

Poly[[diaquadi- μ -dicyanamido-nickel(II)] bis(pyridinium-4-olate)]

Ling-Ling Zheng

College of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Chongqing University, Chongqing 400030, People's Republic of China
Correspondence e-mail: zhengll@cqu.edu.cn

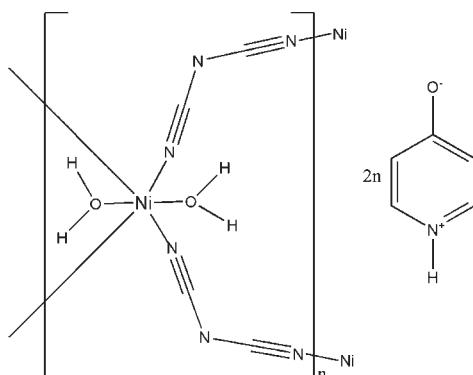
Received 18 October 2009; accepted 17 November 2009

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.028; wR factor = 0.073; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.1.

The title compound, $\{[\text{Ni}(\text{C}_2\text{N}_3)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]\cdot 2\text{C}_5\text{H}_5\text{NO}\}_n$, is a centrosymmetric two-dimensional coordination polymer with a layer (4,4) network structure. The asymmetric unit is composed of an Ni^{II} atom, which sits on an inversion center, a μ -1,5-bridging dicyanamide anion, a water molecule, and a free 4-hydroxypyridine molecule present in the zwitterionic pyridinium-4-olate form. The Ni^{II} atom is coordinated in a slightly distorted N_4O_2 octahedral geometry by four bridging dicyanamide ligands and two *trans* water molecules. In the crystal, the two-dimensional networks are linked via $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ and $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, forming a three-dimensional network.

Related literature

For coordination polymers involving dicyanamide (dca), see: Manson *et al.* (1998, 2001); Batten *et al.* (1998). For nickel(II)-dca complexes, see: Van der Werff *et al.* (2004); Armentano *et al.* (2006). For dicyanamide complexes with a co-ligand, see: Batten & Murray (2003); Manson *et al.* (1998, 2001); Miller & Manson (2001). For dicyanamide complexes with 4-cyano-pyridine as co-ligand, see: Dalai *et al.* (2002); Du *et al.* (2006).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[\text{Ni}(\text{C}_2\text{N}_3)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]\cdot 2\text{C}_5\text{H}_5\text{NO}$	$V = 911.37 (12)\text{ \AA}^3$
$M_r = 417.02$	$Z = 2$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 7.8598 (6)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 1.10\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$b = 12.8199 (10)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 293\text{ K}$
$c = 9.1080 (7)\text{ \AA}$	$0.23 \times 0.18 \times 0.15\text{ mm}$
$\beta = 96.7530 (10)^\circ$	

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer	6950 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2001)	1788 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.788$, $T_{\max} = 0.848$	1606 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.016$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.028$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.073$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.30\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
$S = 1.08$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.16\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
1788 reflections	
136 parameters	
4 restraints	

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N}4-\text{H}\text{N}4\cdots\text{O}1^i$	0.858 (16)	2.00 (2)	2.792 (2)	153 (3)
$\text{O}1\text{W}-\text{H}1\text{WA}\cdots\text{O}1^{ii}$	0.834 (9)	1.912 (11)	2.732 (2)	167 (2)
$\text{O}1\text{W}-\text{H}1\text{WB}\cdots\text{O}1^{iii}$	0.840 (9)	1.898 (11)	2.715 (2)	164.0 (19)
Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $x + 1, y + 1, z$; (iii) $-x + 2, -y + 1, -z$.				

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *XP* in *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

We thank Chongqing University for generously supporting this work.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SU2153).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, m1648–m1649 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809048880]

Poly[[diaquadi- μ -dicyanamido-nickel(II)] bis(pyridinium-4-olate)]

Ling-Ling Zheng

S1. Comment

In recent years, coordination polymers involving dicyanamide (dca, N(CN)₂) have attracted a great deal of attention, not only for their interesting extended architectures but also for their magnetic properties, especially compounds in the M(dca)₂ series (Manson *et al.*, 1998; Batten *et al.*, 1998; Manson *et al.*, 2001). The introduction of coligands has led to dramatic modifications of the crystal structures and magnetic properties (Batten *et al.*, 2003; Miller *et al.*, 2001). When 4-hydroxypyridine was used as a coligand, the title complex was obtained.

