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## N -(5-Amino-1 H -tetrazol-1-yl)formamide

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Received 12 October 2009; accepted 23 October 2009
Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T=93 \mathrm{~K}$; mean $\sigma(\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{C})=0.004 \AA$; $R$ factor $=0.036 ; w R$ factor $=0.089$; data-to-parameter ratio $=7.0$.

In the title compound, $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{4} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{O}$, the planar [maximum deviation $=0.006(2) \AA]$ aminotetrazole group makes a dihedral angle of $83.65(8)^{\circ}$ with the formamide unit. In the crystal structure, intermolecular $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}, \mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ and $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}$ hydrogen bonds are responsible for the formation of a three-dimensional network.

## Related literature

For energetic nitrogen-rich derivatives of 1,5-diaminotetrazole, see: Joo et al. (2008). For nitrogen-rich metastable green chemistry compounds, see: Steinhauser et al. (2008). For 1,5-diamino- $1 H$-tetrazole derivatives, see: Galvez-Ruiz et al. (2005). For the structure of $N$-(1-diacetylamino-1H-tetrazol-5-yl)-acetamide, see: He et al. (2009).


## Experimental

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{4} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{O}$
$M_{r}=128.11$
Orthorhombic, Pnn2
$a=10.232$ (10) $\AA$
$b=12.054$ (12) $\AA$
$c=4.208$ (4) A
$V=519.1(9) \AA^{3}$
$Z=4$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation
$\mu=0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=93 \mathrm{~K}$
$0.47 \times 0.27 \times 0.07 \mathrm{~mm}$

## Data collection

Rigaku Saturn724+ diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)

$$
T_{\min }=0.940, T_{\max }=0.991
$$

## Refinement

$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.036$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.089$
$S=1.00$
659 reflections
94 parameters
1 restraint

3464 measured reflections 659 independent reflections 545 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$ $R_{\text {int }}=0.051$

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$\Delta \rho_{\max }=0.22 \mathrm{e} \AA^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.19 \mathrm{e}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\AA \AA^{\circ}$ ).

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~N} 5-\mathrm{H} 5 N \cdots \mathrm{~N} 1^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $0.84(3)$ | $2.02(3)$ | $2.851(4)$ | $168(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 6-\mathrm{H} 6 A \cdots \mathrm{O} 1^{\text {ii }}$ | $0.87(3)$ | $2.54(3)$ | $2.981(4)$ | $113(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 6-\mathrm{H} 6 A \cdots \mathrm{~N}^{\text {iii }}$ | $0.87(3)$ | $2.35(3)$ | $3.164(4)$ | $156(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{N}^{\mathrm{H}}-\mathrm{H} 6 B \cdots \mathrm{O}^{\text {iv }}$ | $0.91(3)$ | $2.12(3)$ | $3.006(4)$ | $167(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \cdots \mathrm{~N}^{\mathrm{v}}$ |  | 0.95 | 2.53 | $3.404(5)$ |

Symmetry codes: (i) $x-\frac{1}{2},-y+\frac{3}{2}, z+\frac{1}{2} ; \quad$ (ii) $\quad-x+1,-y+1, z+1$; (iii)
$x+\frac{1}{2},-y+\frac{3}{2}, z+\frac{1}{2}$; (iv) $x, y, z+1 ;$ (v) $-x+\frac{1}{2}, y-\frac{1}{2}, z+\frac{1}{2}$.
Data collection: CrystalClear (Rigaku, 2008); cell refinement: CrystalClear; data reduction: CrystalClear; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 1999).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SI2213).

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## supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, o2901 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536809044833]
N -(5-Amino-1 H-tetrazol-1-yl)formamide

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## S1. Comment

Nitrogen-containing compounds have received an increasing interest during the last years, these compounds exhibit potential application in gas generator, "green" pyrotechnics and high density energetic materials (Galvez-Ruiz et al., 2005; Steinhauser \& Klapötke, 2008; Joo et al., 2008). Rencently, we synthesized a new nitrogen-containing compound, N -(5-amino-1H-tetrazol-1-yl)formamide, which has a nitrogen content of $65.62 \%$. Herein, we report the crystal structure of the title compound.
The molecular structure of the title compound is presented in Fig. 1. The aminotetrazole group is essentially planar and makes a dihedral angle of $83.65(8)^{\circ}$ with the formamide unit. The bond distances and bond angels in the title compound are similar to the corresponding distances and angles reported by He et al. (2009). In the crystal structure, the molecules are linked to each other via intermolecular $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}, \mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ and $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}$ hydrogen bonds (Table 1), forming a three-dimensional network structure.

## S2. Experimental

Diamino-tetrazole ( 10 mmol ) was dissolved in 10 ml formic acid, 0.3 g sodium formate was added to the above mixture and reacted under refluxing, use TLC to control the reaction process. After cooling, the crude product precipitated and was filtered. The purity of the compound was checked by its melting point. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}$ (DMSO- $\mathrm{d}_{6}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}$ ):
$11.71(1 H, s), 8.34(1 H, s), 7.02(2 H, s) ; \mathrm{MS}(E I, 70 \mathrm{eV}) \mathrm{m} / z: 128\left(M^{+}\right) .70 \mathrm{mg}$ of the obtained product was dissolved in the mixture solution of methanol $(20 \mathrm{ml})$ and acetone $(10 \mathrm{ml})$ and the solution was kept at room temperature to give suitable crystals for X-ray structure determination.

