metal-organic compounds

Acta Crystallographica Section E **Structure Reports** Online

ISSN 1600-5368

Dibromido(2,3,9,10-tetramethyl-1,4,8,11-tetraazacyclotetradeca-1,3,8,10-tetraene)cobalt(III) bromide

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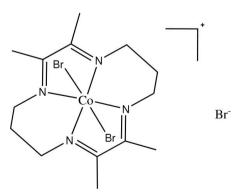
Received 2 October 2009; accepted 12 October 2009

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 100 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; R factor = 0.016; wR factor = 0.040; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.7.

In the title compound, $[CoBr_2(C_{14}H_{24}N_4)]$ ·Br, the Co^{III} ion is located on an inversion centre and possesses a distorted octahedral coordination geometry in which four nitrogen donors of the ligand molecule are in the equatorial plane and two Br⁻ ions occupy both the axial sites to give a *trans* isomer. The Br⁻ counter- anion is also located on an inversion centre.

Related literature

For background to macrocyclic ligands and their metal complexes, see: Baird et al. (1993); Chandra & Verma (2008) and references therein; Chaudhary et al. (2002); Comba et al. (1986); Douglas (1978); Jones et al. (1979). For background to H₂ evolution catalysis of macrocyclic metal complexes, see: Du et al. (2008); Fihri, Artero, Pereira & Fontecave (2008); Fihri, Artero, Razavet et al. (2008); Hu et al. (2007); Yamauchi et al. (2009). For the synthesis, see: Jackels et al. (1972).



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Experimental

Crystal data

[CoBr₂(C₁₄H₂₄N₄)]·Br $\gamma = 84.094 \ (10)^{\circ}$ $M_r = 547.03$ Z = 1Triclinic, P1 a = 7.3888 (10) Åb = 7.5157(10) Å c = 8.1929 (11) Å $\alpha = 84.647 \ (10)^{\circ}$ $\beta = 84.760 \ (10)^{\circ}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCDdetector diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996) $T_{\min} = 0.045, T_{\max} = 0.101$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.016$ $wR(F^2) = 0.040$ S = 1.151758 reflections

 $V = 449.04 (10) \text{ Å}^3$ Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 7.63 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ $T = 100 {\rm K}$ $0.60 \times 0.40 \times 0.30 \text{ mm}$

4629 measured reflections 1758 independent reflections 1739 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\rm int} = 0.015$

105 parameters H-atom parameters constrained $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.39 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^ \Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.72$ e Å⁻³

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2006); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2004); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: KENX (Sakai, 2004); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97, TEXSAN (Molecular Structure Corporation, 2001), KENX and ORTEPII (Johnson, 1976).

This work was supported in part by a Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research (A) (No. 17205008), a Grant-in-Aid for Specially Promoted Research (No. 18002016) and a Grant-in-Aid for the Global COE Program ('Science for Future Molecular Systems') from the Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science, and Technology of Japan. HE acknowledges the Egyptian Channel System for financial support to promote the joint research project between Tanta and Kyushu Universities.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: IS2468).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, m1378-m1379 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S160053680904166X]

Dibromido(2,3,9,10-tetramethyl-1,4,8,11-tetraazacyclotetradeca-1,3,8,10-tetraene)cobalt(III) bromide

Hoda El-Ghamry, Raafat Issa, Kamal El-Baradie, Shigeyuki Masaoka and Ken Sakai

S1. Comment

Most of the known synthetic macrocyclic ligands and their metal complexes have been prepared and characterized during the last few decades. Most commonly they are quadridentates containing nitrogen donor atoms, although compounds containing oxygen and sulfur donors are also known (Douglas, 1978). Metal template synthesis of multidentate and macromonocyclic ligands have been established over the last three decades as offering high yield and selective routes to new ligands and their complexes (Comba et al., 1986). Transition metal macrocyclic complexes have received much attention as active part of metalloenzymes (Chaudhary et al., 2002) as biomimic model compounds (Jones et al., 1979) due to their resemblance with natural proteins like hemerythrin and enzymes. They also played an important role as catalysts in oxidation and epoxidation processes (Chandra et al., 2008). There are some recent reports about some macrocyclic Co^{II} and Co^{III} complexes which showed high activity towards H_2 evolution electrochemically (Hu *et al.*, 2007) or photochemically (Fihri, Artero, Pereira & Fontecave, 2008; Fihri, Artero, Razavet et al., 2008; Du et al., 2008). The title compound has been observed to evolve H_2 electrocatalytically in acetonitrile (Hu *et al.*, 2007). Unfortunately, it is found that this compound does not show any catalytic activity towards H₂ evolution in a well known photosystem consisting of tris (2,2'-bipyridine)ruthenium(II) as a photosensitizer, methylviologen (N,N-dimethyl-4,4'-bipyridinium) as an electron mediator, and ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid disodium salt as a sacrificial electron donor. Because of our ongoing studies on the H₂-evolving activity of Pt^{II} based molecular catalysts (Yamauchi *et al.*, 2009), attempts have been made to obtain the Pt^{II} complex of the present macrocyclic ligand. However the metal exchange from Co^{III} to Pt^{II} has been unsuccessful so far, presunably due to the extremely high stability of the Co^{III} complex, during the course of these studies we have succeeded in the x-ray crystal structure determination of the present compound.