The title compound is a centrosymmetric two-dimensional coordination polymer, Fig. 1. The Ni^{II} atom, which is located on an inversion center, is six-coordinated by four N-atoms from four bridging dca ligands and two O-atoms from two water molecules, so exhibiting a distorted octahedral geometry. The Ni—N bond lengths [2.0769 (16) - 2.0785 (15) °] are comparable with those of 2.070 (2) ° found in [(EtPh₃P)—Ni(dca)₃] (Van der Werff *et al.*, 2004), and 2.0715 (12) ° found in [Ni(dca)₂(phen)] (Armentano *et al.*, 2006). The coligand used, 4-hydroxypyridine, is present in the pyridinium-4-olate form and is not coordinated to the metal atom.

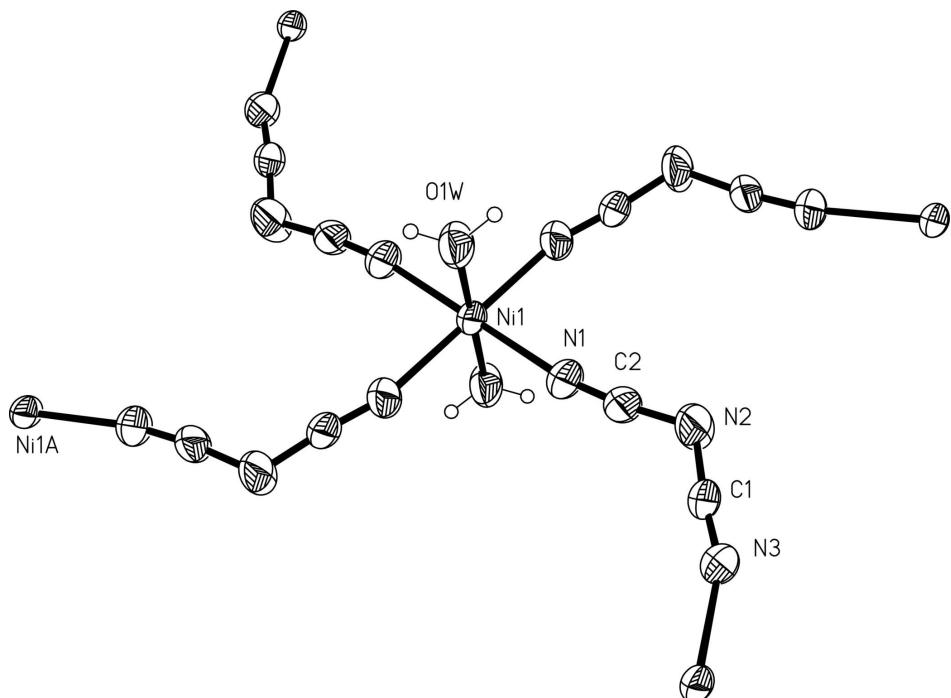
In the crystal structure, the μ -1,5 dca ligand links neighboring Ni^{II} atoms, forming a two-dimensional (4,4) network (Fig. 2). This resembles the situation in [Mn(dca)₂(4-cyanopyridine)₂]_n (Dalai *et al.*, 2002) and [Co₂(dca)₄(4-cyano-pyridine)₄]_n (Du *et al.*, 2006), but the structures are not isomorphous and here the co-ligands are coordinated to the metal atoms. However, as in the title compound, the layer-like structures are linked through hydrogen bonding interactions. In the title compound this involves the water molecules and the pyridinium-4-olate groups (Table 1).