## S3. Refinement

Amino H atoms were located in a difference Fourier maps and were refined isotropically. Other $\mathrm{H}-$ atoms were placed in calculated positions with $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}=0.98 \AA$, and refined in riding mode with $U_{\mathrm{iso}}(\mathrm{H})=1.2 U_{\text {eq }}(\mathrm{C})$.
In the absence of significant anomalous dispersion effects, the Friedel pairs were averaged.


Figure 1
The molecular structure of the title compound with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the $50 \%$ probability level.

## N -(5-Amino-1 H-tetrazol-1-yl)formamide

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{4} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{O}$
$M_{r}=128.11$
Orthorhombic, Pnn2
Hall symbol: P 2 -2n
$a=10.232(10) \AA$
$b=12.054(12) \AA$
$c=4.208(4) \AA$
$V=519.1(9) \AA^{3}$
$Z=4$

## Data collection

Rigaku Saturn724+
diffractometer
Radiation source: Rotating Anode
Graphite monochromator
Detector resolution: 28.5714 pixels $\mathrm{mm}^{-1}$
multi-scan
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.940, T_{\text {max }}=0.991$
$F(000)=264$
$D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.639 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation, $\lambda=0.71073 \AA$
Cell parameters from 1548 reflections
$\theta=3.4-27.2^{\circ}$
$\mu=0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=93 \mathrm{~K}$
Platelet, colorless
$0.47 \times 0.27 \times 0.07 \mathrm{~mm}$

3464 measured reflections
659 independent reflections
545 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
$R_{\text {int }}=0.051$
$\theta_{\text {max }}=27.3^{\circ}, \theta_{\text {min }}=3.4^{\circ}$
$h=-13 \rightarrow 12$
$k=-15 \rightarrow 14$
$l=-5 \rightarrow 5$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.036$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.089$
$S=1.00$
659 reflections
94 parameters
1 restraint
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

```
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
\(w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}^{2}\right)+(0.0522 P)^{2}\right]\) where \(P=\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}{ }^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}{ }^{2}\right) / 3\)
\((\Delta / \sigma)_{\text {max }}<0.001\)
\(\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=0.22 \mathrm{e}_{\AA^{-3}}\)
\(\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.19 \mathrm{e}^{-3}\)
```


## Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving 1.s. planes.
Refinement. Refinement of $F^{2}$ against ALL reflections. The weighted $R$-factor $w R$ and goodness of fit $S$ are based on $F^{2}$, conventional $R$-factors $R$ are based on $F$, with $F$ set to zero for negative $F^{2}$. The threshold expression of $F^{2}>\sigma\left(F^{2}\right)$ is used only for calculating $R$-factors $(\mathrm{gt})$ etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. $R$-factors based on $F^{2}$ are statistically about twice as large as those based on $F$, and $R$ - factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\AA^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\mathrm{iso}} * / U_{\mathrm{eq}}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| O1 | $0.32520(17)$ | $0.52017(15)$ | $0.4700(5)$ | $0.0250(5)$ |
| N1 | $0.53348(19)$ | $0.80213(18)$ | $0.7377(6)$ | $0.0200(5)$ |
| N2 | $0.4393(2)$ | $0.85281(17)$ | $0.5557(6)$ | $0.0219(5)$ |
| N3 | $0.3276(2)$ | $0.80311(18)$ | $0.5797(6)$ | $0.0213(5)$ |
| N4 | $0.34795(18)$ | $0.71697(17)$ | $0.7884(6)$ | $0.0177(5)$ |
| N5 | $0.2526(2)$ | $0.6400(2)$ | $0.8533(6)$ | $0.0189(5)$ |
| N6 | $0.5250(2)$ | $0.64294(19)$ | $1.0818(6)$ | $0.0210(5)$ |
| C1 | $0.4751(2)$ | $0.7167(2)$ | $0.8815(6)$ | $0.0178(6)$ |
| C2 | $0.2470(2)$ | $0.5459(2)$ | $0.6773(7)$ | $0.0203(6)$ |
| H2 | 0.1769 | 0.4961 | 0.7180 | $0.024^{*}$ |
| H5N | $0.196(3)$ | $0.661(2)$ | $0.986(9)$ | $0.028(8)^{*}$ |
| H6A | $0.607(3)$ | $0.645(2)$ | $1.134(8)$ | $0.043(10)^{*}$ |
| H6B | $0.473(3)$ | $0.596(2)$ | $1.192(8)$ | $0.028(9)^{*}$ |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(\AA^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| O1 | $0.0209(11)$ | $0.0284(10)$ | $0.0259(11)$ | $-0.0004(8)$ | $0.0050(9)$ | $-0.0016(9)$ |
| N1 | $0.0113(10)$ | $0.0261(12)$ | $0.0226(13)$ | $0.0013(8)$ | $0.0011(10)$ | $0.0021(11)$ |
| N2 | $0.0133(10)$ | $0.0263(12)$ | $0.0262(14)$ | $0.0021(9)$ | $0.0010(11)$ | $0.0016(11)$ |
| N3 | $0.0137(11)$ | $0.0257(11)$ | $0.0247(13)$ | $0.0006(8)$ | $0.0006(10)$ | $0.0051(11)$ |
| N4 | $0.0093(10)$ | $0.0220(11)$ | $0.0216(12)$ | $-0.0009(8)$ | $0.0009(10)$ | $0.0012(10)$ |
| N5 | $0.0090(10)$ | $0.0269(12)$ | $0.0209(13)$ | $-0.0011(8)$ | $0.0050(9)$ | $0.0021(10)$ |
| N6 | $0.0116(10)$ | $0.0265(12)$ | $0.0250(14)$ | $-0.0001(9)$ | $-0.0023(10)$ | $0.0025(11)$ |


