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## Structure Reports

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# { $\mu_2$ -1,4-Bis[2-(4-pyridyl)ethenyl]benzene- $\kappa^2N:N'$ }bis[bis(acetylacetonato- $\kappa^2O,O'$ )-copper(II)]

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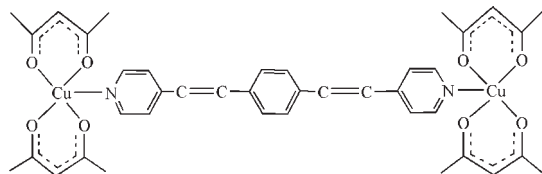
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 293$  K; mean  $\sigma(C-C) = 0.005$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.043;  $wR$  factor = 0.113; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.3.

The asymmetric unit of the title compound,  $[Cu_2(C_5H_7O_2)_4(C_{20}H_{16}N_2)]$ , contains half of a centrosymmetric dinuclear molecule. In the molecule, each Cu center is coordinated by four O atoms from two acetylacetonate ligands and one N atom from the bridging linear 1,4-bis[2-(4-pyridyl)ethenyl]benzene ligand in a square-pyramidal geometry. In the crystal structure, weak intermolecular C—H...O hydrogen bonds link molecules into sheets parallel to the  $bc$  plane.

## Related literature

For coordination complexes with interesting topologies or properties, see: Ma *et al.* (2009); Liu *et al.* (2008). For long ligands, see: Banfi *et al.* (2002); Niu *et al.* (2001); Coe *et al.* (2006).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

 $[Cu_2(C_5H_7O_2)_4(C_{20}H_{16}N_2)]$  $M_r = 807.85$ 

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 7.9584$  (16) Å  
 $b = 18.594$  (4) Å  
 $c = 15.063$  (4) Å  
 $\beta = 120.97$  (2)°  
 $V = 1911.2$  (8) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 2$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 1.17$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 293$  K  
 $0.25 \times 0.21 \times 0.20$  mm

## Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer  
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 2000)  
 $T_{min} = 0.759$ ,  $T_{max} = 0.800$

7784 measured reflections  
3352 independent reflections  
2807 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{int} = 0.022$

## Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.043$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.113$   
 $S = 0.99$   
3352 reflections

235 parameters  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.41$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.19$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$C14-H14A\cdots O2^i$	0.93	2.45	3.371 (4)	173
$C16-H16A\cdots O1^{ii}$	0.93	2.52	3.333 (4)	147
$C16-H16A\cdots O3^{ii}$	0.93	2.58	3.315 (4)	136

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x + 1, -y, -z$ ; (ii)  $x, -y - \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 1997); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 1997); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CV2655).

## References

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## supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2009). E65, m1630 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809048582]

**{ $\mu_2$ -1,4-Bis[2-(4-pyridyl)ethenyl]benzene- $\kappa^2$ N:N'}bis[bis(acetylacetonato- $\kappa^2$ O,O')copper(II)]**

**Fang-Fang Jian, Jing Wang and Jing Zhang**

### S1. Comment

Metal ions and organic ligands are considered as the most important factors for designing the coordination networks (Ma *et al.*, 2009). Up to now, it is still a challenge to predict the exact structure and understand the roles of both factors in crystal engineering. The flexible bridging ligands can afford different conformation with interesting topologies or properties (Liu *et al.*, 2008). Among the others, long bis(pyridyl) ligands are used to construct the connectivity and geometry with different coordination sites metal ions, and often lead to interesting structural motifs (Ma *et al.*, 2009). A large number of examples of particularly long ligands - 1,4-phenylenebis(4-pyridylmethanone), bis(4-pyridyl)-terephthalate (Banfi *et al.*, 2002), *N,N*-bis(4-pyridylmethyl)piperazine (Niu *et al.*, 2001), *N*-phenyl-1,4-bis(*E*-2-(4-pyridyl)ethenyl)benzene (Coe *et al.*, 2006), have been adopted for the self-assembly of coordination polymers, such as one-dimensional coordination chains, double helices, two dimensional layered structures, interpenetrated ladders, interpenetrated frameworks and so on (Banfi *et al.*, 2002). Herein, we present the shoulder-pole coordination compound based on 1,4-bis(2-(4-pyridyl)ethenyl)benzene (bpyph) ligand, and describe its crystal structure.