S2. Experimental

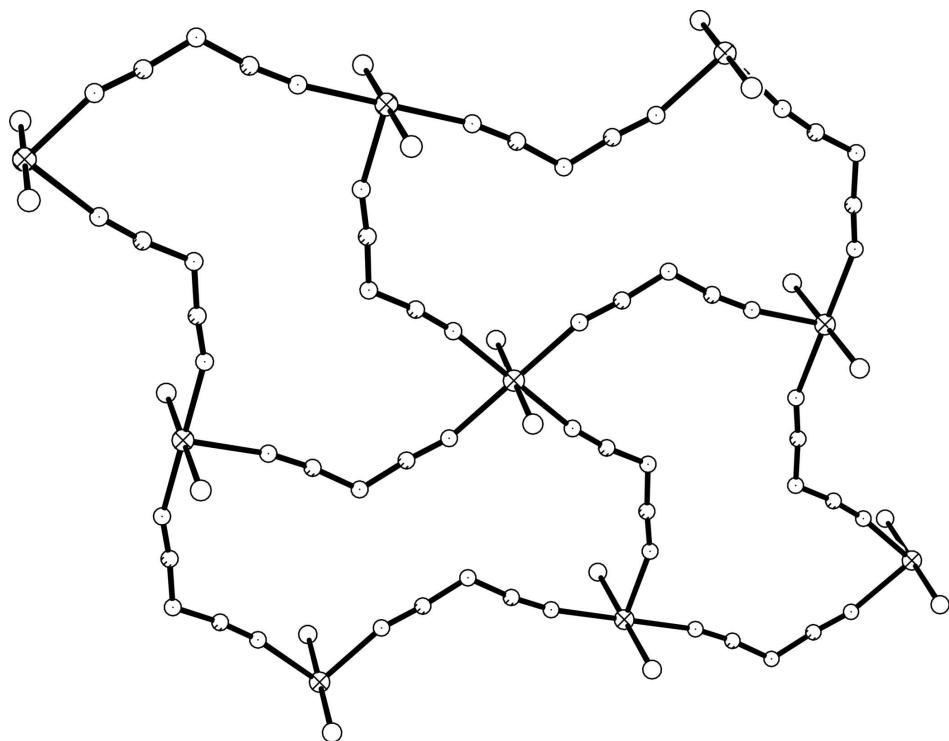
To a methanol solution (20 mL) of nickel nitrate (0.145 g, 0.5 mmol) and 4-hydroxypyridine (0.095 g, 1.0 mmol), a water solution (5 ml) of dca (0.089 g, 1.0 mmol) was added slowly with stirring over 30 min at rt. The clear solution obtained was filtered and the filtrate left to evaporate at rt. After a few days, green single crystals were obtained (yield: 5%).

S3. Refinement

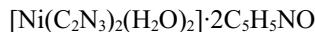
The NH and water H-atoms were located in difference electron-density maps and freely refined: N-H = 0.858 (16) Å, O-H = 0.834 (9) & 0.840 (9) Å. The C-bound H-atoms were included in calculated positions and treated as riding: C-H = 0.93 Å, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$.

**Figure 1**

A view of the octahedral coordination geometry of the nickel(II) atom in the title compound. The coligand, present in the 4-pyridium-olate form, has been omitted for clarity. Displacement ellipsoids are shown at the 50% probability level.

**Figure 2**

A partial view of the two-dimensional (4,4) network in the title compound.

Poly[[diaquadi- μ -dicyanamido-nickel(II)] bis(pyridinium-4-olate)]*Crystal data*

$M_r = 417.02$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 7.8598 (6)$ Å

$b = 12.8199 (10)$ Å

$c = 9.1080 (7)$ Å

$\beta = 96.753 (1)^\circ$

$V = 911.37 (12)$ Å³

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 428$

$D_x = 1.520$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 1788 reflections

$\theta = 2.6\text{--}26.0^\circ$

$\mu = 1.10$ mm⁻¹

$T = 293$ K

Block, green

0.23 × 0.18 × 0.15 mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2001)

$T_{\min} = 0.788$, $T_{\max} = 0.848$

6950 measured reflections

1788 independent reflections

1606 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.016$

$\theta_{\max} = 26.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.6^\circ$

