

anti-9,10-Di(1-naphthyl)anthracene pyridine disolvate

Cho Hee Lee,^a Mi Jong Kim,^a Yeong-Joon Kim,^a Jong Tae Je,^b You-Soon Lee^a and Sung Kwon Kang^{a*}

^aDepartment of Chemistry, Chungnam National University, Daejeon 305-764, Republic of Korea, and ^bSFC Co Ltd, Ochang TechnoVillage 641-5, Gak-ri, Cheongwon, Chungbuk 363-883, Republic of Korea
Correspondence e-mail: skkang@cnu.ac.kr

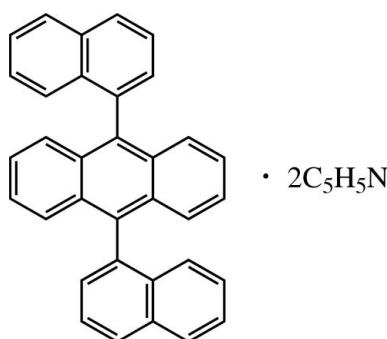
Received 13 October 2009; accepted 17 October 2009

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 174\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.044; wR factor = 0.116; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.7.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{34}\text{H}_{22} \cdot 2\text{C}_5\text{H}_5\text{N}$, there is a crystallographic inversion center in the middle of the anthracene ring system. The dihedral angle between the mean planes of the anthracene and naphthalene ring systems is $83.96(4)^\circ$. The crystal structure is stabilized by weak intermolecular $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ and $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$ interactions.

Related literature

For general background to blue-light-emitting materials, see: Zhang *et al.* (2003); Raghunath *et al.* (2006). For synthetic procedures, see: Kwon *et al.* (2002); Lee *et al.* (2008).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{34}\text{H}_{22} \cdot 2\text{C}_5\text{H}_5\text{N}$
 $M_r = 588.72$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 8.9810(18)\text{ \AA}$

$b = 24.166(5)\text{ \AA}$
 $c = 7.2740(15)\text{ \AA}$
 $\beta = 93.34(3)^\circ$
 $V = 1576.0(6)\text{ \AA}^3$
 $Z = 2$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.07\text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 174\text{ K}$
 $0.16 \times 0.16 \times 0.15\text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer
Absorption correction: none
16543 measured reflections

3897 independent reflections
3121 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.026$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.044$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.116$
 $S = 1.03$
3897 reflections

208 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.27\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.22\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
C13—H13 \cdots N18 ⁱ	0.93	2.62	3.4887 (19)	156
C4—H4 \cdots Cg1 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.86	3.6026 (15)	138
C16—H16 \cdots Cg2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.85	3.6177 (18)	141

Symmetry codes: (i) $x - 1, y, z - 1$; (ii) $x + 1, y, z$; (iii) $-x, -y + 1, -z$. Cg1 and Cg2 are the centroids of the C9—C14 and C1—C6 rings, respectively.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2002); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2002); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* publication routines (Farrugia, 1999).

This work was supported by the Ministry of Knowledge Economy, Republic of Korea. CHL is the recipient of a BK21 fellowship (2009).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LH2928).

References

- Bruker (2002). *SADABS, SAINT* and *SMART*, Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Farrugia, L. J. (1997). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **30**, 565.
- Farrugia, L. J. (1999). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **32**, 837–838.
- Kwon, S.-K., Kim, Y.-H., Park, S.-Y. & An, B. K. (2002). *Mol. Cryst. Liq. Cryst.* **377**, 19–23.
- Lee, W., Kang, Y. & Lee, P. H. (2008). *J. Org. Chem.* **73**, 4326–4329.
- Raghunath, P., Reddy, M. A., Gouri, C., Bhanuprakash, K. & Rao, V. J. (2006). *J. Phys. Chem. A*, **110**, 1152–1162.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst. A* **64**, 112–122.
- Spek, A. L. (2009). *Acta Cryst. D* **65**, 148–155.
- Zhang, X. H., Liu, M. W., Wong, O. Y., Lee, C. S., Kwong, H. L., Lee, S. T. & Wu, S. K. (2003). *Chem. Phys. Lett.* **369**, 478–482.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, o2842 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536809042706]

anti-9,10-Di(1-naphthyl)anthracene pyridine disolvate

Cho Hee Lee, Mi Jong Kim, Yeong-Joon Kim, Jong Tae Je, You-Soon Lee and Sung Kwon Kang

