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2-Methyl-3,5-dinitrobenzoic acid

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 296 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; disorder in main residue; R factor = 0.035; wR factor = 0.098; data-to-parameter ratio = 10.7.

In the title compound, $C_8H_6N_2O_6$, the O atoms of the nitro groups, the methyl H atoms and the carboxyl C=O and C– OH groups are disordered over two sets of sites with an occupancy ratio of 0.595 (16):0.405 (16). In the crystal, inversion dimers linked by pairs of O–H···O hydrogen bonds arise for both carboxyl disorder components and C– H···O bonds and weak C–H··· π interactions consolidate the packing.

Related literature

For general background to isocoumarins, see: Hill (1986); Varanda *et al.* (2004). For related structures, see: Prince *et al.* (1991); Sarma & Nagaraju (2000).



b = 5.1044 (3) Å c = 13.8853 (10) Å

 $\beta = 104.544 (3)^{\circ}$

V = 1841.6 (2) Å³

Experimental

Crystal data

$C_8H_6N_2O_6$	
$M_r = 226.15$	
Monoclinic, C2/c	
a = 26.8441 (16) Å	

Z = 8Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.14 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD
diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2005)
$T_{\min} = 0.985, T_{\max} = 0.987$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$ $wR(F^2) = 0.098$ S = 1.072019 reflections 189 parameters

refinement $\Delta \rho_{\text{max}} = 0.22 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ $\Delta \rho_{\text{min}} = -0.17 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Table 1	
Hydrogen-bond	geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
$\begin{array}{c} 01 - H1 \cdots 02^{i} \\ C8 - H8B \cdots 05A^{ii} \\ C8 - H8C \cdots 03A \\ C8 - H8A \cdots Cg1^{iii} \\ C8 - H8E \cdots Cg1^{iii} \end{array}$	0.83 (4) 0.96 0.96 0.96 0.96	1.80 (4) 2.55 2.43 2.96 2.96	2.6216 (16) 3.385 (11) 3.023 (11) 3.781 (2) 3.781 (2)	175 (3) 145 120 144 144
0				

Symmetry codes: (i) -x, -y, -z + 1; (ii) $x, -y + 1, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iii) x, y - 1, z. Cg1 is the centroid of the C1-C6 benzene ring.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999) and *PLATON*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB5136).

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 $0.28 \times 0.09 \times 0.08 \; \mathrm{mm}$

8618 measured reflections 2019 independent reflections

1626 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

H atoms treated by a mixture of

independent and constrained

T = 296 K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.025$

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, o2819 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536809042627]

2-Methyl-3,5-dinitrobenzoic acid

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S1. Comment

Isocoumarins are secondary metabolites, derived from acetate pathway, which are structurally related to coumarins but with inverted lactone ring. Isocoumarins shows a wide range of applications and biological activities including anticancer (Varanda *et al.*, 2004), anti-tumor (Hill *et al.*, 1986) *etc*.

The title compound (I, Fig. 1) is an intermediate towards the synthesis of substituted homophthallic acid that is a precursor for the synthesis of isocoumarins.

The ctystal structures of (II) 2,4-Dinitrotoluene (Sarma & Nagaraju 2000), (III) 3,5-Dinitrobenzoic acid (Prince *et al.*, 1991) have been reported. The title compound contains both of these moieties.

The O-atoms of nito groups are disordered over two sets of sites with occupancy ratio of 0.595 (16):0.405 (16). Due to this disorder the H-atoms of CH₃ and OH groups are also disordered with same occupancy ratio. The title compound consist of conventional carboxylate dimers (Fig. 2). The benzene ring A (C1–C6) and carboxyl group B (O1/C7/O2) are oriented at a dihedral angle of 23.82 (15)°. The disordered nitro groups C (O3A/N1/O4A), D (O3B/N1/O4B), E (O5A/N2/O6A) and F (O5B/N1/O6B) are certainly planar. The values of dihedral angles for C/E and D/F are 57 (1) and 76 (1)°, respectively. The molecules are stabilized due to H-bondings and C—H… π interactions (Table 1).

S2. Experimental

 HNO_3 (28.0 g, 0.7 mol) was added as drops to an ice-chilled (273 K) solution of *o*-toluic acid (13.6 g, 0.1 mol) in H₂SO₄ (110.4 g, 11.2 mol) with constant stirring. The reaction mixture was stirred for 15 minutes, left overnight on stirring at room temperature and then refluxed at 373 K for 4 h. More HNO_3 (21.0 g, 0.69 mol) was added after cooling to room temperature and refluxed for further 3 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and poured to ice. The precipitates were filtered, washed with distilled water to remove free sulfates and nitrates. Recrystallization from methanol/water (1:1) afforded yellow needles of (I) suitable for *x*-ray diffraction. Yield 92%.

