4 - C_5$	123.31 (17)	SI-CII-HIIB	110.3	
C9—C4—C5	118.86 (18)	HIIA—CII—HIIB	108.5	
C7-C8-C9	120.12 (19)	C15—C16—C17	119.6 (3)	
C7—C8—H8A	119.9	C15—C16—H16A	120.2	

С9—С8—Н8А	119.9	C17—C16—H16A	120.2
N2—C10—C2	113.12 (15)	C16—C17—C18	120.0 (3)
N2—C10—S1	105.26 (13)	C16—C17—H17A	120.0
C2-C10-S1	110.80 (14)	C18—C17—H17A	120.0
N2-C10-H10A	109.2	C16—C15—C14	121.9 (3)
C2-C10-H10A	109.2	C16—C15—H15A	119.1
S1-C10-H10A	109.2	C14—C15—H15A	119.1
C18—C13—C14	118.7 (2)		
C9—N1—C1—C2	1.8 (3)	C3—C2—C10—S1	-96.2 (2)
C9—N1—C1—Cl1	-178.42 (15)	C1-C2-C10-S1	80.8 (2)
C3—C2—C1—N1	-0.1 (3)	C11—S1—C10—N2	-31.25 (16)
C10-C2-C1-N1	-177.3 (2)	C11—S1—C10—C2	91.36 (16)
C3—C2—C1—Cl1	-179.85 (15)	C12—N2—C13—C18	162.71 (19)
C10-C2-C1-Cl1	2.9 (3)	C10—N2—C13—C18	-11.2 (3)
C1—N1—C9—C8	177.7 (2)	C12—N2—C13—C14	-19.5 (3)
C1—N1—C9—C4	-1.6 (3)	C10—N2—C13—C14	166.56 (19)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-1.9 (3)	C4—C5—C6—C7	0.2 (3)
C10—C2—C3—C4	175.26 (18)	C9—C8—C7—C6	0.3 (4)
C2—C3—C4—C9	2.0 (3)	C5—C6—C7—C8	-0.2 (4)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-177.78 (19)	C14—C13—C18—C17	0.8 (3)
N1-C9-C4-C3	-0.2 (3)	N2-C13-C18-C17	178.56 (19)
C8—C9—C4—C3	-179.55 (19)	C13—N2—C12—O1	-0.8 (3)
N1-C9-C4-C5	179.58 (19)	C10—N2—C12—O1	173.4 (2)
C8—C9—C4—C5	0.3 (3)	C13—N2—C12—C11	-179.38 (19)
C6—C5—C4—C3	179.6 (2)	C10—N2—C12—C11	-5.2 (3)
C6—C5—C4—C9	-0.2 (3)	C18—C13—C14—C15	-0.7 (3)
N1—C9—C8—C7	-179.6 (2)	N2-C13-C14-C15	-178.5 (2)
C4—C9—C8—C7	-0.3 (3)	O1-C12-C11-S1	162.11 (19)
C12—N2—C10—C2	-94.5 (2)	N2-C12-C11-S1	-19.3 (2)
C13—N2—C10—C2	80.0 (2)	C10—S1—C11—C12	28.95 (19)
C12—N2—C10—S1	26.58 (19)	C15—C16—C17—C18	-1.7 (4)
C13—N2—C10—S1	-158.88 (14)	C13—C18—C17—C16	0.4 (4)
C3-C2-C10-N2	21.7 (3)	C17—C16—C15—C14	1.7 (5)
C1—C2—C10—N2	-161.27 (18)	C13—C14—C15—C16	-0.5 (4)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	Н…А	D····A	D—H···A
C8—H8A····N1 ⁱ	0.93	2.63	3.514 (3)	158
C3—H3A···O1 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.35	3.192 (2)	151

Symmetry codes: (i) -*x*, *y*, -*z*+1/2; (ii) -*x*+1, -*y*+2, -*z*+1.