

# Isopropylaminium 2-carboxy-4,5-dichlorobenzoate

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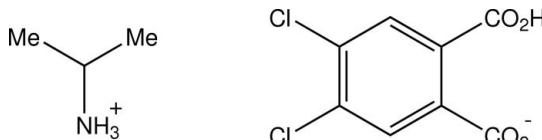
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 200\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002\text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.027;  $wR$  factor = 0.070; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.9.

In the structure of the 1:1 proton-transfer compound of isopropylamine with 4,5-dichlorophthalic acid,  $\text{C}_3\text{H}_{10}\text{N}^+ \cdots \text{C}_8\text{H}_3\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_4^-$ , the three cation H-atom donors associate with three separate carboxyl O-atom anion acceptors, giving conjoint cyclic  $R_4^4(12), R_4^4(16)$  hydrogen-bonding cation–anion interactions in a one-dimensional ribbon structure. In the anions, the carboxyl groups lie slightly out of the plane of the benzene ring [maximum deviations = 0.439 (1) for a carboxylic acid O atom and 0.433 (1)  $\text{\AA}$  for a carboxylate O atom]. However, the *syn*-related proton of the carboxylic acid group forms the common short intramolecular  $\text{O}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}_{\text{carboxyl}}$  hydrogen bond.

## Related literature

For the structures of other hydrogen 4,5-dichlorophthalate salts, see: Mattes & Dorau (1986); Mallinson *et al.* (2003); Bozkurt *et al.* (2006); Odabaşoğlu & Büyükgüngör (2007); Smith *et al.* (2007, 2008a,b, 2009a,b,c); Smith & Wermuth (2010). For graph-set analysis see: Etter *et al.* (1990).



## Experimental

### Crystal data

$\text{C}_3\text{H}_{10}\text{N}^+ \cdot \text{C}_8\text{H}_3\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_4^-$   
 $M_r = 294.12$   
Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$   
 $a = 5.8362 (7)\text{ \AA}$   
 $b = 21.040 (2)\text{ \AA}$   
 $c = 10.3641 (13)\text{ \AA}$   
 $\beta = 95.064 (12)^\circ$

$V = 1267.7 (3)\text{ \AA}^3$   
 $Z = 4$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.52\text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 200\text{ K}$   
 $0.40 \times 0.20 \times 0.18\text{ mm}$

### Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Gemini-S CCD detector diffractometer  
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.942$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.982$

8508 measured reflections  
2484 independent reflections  
2103 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.020$

### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.027$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.070$   
 $S = 1.11$   
2484 reflections  
179 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.24\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.22\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$D-\text{H} \cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H} \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-\text{H} \cdots A$
O12—H12 $\cdots$ O21	1.00 (3)	1.45 (3)	2.4507 (16)	179 (3)
N1A—H11A $\cdots$ O11	0.977 (18)	1.875 (18)	2.8175 (17)	161.2 (15)
N1A—H12A $\cdots$ O21 <sup>i</sup>	0.876 (19)	2.021 (18)	2.8593 (16)	159.6 (16)
N1A—H13A $\cdots$ O22 <sup>ii</sup>	0.92 (2)	1.98 (2)	2.8869 (17)	168.8 (15)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x + 2, -y, -z + 1$ ; (ii)  $x, y, z - 1$ .

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Oxford Diffraction, 2009); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SIR92* (Altomare *et al.*, 1994); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008) within *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *PLATON*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SJ2696).

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# supporting information

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## Isopropylaminium 2-carboxy-4,5-dichlorobenzoate

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### S1. Comment

The 1:1 proton-transfer compounds of 4,5-dichlorophthalic acid (DCPA) with a number of nitrogen Lewis bases commonly have low-dimensional hydrogen-bonded structures (Smith et al., 2007, 2008a,b, 2009a,b,c; Smith & Wermuth, 2010). In the majority of these structures, the DCPA anions are essentially planar with short intramolecular carboxylic acid O–H $\cdots$ O<sub>carboxyl</sub> hydrogen bonds. These features were therefore expected and found in the 1:1 proton-transfer compound of DCPA with isopropylamine, the title compound C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>10</sub>N<sup>+</sup>C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>3</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup> (I), reported here.