S3. Refinement

The O-atoms of NO_2 groups along with H-atoms of CH_3 and OH groups are disordered. The coordinates of H-atoms of hydroxy group were refined.

H-atoms were positioned geometrically, with C—H = 0.93 and 0.96 Å for aryl and methyl H, respectively and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with $U_{iso}(H) = xU_{eq}(C, O)$, where x = 1.5 for methyl and 1.2 for all other H atoms.



Figure 1

View of (I) with the atom numbering scheme having atoms of greater occupancy ratio. The displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. H-atoms are shown by small circles of arbitrary radii.



Figure 2

View of (I) with the atom numbering scheme having atoms of smaller occupancy ratio. The displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. H-atoms are shown by small circles of arbitrary radii.



F(000) = 928

 $\theta = 3.0-27.1^{\circ}$

 $\mu = 0.14 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

Needle, yellow

 $0.28 \times 0.09 \times 0.08 \text{ mm}$

T = 296 K

 $D_{\rm x} = 1.631 {\rm Mg m^{-3}}$

Mo *K* α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 2019 reflections

Figure 3 The partial packing of (I), which shows that molecules form inversion dimers.

2-Methyl-3,5-dinitrobenzoic acid

Crystal data

C₈H₆N₂O₆ $M_r = 226.15$ Monoclinic, C2/c Hall symbol: -C 2yc a = 26.8441 (16) Å b = 5.1044 (3) Å c = 13.8853 (10) Å $\beta = 104.544$ (3)° V = 1841.6 (2) Å³ Z = 8

Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD 8618 measured reflections diffractometer 2019 independent reflections Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube 1626 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ Graphite monochromator $R_{\rm int} = 0.025$ $\theta_{\rm max} = 27.1^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\rm min} = 3.0^{\circ}$ Detector resolution: 7.60 pixels mm⁻¹ $h = -34 \rightarrow 21$ ω scans Absorption correction: multi-scan $k = -6 \rightarrow 6$ $l = -16 \rightarrow 17$ (SADABS; Bruker, 2005) $T_{\rm min} = 0.985, T_{\rm max} = 0.987$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
$wR(F^2) = 0.098$	neighbouring sites
S = 1.07	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
2019 reflections	and constrained refinement
189 parameters	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0466P)^2 + 0.7672P]$
0 restraints	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
direct methods	$\Delta ho_{ m max} = 0.22 \ { m e} \ { m \AA}^{-3}$
	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.17 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. Bond distances, angles *etc*. have been calculated using the rounded fractional coordinates. All su's are estimated from the variances of the (full) variance-covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account in the estimation of distances, angles and torsion angles

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	Occ. (<1)
01	0.01701 (4)	0.2581 (2)	0.43564 (8)	0.0512 (3)	
O2	0.05404 (4)	-0.13177 (19)	0.47311 (8)	0.0478 (3)	
O3A	0.2288 (4)	-0.200 (2)	0.3383 (8)	0.083 (2)	0.595 (16)
O4A	0.2604 (2)	0.1735 (16)	0.3731 (8)	0.0879 (18)	0.595 (16)
O5A	0.1204 (4)	0.696 (2)	0.1252 (9)	0.082 (3)	0.595 (16)
O6A	0.0510 (4)	0.781 (2)	0.1802 (7)	0.0573 (14)	0.595 (16)
N1	0.22362 (4)	0.0323 (3)	0.35244 (10)	0.0497 (4)	
N2	0.09302 (5)	0.6426 (3)	0.17734 (9)	0.0485 (4)	
C1	0.09152 (4)	0.1704 (2)	0.38137 (9)	0.0325 (3)	
C2	0.14060 (4)	0.0536 (2)	0.39970 (9)	0.0335 (3)	
C3	0.17128 (4)	0.1421 (3)	0.33837 (10)	0.0367 (4)	
C4	0.15720 (5)	0.3269 (3)	0.26482 (10)	0.0399 (4)	
C5	0.10921 (5)	0.4375 (3)	0.25252 (9)	0.0371 (4)	
C6	0.07666 (4)	0.3649 (3)	0.31037 (9)	0.0360 (4)	
C7	0.05193 (4)	0.0909 (3)	0.43530 (9)	0.0346 (4)	
C8	0.16097 (5)	-0.1411 (3)	0.48095 (11)	0.0448 (4)	
O4B	0.2566 (3)	0.149 (3)	0.4132 (8)	0.084 (3)	0.405 (16)
O5B	0.0598 (5)	0.750 (3)	0.1754 (11)	0.061 (2)	0.405 (16)
O6B	0.1179 (7)	0.655 (3)	0.1105 (11)	0.061 (2)	0.405 (16)
O3B	0.2269 (6)	-0.152 (3)	0.3038 (13)	0.094 (4)	0.405 (16)
H8B	0.15619	-0.07488	0.54272	0.0672*	0.595 (16)
H8C	0.19697	-0.16935	0.48691	0.0672*	0.595 (16)
H8A	0.14278	-0.30373	0.46522	0.0672*	0.595 (16)
H1	-0.0046 (14)	0.209 (6)	0.465 (2)	0.0614*	0.595 (16)
H4	0.17896	0.37504	0.22525	0.0479*	

