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5,6,7,8-Tetrahydronaphthalene-1carboxylic acid

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 93 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; R factor = 0.039; wR factor = 0.106; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.8.

In the molecule of the title compound, $C_{11}H_{12}O_2$, the cyclohexane ring adopts a half-chair conformation. In the crystal structure, molecules are linked into centrosymmetric dimers by pairs of $O-H \cdots O$ hydrogen bonds, and the dimers are linked together by $\pi - \pi$ interactions [centroid–centroid distance = 3.8310(13) Å] and C-H···O bonds.

Related literature

The title compoundis an intermediate in the synthesis of Palonosetron, a 5-HT₃ receptor antagonist, see: Kowalczyk & Dvorak (1996); Lancelot et al. (1985). For bond-length data, see: Allen et al. (1987).



Experimental

Crystal data C11H12O2 $M_r = 176.21$ Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$

a = 7.477 b = 7.664 c = 8.546	(2) (2) (2)
c = 8.540	(2)

Å Å Å

$\alpha = 68.390 \ (10)^{\circ}$
$\beta = 80.666 \ (12)^{\circ}$
$\gamma = 75.977 \ (10)^{\circ}$
$V = 440.3 (2) \text{ Å}^3$
Z = 2

Data collection

Absorption correction: ψ scan
(North et al., 1968)
$T_{\min} = 0.976, \ T_{\max} = 0.989$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$ 119 parameters $wR(F^2) = 0.106$ H-atom parameters constrained S = 0.97 $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.38 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^ \Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.17 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ 1994 reflections

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	$D-\mathrm{H}$	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$O1 - H10 \cdots O2^{i}$ $C8 - H8 \cdots O2^{ii}$	0.84 0.95	1.80 2.58	2.6338 (15) 3.509 (2)	175 165

Symmetry codes: (i) -x + 2, -y, -z + 1; (ii) x, y + 1, z.

Data collection: RAPID-AUTO (Rigaku, 2004); cell refinement: RAPID-AUTO; data reduction: RAPID-AUTO; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: FK2006).

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Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-3}$

 $0.27 \times 0.23 \times 0.12 \text{ mm}$

4408 measured reflections 1994 independent reflections

1429 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

T = 93 K

 $R_{\rm int}=0.026$

supporting information

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5,6,7,8-Tetrahydronaphthalene-1-carboxylic acid

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S1. Comment

The title compound, (I), is useful as an intermediate in the synthesis of Palonosetron, a 5-HT₃ receptor antagonists (Kowalczyk *et al.*, 1996; Lancelot *et al.*, 1985). We report here the crystal structure of (I), which is of interest to us in the field. The molecular structure is shown in Fig.1. The bond lengths and angles are within normal ranges (Allen *et al.*, 1987). The cyclohexane ring adopts a half chair conformation, with C3 lying out of the plane of the molecule by approximately 0.5 Å. In the crystal structure, intermolecular O—H…O hydrogen bonds (Tab. 1) link the molecules into centrosymmetric dimers(Fig. 2). Stacking of these dimers follows the π - π interactions, with the centroid-centroid distance of 3.8310 (13)Å [symmetry code(i): 1 - x, 1 - y, 1 - z].

S2. Experimental

A sample of commercial 5,6,7,8-Tetrahydronaphthalene-1-carboxylic acid (Aldrich) was crystalized by slow evaporation of a solution in methanol.

S3. Refinement

Positional parameters of all the H atoms bonded to C atoms were calculated geometrically and were allowed to ride on the C atoms to which they are bonded, with C—H=0.95 and 0.99 Å for aromatic and methylene and with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}$ (aromatic,methylene) parent atoms. H atom of the carboxyl group was derived from Fourier map, and constrained to ride on the parent atom with O—H=0.84 Å and $U_{iso}(H)=1.5U_{eq}(O)$.



Figure 1

A view of the title compound with the atomic numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids were drawn at the 50% probability level.



Figure 2

A packing diagram viewed along the *a* axis. Hydrogen bridging bonds are drawn as dashed lines.