In the title structure (Fig. 1), each Cu center is coordinated by four O atoms and one N atom from the bpyph ligand in a distorted pyramidal geometry. The linear bpyph ligand links two acetylacetonate copper(II) by Cu—N bonds, displaying the shoulder-pole model. In the crystal structure, weak intermolecular C—H $\cdots$ O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) link molecules into sheets parallel to *bc* plane.

### S2. Experimental

1,4-Bis(2-(4-pyridyl)ethenyl)benzene (2.84 g, 0.01 mol) and acetylacetonate copper(II) (5.23 g, 0.02 mol) in 2:1 molar ratio was dissolved in ethanol solution (40 ml) and refluxed for 2 h. After cooling and filtering, the blue block crystals were collected after 4 days (yield 42.35%).

### S3. Refinement

All H atoms were positioned geometrically (C—H 0.93–0.96 Å) and allowed to ride on their parent atoms, with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}$  of the parent atom.

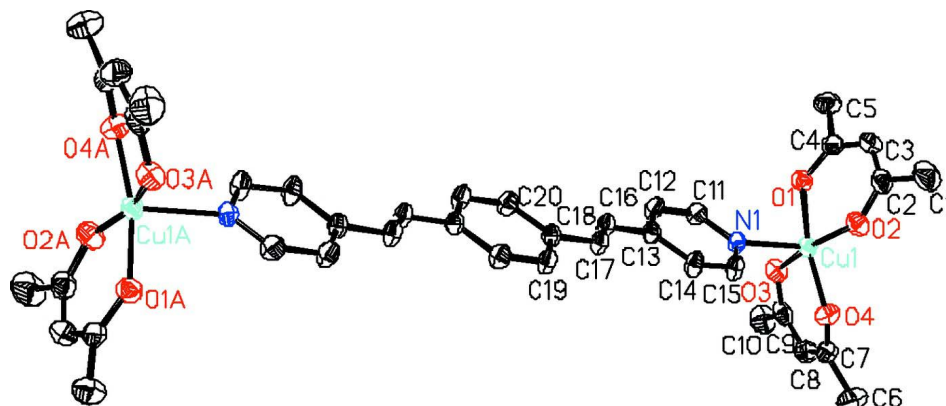


Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound with the atom-labeling scheme [symmetry code: (A) 1-x, -y, 1-z]. H atoms omitted for clarity. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.

**$[\mu_2$ -1,4-Bis[2-(4-pyridyl)ethenyl]benzene- $\kappa^2$ N:N'}bis[bis(acetylacetonato- $\kappa^2$ O,O')copper(II)]**

*Crystal data*

$[\text{Cu}_2(\text{C}_5\text{H}_7\text{O}_2)_4(\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2)]$

$M_r = 807.85$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 7.9584$  (16) Å

$b = 18.594$  (4) Å

$c = 15.063$  (4) Å

$\beta = 120.97$  (2)°

$V = 1911.2$  (8) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 840$

$D_x = 1.404$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 1253 reflections

$\theta = 1.9$ – $25.0$ °

$\mu = 1.17$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 293$  K

Block, blue

$0.25 \times 0.21 \times 0.20$  mm

*Data collection*

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector  
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

phi and  $\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(SADABS; Sheldrick, 2000)