S1. Comment

9,10-Dinaphthylanthracene has been widely used as a blue light emitting material in organic light emitting diodes (OLED) (Zhang *et al.*, 2003; Raghunath *et al.*, 2006). There are two stereoisomers for 9,10-di(1'-naphthyl)anthracene because the single bond rotation about the σ -bond between naphthyl and anthracene moiety is so hindered. Since the two stereoisomers of 9,10-di(1'-naphthyl)anthracene, *syn* and *anti*, could have different physical properties such as electronic states, it is considered important to carry out studies on the isolation and characterization of the isomers. Herein we report the single crystal structure of the *anti* form of 9,10-di(1'-naphthyl)anthracene. The molecular structure is shown in Fig. 1.

In the title compound, ($C_{34}H_{22}$). $2(C_5H_5N)$, the dihedral angle between anthracene and naphthyl mean planes is $83.96(4)^\circ$. There is a crystallographic inversion center located in the middle of anthracene ring. The crystal structure is stabilized by weak intermolecular C—H \cdots N and C-H \cdots π interactions (Table 1, Fig. 2).

S2. Experimental

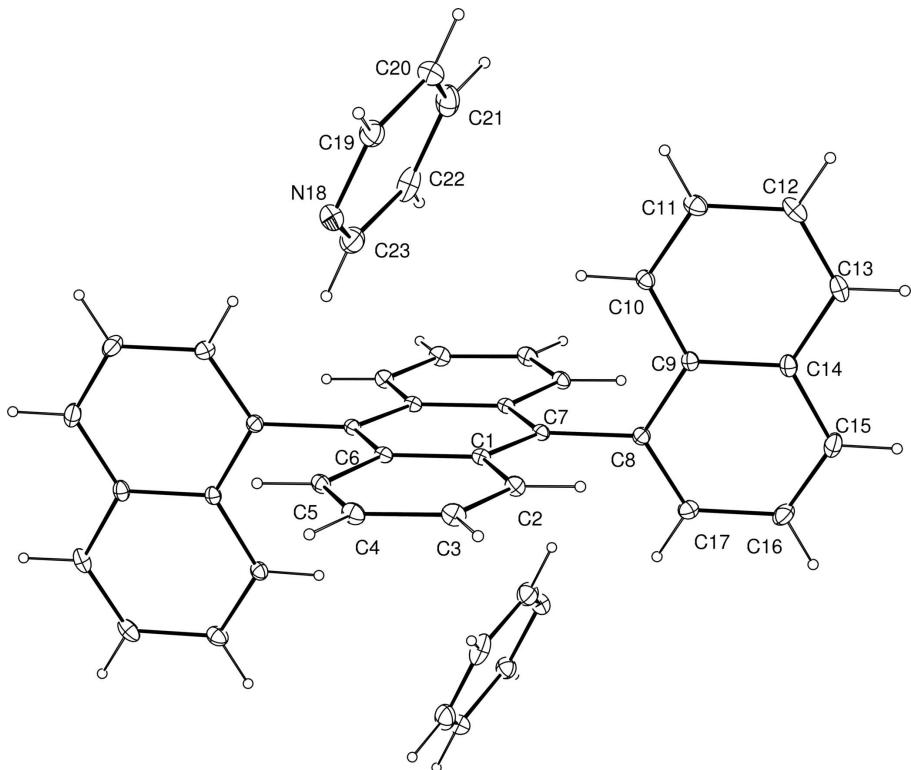
9,10-Di(1'-naphthyl)anthracene was prepared by a literature procedure (Kwon *et al.*, 2002; Lee *et al.*, 2008). Bromonaphthalene and anthraquinone were commercially available from Aldrich and used as received. n-Butyllithium (18 ml, 1.6 M in hexane) was slowly added at 195K to a THF (50 ml) solution of bromonaphthalene (4.9 g, 0.024 mol). Anthraquinone (2 g, 0.0096 mol) was added to the mixture and the solution was stirred for 3 h at room temperature. Aqueous 2 N HCl solution was added and the organic phase was separated. The organic phase was dried and potassium iodide (0.028 mol), sodium hypophosphite monohydrate (0.0576 mol), and acetic acid (100 ml) were added. The mixture was heated for 4 h under reflux. After cooling, the precipitate was collected, washed with plenty of water, and dried (yield 80%). The separation of two isomers, *syn* and *anti*, was successfully performed after several recrystallizations from toluene and xylene. The single crystal of *anti* form was grown in pyridine and hexane solution.