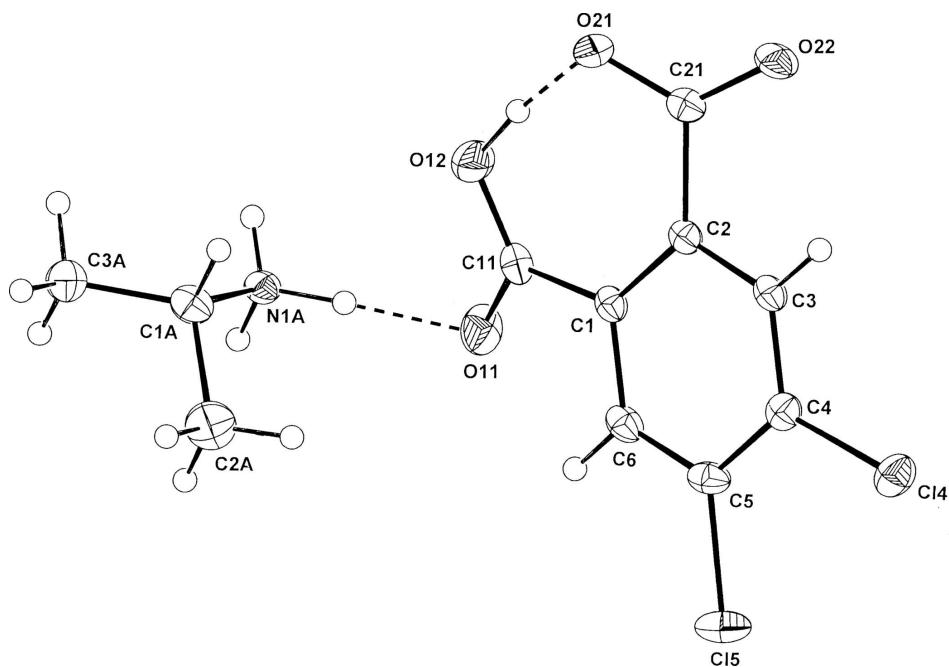
In (I), the aminium group of the cation forms N<sup>+</sup>–H $\cdots$ O<sub>carboxyl</sub> hydrogen bonds with O acceptors of three separate DCPA anions (Figs. 1, 2). These associations (Table 1) give one-dimensional ribbon structures which extend across the c cell direction in the unit cell (Fig. 2) and feature conjoint cyclic R<sub>4</sub><sup>4</sup>(12) and R<sub>4</sub><sup>4</sup>(16) cation–anion hydrogen-bonding interactions (Etter et al., 1990). Within the DCPA anion [torsion angles C2–C1–C11–O11, -161.01 (13) $^{\circ}$  and C1–C2–C21–O22, -156.69 (13) $^{\circ}$ ] indicate greater distortion from planarity than has been found in the common ‘planar’ DCPA anion examples. The short intramolecular O–H $\cdots$ O<sub>carboxyl</sub> hydrogen bond is also slightly longer [2.4507 (16) Å] (cf. 1.4054 (19) Å (Smith et al., 2009c)). Associated with this bond is a significant distortion of the exo-C1 and C2 bond angles [C1–C2–C21, 128.14 (11) $^{\circ}$  and C2–C1–C11, 128.32 (11) $^{\circ}$ ]. This and a lengthening of the C1–C11 and C2–C21 bonds [1.5189 (18) and 1.5297 (18) Å], as well as short intramolecular aromatic ring C–H $\cdots$ O<sub>carboxyl</sub> interactions [2.6853 (18), 2.6996 (17) Å], are features of the ‘planar’ hydrogen DCPA anions which have been noted previously (Smith et al., 2009c).