$h = -8\text{--}9$

$k = -15\text{--}15$

$l = -10\text{--}11$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.028$

$wR(F^2) = 0.073$

$S = 1.08$

1788 reflections

136 parameters

4 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
and constrained refinement

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0362P)^2 + 0.2827P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.30$ e Å⁻³

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.16$ e Å⁻³

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Ni1	1.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0.03617 (12)
C1	0.9985 (2)	0.59861 (12)	0.1821 (2)	0.0424 (4)
C2	0.9988 (3)	0.75355 (14)	0.0636 (2)	0.0500 (5)

C3	0.6251 (3)	0.38083 (17)	0.1568 (3)	0.0771 (7)
H3	0.7156	0.4248	0.1417	0.092*
C4	0.6426 (3)	0.27675 (16)	0.1384 (3)	0.0657 (6)
H4	0.7434	0.2503	0.1088	0.079*
C5	0.5095 (2)	0.20841 (13)	0.1638 (2)	0.0458 (4)
C6	0.3615 (3)	0.25592 (16)	0.2048 (3)	0.0678 (7)
H6	0.2686	0.2145	0.2216	0.081*
C7	0.3507 (3)	0.36025 (17)	0.2205 (3)	0.0683 (6)
H7	0.2513	0.3896	0.2486	0.082*
N1	0.9923 (2)	0.84211 (11)	0.05067 (19)	0.0499 (4)
N2	1.0097 (3)	0.65203 (13)	0.0627 (2)	0.0801 (7)
N3	0.9881 (2)	0.54506 (12)	0.28000 (17)	0.0481 (4)
N4	0.4816 (3)	0.42170 (13)	0.1960 (2)	0.0641 (5)
O1	0.52314 (18)	0.10983 (10)	0.15018 (18)	0.0600 (4)
O1W	1.26183 (19)	0.99136 (10)	0.01412 (19)	0.0535 (4)
HN4	0.473 (4)	0.4871 (14)	0.214 (4)	0.091 (10)*
H1WA	1.330 (2)	1.0346 (15)	0.057 (2)	0.070 (7)*
H1WB	1.313 (2)	0.9513 (14)	-0.039 (2)	0.061 (6)*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Ni1	0.0457 (2)	0.02211 (17)	0.0425 (2)	-0.00065 (11)	0.01317 (14)	-0.00113 (11)
C1	0.0567 (11)	0.0236 (7)	0.0491 (10)	0.0012 (7)	0.0155 (8)	-0.0022 (7)
C2	0.0751 (14)	0.0337 (10)	0.0449 (10)	-0.0002 (9)	0.0223 (9)	0.0043 (8)
C3	0.0755 (16)	0.0437 (12)	0.117 (2)	-0.0220 (11)	0.0303 (15)	-0.0086 (12)
C4	0.0528 (12)	0.0457 (11)	0.1031 (18)	-0.0087 (9)	0.0282 (12)	-0.0134 (11)
C5	0.0489 (10)	0.0324 (8)	0.0575 (11)	-0.0035 (7)	0.0118 (8)	-0.0082 (8)
C6	0.0577 (13)	0.0430 (11)	0.1088 (19)	-0.0096 (9)	0.0355 (13)	-0.0184 (11)
C7	0.0627 (14)	0.0477 (11)	0.0971 (18)	0.0079 (10)	0.0204 (13)	-0.0200 (11)
N1	0.0674 (11)	0.0284 (8)	0.0565 (9)	-0.0011 (7)	0.0182 (8)	0.0034 (7)
N2	0.163 (2)	0.0272 (8)	0.0577 (11)	0.0077 (10)	0.0439 (12)	0.0057 (8)
N3	0.0675 (11)	0.0315 (8)	0.0472 (9)	0.0000 (7)	0.0144 (7)	0.0043 (7)
N4	0.0811 (14)	0.0302 (9)	0.0808 (13)	0.0004 (8)	0.0082 (11)	-0.0084 (8)
O1	0.0604 (9)	0.0298 (6)	0.0932 (11)	-0.0021 (6)	0.0234 (8)	-0.0126 (7)
O1W	0.0447 (7)	0.0448 (8)	0.0725 (10)	-0.0022 (6)	0.0135 (7)	-0.0208 (7)