1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ = 8.09 (d, 2H, J = 8.0), 8.03 (d, 2H, J = 8.0), 7.74 (t, 2H, J = 6.8, J = 7.2), 7.66 (d, 2H, J = 7.2), 7.49 (m, 6H), 7.21(m, 8H).

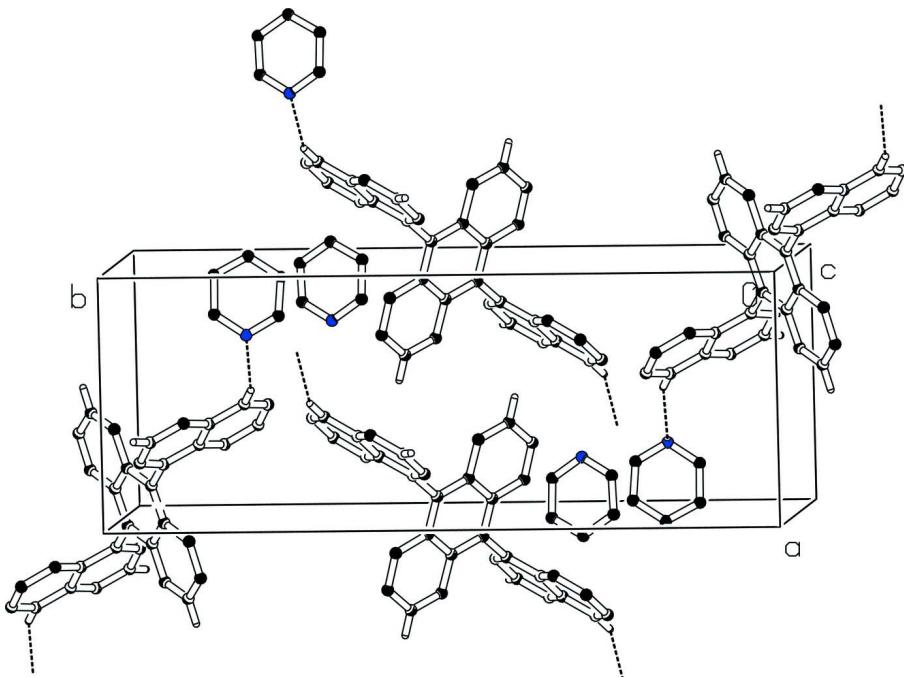
^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ = 136.8, 135.4, 133.7, 133.7, 130.7, 129.3, 128.3, 128.2, 127.1, 126.8, 126.3, 126.0, 125.6, 125.2.

S3. Refinement

All H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model, with C—H = 0.93 Å, and with $U_{iso}(H)$ = $1.2U_{eq}(C)$

**Figure 1**

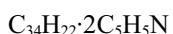
The molecular structure showing the atom-numbering scheme and 30% probability ellipsoids. Unlabeled atoms are related by the symmetry operator $(-x, -y+1, -z+1)$.