$T_{\min} = 0.759$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.800$

7784 measured reflections

3352 independent reflections

2807 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.022$

$\theta_{\max} = 25.0$ °,  $\theta_{\min} = 1.9$ °

$h = -9 \rightarrow 5$

$k = -22 \rightarrow 20$

$l = -17 \rightarrow 17$

*Refinement*

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.043$

$wR(F^2) = 0.113$

$S = 0.99$

3352 reflections

235 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0573P)^2 + 1.3432P]$

where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.41$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.19$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cu1	0.51253 (5)	-0.173135 (19)	-0.13916 (3)	0.04299 (16)
O1	0.3204 (3)	-0.25040 (12)	-0.18542 (17)	0.0531 (6)
O2	0.3110 (3)	-0.10340 (12)	-0.22282 (18)	0.0586 (6)
O3	0.7113 (3)	-0.24740 (12)	-0.09329 (17)	0.0564 (6)
O4	0.6960 (3)	-0.09862 (12)	-0.12417 (19)	0.0604 (6)
N1	0.5307 (4)	-0.15375 (13)	0.01154 (18)	0.0414 (6)
C1	0.0211 (6)	-0.0532 (3)	-0.3578 (4)	0.0995 (16)
H1A	0.1015	-0.0110	-0.3323	0.149*
H1B	-0.0934	-0.0470	-0.3527	0.149*
H1C	-0.0177	-0.0609	-0.4288	0.149*
C2	0.1362 (5)	-0.1177 (2)	-0.2939 (3)	0.0629 (9)
C3	0.0540 (5)	-0.1850 (2)	-0.3146 (3)	0.0691 (11)
H3A	-0.0755	-0.1890	-0.3684	0.083*
C4	0.1463 (5)	-0.2471 (2)	-0.2628 (3)	0.0579 (9)
C5	0.0410 (7)	-0.3181 (2)	-0.2979 (4)	0.0868 (14)
H5A	0.1251	-0.3558	-0.2540	0.130*
H5B	0.0066	-0.3271	-0.3681	0.130*
H5C	-0.0757	-0.3165	-0.2942	0.130*
C6	0.9651 (7)	-0.0436 (3)	-0.1201 (4)	0.1045 (17)
H6A	0.8839	-0.0022	-0.1323	0.157*
H6B	0.9885	-0.0490	-0.1763	0.157*
H6C	1.0878	-0.0374	-0.0565	0.157*
C7	0.8632 (6)	-0.1098 (2)	-0.1128 (3)	0.0648 (10)
C8	0.9518 (6)	-0.1755 (2)	-0.0957 (3)	0.0747 (12)
H8A	1.0737	-0.1769	-0.0901	0.090*
C9	0.8778 (5)	-0.2392 (2)	-0.0861 (3)	0.0623 (10)
C10	0.9943 (7)	-0.3073 (3)	-0.0657 (4)	0.0896 (14)
H10A	0.9217	-0.3470	-0.0616	0.134*
H10B	1.1167	-0.3029	-0.0015	0.134*
H10C	1.0187	-0.3154	-0.1210	0.134*
C11	0.4967 (5)	-0.20205 (18)	0.0647 (2)	0.0505 (8)
H11A	0.4738	-0.2492	0.0409	0.061*
C12	0.4930 (5)	-0.18686 (17)	0.1532 (2)	0.0519 (8)
H12A	0.4707	-0.2235	0.1879	0.062*
C13	0.5224 (4)	-0.11714 (16)	0.1905 (2)	0.0434 (7)

C14	0.5614 (5)	-0.06650 (17)	0.1356 (2)	0.0514 (8)
H14A	0.5842	-0.0188	0.1573	0.062*
C15	0.5661 (5)	-0.08703 (17)	0.0498 (2)	0.0513 (8)
H15A	0.5959	-0.0522	0.0157	0.062*
C16	0.5141 (5)	-0.10005 (17)	0.2825 (2)	0.0488 (8)
H16A	0.5061	-0.1388	0.3192	0.059*
C17	0.5167 (5)	-0.03530 (16)	0.3193 (2)	0.0451 (7)
H17A	0.5261	0.0034	0.2830	0.054*
C18	0.5065 (4)	-0.01843 (16)	0.4102 (2)	0.0420 (7)
C19	0.5343 (5)	0.05182 (16)	0.4469 (2)	0.0501 (8)
H19A	0.5577	0.0877	0.4115	0.060*
C20	0.4717 (5)	-0.07005 (17)	0.4662 (2)	0.0505 (8)
H20A	0.4522	-0.1177	0.4444	0.061*

