

## 4-(Pyrimidin-2-yl)-1-thia-4-azaspiro[4.5]-decan-3-one

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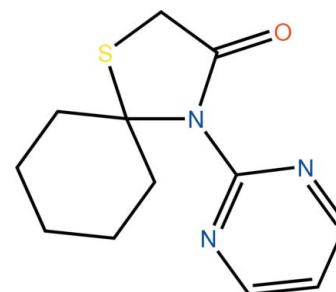
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 120\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002\text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.038;  $wR$  factor = 0.113; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.2.

The title compound,  $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_3\text{OS}$ , features an envelope conformation for the 1,3-thiazolidin-4-one ring with the S atom as the flap atom. The pyrimidine ring is almost orthogonal to the 1,3-thiazolidin-4-one ring as indicated by the  $\text{N}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{N}$  torsion angle of  $-111.96(18)^\circ$ . Supramolecular dimers are formed in the crystal structure through the agency of  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  contacts occurring between centrosymmetrically related molecules. These are linked into supramolecular tapes along [100] via  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{S}$  contacts.

## Related literature

For the biological activity of thiazolidinones, see: Cunico *et al.* (2008a); Solomon *et al.* (2007); Kavitha *et al.* (2006); Sharma *et al.* (2006); Ravichandran *et al.* (2009); Rao *et al.* (2004). For background to the synthesis, see: Cunico *et al.* (2008b); Rawal *et al.* (2008). For related studies on the synthesis and biological evaluation of thiazolidinones, see: Cunico *et al.* (2006, 2007).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_3\text{OS}$   
 $M_r = 249.33$   
Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$   
 $a = 6.2466(2)\text{ \AA}$   
 $b = 8.6748(2)\text{ \AA}$   
 $c = 22.0439(6)\text{ \AA}$   
 $\beta = 95.698(1)^\circ$

$V = 1188.61(6)\text{ \AA}^3$   
 $Z = 4$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.26\text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 120\text{ K}$   
 $0.26 \times 0.22 \times 0.14\text{ mm}$

## Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD area-detector diffractometer  
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 2003)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.658$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.746$

14004 measured reflections  
2661 independent reflections  
2227 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.054$

## Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.038$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.113$   
 $S = 1.14$   
2661 reflections

155 parameters  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.36\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.40\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{C}10-\text{H}10\text{a}\cdots\text{S}1^{\text{i}}$	0.99	2.80	3.4765 (13)	126
$\text{C}10-\text{H}10\text{b}\cdots\text{O}1^{\text{ii}}$	0.99	2.44	3.361 (2)	155

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x - 1, y, z$ ; (ii)  $-x, -y + 1, z$ .

Data collection: *COLLECT* (Hooft, 1998); cell refinement: *DENZO* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997) and *COLLECT*; data reduction: *DENZO* and *COLLECT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2009).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HG2601).

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# supporting information

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## 4-(Pyrimidin-2-yl)-1-thia-4-azaspiro[4.5]decan-3-one

**Patrícia D. Neuenfeldt, Bruna B. Drawanz, Wilson Cunico, Edward R. T. Tiekink, James L. Wardell and Solange M. S. V. Wardell**

### S1. Comment

Thiazolidinones constitute an important group of heterocyclic compounds (Cunico *et al.*, 2008a), having valuable biological uses, for example, as anti-malarial (Solomon *et al.*, 2007), anti-microbial (Kavitha *et al.*, 2006), anti-inflammatory (Sharma *et al.*, 2006), and anti-viral agents, especially as anti-HIV agents (Ravichandran *et al.*, 2009; Rao *et al.*, 2004). The main synthetic routes to 1,3-thiazolidin-4-ones involve three components (an aldehyde, an amine and mercaptoacetic acid), either in a one- or two-step process (Cunico *et al.*, 2008a; Rawal *et al.*, 2006). In continuation of our research on thiazolidinones, (Cunico *et al.*, 2006; Cunico *et al.*, 2007; Cunico *et al.*, 2008b), we report the structure of the title compound, 1-thia-4-azaspiro[4.5]decan-3-one, (I).

The molecule structure of (I) shows the five-membered 1,3-thiazolidin-4-one ring to adopt an envelope conformation with the S1 atom as the flap atom. The cyclohexyl ring adopts a regular chair conformation. The pyrimidine is twisted out of the plane of the 1,3-thiazolidin-4-one ring as seen in the value of the C4–N3–C11–N1 torsion angle of -111.96 (18)°. When viewed along the plane through the N1, C2, C4 and C5 atoms, the molecule, with the exception of the S1 atom, has approximate mirror symmetry.