**Figure 2**

Part of the crystal structure with hydrogen bonds shown as dashed lines. Only H atoms involved in weak C-H···N hydrogen bonds or C-H··· π interactions are shown.

anti-9,10-Di(1-naphthyl)anthracene pyridine disolvate

Crystal data



$M_r = 588.72$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 8.9810 (18)$ Å

$b = 24.166 (5)$ Å

$c = 7.2740 (15)$ Å

$\beta = 93.34 (3)^\circ$

$V = 1576.0 (6)$ Å³

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 620$

$D_x = 1.241 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 5150 reflections

$\theta = 2.3\text{--}28.1^\circ$

$\mu = 0.07 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 174$ K

Block, colourless

$0.16 \times 0.16 \times 0.15$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector

diffractometer

φ and ω scans

16543 measured reflections

3897 independent reflections

3121 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.026$

$\theta_{\max} = 28.3^\circ, \theta_{\min} = 1.7^\circ$

$h = -11 \rightarrow 11$

$k = -31 \rightarrow 32$

$l = -9 \rightarrow 9$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

3897 reflections

Least-squares matrix: full

208 parameters

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.044$

0 restraints

$wR(F^2) = 0.116$

H-atom parameters constrained

$S = 1.03$

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0481P)^2 + 0.4153P]$$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.27 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.22 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.05625 (11)	0.54185 (4)	0.38731 (15)	0.0273 (2)
C2	0.11828 (13)	0.58393 (5)	0.27710 (17)	0.0338 (3)
H2	0.0574	0.6018	0.188	0.041*
C3	0.26455 (14)	0.59831 (5)	0.29986 (19)	0.0396 (3)
H3	0.3027	0.6256	0.2256	0.048*
C4	0.35912 (13)	0.57214 (5)	0.43571 (19)	0.0389 (3)
H4	0.4591	0.5822	0.4496	0.047*
C5	0.30516 (12)	0.53240 (5)	0.54615 (17)	0.0324 (3)
H5	0.3687	0.5158	0.6353	0.039*
C6	0.15163 (11)	0.51567 (4)	0.52738 (15)	0.0268 (2)
C7	-0.09396 (11)	0.52557 (4)	0.36048 (15)	0.0268 (2)
C8	-0.19254 (12)	0.55196 (5)	0.21282 (15)	0.0294 (2)
C9	-0.26471 (11)	0.60328 (5)	0.24560 (15)	0.0278 (2)
C10	-0.24646 (12)	0.63180 (5)	0.41558 (17)	0.0326 (3)
H10	-0.1844	0.6171	0.51	0.039*
C11	-0.31893 (14)	0.68071 (5)	0.4428 (2)	0.0424 (3)
H11	-0.3059	0.6989	0.5553	0.051*
C12	-0.41311 (14)	0.70367 (5)	0.3013 (2)	0.0459 (3)
H12	-0.4615	0.737	0.3205	0.055*
C13	-0.43357 (13)	0.67737 (5)	0.1369 (2)	0.0419 (3)
H13	-0.4966	0.6929	0.0449	0.05*
C14	-0.36078 (12)	0.62677 (5)	0.10307 (17)	0.0333 (3)
C15	-0.38159 (15)	0.59853 (6)	-0.06721 (18)	0.0446 (3)
H15	-0.4441	0.6136	-0.1607	0.054*
C16	-0.31118 (16)	0.54967 (7)	-0.09547 (18)	0.0491 (4)
H16	-0.3257	0.5316	-0.2079	0.059*
C17	-0.21627 (14)	0.52640 (6)	0.04517 (18)	0.0409 (3)
H17	-0.1687	0.493	0.0239	0.049*
N18	0.26262 (13)	0.69991 (6)	0.82489 (18)	0.0519 (3)
C19	0.19358 (17)	0.74566 (6)	0.8706 (2)	0.0503 (3)
H19	0.25	0.7778	0.8841	0.06*
C20	0.04512 (18)	0.74902 (8)	0.8994 (2)	0.0598 (4)
H20	0.0026	0.7826	0.9302	0.072*
C21	-0.03967 (18)	0.70250 (9)	0.8825 (2)	0.0664 (5)
H21	-0.1409	0.7036	0.9029	0.08*
C22	0.0270 (2)	0.65402 (8)	0.8348 (2)	0.0649 (5)

