

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

3,3,6,6-Tetrakis(hydroxymethyl)-1,2,4,5-tetrazinane tetrahydrate

S. Kongsutjarit,^a P. Thamyongkit,^a N. Muangsin,^a
N. Chaichit,^b Amorn Petsom^a and Seik Weng Ng^{c*}^aDepartment of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Chulalongkorn University, Bangkok 10330, Thailand, ^bDepartment of Physics, Faculty of Science and Technology, Thammasart University, Pathum Thani 12121, Thailand, and ^cDepartment of Chemistry, University of Malaya, 50603 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
Correspondence e-mail: seikweng@um.edu.my

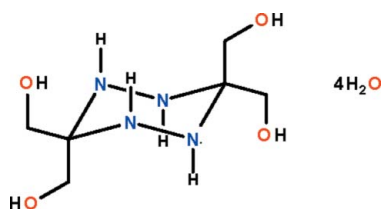
Received 28 October 2009; accepted 29 October 2009

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 296$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.001$ Å; R factor = 0.042; wR factor = 0.137; data-to-parameter ratio = 37.1.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_4\text{O}_4 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$, the tetrazinane molecule lies across an inversion centre. The tetrazinane ring adopts a chair conformation, and all imino H atoms occupy axial positions. In the crystal, adjacent molecules are linked through $\text{O}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$, $\text{O}-\text{H} \cdots \text{N}$ and $\text{N}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$ hydrogen bonds with water molecules generating a three-dimensional network.

Related literature

For the synthesis of hexahydro-1,2,4,5-tetrazine derivatives by condensing aldehydes with hydrazine, see: Skorianetz & Kovats (1970). For the synthesis of the 3,6-dimethyl homolog, see: Sun *et al.* (2003); Zhou *et al.* (1999).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_4\text{O}_4 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$
 $M_r = 280.29$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 $a = 6.3067$ (1) Å $b = 7.0317$ (2) Å
 $c = 8.4015$ (2) Å
 $\alpha = 71.010$ (1)°
 $\beta = 74.424$ (1)° $\gamma = 85.055$ (1)°
 $V = 339.36$ (1) Å³
 $Z = 1$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.12$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 296$ K
 $0.40 \times 0.40 \times 0.40$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII
diffractometer
Absorption correction: none
10198 measured reflections4231 independent reflections
3630 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.018$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.137$
 $S = 1.01$
4231 reflections
114 parameters
8 restraintsH atoms treated by a mixture of
independent and constrained
refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.93$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.63$ e Å⁻³**Table 1**
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H \cdots A$	$D-H$	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-H \cdots A$
$\text{O1}-\text{H1O} \cdots \text{O1W}$	0.85 (1)	1.87 (1)	2.704 (1)	166 (2)
$\text{O2}-\text{H2O} \cdots \text{O2W}^{\text{iv}}$	0.86 (1)	1.87 (1)	2.723 (1)	171 (2)
$\text{N1}-\text{H1N} \cdots \text{O2}^{\text{ii}}$	0.86 (1)	2.23 (1)	3.036 (1)	155 (1)
$\text{N2}-\text{H2N} \cdots \text{O1W}^{\text{iii}}$	0.87 (1)	2.36 (1)	3.130 (1)	148 (1)
$\text{O1W}-\text{H1W1} \cdots \text{O2W}^{\text{iv}}$	0.86 (1)	1.92 (1)	2.782 (1)	172 (2)
$\text{O1W}-\text{H1W2} \cdots \text{N2}^{\text{v}}$	0.86 (1)	2.03 (1)	2.869 (1)	166 (2)
$\text{O2W}-\text{H2W1} \cdots \text{O1}$	0.84 (1)	1.92 (1)	2.759 (1)	175 (2)
$\text{O2W}-\text{H2W2} \cdots \text{N1}^{\text{vi}}$	0.84 (1)	2.02 (1)	2.853 (1)	171 (2)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$; (ii) $-x, -y, -z+2$; (iii) $-x+1, -y, -z+2$; (iv) $-x+2, -y+1, -z+1$; (v) $x, y+1, z$; (vi) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2005); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *X-SEED* (Barbour, 2001); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2009).

The authors acknowledge support from Chulalongkorn University and the Center of Excellence for Petroleum, Petrochemicals and Advanced Materials of Thailand.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CI2961).

References

- Barbour, L. J. (2001). *J. Supramol. Chem.* **1**, 189–191.
 Bruker (2005). *APEX2* and *SAINT*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
 Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.
 Skorianetz, W. & Kovats, E. Sz. (1970). *Helv. Chim. Acta*, **53**, 251–262.
 Sun, Y.-Q., Hu, W.-X. & Yuan, Q. (2003). *Synth. Commun.* **33**, 2769–2775.
 Westrip, S. P. (2009). *publCIF*. In preparation.
 Zhou, M., Cai, Z.-B., Yang, Z.-Y. & Hu, W.-X. (1999). *Jingxi Huagong*, **16**, 1–4.