H6	0.04484	0.44612	0.30177	0.0432*	
H2	0.0315 (19)	-0.169 (9)	0.498 (4)	0.0614*	0.405 (16)
H8D	0.19134	-0.07189	0.52575	0.0672*	0.405 (16)
H8E	0.16930	-0.30148	0.45242	0.0672*	0.405 (16)
H8F	0.13531	-0.17459	0.51669	0.0672*	0.405 (16)

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
01	0.0444 (5)	0.0495 (6)	0.0706 (7)	0.0066 (4)	0.0349 (5)	0.0127 (5)
02	0.0450 (5)	0.0407 (5)	0.0658 (7)	-0.0019 (4)	0.0293 (5)	0.0092 (5)
O3A	0.058 (2)	0.064 (3)	0.121 (5)	0.0211 (19)	0.012 (3)	-0.014 (3)
O4A	0.0343 (13)	0.091 (2)	0.142 (5)	-0.0100 (13)	0.029 (3)	-0.005 (3)
O5A	0.068 (3)	0.114 (5)	0.071 (5)	-0.004 (3)	0.031 (3)	0.051 (4)
06A	0.052 (3)	0.060(2)	0.061 (2)	0.027 (2)	0.016 (2)	0.0131 (16)
N1	0.0356 (6)	0.0591 (8)	0.0593 (8)	0.0035 (6)	0.0213 (6)	0.0073 (7)
N2	0.0488 (7)	0.0541 (7)	0.0416 (7)	-0.0018 (6)	0.0093 (6)	0.0104 (6)
C1	0.0303 (6)	0.0364 (6)	0.0325 (6)	-0.0048 (5)	0.0109 (5)	-0.0019 (5)
C2	0.0315 (6)	0.0354 (6)	0.0345 (6)	-0.0036 (5)	0.0100 (5)	-0.0024 (5)
C3	0.0295 (6)	0.0424 (7)	0.0401 (7)	-0.0005 (5)	0.0124 (5)	-0.0016 (6)
C4	0.0364 (6)	0.0489 (8)	0.0388 (7)	-0.0063 (6)	0.0175 (5)	0.0012 (6)
C5	0.0374 (6)	0.0421 (7)	0.0320 (6)	-0.0034 (5)	0.0089 (5)	0.0039 (5)
C6	0.0300 (6)	0.0414 (7)	0.0368 (7)	-0.0013 (5)	0.0090 (5)	-0.0003 (5)
C7	0.0316 (6)	0.0369 (6)	0.0376 (7)	-0.0031 (5)	0.0128 (5)	-0.0007 (5)
C8	0.0416 (7)	0.0468 (8)	0.0466 (8)	0.0033 (6)	0.0124 (6)	0.0089 (6)
O4B	0.029 (3)	0.115 (5)	0.102 (5)	0.000 (3)	0.005 (3)	-0.011 (4)
O5B	0.064 (5)	0.068 (4)	0.064 (3)	0.046 (3)	0.039 (3)	0.032 (3)
O6B	0.075 (5)	0.075 (3)	0.040 (2)	0.020 (3)	0.027 (2)	0.017 (2)
O3B	0.070 (5)	0.074 (6)	0.152 (10)	0.020 (3)	0.053 (6)	-0.025 (6)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

01—C7	1.2686 (17)	C1—C6	1.3854 (18)
O2—C7	1.2473 (18)	C1—C7	1.5015 (16)
O3A—N1	1.216 (10)	C2—C3	1.3999 (17)
O3B—N1	1.174 (16)	C2—C8	1.4999 (19)
O4A—N1	1.198 (7)	C3—C4	1.372 (2)
O4B—N1	1.215 (12)	C4—C5	1.377 (2)
O5A—N2	1.186 (12)	C5—C6	1.3779 (18)
O5B—N2	1.041 (14)	C4—H4	0.9300
O6A—N2	1.340 (11)	С6—Н6	0.9300
O6B—N2	1.274 (17)	C8—H8A	0.9600
O1—H1	0.83 (4)	C8—H8B	0.9600
O2—H2	0.79 (5)	C8—H8C	0.9600
N1—C3	1.4794 (17)	C8—H8D	0.9600
N2—C5	1.465 (2)	C8—H8E	0.9600
C1—C2	1.4098 (16)	C8—H8F	0.9600