H22	-0.0279	0.6215	0.8212	0.078*
C23	0.1781 (2)	0.65463 (7)	0.8073 (2)	0.0588 (4)
H23	0.2232	0.6217	0.7748	0.071*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0250 (5)	0.0259 (5)	0.0313 (5)	0.0001 (4)	0.0047 (4)	-0.0023 (4)
C2	0.0320 (6)	0.0325 (6)	0.0373 (6)	-0.0009 (4)	0.0052 (5)	0.0035 (5)
C3	0.0358 (6)	0.0362 (6)	0.0479 (7)	-0.0078 (5)	0.0111 (5)	0.0043 (5)
C4	0.0252 (5)	0.0408 (7)	0.0512 (7)	-0.0072 (5)	0.0066 (5)	-0.0028 (6)
C5	0.0238 (5)	0.0333 (6)	0.0402 (6)	-0.0009 (4)	0.0015 (4)	-0.0037 (5)
C6	0.0238 (5)	0.0255 (5)	0.0315 (5)	0.0007 (4)	0.0038 (4)	-0.0040 (4)
C7	0.0252 (5)	0.0254 (5)	0.0298 (5)	0.0015 (4)	0.0019 (4)	-0.0029 (4)
C8	0.0255 (5)	0.0329 (6)	0.0298 (5)	-0.0010 (4)	0.0019 (4)	0.0001 (4)
C9	0.0215 (5)	0.0301 (5)	0.0319 (5)	-0.0034 (4)	0.0015 (4)	0.0034 (4)
C10	0.0269 (5)	0.0322 (6)	0.0383 (6)	-0.0001 (4)	-0.0007 (4)	-0.0020 (5)
C11	0.0362 (6)	0.0365 (7)	0.0546 (8)	0.0003 (5)	0.0033 (6)	-0.0098 (6)
C12	0.0325 (6)	0.0305 (6)	0.0748 (10)	0.0043 (5)	0.0053 (6)	0.0014 (6)
C13	0.0273 (6)	0.0391 (7)	0.0590 (8)	0.0016 (5)	-0.0010 (5)	0.0169 (6)
C14	0.0242 (5)	0.0377 (6)	0.0379 (6)	-0.0032 (4)	-0.0001 (4)	0.0094 (5)
C15	0.0379 (7)	0.0612 (9)	0.0338 (6)	-0.0026 (6)	-0.0071 (5)	0.0092 (6)
C16	0.0494 (8)	0.0666 (10)	0.0303 (6)	-0.0016 (7)	-0.0047 (6)	-0.0088 (6)
C17	0.0407 (7)	0.0451 (7)	0.0366 (7)	0.0031 (5)	0.0006 (5)	-0.0087 (5)
N18	0.0425 (6)	0.0580 (8)	0.0549 (7)	0.0085 (5)	-0.0004 (5)	0.0005 (6)
C19	0.0489 (8)	0.0498 (8)	0.0515 (8)	-0.0012 (6)	-0.0031 (6)	-0.0031 (7)
C20	0.0540 (9)	0.0713 (11)	0.0545 (9)	0.0175 (8)	0.0065 (7)	-0.0048 (8)
C21	0.0395 (8)	0.1033 (15)	0.0563 (10)	-0.0012 (9)	0.0011 (7)	0.0171 (10)
C22	0.0730 (11)	0.0685 (11)	0.0503 (9)	-0.0279 (9)	-0.0201 (8)	0.0170 (8)
C23	0.0767 (11)	0.0469 (9)	0.0515 (9)	0.0112 (8)	-0.0073 (8)	-0.0021 (7)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