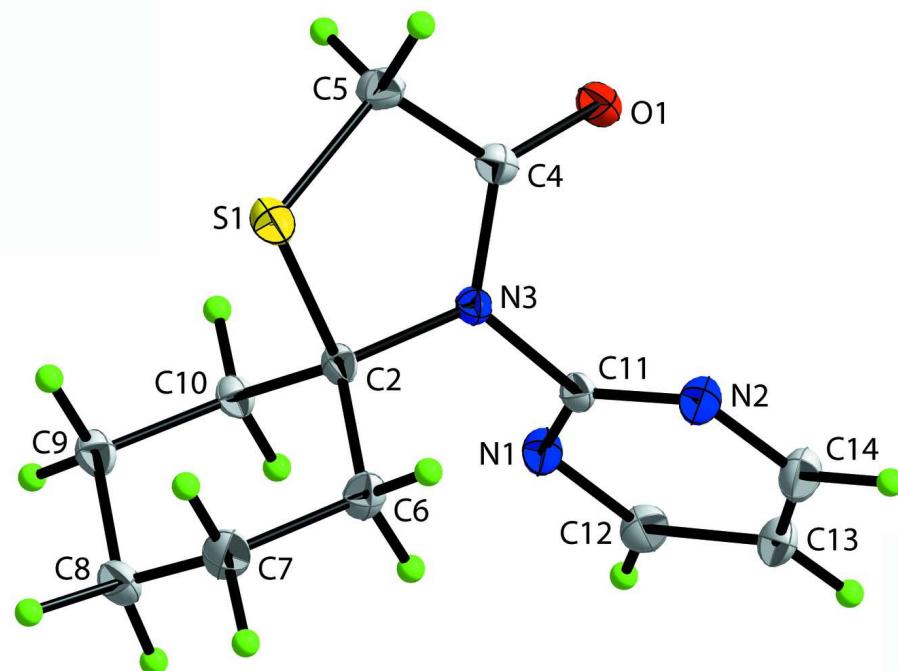
In the crystal structure, centrosymmetric pairs associate *via* C—H···O contacts to form dimers, Table 1. The dimeric aggregates are linked into a supramolecular tape aligned along [1 0 0] *via* C—H···S contacts, Table 1 and Fig. 2. The pivotal role of the C10-methylene group is noted in the stabilization of the crystal structure as each of the C10-bound H atoms forms a significant intermolecular contact.

### S2. Experimental

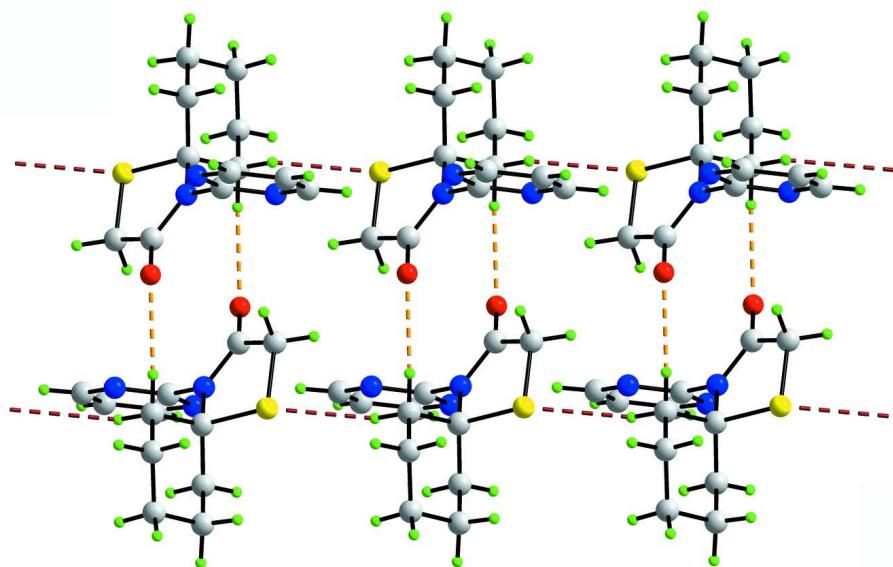
A mixture of 2-aminopyrimidine (1 mmol), cyclohexanone (2 mmol) and mercaptoacetic acid (3 mmol) in toluene (35 ml) was heated at 403 K with a Dean-Stark trap for 16 h. The reaction was cooled, washed with NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (3 x 20 ml), and dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub>. The crude product was washed with a hot solvent mixture of hexane/ethyl acetate (9:1) and recrystallized from EtOH. Yield 80%. m. pt. 475–476 K. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.76 (s, 2H, aryl), 7.22 (s, 1H, aryl), 3.66 (s, 2H, H5), 2.21–1.57 (m, 10H, CH<sub>2</sub>) p.p.m. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 172.4 (CO), 158.5, 158.4, 119.3 (aryl), 75.7 (C2), 39.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 38.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 31.9 (C5), 24.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 23.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>) p.p.m.