| C1 | $0.0107(11)$ | $0.0229(13)$ | $0.0198(15)$ | $0.0027(9)$ | $0.0004(11)$ | $-0.0028(11)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C2 | $0.0143(12)$ | $0.0233(15)$ | $0.0232(13)$ | $-0.0014(10)$ | $-0.0013(11)$ | $0.0058(13)$ |

## Geometric parameters $\left(\AA,{ }^{\circ}\right)$

| O1-C2 | 1.224 (3) | N5-C2 | 1.356 (4) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1-C1 | 1.335 (3) | N5-H5N | 0.84 (4) |
| N1-N2 | 1.374 (3) | N6-C1 | 1.328 (4) |
| N2-N3 | 1.294 (3) | N6-H6A | 0.87 (4) |
| N3-N4 | 1.376 (3) | N6-H6B | 0.90 (3) |
| N4-C1 | 1.359 (3) | C2-H2 | 0.9500 |
| N4-N5 | 1.374 (3) |  |  |
| C1-N1-N2 | 106.4 (2) | C1-N6-H6A | 121 (2) |
| N3-N2-N1 | 111.7 (2) | C1-N6-H6B | 121 (2) |
| N2-N3-N4 | 105.4 (2) | H6A-N6-H6B | 117 (3) |
| C1-N4-N5 | 128.4 (2) | N6-C1-N1 | 129.2 (2) |
| C1-N4-N3 | 109.3 (2) | N6-C1-N4 | 123.6 (2) |
| N5-N4-N3 | 122.0 (2) | $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 4$ | 107.2 (2) |
| C2-N5-N4 | 119.1 (2) | O1-C2-N5 | 125.0 (2) |
| C2-N5-H5N | 126.0 (19) | $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2$ | 117.5 |
| N4—N5-H5N | 114.4 (19) | N5-C2-H2 | 117.5 |
| C1-N1-N2-N3 | -0.2 (3) | N2-N1-C1-N4 | -0.4 (3) |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{N} 3-\mathrm{N} 4$ | 0.7 (3) | N5-N4-C1-N6 | -6.3 (4) |
| N2-N3-N4-C1 | -1.0 (3) | N3-N4-C1-N6 | -179.7 (2) |
| N2-N3-N4-N5 | -174.8 (2) | N5-N4-C1-N1 | 174.2 (3) |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 4-\mathrm{N} 5-\mathrm{C} 2$ | -81.1 (3) | N3-N4-C1-N1 | 0.9 (3) |
| N3-N4-N5-C2 | 91.4 (3) | N4-N5-C2-O1 | 3.8 (4) |
| N2-N1-C1-N6 | -179.9 (3) |  |  |

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $A,{ }^{\circ}$ )

| $D — \mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~N} 5 — \mathrm{H} 5 N \cdots \mathrm{~N} 1^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $0.84(3)$ | $2.02(3)$ | $2.851(4)$ | $168(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 6-\mathrm{H} 6 A \cdots 1^{\mathrm{iii}}$ | $0.87(3)$ | $2.54(3)$ | $2.981(4)$ | $113(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 6-\mathrm{H} 6 A \cdots \mathrm{~N} 3^{\mathrm{iii}}$ | $0.87(3)$ | $2.35(3)$ | $3.164(4)$ | $156(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 6-\mathrm{H} 6 B \cdots 1^{\text {iv }}$ | $0.91(3)$ | $2.12(3)$ | $3.006(4)$ | $167(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2 — \mathrm{H} 2 \cdots \mathrm{~N}^{\mathrm{v}}$ |  | 0.95 | 2.53 | $3.404(5)$ |

Symmetry codes: (i) $x-1 / 2,-y+3 / 2, z+1 / 2$; (ii) $-x+1,-y+1, z+1$; (iii) $x+1 / 2,-y+3 / 2, z+1 / 2$; (iv) $x, y, z+1$; (v) $-x+1 / 2, y-1 / 2, z+1 / 2$.