The Co^{III} ion and the Br ion involved as a counter anion are respectively located at crystallographic inversion centers. Because of these requirements four nitrogen donors, two of them are independent, comprise a crystalloaphically planar geometry and the Co^{III} ion is also located exactly on the same plane. The vector defined by the Co—Br bond is slightly declined from the vector which is peependicular to the basal plane consisting of the four nitrogen donor atoms which can be recognized from the N—Co—Br angles; [N2—Co1—Br1=91.78 (4)° and N1—Co1—Br1=89.14 (4)°]. It is also observed that the Co—N, N=C and N—C bond distances of 1.9208 (13), 1.288 (2) and 1.472 (2) Å, respectively, are in accordance with the reported values for similar Co^{III} imine type macrocyclic complexes [2,9-dimethyl-3,10- diphenyl-1,4,8,11-tetraazacyclotetradeca-1,3,8,10-tetraene)cobalt(III); Co—N, N=C and N—C distances are 1.923 (13), 1.278 (3) and 1.478 (3) Å, respectively] (Baird *et al.*, 1993). The N2, C4, C5ⁱ, C6ⁱ and N1ⁱ atoms form an envelope geometry in which the triangle defined by atoms C4, C5ⁱ and C6ⁱ is canted by 60.77 (11)° with respect to the least square plane defined by N1ⁱ, C6ⁱ, C4 and N2 atoms [symmetry code: (i) -*x* + 1, -*y* + 1, -*z* + 2]. No remarkable intercationic or cation-anion interactions are found in the crystal.

S2. Experimental

The title compound was synthesized according to the method reported by Jackels *et al.* (1972). Elemental analysis calculated for $C_{14}H_{24}N_4Br_3Co$: C 30.74, H 4.42, N 10.42%. Found: C 30.40, H 4.50, N 10.04%. ESI-TOF MS (positive ion, methanol): m/z 466.9 [M^+]. IR (v, cm⁻¹): 3204(w), 2980(m), 2933(s), 2889(s), 2766(w), 2005(m), 1615(w), 1597(m), 1476(m), 1461(s), 1426(m), 1408(m), 1372(w), 1333(w), 1288(m), 1214(s), 1187(m), 1026(m), 938(s), 868(m), 831(w), 806(w), 777(s), 560(w), 444(s). Recrystallization of the crude product by a method reported in the same paper resulted in the formation of dark green crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction analysis.

S3. Refinement

All H atoms were placed in idealized positions (methyl C—H = 0.96 Å, methylene C—H = 0.97 Å), and included in the refinement in a riding-model approximation, with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.5U_{eq}(methyl C)$ and $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(methylene C)$. In the final difference Fourier map, the highest peak was located 0.97 Å from atom Br1. The deepest hole was located 1.92 Å from atom Br1.

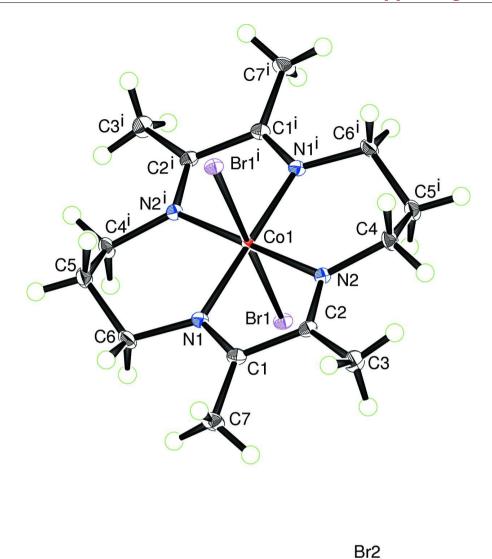


Figure 1

The molecular structure of (I) showing the atom-labeling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