### S3. Refinement

The C-bound H atoms were geometrically placed with C—H = 0.95–0.99 Å, and refined as riding with  $U_{iso}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{eq}(\text{C})$ .

**Figure 1**

Molecular structure of (I) showing atom-labelling scheme and displacement ellipsoids at the 50% probability level.

**Figure 2**

Supramolecular tape formation in (I) whereby dimeric aggregates sustained by C—H···O (orange dashed lines) contacts are linked *via* C—H···S contacts (brown dashed lines) along [1 0 0].

**4-(Pyrimidin-2-yl)-1-thia-4-azaspiro[4.5]decan-3-one***Crystal data*

$C_{12}H_{15}N_3OS$   
 $M_r = 249.33$   
Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$   
Hall symbol: -P 2yn  
 $a = 6.2466$  (2) Å  
 $b = 8.6748$  (2) Å  
 $c = 22.0439$  (6) Å  
 $\beta = 95.698$  (1)°  
 $V = 1188.61$  (6) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$

$F(000) = 528$   
 $D_x = 1.393 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å  
Cell parameters from 7514 reflections  
 $\theta = 2.9\text{--}27.5^\circ$   
 $\mu = 0.26 \text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 120$  K  
Block, colourless  
 $0.26 \times 0.22 \times 0.14$  mm

*Data collection*

Nonius KappaCCD area-detector  
diffractometer  
Radiation source: Enraf Nonius FR591 rotating  
anode  
10 cm confocal mirrors monochromator  
Detector resolution: 9.091 pixels mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans  
Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 2003)

$T_{\min} = 0.658$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.746$   
14004 measured reflections  
2661 independent reflections  
2227 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.054$   
 $\theta_{\max} = 27.5^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 3.0^\circ$   
 $h = -8 \rightarrow 7$   
 $k = -10 \rightarrow 11$   
 $l = -28 \rightarrow 28$

*Refinement*

Refinement on  $F^2$   
Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.038$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.113$   
 $S = 1.14$   
2661 reflections  
155 parameters  
0 restraints  
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methods  
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0508P)^2 + 0.5459P]$   
where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.36 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.40 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
Extinction correction: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick,  
2008),  $Fc^* = kFc[1 + 0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$   
Extinction coefficient: 0.012 (2)

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^* / U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	0.30913 (6)	0.59301 (5)	0.14394 (2)	0.02184 (17)
O1	0.19102 (19)	0.33684 (15)	0.00174 (6)	0.0215 (3)

N1	-0.2660 (2)	0.24603 (17)	0.08348 (7)	0.0189 (3)
N2	0.0587 (2)	0.09881 (17)	0.08941 (8)	0.0206 (3)
N3	0.0732 (2)	0.36704 (16)	0.09593 (6)	0.0147 (3)
C2	0.0699 (2)	0.47007 (19)	0.14937 (7)	0.0143 (3)
C4	0.1922 (2)	0.40748 (19)	0.04984 (8)	0.0161 (4)
C5	0.3225 (3)	0.5513 (2)	0.06440 (8)	0.0207 (4)
H5A	0.2630	0.6384	0.0390	0.025*
H5B	0.4737	0.5349	0.0561	0.025*
C6	0.0987 (3)	0.3792 (2)	0.20899 (8)	0.0194 (4)
H6A	0.2353	0.3207	0.2110	0.023*
H6B	-0.0204	0.3041	0.2098	0.023*
C7	0.1015 (3)	0.4855 (2)	0.26444 (8)	0.0239 (4)
H7A	0.1098	0.4224	0.3020	0.029*
H7B	0.2311	0.5517	0.2665	0.029*
C8	-0.0989 (3)	0.5870 (2)	0.26138 (8)	0.0230 (4)
H8A	-0.2266	0.5217	0.2655	0.028*
H8B	-0.0852	0.6607	0.2959	0.028*
C9	-0.1310 (3)	0.6762 (2)	0.20155 (8)	0.0186 (4)
H9A	-0.0129	0.7518	0.1999	0.022*
H9B	-0.2683	0.7338	0.1996	0.022*
C10	-0.1346 (2)	0.5672 (2)	0.14669 (8)	0.0159 (4)
H10A	-0.2612	0.4983	0.1461	0.019*
H10B	-0.1486	0.6284	0.1086	0.019*
C11	-0.0534 (2)	0.22881 (19)	0.08959 (8)	0.0144 (3)
C12	-0.3796 (3)	0.1143 (2)	0.07570 (9)	0.0214 (4)
H12	-0.5323	0.1194	0.0722	0.026*
C13	-0.2817 (3)	-0.0280 (2)	0.07264 (8)	0.0215 (4)
H13	-0.3630	-0.1200	0.0658	0.026*
C14	-0.0591 (3)	-0.0296 (2)	0.08007 (9)	0.0246 (4)
H14	0.0131	-0.1256	0.0785	0.030*