C1—C7	1.4079 (15)	C12—C13	1.357 (2)
C1—C2	1.4281 (16)	C12—H12	0.93
C1—C6	1.4388 (16)	C13—C14	1.4149 (18)
C2—C3	1.3596 (17)	C13—H13	0.93
C2—H2	0.93	C14—C15	1.4170 (19)
C3—C4	1.4143 (19)	C15—C16	1.361 (2)
C3—H3	0.93	C15—H15	0.93
C4—C5	1.3593 (17)	C16—C17	1.4099 (19)
C4—H4	0.93	C16—H16	0.93
C5—C6	1.4358 (15)	C17—H17	0.93
C5—H5	0.93	N18—C19	1.3197 (19)
C6—C7 ⁱ	1.4057 (15)	N18—C23	1.333 (2)
C7—C6 ⁱ	1.4057 (15)	C19—C20	1.364 (2)
C7—C8	1.4944 (16)	C19—H19	0.93
C8—C17	1.3725 (17)	C20—C21	1.359 (3)

C8—C9	1.4260 (15)	C20—H20	0.93
C9—C10	1.4166 (16)	C21—C22	1.370 (3)
C9—C14	1.4273 (16)	C21—H21	0.93
C10—C11	1.3693 (17)	C22—C23	1.383 (3)
C10—H10	0.93	C22—H22	0.93
C11—C12	1.408 (2)	C23—H23	0.93
C11—H11	0.93		
C7—C1—C2	121.55 (10)	C13—C12—H12	119.9
C7—C1—C6	120.10 (10)	C11—C12—H12	119.9
C2—C1—C6	118.35 (10)	C12—C13—C14	121.19 (12)
C3—C2—C1	121.30 (11)	C12—C13—H13	119.4
C3—C2—H2	119.4	C14—C13—H13	119.4
C1—C2—H2	119.4	C13—C14—C15	121.98 (12)
C2—C3—C4	120.49 (11)	C13—C14—C9	118.89 (12)
C2—C3—H3	119.8	C15—C14—C9	119.13 (12)
C4—C3—H3	119.8	C16—C15—C14	120.74 (12)
C5—C4—C3	120.57 (11)	C16—C15—H15	119.6
C5—C4—H4	119.7	C14—C15—H15	119.6
C3—C4—H4	119.7	C15—C16—C17	120.21 (12)
C4—C5—C6	121.07 (11)	C15—C16—H16	119.9
C4—C5—H5	119.5	C17—C16—H16	119.9
C6—C5—H5	119.5	C8—C17—C16	121.42 (13)
C7 ⁱ —C6—C5	121.91 (10)	C8—C17—H17	119.3
C7 ⁱ —C6—C1	119.89 (9)	C16—C17—H17	119.3
C5—C6—C1	118.19 (10)	C19—N18—C23	116.01 (14)
C6 ⁱ —C7—C1	120.01 (10)	N18—C19—C20	124.50 (15)
C6 ⁱ —C7—C8	119.79 (9)	N18—C19—H19	117.8
C1—C7—C8	120.20 (10)	C20—C19—H19	117.8
C17—C8—C9	119.43 (11)	C21—C20—C19	118.96 (16)
C17—C8—C7	120.09 (11)	C21—C20—H20	120.5
C9—C8—C7	120.47 (10)	C19—C20—H20	120.5
C10—C9—C8	122.58 (10)	C20—C21—C22	118.66 (15)
C10—C9—C14	118.34 (11)	C20—C21—H21	120.7
C8—C9—C14	119.07 (10)	C22—C21—H21	120.7
C11—C10—C9	120.96 (11)	C21—C22—C23	118.33 (16)
C11—C10—H10	119.5	C21—C22—H22	120.8
C9—C10—H10	119.5	C23—C22—H22	120.8
C10—C11—C12	120.33 (13)	N18—C23—C22	123.54 (16)
C10—C11—H11	119.8	N18—C23—H23	118.2
C12—C11—H11	119.8	C22—C23—H23	118.2
C13—C12—C11	120.29 (12)		

Symmetry code: (i) $-x, -y+1, -z+1$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D\text{—H}\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}\cdots A$
C13—H13 ⁱⁱ —N18 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.62	3.4887 (19)	156

C4—H4···Cg1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.86	3.6026 (15)	138
C16—H16···Cg2 ^{iv}	0.93	2.85	3.6177 (18)	141

Symmetry codes: (ii) $x-1, y, z-1$; (iii) $x+1, y, z$; (iv) $-x, -y+1, -z$.