### S2. Experimental

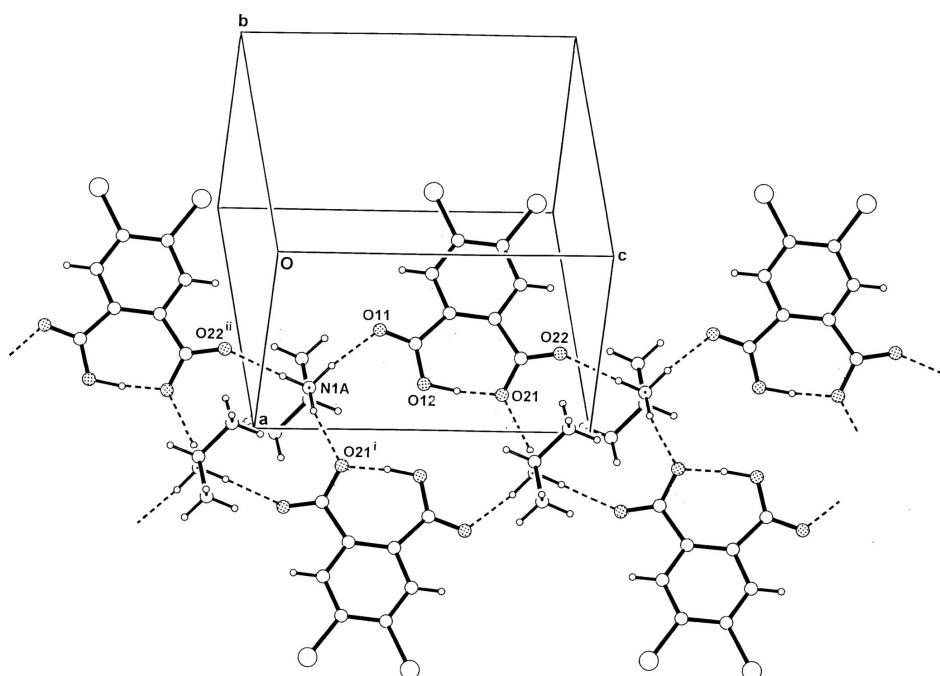
The title compound (I) was synthesized by heating together 1 mmol quantities of isopropylamine and 4,5-dichlorophthalic acid in 50 ml of methanol for 10 min under reflux. After concentration to *ca.* 30 ml, total room-temperature evaporation of the hot-filtered solution gave a white non-crystalline solid which was redissolved in water, finally providing colourless flat prisms (m.p. 533 K).

### S3. Refinement

Hydrogen atoms potentially involved in hydrogen-bonding interactions were located by difference methods and their positional and isotropic displacement parameters were refined. Other H atoms were included in the refinement at calculated positions [C–H<sub>aromatic</sub> = 0.93 Å; C–H<sub>aliphatic</sub> = 0.96–0.98 Å] and treated as riding models with U<sub>iso</sub>(H) = 1.2U<sub>eq</sub>(C).

**Figure 1**

Molecular configuration and atom numbering scheme for the isopropylaminium cation and the hydrogen 4,5-dichlorophthalate anion in (I). Non-H atoms are shown as 40% probability displacement ellipsoids. The inter-species hydrogen bond is shown as a dashed line.

**Figure 2**

The one-dimensional hydrogen-bonded ribbon structure of (I) extending across the *c* axial direction in the unit cell. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines. For symmetry codes see Table 1.

**isopropylaminium 2-carboxy-4,5-dichlorobenzoate***Crystal data*

$M_r = 294.12$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$

Hall symbol: -P 2yn

$a = 5.8362 (7) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 21.040 (2) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 10.3641 (13) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 95.064 (12)^\circ$

$V = 1267.7 (3) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 608$

$D_x = 1.541 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Melting point: 533 K

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 3787 reflections

$\theta = 3.5\text{--}28.9^\circ$

$\mu = 0.52 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 200 \text{ K}$

Prism, colourless

$0.40 \times 0.20 \times 0.18 \text{ mm}$

*Data collection*

Oxford Diffraction Gemini-S CCD detector  
diffractometer

Radiation source: Enhance (Mo) X-ray source

Graphite monochromator

$\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)

$T_{\min} = 0.942$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.982$

8508 measured reflections

2484 independent reflections

2103 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.020$

$\theta_{\max} = 26.0^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 3.5^\circ$

$h = -7 \rightarrow 7$

$k = -25 \rightarrow 25$

$l = -11 \rightarrow 12$

*Refinement*

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.027$

$wR(F^2) = 0.070$

$S = 1.11$

2484 reflections

179 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent  
and constrained refinement

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0418P)^2]$

where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.24 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.22 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

*Special details*

**Geometry.** Bond distances, angles etc. have been calculated using the rounded fractional coordinates. All su's are estimated from the variances of the (full) variance-covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account in the estimation of distances, angles and torsion angles

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl4	-0.02700 (6)	0.21328 (2)	0.79371 (4)	0.0321 (1)
Cl5	-0.07644 (7)	0.22223 (2)	0.48482 (4)	0.0381 (1)
O11	0.51763 (18)	0.06697 (6)	0.34762 (10)	0.0380 (4)
O12	0.79781 (18)	0.04757 (5)	0.49757 (11)	0.0363 (4)