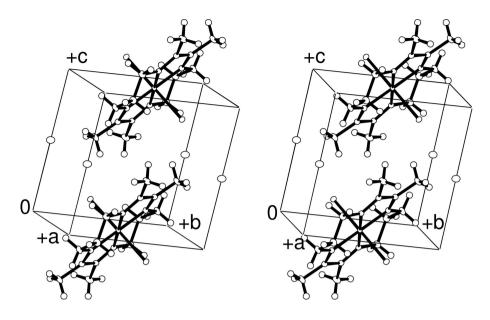


Figure 2

A stereoview for the crystal packing of (I).

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Crystal data

 $[CoBr_{2}(C_{14}H_{24}N_{4})] \cdot Br$ $M_{r} = 547.03$ Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$ Hall symbol: -P 1 a = 7.3888 (10) Å b = 7.5157 (10) Å c = 8.1929 (11) Å $a = 84.647 (10)^{\circ}$ $\beta = 84.76 (1)^{\circ}$ $\gamma = 84.094 (10)^{\circ}$ $V = 449.04 (10) \text{ Å}^{3}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD-detector diffractometer Radiation source: sealed tube Graphite monochromator φ and ω scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996) $T_{\min} = 0.045, T_{\max} = 0.101$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 Least-squares matrix: full $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.016$ $wR(F^2) = 0.040$ S = 1.151758 reflections Z = 1 F(000) = 268? # Insert any comments here. $D_x = 2.023 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K\alpha radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 4684 reflections $\theta = 2.5-28.3^{\circ}$ $\mu = 7.63 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 100 KBrocks, dark green $0.60 \times 0.40 \times 0.30 \text{ mm}$

4629 measured reflections 1758 independent reflections 1739 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.015$ $\theta_{max} = 26.0^{\circ}, \ \theta_{min} = 2.5^{\circ}$ $h = -9 \rightarrow 9$ $k = -9 \rightarrow 9$ $l = -10 \rightarrow 10$

105 parameters0 restraintsPrimary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methodsSecondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites H-atom parameters constrained $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0205P)^2 + 0.2736P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} = 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.39 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ $\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.72 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ Extinction correction: *SHELXL* Extinction coefficient: 0.036 (4)

Special details

Experimental. The first 50 frames were rescanned at the end of data collection to evaluate any possible decay phenomenon. Since it was judged to be negligible, no decay correction was applied to the data.

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes. Least-squares planes (x,y,z in crystal coordinates) and deviations from them (* indicates atom used to define plane)

4.5770(0.0058) x + 4.5950(0.0059) y - 3.7053(0.0042) z = 0.8322(0.0063)

* 0.0209 (0.0009) C4 * -0.0208 (0.0009) C6_\$1 * -0.0182 (0.0008) N2 * 0.0181 (0.0008) N1_\$1

Rms deviation of fitted atoms = 0.0195

- 2.0878 (0.0161) x + 6.6317 (0.0050) y - 1.8850 (0.0100) z = 2.7313 (0.0098)

Angle to previous plane (with approximate e.s.d.) = 60.77 (0.11)