Geometric parameters (\AA , ^\circ)

Ni1—O1W ⁱ	2.0498 (15)	C4—C5	1.405 (3)
Ni1—O1W	2.0498 (15)	C4—H4	0.9300
Ni1—N3 ⁱⁱ	2.0769 (16)	C5—O1	1.276 (2)
Ni1—N3 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.0769 (16)	C5—C6	1.402 (3)
Ni1—N1	2.0785 (15)	C6—C7	1.349 (3)
Ni1—N1 ⁱ	2.0785 (15)	C6—H6	0.9300
C1—N3	1.136 (2)	C7—N4	1.335 (3)
C1—N2	1.297 (3)	C7—H7	0.9300
C2—N1	1.142 (2)	N3—Ni1 ^{iv}	2.0769 (15)

C2—N2	1.304 (2)	N4—HN4	0.858 (16)
C3—N4	1.330 (3)	O1W—H1WA	0.834 (9)
C3—C4	1.354 (3)	O1W—H1WB	0.840 (9)
C3—H3	0.9300		
O1W ⁱ —Ni1—O1W	180.0	C3—C4—H4	119.8
O1W ⁱ —Ni1—N3 ⁱⁱ	91.34 (7)	C5—C4—H4	119.8
O1W—Ni1—N3 ⁱⁱ	88.66 (7)	O1—C5—C6	122.59 (18)
O1W ⁱ —Ni1—N3 ⁱⁱⁱ	88.66 (7)	O1—C5—C4	121.93 (18)
O1W—Ni1—N3 ⁱⁱⁱ	91.34 (7)	C6—C5—C4	115.49 (17)
N3 ⁱⁱ —Ni1—N3 ⁱⁱⁱ	180.00 (2)	C7—C6—C5	121.6 (2)
O1W ⁱ —Ni1—N1	90.65 (6)	C7—C6—H6	119.2
O1W—Ni1—N1	89.35 (6)	C5—C6—H6	119.2
N3 ⁱⁱ —Ni1—N1	86.80 (6)	N4—C7—C6	120.5 (2)
N3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Ni1—N1	93.20 (6)	N4—C7—H7	119.7
O1W ⁱ —Ni1—N1 ⁱ	89.35 (6)	C6—C7—H7	119.7
O1W—Ni1—N1 ⁱ	90.65 (6)	C2—N1—Ni1	171.49 (17)
N3 ⁱⁱ —Ni1—N1 ⁱ	93.20 (6)	C1—N2—C2	120.69 (18)
N3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Ni1—N1 ⁱ	86.80 (6)	C1—N3—Ni1 ^{iv}	157.84 (15)
N1—Ni1—N1 ⁱ	180.0	C3—N4—C7	120.46 (18)
N3—C1—N2	174.66 (19)	C3—N4—HN4	121 (2)
N1—C2—N2	173.5 (2)	C7—N4—HN4	118 (2)
N4—C3—C4	121.5 (2)	Ni1—O1W—H1WA	125.4 (15)
N4—C3—H3	119.2	Ni1—O1W—H1WB	122.9 (14)
C4—C3—H3	119.2	H1WA—O1W—H1WB	110.3 (15)
C3—C4—C5	120.4 (2)		

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+2, -y+2, -z$; (ii) $x, -y+3/2, z-1/2$; (iii) $-x+2, y+1/2, -z+1/2$; (iv) $-x+2, y-1/2, -z+1/2$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
N4—HN4···O1 ^v	0.86 (2)	2.00 (2)	2.792 (2)	153 (3)
O1W—H1WA···O1 ^{vi}	0.83 (1)	1.91 (1)	2.732 (2)	167 (2)
O1W—H1WB···O1 ^{vii}	0.84 (1)	1.90 (1)	2.715 (2)	164 (2)

Symmetry codes: (v) $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+1/2$; (vi) $x+1, y+1, z$; (vii) $-x+2, -y+1, -z$.