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
S1	0.0154 (2)	0.0251 (3)	0.0259 (3)	-0.00679 (16)	0.00633 (17)	-0.00990 (19)
O1	0.0249 (6)	0.0233 (7)	0.0168 (6)	-0.0011 (5)	0.0045 (5)	-0.0020 (5)
N1	0.0163 (7)	0.0159 (8)	0.0243 (8)	-0.0001 (5)	0.0017 (6)	-0.0026 (6)
N2	0.0177 (7)	0.0163 (8)	0.0279 (9)	-0.0001 (5)	0.0023 (6)	-0.0012 (6)
N3	0.0144 (6)	0.0138 (7)	0.0161 (7)	-0.0015 (5)	0.0033 (5)	-0.0025 (6)
C2	0.0123 (7)	0.0152 (8)	0.0154 (8)	-0.0015 (6)	0.0015 (6)	-0.0035 (7)
C4	0.0137 (7)	0.0186 (9)	0.0161 (9)	0.0030 (6)	0.0016 (6)	0.0023 (7)
C5	0.0195 (8)	0.0224 (9)	0.0204 (9)	-0.0039 (7)	0.0037 (7)	0.0002 (8)
C6	0.0230 (8)	0.0171 (9)	0.0173 (9)	0.0021 (7)	-0.0019 (7)	0.0006 (7)
C7	0.0331 (10)	0.0221 (10)	0.0156 (9)	0.0008 (8)	-0.0021 (7)	0.0002 (8)
C8	0.0297 (9)	0.0236 (10)	0.0168 (9)	-0.0026 (7)	0.0071 (7)	-0.0045 (8)
C9	0.0156 (7)	0.0195 (9)	0.0208 (9)	0.0015 (6)	0.0028 (6)	-0.0026 (7)
C10	0.0133 (7)	0.0171 (9)	0.0173 (9)	0.0016 (6)	0.0017 (6)	-0.0012 (7)
C11	0.0158 (7)	0.0144 (8)	0.0130 (8)	-0.0010 (6)	0.0015 (6)	-0.0017 (6)

C12	0.0166 (8)	0.0230 (10)	0.0243 (10)	-0.0034 (7)	0.0008 (7)	-0.0023 (8)
C13	0.0243 (9)	0.0166 (9)	0.0235 (10)	-0.0050 (7)	0.0017 (7)	-0.0041 (7)
C14	0.0243 (9)	0.0164 (9)	0.0334 (11)	0.0015 (7)	0.0036 (8)	-0.0018 (8)

*Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^{\circ}$ )*

S1—C5	1.8004 (19)	C6—H6B	0.9900
S1—C2	1.8494 (16)	C7—C8	1.527 (3)
O1—C4	1.224 (2)	C7—H7A	0.9900
N1—C11	1.330 (2)	C7—H7B	0.9900
N1—C12	1.347 (2)	C8—C9	1.525 (3)
N2—C11	1.328 (2)	C8—H8A	0.9900
N2—C14	1.339 (2)	C8—H8B	0.9900
N3—C4	1.363 (2)	C9—C10	1.533 (2)
N3—C11	1.436 (2)	C9—H9A	0.9900
N3—C2	1.480 (2)	C9—H9B	0.9900
C2—C10	1.527 (2)	C10—H10A	0.9900
C2—C6	1.528 (2)	C10—H10B	0.9900
C4—C5	1.507 (2)	C12—C13	1.382 (3)
C5—H5A	0.9900	C12—H12	0.9500
C5—H5B	0.9900	C13—C14	1.384 (2)
C6—C7	1.530 (3)	C13—H13	0.9500
C6—H6A	0.9900	C14—H14	0.9500
C5—S1—C2	93.63 (8)	H7A—C7—H7B	108.0
C11—N1—C12	115.20 (15)	C9—C8—C7	111.57 (14)
C11—N2—C14	115.15 (15)	C9—C8—H8A	109.3
C4—N3—C11	118.58 (14)	C7—C8—H8A	109.3
C4—N3—C2	119.29 (14)	C9—C8—H8B	109.3
C11—N3—C2	122.06 (13)	C7—C8—H8B	109.3
N3—C2—C10	112.34 (13)	H8A—C8—H8B	108.0
N3—C2—C6	111.29 (14)	C8—C9—C10	111.08 (15)
C10—C2—C6	110.16 (13)	C8—C9—H9A	109.4
N3—C2—S1	102.80 (10)	C10—C9—H9A	109.4
C10—C2—S1	110.96 (12)	C8—C9—H9B	109.4
C6—C2—S1	109.06 (11)	C10—C9—H9B	109.4
O1—C4—N3	124.04 (15)	H9A—C9—H9B	108.0
O1—C4—C5	123.77 (15)	C2—C10—C9	111.29 (13)
N3—C4—C5	112.18 (15)	C2—C10—H10A	109.4
C4—C5—S1	107.29 (12)	C9—C10—H10A	109.4
C4—C5—H5A	110.3	C2—C10—H10B	109.4
S1—C5—H5A	110.3	C9—C10—H10B	109.4
C4—C5—H5B	110.3	H10A—C10—H10B	108.0
S1—C5—H5B	110.3	N2—C11—N1	128.08 (15)
H5A—C5—H5B	108.5	N2—C11—N3	115.10 (13)
C2—C6—C7	111.52 (15)	N1—C11—N3	116.80 (14)
C2—C6—H6A	109.3	N1—C12—C13	122.23 (16)
C7—C6—H6A	109.3	N1—C12—H12	118.9

C2—C6—H6B	109.3	C13—C12—H12	118.9
C7—C6—H6B	109.3	C12—C13—C14	116.59 (16)
H6A—C6—H6B	108.0	C12—C13—H13	121.7
C8—C7—C6	111.59 (15)	C14—C13—H13	121.7
C8—C7—H7A	109.3	N2—C14—C13	122.69 (17)
C6—C7—H7A	109.3	N2—C14—H14	118.7
C8—C7—H7B	109.3	C13—C14—H14	118.7
C6—C7—H7B	109.3		
C4—N3—C2—C10	101.41 (16)	C2—C6—C7—C8	54.95 (19)
C11—N3—C2—C10	−75.57 (19)	C6—C7—C8—C9	−53.8 (2)
C4—N3—C2—C6	−134.54 (15)	C7—C8—C9—C10	54.38 (19)
C11—N3—C2—C6	48.48 (19)	N3—C2—C10—C9	−178.32 (14)
C4—N3—C2—S1	−17.93 (17)	C6—C2—C10—C9	57.00 (18)
C11—N3—C2—S1	165.09 (12)	S1—C2—C10—C9	−63.87 (16)
C5—S1—C2—N3	19.77 (12)	C8—C9—C10—C2	−56.35 (18)
C5—S1—C2—C10	−100.52 (12)	C14—N2—C11—N1	2.2 (3)
C5—S1—C2—C6	137.96 (12)	C14—N2—C11—N3	−176.42 (16)
C11—N3—C4—O1	3.4 (2)	C12—N1—C11—N2	−0.6 (3)
C2—N3—C4—O1	−173.65 (15)	C12—N1—C11—N3	177.99 (15)
C11—N3—C4—C5	−177.71 (14)	C4—N3—C11—N2	66.8 (2)
C2—N3—C4—C5	5.2 (2)	C2—N3—C11—N2	−116.21 (17)
O1—C4—C5—S1	−170.17 (14)	C4—N3—C11—N1	−111.96 (18)
N3—C4—C5—S1	10.98 (18)	C2—N3—C11—N1	65.0 (2)
C2—S1—C5—C4	−18.17 (13)	C11—N1—C12—C13	−1.7 (3)
N3—C2—C6—C7	178.46 (13)	N1—C12—C13—C14	2.1 (3)
C10—C2—C6—C7	−56.27 (18)	C11—N2—C14—C13	−1.6 (3)
S1—C2—C6—C7	65.74 (15)	C12—C13—C14—N2	−0.4 (3)

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
C10—H10a···S1 <sup>i</sup>	0.99	2.80	3.4765 (13)	126
C10—H10b···O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.99	2.44	3.361 (2)	155

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x-1, y, z$ ; (ii)  $-x, -y+1, -z$ .