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, o2988 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809045590]

3,3,6,6-Tetrakis(hydroxymethyl)-1,2,4,5-tetrazinane tetrahydrate

S. Kongsutjarit, P. Thamyongkit, N. Muangsin, N. Chaichit, A. Petsom and S. W. Ng

Experimental

Dihydroxyacetone (0.90 g, 10 mmol) and hydrazine hydrate (0.49 ml, 10 mmol) in ethanol (50 ml) were heated for 12 h. Slow evaporation of the solvent gave colourless crystals in 80% yield. The formulation of the organic molecule was established by ^1H and ^{13}C NMR as well as by mass spectroscopies.

Refinement

The amino and water H-atoms were located in a difference Fourier map, and were refined with a distance restraint of N-H = O-H = 0.85 (1) Å; their U_{iso} parameters were freely refined. Carbon-bound H-atoms were placed in calculated positions (C-H = 0.97 Å) and were included in the refinement in the riding model approximation, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H})$ set to $1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$. The highest peak and the deepest hole are located 0.73 and 0.58 Å from O1W. Although the displacement parameters of atom O1W are relatively large, no disorder is expected as its H-atoms could be located and refined.

Figures

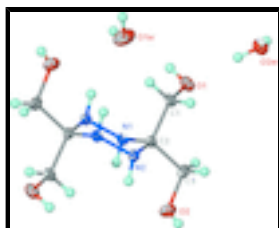


Fig. 1. Displacement ellipsoid plot (Barbour, 2001) of $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_4\text{O}_4 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$ at the 50% probability level. H atoms are drawn as spheres of arbitrary radius. Unlabelled atoms in the tetrazinane derivative are related to labelled atoms by the symmetry operation (1-x, -y, 2-z). Two symmetry related water molecules are not shown.

3,3,6,6-Tetrakis(hydroxymethyl)-1,2,4,5-tetrazinane tetrahydrate

Crystal data

$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_4\text{O}_4 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$

$M_r = 280.29$

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: -P 1

$a = 6.3067$ (1) Å

$b = 7.0317$ (2) Å

$c = 8.4015$ (2) Å

$\alpha = 71.010$ (1)°

$\beta = 74.424$ (1)°

$\gamma = 85.055$ (1)°

$V = 339.364$ (14) Å³

$Z = 1$

$F_{000} = 152$

$D_x = 1.371$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 6318 reflections

$\theta = 3.1\text{--}40.2^\circ$

$\mu = 0.12$ mm⁻¹

$T = 296$ K

Cube, colourless

$0.40 \times 0.40 \times 0.40$ mm

supplementary materials

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII diffractometer	3630 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.018$
Monochromator: graphite	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 40.2^\circ$
$T = 296$ K	$\theta_{\text{min}} = 3.1^\circ$
φ and ω scans	$h = -11 \rightarrow 11$
Absorption correction: None	$k = -12 \rightarrow 12$
10198 measured reflections	$l = -15 \rightarrow 15$
4231 independent reflections	

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.137$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0853P)^2 + 0.0377P]$
$S = 1.01$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
4231 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
114 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.93 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
8 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.63 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction correction: none

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.62982 (10)	0.32676 (8)	0.59353 (6)	0.03101 (11)
O2	0.12442 (8)	-0.12559 (9)	0.85708 (8)	0.03186 (11)
O1W	0.74166 (12)	0.53141 (12)	0.78141 (13)	0.0496 (2)
O2W	0.81111 (10)	0.46492 (8)	0.23874 (7)	0.03194 (11)
N1	0.35398 (7)	0.15628 (7)	0.93656 (6)	0.01863 (8)
N2	0.53643 (7)	-0.16882 (6)	0.93673 (6)	0.01882 (8)
C3	0.30946 (11)	-0.01190 (10)	0.73791 (8)	0.02651 (11)
H3A	0.2599	0.1154	0.6697	0.032*
H3B	0.3856	-0.0844	0.6586	0.032*
C1	0.67667 (9)	0.13379 (9)	0.69956 (7)	0.02297 (10)
H1A	0.7819	0.1472	0.7609	0.028*
H1B	0.7435	0.0517	0.6262	0.028*
C2	0.46871 (8)	0.02767 (7)	0.83271 (6)	0.01806 (9)
H1O	0.661 (3)	0.409 (2)	0.640 (2)	0.051 (4)*
H2O	0.140 (3)	-0.2396 (16)	0.839 (2)	0.052 (4)*
H1W1	0.8827 (15)	0.535 (3)	0.765 (2)	0.057 (4)*