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Cu1	0.0456 (2)	0.0468 (2)	0.0388 (2)	0.00112 (16)	0.02331 (18)	-0.00511 (16)
O1	0.0523 (14)	0.0536 (13)	0.0514 (13)	-0.0059 (10)	0.0252 (11)	-0.0089 (10)
O2	0.0541 (15)	0.0537 (14)	0.0549 (14)	0.0064 (11)	0.0186 (12)	-0.0004 (11)
O3	0.0531 (14)	0.0571 (14)	0.0565 (14)	0.0087 (11)	0.0263 (12)	-0.0045 (11)
O4	0.0600 (15)	0.0584 (14)	0.0720 (16)	-0.0050 (11)	0.0405 (13)	-0.0016 (12)
N1	0.0477 (15)	0.0439 (14)	0.0347 (13)	0.0026 (11)	0.0226 (11)	-0.0037 (10)
C1	0.073 (3)	0.101 (4)	0.094 (4)	0.027 (3)	0.021 (3)	0.024 (3)
C2	0.054 (2)	0.080 (3)	0.052 (2)	0.0147 (19)	0.0260 (18)	0.0080 (18)
C3	0.045 (2)	0.093 (3)	0.055 (2)	-0.006 (2)	0.0155 (17)	0.003 (2)
C4	0.055 (2)	0.077 (2)	0.049 (2)	-0.0143 (18)	0.0314 (18)	-0.0138 (18)
C5	0.076 (3)	0.094 (3)	0.084 (3)	-0.035 (2)	0.037 (3)	-0.021 (2)
C6	0.088 (3)	0.118 (4)	0.122 (4)	-0.030 (3)	0.065 (3)	0.000 (3)
C7	0.059 (2)	0.089 (3)	0.053 (2)	-0.012 (2)	0.0331 (19)	-0.0033 (19)
C8	0.050 (2)	0.103 (3)	0.078 (3)	0.007 (2)	0.038 (2)	0.008 (2)
C9	0.053 (2)	0.089 (3)	0.0406 (18)	0.019 (2)	0.0211 (17)	-0.0028 (18)
C10	0.077 (3)	0.110 (4)	0.084 (3)	0.037 (3)	0.043 (3)	0.008 (3)
C11	0.064 (2)	0.0442 (17)	0.0515 (19)	-0.0086 (15)	0.0354 (17)	-0.0137 (15)
C12	0.076 (2)	0.0423 (17)	0.052 (2)	-0.0084 (15)	0.0434 (19)	-0.0021 (14)
C13	0.0547 (19)	0.0422 (16)	0.0375 (16)	0.0041 (14)	0.0269 (14)	-0.0002 (13)
C14	0.083 (2)	0.0383 (17)	0.0457 (18)	0.0030 (16)	0.0419 (18)	-0.0020 (13)
C15	0.076 (2)	0.0444 (18)	0.0431 (17)	0.0049 (16)	0.0371 (17)	0.0047 (14)
C16	0.071 (2)	0.0450 (18)	0.0416 (17)	0.0018 (15)	0.0368 (16)	0.0023 (13)
C17	0.061 (2)	0.0444 (17)	0.0392 (16)	0.0014 (14)	0.0329 (15)	0.0028 (13)
C18	0.0495 (18)	0.0436 (16)	0.0356 (15)	0.0021 (13)	0.0239 (14)	-0.0014 (13)
C19	0.075 (2)	0.0424 (17)	0.0457 (18)	-0.0034 (15)	0.0401 (17)	0.0014 (13)
C20	0.074 (2)	0.0399 (17)	0.0471 (18)	-0.0049 (15)	0.0379 (17)	-0.0075 (14)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

Cu1—O2	1.939 (2)	C7—C8	1.367 (5)
Cu1—O4	1.940 (2)	C8—C9	1.363 (6)