O21	0.85388 (16)	0.04986 (5)	0.73467 (10)	0.0284 (3)
O22	0.61961 (18)	0.05281 (5)	0.89173 (10)	0.0319 (3)
C1	0.4642 (2)	0.10656 (6)	0.55707 (13)	0.0208 (4)
C2	0.4887 (2)	0.10301 (6)	0.69407 (13)	0.0197 (4)
C3	0.3362 (2)	0.13730 (6)	0.76294 (14)	0.0214 (4)
C4	0.1622 (2)	0.17415 (6)	0.70180 (14)	0.0230 (4)
C5	0.1406 (2)	0.17807 (6)	0.56719 (14)	0.0247 (4)
C6	0.2902 (2)	0.14478 (6)	0.49726 (14)	0.0241 (4)
C11	0.5991 (2)	0.07119 (6)	0.46084 (14)	0.0250 (4)
C21	0.6660 (2)	0.06527 (6)	0.78049 (14)	0.0225 (4)
N1A	0.8171 (2)	0.04013 (6)	0.15582 (13)	0.0231 (4)
C1A	0.9564 (2)	0.10018 (7)	0.17227 (15)	0.0271 (4)
C2A	0.7999 (3)	0.15688 (8)	0.14539 (19)	0.0420 (6)
C3A	1.1460 (3)	0.09810 (8)	0.08332 (17)	0.0350 (5)
H3	0.35150	0.13540	0.85290	0.0260*
H6	0.27510	0.14780	0.40740	0.0290*
H12	0.821 (4)	0.0490 (11)	0.594 (3)	0.087 (8)*
H1A	1.02480	0.10260	0.26190	0.0330*
H11A	0.694 (3)	0.0418 (8)	0.2138 (18)	0.040 (5)*
H12A	0.907 (3)	0.0072 (9)	0.1720 (17)	0.036 (5)*
H13A	0.751 (3)	0.0384 (8)	0.072 (2)	0.037 (5)*
H21A	0.68170	0.15660	0.20420	0.0500*
H22A	0.73080	0.15470	0.05790	0.0500*
H23A	0.88790	0.19530	0.15700	0.0500*
H31A	1.24140	0.06160	0.10360	0.0420*
H32A	1.23720	0.13600	0.09430	0.0420*
H33A	1.08070	0.09530	-0.00480	0.0420*

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Cl4	0.0289 (2)	0.0304 (2)	0.0377 (2)	0.0045 (1)	0.0069 (2)	-0.0040 (2)
Cl5	0.0363 (2)	0.0352 (2)	0.0399 (3)	0.0086 (2)	-0.0133 (2)	0.0045 (2)
O11	0.0356 (6)	0.0582 (7)	0.0205 (6)	-0.0017 (5)	0.0050 (5)	-0.0080 (5)
O12	0.0341 (6)	0.0470 (6)	0.0286 (7)	0.0119 (5)	0.0069 (5)	0.0007 (5)
O21	0.0221 (5)	0.0317 (6)	0.0309 (6)	0.0035 (4)	-0.0002 (4)	0.0045 (4)
O22	0.0368 (6)	0.0395 (6)	0.0187 (6)	0.0064 (4)	-0.0014 (4)	0.0048 (4)
C1	0.0216 (7)	0.0217 (7)	0.0189 (7)	-0.0057 (5)	0.0008 (5)	0.0006 (5)
C2	0.0196 (6)	0.0194 (6)	0.0196 (7)	-0.0048 (5)	-0.0010 (5)	0.0012 (5)
C3	0.0248 (7)	0.0226 (7)	0.0168 (7)	-0.0038 (5)	0.0011 (5)	0.0007 (5)
C4	0.0223 (7)	0.0200 (7)	0.0268 (8)	-0.0029 (5)	0.0024 (6)	-0.0014 (5)
C5	0.0249 (7)	0.0208 (7)	0.0268 (8)	-0.0018 (5)	-0.0069 (6)	0.0028 (5)
C6	0.0275 (7)	0.0265 (7)	0.0174 (8)	-0.0055 (5)	-0.0033 (6)	0.0021 (5)
C11	0.0273 (7)	0.0268 (7)	0.0214 (8)	-0.0060 (6)	0.0052 (6)	0.0006 (6)
C21	0.0246 (7)	0.0208 (7)	0.0212 (8)	-0.0029 (5)	-0.0030 (6)	-0.0004 (5)
N1A	0.0237 (6)	0.0269 (6)	0.0183 (7)	0.0018 (5)	-0.0003 (5)	0.0007 (5)
C1A	0.0315 (8)	0.0281 (7)	0.0208 (8)	-0.0026 (6)	-0.0031 (6)	-0.0018 (6)
C2A	0.0512 (10)	0.0287 (8)	0.0474 (11)	0.0071 (7)	0.0111 (8)	-0.0027 (7)