C7—O1—H1	114 (2)	C4—C5—C6	121.86 (13)
С7—О2—Н2	116 (3)	N2C5C4	118.82 (12)
O4A—N1—C3	120.1 (4)	N2C5C6	119.31 (12)
O3B—N1—C3	115.7 (8)	C1—C6—C5	119.75 (11)
O3A—N1—C3	119.5 (5)	O2—C7—C1	119.55 (11)
O3B—N1—O4B	130.2 (10)	O1—C7—O2	124.54 (12)
O4B—N1—C3	114.1 (6)	O1—C7—C1	115.86 (12)
O3A—N1—O4A	120.3 (6)	C3—C4—H4	122.00
O5A—N2—O6A	123.5 (7)	C5—C4—H4	122.00
O5B—N2—C5	119.6 (8)	C1—C6—H6	120.00
O6B—N2—C5	116.0 (7)	С5—С6—Н6	120.00
O5B—N2—O6B	123.9 (11)	C2—C8—H8A	109.00
O6A—N2—C5	117.2 (4)	C2—C8—H8B	109.00
O5A—N2—C5	118.7 (5)	C2—C8—H8C	109.00
C2—C1—C7	122.82 (10)	C2—C8—H8D	109.00
C2—C1—C6	121.37 (10)	C2—C8—H8E	109.00
C6—C1—C7	115.80 (10)	C2—C8—H8F	109.00
C3—C2—C8	120.82 (11)	H8A—C8—H8B	109.00
C1—C2—C8	124.31 (11)	H8A—C8—H8C	109.00
C1—C2—C3	114.81 (11)	H8B—C8—H8C	109.00
N1—C3—C2	118.80 (12)	H8D—C8—H8E	109.00
N1—C3—C4	115.71 (12)	H8D—C8—H8F	109.00
C2—C3—C4	125.49 (12)	H8E—C8—H8F	109.00
C3—C4—C5	116.64 (12)		
O3A—N1—C3—C2	63.2 (6)	C2C1C7O1	158.86 (11)
O3A—N1—C3—C4	-117.2 (6)	C2-C1-C7-O2	-23.53 (18)
O4A—N1—C3—C2	-120.3 (6)	C6-C1-C7-O1	-22.16 (17)
O4A—N1—C3—C4	59.4 (6)	C6-C1-C7-O2	155.46 (12)
O5A—N2—C5—C4	4.6 (6)	C1-C2-C3-N1	179.58 (12)
O5A—N2—C5—C6	-176.9 (6)	C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.1 (2)
O6A—N2—C5—C4	-167.3 (5)	C8—C2—C3—N1	2.39 (19)
O6A—N2—C5—C6	11.2 (5)	C8—C2—C3—C4	-177.24 (14)
C6—C1—C2—C3	-2.47 (17)	N1—C3—C4—C5	-178.07 (13)
C6—C1—C2—C8	174.61 (12)	C2—C3—C4—C5	1.6 (2)
C7—C1—C2—C3	176.46 (12)	C3—C4—C5—N2	177.87 (13)
C7—C1—C2—C8	-6.46 (18)	C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.6 (2)
C2-C1-C6-C5	3.43 (19)	N2-C5-C6-C1	179.73 (12)
C7—C1—C6—C5	-175.58 (12)	C4—C5—C6—C1	-1.8 (2)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	$D \cdots A$	<i>D</i> —H… <i>A</i>
O1—H1···O2 ⁱ	0.83 (4)	1.80 (4)	2.6216 (16)	175 (3)
C8—H8 <i>B</i> ···O5 <i>A</i> ⁱⁱ	0.96	2.55	3.385 (11)	145
C8—H8 <i>C</i> ···O3 <i>A</i>	0.96	2.43	3.023 (11)	120

			supporting informatio		
C8—H8A····Cg1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.96	2.96	3.781 (2)	144	
C8—H8 <i>E</i> ··· <i>Cg</i> 1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.96	2.96	3.781 (2)	144	

Symmetry codes: (i) -*x*, -*y*, -*z*+1; (ii) *x*, -*y*+1, *z*+1/2; (iii) *x*, *y*-1, *z*.