H1W2	0.688 (3)	0.6353 (19)	0.810 (2)	0.055 (4)*
H2W1	0.753 (2)	0.430 (2)	0.3464 (12)	0.053 (4)*
H2W2	0.754 (3)	0.5766 (18)	0.198 (3)	0.069 (5)*
H1N	0.2237 (14)	0.1097 (17)	0.9941 (14)	0.026 (2)*
H2N	0.4192 (16)	-0.2420 (16)	0.9932 (15)	0.027 (2)*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.0395 (3)	0.0239 (2)	0.02234 (19)	-0.00194 (17)	-0.00506 (17)	0.00069 (15)
O2	0.02304 (19)	0.0353 (2)	0.0423 (3)	-0.00251 (16)	-0.00474 (17)	-0.0211 (2)
O1W	0.0348 (3)	0.0488 (4)	0.0794 (6)	0.0026 (3)	-0.0098 (3)	-0.0437 (4)
O2W	0.0353 (2)	0.0254 (2)	0.0306 (2)	0.00639 (17)	-0.00462 (18)	-0.00747 (17)
N1	0.01946 (16)	0.01761 (16)	0.01842 (16)	0.00258 (12)	-0.00506 (12)	-0.00561 (12)
N2	0.02248 (17)	0.01557 (15)	0.01876 (16)	0.00090 (12)	-0.00525 (12)	-0.00611 (12)
C3	0.0297 (2)	0.0293 (3)	0.0242 (2)	-0.00180 (19)	-0.01135 (18)	-0.00917 (19)
C1	0.0244 (2)	0.0221 (2)	0.01861 (18)	-0.00032 (16)	-0.00180 (15)	-0.00427 (15)
C2	0.02086 (18)	0.01704 (17)	0.01609 (16)	0.00065 (13)	-0.00472 (13)	-0.00510 (13)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

O1—C1	1.4169 (7)	N1—H1N	0.86 (1)
O1—H1O	0.851 (9)	N2—N1 ⁱ	1.4441 (6)
O2—C3	1.4198 (9)	N2—C2	1.4724 (6)
O2—H2O	0.86 (1)	N2—H2N	0.87 (1)
O1W—H1W1	0.86 (1)	C3—C2	1.5305 (8)
O1W—H1W2	0.86 (1)	C3—H3A	0.97
O2W—H2W1	0.84 (1)	C3—H3B	0.97
O2W—H2W2	0.84 (1)	C1—C2	1.5382 (7)
N1—N2 ⁱ	1.4441 (6)	C1—H1A	0.97
N1—C2	1.4712 (7)	C1—H1B	0.97
C1—O1—H1O	105.1 (11)	C2—C3—H3B	109.4
C3—O2—H2O	104.1 (11)	H3A—C3—H3B	108.0
H1W1—O1W—H1W2	107.6 (16)	O1—C1—C2	112.12 (5)
H2W1—O2W—H2W2	105.0 (18)	O1—C1—H1A	109.2
N2 ⁱ —N1—C2	113.59 (4)	C2—C1—H1A	109.2
N2 ⁱ —N1—H1N	106.4 (8)	O1—C1—H1B	109.2
C2—N1—H1N	110.2 (8)	C2—C1—H1B	109.2
N1 ⁱ —N2—C2	113.72 (4)	H1A—C1—H1B	107.9
N1 ⁱ —N2—H2N	107.4 (8)	N1—C2—N2	114.01 (4)
C2—N2—H2N	108.2 (8)	N1—C2—C3	107.44 (4)
O2—C3—C2	111.33 (5)	N2—C2—C3	107.54 (4)
O2—C3—H3A	109.4	N1—C2—C1	110.36 (4)
C2—C3—H3A	109.4	N2—C2—C1	107.54 (4)
O2—C3—H3B	109.4	C3—C2—C1	109.89 (4)
N2 ⁱ —N1—C2—N2	47.54 (6)	O2—C3—C2—N1	-65.11 (6)
N2 ⁱ —N1—C2—C3	166.60 (4)	O2—C3—C2—N2	58.02 (6)

supplementary materials

N2 ⁱ —N1—C2—C1	-73.60 (5)	O2—C3—C2—C1	174.80 (5)
N1 ⁱ —N2—C2—N1	-47.60 (6)	O1—C1—C2—N1	-54.32 (6)
N1 ⁱ —N2—C2—C3	-166.60 (4)	O1—C1—C2—N2	-179.24 (4)
N1 ⁱ —N2—C2—C1	75.09 (5)	O1—C1—C2—C3	63.98 (6)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y, -z+2$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry ($\text{\AA}, ^\circ$)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
O1—H1O \cdots O1W	0.85 (1)	1.87 (1)	2.704 (1)	166 (2)
O2—H2O \cdots O2W ⁱⁱ	0.86 (1)	1.87 (1)	2.723 (1)	171 (2)
N1—H1N \cdots O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.86 (1)	2.23 (1)	3.036 (1)	155 (1)
N2—H2N \cdots O1W ⁱ	0.87 (1)	2.36 (1)	3.130 (1)	148 (1)
O1W—H1W1 \cdots O2W ^{iv}	0.86 (1)	1.92 (1)	2.782 (1)	172 (2)
O1W—H1W2 \cdots N2 ^v	0.86 (1)	2.03 (1)	2.869 (1)	166 (2)
O2W—H2W1 \cdots O1	0.84 (1)	1.92 (1)	2.759 (1)	175 (2)
O2W—H2W2 \cdots N1 ^{vi}	0.84 (1)	2.02 (1)	2.853 (1)	171 (2)

Symmetry codes: (ii) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$; (iii) $-x, -y, -z+2$; (i) $-x+1, -y, -z+2$; (iv) $-x+2, -y+1, -z+1$; (v) $x, y+1, z$; (vi) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$.

Fig. 1