5,6,7,8-Tetrahydronaphthalene-1-carboxylic acid

Crystal data
$C_{11}H_{12}O_2$
$M_r = 176.21$
Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$
Hall symbol: -P 1
a = 7.477 (2) Å
b = 7.664 (2) Å
c = 8.546 (2) Å
$\alpha = 68.39 (1)^{\circ}$
$\beta = 80.666 (12)^{\circ}$

 $\gamma = 75.977 (10)^{\circ}$ $V = 440.3 (2) Å^{3}$ Z = 2 F(000) = 188 $D_{\rm x} = 1.329 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 Å$ Cell parameters from 1274 reflections $\theta = 3.2-27.5^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

T = 93 KBlock, colorless

Data collection

Rigaku SPIDER diffractometer	4408 measured reflections 1994 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	1429 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Graphite monochromator	$R_{\rm int} = 0.026$
ωscans	$\theta_{\rm max} = 27.5^\circ, \ \theta_{\rm min} = 3.2^\circ$
Absorption correction: ψ scan	$h = -9 \rightarrow 9$
(North <i>et al.</i> , 1968)	$k = -9 \rightarrow 9$
$T_{\min} = 0.976, \ T_{\max} = 0.989$	$l = -8 \rightarrow 11$
Refinement	
Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$	Hydrogen site location: geom and difmap
$wR(F^2) = 0.106$	H-atom parameters constrained

) H-atom parameters constrained $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0575P)^2]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$ $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.38 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$ $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.17 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$ Primary atom site location: structure-invariant

 $0.27 \times 0.23 \times 0.12 \text{ mm}$

Special details

direct methods

1994 reflections

119 parameters

0 restraints

S = 0.97

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor w*R* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\hat{A}^2)

	x	у	Z	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
01	0.92438 (13)	0.25317 (11)	0.46074 (12)	0.0193 (3)	
H10	1.0051	0.1691	0.4343	0.029*	
O2	0.81137 (13)	-0.00378 (12)	0.63071 (12)	0.0213 (3)	
C1	0.49946 (18)	0.26317 (17)	0.73643 (16)	0.0151 (3)	
C2	0.43087 (18)	0.09079 (18)	0.73976 (17)	0.0181 (3)	
H2A	0.4896	-0.0245	0.8290	0.022*	
H2B	0.4691	0.0707	0.6302	0.022*	
C3	0.22129 (19)	0.11404 (19)	0.77249 (18)	0.0214 (3)	
H3A	0.1617	0.2140	0.6736	0.026*	
H3B	0.1849	-0.0078	0.7889	0.026*	
C4	0.15578 (19)	0.17011 (19)	0.92902 (17)	0.0220 (3)	
H4A	0.0212	0.1744	0.9550	0.026*	
H4B	0.2199	0.0736	1.0270	0.026*	
C5	0.19689 (19)	0.36544 (19)	0.89793 (18)	0.0214 (3)	

H5A	0.1020	0.4652	0.8285	0.026*	
H5B	0.1864	0.3847	1.0077	0.026*	
C6	0.38656 (18)	0.39253 (18)	0.81011 (16)	0.0173 (3)	
C7	0.4472 (2)	0.55486 (18)	0.80077 (17)	0.0198 (3)	
H7	0.3701	0.6409	0.8518	0.024*	
C8	0.61567 (19)	0.59422 (18)	0.71966 (17)	0.0206 (3)	
H8	0.6535	0.7062	0.7141	0.025*	
С9	0.72881 (19)	0.46801 (18)	0.64642 (17)	0.0182 (3)	
H9	0.8449	0.4937	0.5899	0.022*	
C10	0.67299 (18)	0.30349 (17)	0.65533 (16)	0.0153 (3)	
C11	0.80592 (18)	0.16973 (18)	0.58206 (16)	0.0163 (3)	

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
01	0.0163 (5)	0.0170 (5)	0.0231 (5)	-0.0046 (4)	0.0068 (4)	-0.0076 (4)
O2	0.0205 (5)	0.0159 (5)	0.0274 (6)	-0.0060 (4)	0.0067 (4)	-0.0092 (4)
C1	0.0155 (7)	0.0148 (6)	0.0146 (6)	-0.0036 (5)	-0.0024 (5)	-0.0038 (5)
C2	0.0161 (7)	0.0184 (7)	0.0203 (7)	-0.0059 (5)	0.0016 (6)	-0.0072 (6)
C3	0.0171 (7)	0.0214 (7)	0.0264 (8)	-0.0080(5)	0.0002 (6)	-0.0071 (6)
C4	0.0155 (7)	0.0235 (7)	0.0236 (8)	-0.0062 (6)	0.0029 (6)	-0.0047 (6)
C5	0.0167 (7)	0.0240 (7)	0.0229 (7)	-0.0035 (5)	0.0040 (6)	-0.0099 (6)
C6	0.0162 (7)	0.0182 (7)	0.0159 (7)	-0.0025 (5)	-0.0002 (5)	-0.0050 (5)
C7	0.0208 (7)	0.0171 (7)	0.0207 (7)	-0.0008 (5)	0.0002 (6)	-0.0085 (6)
C8	0.0238 (8)	0.0159 (7)	0.0244 (8)	-0.0060(5)	-0.0015 (6)	-0.0083 (6)
C9	0.0151 (7)	0.0190 (7)	0.0191 (7)	-0.0060(5)	0.0007 (6)	-0.0044 (5)
C10	0.0158 (7)	0.0147 (6)	0.0147 (6)	-0.0026 (5)	-0.0008(5)	-0.0047 (5)
C11	0.0140 (7)	0.0200 (7)	0.0165 (7)	-0.0060 (5)	-0.0003 (5)	-0.0067 (5)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