* 0.0000 (0.0000) C4 * 0.0000 (0.0000) C5_\$1 * 0.0000 (0.0000) C6_\$1

Rms deviation of fitted atoms = 0.0000

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

| | x | у | Ζ | $U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$ |
|-----|--------------|--------------|---------------|-----------------------------|
| Br1 | 0.32441 (2) | 0.29517 (2) | 1.169271 (18) | 0.01131 (7) |
| Br2 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.5000 | 0.01880 (8) |
| Col | 0.5000 | 0.5000 | 1.0000 | 0.00682 (8) |
| N1 | 0.57154 (18) | 0.31635 (18) | 0.85246 (16) | 0.0103 (3) |
| N2 | 0.30942 (18) | 0.55749 (18) | 0.85385 (16) | 0.0097 (3) |
| C1 | 0.4642 (2) | 0.3094 (2) | 0.7383 (2) | 0.0117 (3) |
| C2 | 0.3142 (2) | 0.4563 (2) | 0.7350 (2) | 0.0109 (3) |
| C3 | 0.1898 (2) | 0.4778 (3) | 0.5990 (2) | 0.0169 (4) |
| H3A | 0.1135 | 0.3808 | 0.6109 | 0.025* |
| H3B | 0.2612 | 0.4768 | 0.4951 | 0.025* |
| H3C | 0.1150 | 0.5898 | 0.6038 | 0.025* |
| C4 | 0.1733 (2) | 0.7132 (2) | 0.8684 (2) | 0.0143 (3) |
| H4A | 0.0653 | 0.6924 | 0.8167 | 0.017* |
| H4B | 0.2226 | 0.8187 | 0.8109 | 0.017* |
| C5 | 0.8791 (2) | 0.2526 (2) | 0.9535 (2) | 0.0145 (3) |
| H5A | 0.9114 | 0.3638 | 0.8933 | 0.017* |
| H5B | 0.9864 | 0.1668 | 0.9480 | 0.017* |
| C6 | 0.7296 (2) | 0.1820 (2) | 0.8706 (2) | 0.0148 (3) |
| H6A | 0.7777 | 0.1473 | 0.7628 | 0.018* |
| H6B | 0.6902 | 0.0758 | 0.9349 | 0.018* |
| C7 | 0.4802 (3) | 0.1698 (2) | 0.6181 (2) | 0.0174 (4) |
| H7A | 0.5370 | 0.2163 | 0.5150 | 0.026* |

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\hat{A}^2)

supporting information

| H7B | 0.3608 | 0.1382 | 0.6021 | 0.026* |
|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| H7C | 0.5531 | 0.0652 | 0.6598 | 0.026* |

| Atomic displacement parameters (Å |) |
|-----------------------------------|---|
|-----------------------------------|---|

| | U^{11} | U^{22} | U^{33} | U^{12} | U^{13} | U^{23} |
|-----|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Br1 | 0.01353 (10) | 0.01049 (10) | 0.01015 (10) | -0.00325 (6) | -0.00175 (6) | 0.00102 (6) |
| Br2 | 0.01990 (13) | 0.01933 (14) | 0.01523 (13) | 0.00443 (10) | 0.00017 (9) | 0.00027 (10) |
| Co1 | 0.00848 (15) | 0.00660 (14) | 0.00573 (15) | -0.00006 (11) | -0.00254 (11) | -0.00114 (11) |
| N1 | 0.0123 (7) | 0.0092 (6) | 0.0097 (6) | -0.0010 (5) | -0.0021 (5) | -0.0005 (5) |
| N2 | 0.0107 (6) | 0.0098 (6) | 0.0085 (6) | -0.0012 (5) | -0.0019 (5) | 0.0003 (5) |
| C1 | 0.0148 (8) | 0.0110 (7) | 0.0096 (7) | -0.0023 (6) | -0.0010 (6) | -0.0010 (6) |
| C2 | 0.0122 (8) | 0.0120 (7) | 0.0091 (7) | -0.0035 (6) | -0.0022 (6) | 0.0002 (6) |
| C3 | 0.0185 (9) | 0.0210 (9) | 0.0125 (8) | 0.0014 (7) | -0.0081 (7) | -0.0044 (7) |
| C4 | 0.0145 (8) | 0.0140 (8) | 0.0143 (8) | 0.0047 (6) | -0.0057 (6) | -0.0020 (6) |
| C5 | 0.0133 (8) | 0.0136 (8) | 0.0162 (8) | 0.0036 (6) | -0.0031 (6) | -0.0020(7) |
| C6 | 0.0168 (8) | 0.0120 (8) | 0.0162 (8) | 0.0038 (6) | -0.0046 (7) | -0.0063 (6) |
| C7 | 0.0232 (9) | 0.0159 (8) | 0.0147 (8) | 0.0005 (7) | -0.0058 (7) | -0.0077(7) |