Cu1—O3	1.940 (2)	C8—H8A	0.9300
Cu1—O1	1.947 (2)	C9—C10	1.504 (5)
Cu1—N1	2.228 (2)	C10—H10A	0.9600
O1—C4	1.273 (4)	C10—H10B	0.9600
O2—C2	1.273 (4)	C10—H10C	0.9600
O3—C9	1.282 (4)	C11—C12	1.378 (4)
O4—C7	1.269 (4)	C11—H11A	0.9300
N1—C11	1.320 (4)	C12—C13	1.384 (4)
N1—C15	1.335 (4)	C12—H12A	0.9300
C1—C2	1.515 (5)	C13—C14	1.389 (4)
C1—H1A	0.9600	C13—C16	1.456 (4)
C1—H1B	0.9600	C14—C15	1.368 (4)
C1—H1C	0.9600	C14—H14A	0.9300
C2—C3	1.371 (5)	C15—H15A	0.9300
C3—C4	1.376 (5)	C16—C17	1.321 (4)
C3—H3A	0.9300	C16—H16A	0.9300
C4—C5	1.505 (5)	C17—C18	1.448 (4)
C5—H5A	0.9600	C17—H17A	0.9300
C5—H5B	0.9600	C18—C19	1.391 (4)
C5—H5C	0.9600	C18—C20	1.397 (4)
C6—C7	1.511 (6)	C19—C20 <sup>i</sup>	1.376 (4)
C6—H6A	0.9600	C19—H19A	0.9300
C6—H6B	0.9600	C20—C19 <sup>i</sup>	1.376 (4)
C6—H6C	0.9600	C20—H20A	0.9300
O2—Cu1—O4	85.37 (10)	O4—C7—C6	114.9 (4)
O2—Cu1—O3	163.25 (10)	C8—C7—C6	119.9 (4)
O4—Cu1—O3	92.29 (11)	C9—C8—C7	125.9 (4)
O2—Cu1—O1	91.51 (10)	C9—C8—H8A	117.0
O4—Cu1—O1	166.93 (10)	C7—C8—H8A	117.0
O3—Cu1—O1	87.05 (10)	O3—C9—C8	125.4 (3)
O2—Cu1—N1	98.77 (10)	O3—C9—C10	114.7 (4)
O4—Cu1—N1	96.62 (10)	C8—C9—C10	119.9 (4)
O3—Cu1—N1	97.98 (9)	C9—C10—H10A	109.5
O1—Cu1—N1	96.40 (9)	C9—C10—H10B	109.5
C4—O1—Cu1	125.2 (2)	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
C2—O2—Cu1	125.9 (2)	C9—C10—H10C	109.5
C9—O3—Cu1	124.3 (2)	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
C7—O4—Cu1	124.9 (2)	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
C11—N1—C15	115.7 (3)	N1—C11—C12	124.1 (3)
C11—N1—Cu1	125.5 (2)	N1—C11—H11A	118.0
C15—N1—Cu1	118.6 (2)	C12—C11—H11A	118.0
C2—C1—H1A	109.5	C11—C12—C13	120.1 (3)
C2—C1—H1B	109.5	C11—C12—H12A	120.0
H1A—C1—H1B	109.5	C13—C12—H12A	120.0
C2—C1—H1C	109.5	C12—C13—C14	115.9 (3)
H1A—C1—H1C	109.5	C12—C13—C16	120.6 (3)
H1B—C1—H1C	109.5	C14—C13—C16	123.5 (3)

O2—C2—C3	124.7 (3)	C15—C14—C13	119.8 (3)
O2—C2—C1	114.2 (4)	C15—C14—H14A	120.1
C3—C2—C1	121.1 (4)	C13—C14—H14A	120.1
C2—C3—C4	125.7 (3)	N1—C15—C14	124.4 (3)
C2—C3—H3A	117.1	N1—C15—H15A	117.8
C4—C3—H3A	117.1	C14—C15—H15A	117.8
O1—C4—C3	124.8 (3)	C17—C16—C13	126.8 (3)
O1—C4—C5	115.3 (3)	C17—C16—H16A	116.6
C3—C4—C5	119.9 (3)	C13—C16—H16A	116.6
C4—C5—H5A	109.5	C16—C17—C18	126.7 (3)
C4—C5—H5B	109.5	C16—C17—H17A	116.6
H5A—C5—H5B	109.5	C18—C17—H17A	116.6
C4—C5—H5C	109.5	C19—C18—C20	116.5 (3)
H5A—C5—H5C	109.5	C19—C18—C17	120.3 (3)
H5B—C5—H5C	109.5	C20—C18—C17	123.2 (3)
C7—C6—H6A	109.5	C20 <sup>i</sup> —C19—C18	122.2 (3)
C7—C6—H6B	109.5	C20 <sup>i</sup> —C19—H19A	118.9
H6A—C6—H6B	109.5	C18—C19—H19A	118.9
C7—C6—H6C	109.5	C19 <sup>i</sup> —C20—C18	121.3 (3)
H6A—C6—H6C	109.5	C19 <sup>i</sup> —C20—H20A	119.3
H6B—C6—H6C	109.5	C18—C20—H20A	119.3
O4—C7—C8	125.2 (4)		

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x+1, -y, -z+1$ .

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

<i>D—H...A</i>	<i>D—H</i>	<i>H...A</i>	<i>D...A</i>	<i>D—H...A</i>
C14—H14A...O2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.93	2.45	3.371 (4)	173
C16—H16A...O1 <sup>iii</sup>	0.93	2.52	3.333 (4)	147
C16—H16A...O3 <sup>iii</sup>	0.93	2.58	3.315 (4)	136

Symmetry codes: (ii)  $-x+1, -y, -z$ ; (iii)  $x, -y-1/2, z+1/2$ .