01—C11	1.3254 (14)	C4—H4A	0.9900
O1—H10	0.8400	C4—H4B	0.9900
O2—C11	1.2307 (15)	C5—C6	1.5166 (18)
C1—C6	1.4049 (17)	С5—Н5А	0.9900
C1—C10	1.4157 (18)	С5—Н5В	0.9900
C1—C2	1.5182 (17)	C6—C7	1.3956 (18)
С2—С3	1.5247 (19)	C7—C8	1.3804 (19)
C2—H2A	0.9900	С7—Н7	0.9500
C2—H2B	0.9900	C8—C9	1.3859 (18)
C3—C4	1.5242 (19)	C8—H8	0.9500
С3—НЗА	0.9900	C9—C10	1.3941 (18)
С3—Н3В	0.9900	С9—Н9	0.9500
C4—C5	1.5196 (18)	C10—C11	1.4860 (18)
C11—O1—H10	109.5	C6—C5—H5A	108.7
C6—C1—C10	117.91 (12)	C4—C5—H5A	108.7
C6—C1—C2	119.92 (12)	C6—C5—H5B	108.7

C10—C1—C2	122.13 (11)	C4—C5—H5B	108.7
C1—C2—C3	112.64 (10)	H5A—C5—H5B	107.6
C1—C2—H2A	109.1	C7—C6—C1	119.70 (12)
C3—C2—H2A	109.1	C7—C6—C5	117.82 (11)
C1—C2—H2B	109.1	C1—C6—C5	122.47 (12)
C3—C2—H2B	109.1	C8—C7—C6	122.00 (12)
H2A—C2—H2B	107.8	С8—С7—Н7	119.0
C4—C3—C2	110.24 (12)	С6—С7—Н7	119.0
С4—С3—НЗА	109.6	C7—C8—C9	119.04 (12)
С2—С3—НЗА	109.6	С7—С8—Н8	120.5
С4—С3—Н3В	109.6	С9—С8—Н8	120.5
С2—С3—Н3В	109.6	C8—C9—C10	120.29 (12)
НЗА—СЗ—НЗВ	108.1	С8—С9—Н9	119.9
C5—C4—C3	109.55 (11)	С10—С9—Н9	119.9
C5—C4—H4A	109.8	C9—C10—C1	121.05 (11)
C3—C4—H4A	109.8	C9—C10—C11	117.19 (12)
C5—C4—H4B	109.8	C1—C10—C11	121.71 (11)
C3—C4—H4B	109.8	O2-C11-O1	122.06 (11)
H4A—C4—H4B	108.2	O2-C11-C10	124.11 (11)
C6—C5—C4	114.16 (11)	O1—C11—C10	113.80 (11)
C6—C1—C2—C3	19.10 (17)	C6—C7—C8—C9	-0.5(2)
C10-C1-C2-C3	-158.53(13)	C7—C8—C9—C10	-0.2(2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-51.66 (15)	C8—C9—C10—C1	1.0 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	64.12 (14)	C8—C9—C10—C11	-176.76 (12)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-43.06 (16)	C6-C1-C10-C9	-1.0 (2)
C10—C1—C6—C7	0.30 (19)	C2—C1—C10—C9	176.64 (12)
C2—C1—C6—C7	-177.43 (12)	C6-C1-C10-C11	176.63 (12)
C10—C1—C6—C5	179.06 (12)	C2-C1-C10-C11	-5.7 (2)
C2-C1-C6-C5	1.3 (2)	C9—C10—C11—O2	151.98 (13)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-170.00 (12)	C1—C10—C11—O2	-25.8 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C1	11.22 (19)	C9-C10-C11-O1	-26.09 (18)
C1—C6—C7—C8	0.5 (2)	C1-C10-C11-O1	156.15 (12)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-178.34 (13)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	D—H	Н…А	D···· A	D—H···A
01—H10…O2 ⁱ	0.84	1.80	2.6338 (15)	175
C2—H2 <i>B</i> ···O2	0.99	2.48	2.8506 (19)	101
C8—H8····O2 ⁱⁱ	0.95	2.58	3.509 (2)	165

Symmetry codes: (i) -*x*+2, -*y*, -*z*+1; (ii) *x*, *y*+1, *z*.