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

| Br1—Co1 | 2.3792 (2) | С3—Н3С | 0.9600 |
|--------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Co1—N2 | 1.9208 (13) | C4—H4A | 0.9700 |
| Co1—N1 | 1.9210 (13) | C4—H4B | 0.9700 |
| N1—C1 | 1.288 (2) | C5—C6 | 1.513 (2) |
| N1-C6 | 1.472 (2) | С5—Н5А | 0.9700 |
| N2—C2 | 1.286 (2) | С5—Н5В | 0.9700 |
| N2—C4 | 1.469 (2) | C6—H6A | 0.9700 |
| C1—C2 | 1.482 (2) | С6—Н6В | 0.9700 |
| C1—C7 | 1.494 (2) | С7—Н7А | 0.9600 |
| С2—С3 | 1.495 (2) | С7—Н7В | 0.9600 |
| С3—НЗА | 0.9600 | С7—Н7С | 0.9600 |
| С3—Н3В | 0.9600 | | |
| N2 ⁱ —Co1—N2 | 180.000 (1) | С2—С3—Н3С | 109.5 |
| N2—Co1—N1 ⁱ | 98.31 (6) | НЗА—СЗ—НЗС | 109.5 |
| N2 ⁱ —Co1—N1 | 98.31 (6) | НЗВ—СЗ—НЗС | 109.5 |
| N2—Co1—N1 | 81.69 (6) | N2—C4—H4A | 109.3 |
| N1 ⁱ —Co1—N1 | 180.0 | C5 ⁱ —C4—H4A | 109.3 |
| N2—Co1—Br1 ⁱ | 88.22 (4) | N2—C4—H4B | 109.3 |
| N1—Co1—Br1 ⁱ | 90.86 (4) | C5 ⁱ —C4—H4B | 109.3 |
| N2 ⁱ —Co1—Br1 | 88.22 (4) | H4A—C4—H4B | 108.0 |
| N2—Co1—Br1 | 91.78 (4) | C6—C5—H5A | 108.8 |
| N1 ⁱ —Co1—Br1 | 90.86 (4) | C4 ⁱ —C5—H5A | 108.8 |
| N1—Co1—Br1 | 89.14 (4) | C6—C5—H5B | 108.8 |
| C1—N1—C6 | 120.39 (14) | C4 ⁱ —C5—H5B | 108.8 |
| C1—N1—Co1 | 115.40 (11) | H5A—C5—H5B | 107.7 |
| C6—N1—Co1 | 124.08 (10) | N1—C6—C5 | 112.00 (13) |
| | | | |

| C2—N2—C4 | 121.39 (14) | N1—C6—H6A | 109.2 |
|--------------|--------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| C2—N2—Co1 | 115.56 (11) | С5—С6—Н6А | 109.2 |
| C4—N2—Co1 | 122.93 (11) | N1—C6—H6B | 109.2 |
| N1—C1—C2 | 113.55 (14) | С5—С6—Н6В | 109.2 |
| N1—C1—C7 | 125.76 (15) | H6A—C6—H6B | 107.9 |
| C2—C1—C7 | 120.68 (14) | C1—C7—H7A | 109.5 |
| N2—C2—C1 | 113.57 (14) | С1—С7—Н7В | 109.5 |
| N2—C2—C3 | 126.51 (15) | H7A—C7—H7B | 109.5 |
| C1—C2—C3 | 119.89 (14) | C1—C7—H7C | 109.5 |
| С2—С3—НЗА | 109.5 | H7A—C7—H7C | 109.5 |
| С2—С3—Н3В | 109.5 | H7B—C7—H7C | 109.5 |
| НЗА—СЗ—НЗВ | 109.5 | | |
| | | | |
| C6—N1—C1—C2 | -178.89 (14) | C7—C1—C2—N2 | 174.67 (15) |
| Co1—N1—C1—C2 | 5.11 (18) | N1—C1—C2—C3 | 173.64 (15) |
| C6—N1—C1—C7 | 1.7 (3) | C7—C1—C2—C3 | -6.9 (2) |
| Co1—N1—C1—C7 | -174.28 (13) | $C2-N2-C4-C5^{i}$ | 148.20 (15) |
| C4—N2—C2—C1 | 178.26 (14) | $Co1$ — $N2$ — $C4$ — $C5^{i}$ | -35.93 (19) |
| Co1—N2—C2—C1 | 2.11 (18) | C1—N1—C6—C5 | 154.97 (15) |
| C4—N2—C2—C3 | 0.0 (3) | Co1—N1—C6—C5 | -29.39 (19) |
| Co1—N2—C2—C3 | -176.16 (14) | C4 ⁱ —C5—C6—N1 | 66.89 (18) |
| N1—C1—C2—N2 | -4.8 (2) | | |
| | | | |

Symmetry code: (i) -x+1, -y+1, -z+2.