C3A	0.0291 (8)	0.0354 (8)	0.0408 (10)	-0.0019 (6)	0.0041 (7)	0.0071 (7)
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*Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^{\circ}$ )*

Cl4—C4	1.7292 (14)	C2—C3	1.3908 (18)
Cl5—C5	1.7337 (14)	C3—C4	1.3858 (18)
O11—C11	1.2298 (18)	C4—C5	1.392 (2)
O12—C11	1.2880 (16)	C5—C6	1.3747 (18)
O21—C21	1.2747 (16)	C3—H3	0.9300
O22—C21	1.2354 (18)	C6—H6	0.9300
O12—H12	1.00 (3)	C1A—C2A	1.513 (2)
N1A—C1A	1.5039 (19)	C1A—C3A	1.502 (2)
N1A—H11A	0.977 (18)	C1A—H1A	0.9800
N1A—H13A	0.92 (2)	C2A—H21A	0.9600
N1A—H12A	0.876 (19)	C2A—H22A	0.9600
C1—C6	1.3968 (18)	C2A—H23A	0.9600
C1—C11	1.5189 (18)	C3A—H31A	0.9600
C1—C2	1.4164 (19)	C3A—H32A	0.9600
C2—C21	1.5297 (18)	C3A—H33A	0.9600
C11—O12—H12	108.9 (14)	O21—C21—C2	118.27 (12)
H11A—N1A—H12A	111.8 (15)	O22—C21—C2	117.64 (11)
C1A—N1A—H13A	108.5 (11)	C2—C3—H3	119.00
C1A—N1A—H11A	108.6 (10)	C4—C3—H3	119.00
H11A—N1A—H13A	108.2 (16)	C1—C6—H6	119.00
H12A—N1A—H13A	110.1 (16)	C5—C6—H6	119.00
C1A—N1A—H12A	109.5 (12)	C2A—C1A—C3A	112.05 (14)
C6—C1—C11	112.92 (12)	N1A—C1A—C2A	109.27 (11)
C2—C1—C6	118.71 (12)	N1A—C1A—C3A	109.03 (12)
C2—C1—C11	128.32 (11)	N1A—C1A—H1A	109.00
C1—C2—C21	128.14 (11)	C2A—C1A—H1A	109.00
C1—C2—C3	118.33 (12)	C3A—C1A—H1A	109.00
C3—C2—C21	113.53 (12)	C1A—C2A—H21A	110.00
C2—C3—C4	122.13 (13)	C1A—C2A—H22A	109.00
Cl4—C4—C5	121.21 (10)	C1A—C2A—H23A	109.00
C3—C4—C5	119.29 (12)	H21A—C2A—H22A	109.00
Cl4—C4—C3	119.49 (11)	H21A—C2A—H23A	109.00
Cl5—C5—C4	121.52 (10)	H22A—C2A—H23A	110.00
C4—C5—C6	119.51 (12)	C1A—C3A—H31A	109.00
Cl5—C5—C6	118.94 (11)	C1A—C3A—H32A	110.00
C1—C6—C5	122.01 (13)	C1A—C3A—H33A	109.00
O11—C11—O12	121.09 (13)	H31A—C3A—H32A	109.00
O11—C11—C1	118.87 (11)	H31A—C3A—H33A	109.00
O12—C11—C1	120.03 (12)	H32A—C3A—H33A	109.00
O21—C21—O22	124.07 (12)	 	
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.72 (18)	C1—C2—C21—O21	22.83 (19)
C6—C1—C2—C21	-179.34 (12)	C1—C2—C21—O22	-158.69 (13)

C11—C1—C2—C3	−176.37 (12)	C3—C2—C21—O21	−157.23 (12)
C11—C1—C2—C21	3.6 (2)	C3—C2—C21—O22	21.26 (17)
C2—C1—C6—C5	−1.04 (19)	C2—C3—C4—Cl4	177.78 (10)
C11—C1—C6—C5	176.47 (11)	C2—C3—C4—C5	−1.10 (19)
C2—C1—C11—O11	161.01 (13)	Cl4—C4—C5—Cl5	−0.02 (16)
C2—C1—C11—O12	−20.7 (2)	Cl4—C4—C5—C6	−178.09 (10)
C6—C1—C11—O11	−16.22 (17)	C3—C4—C5—Cl5	178.86 (10)
C6—C1—C11—O12	162.10 (12)	C3—C4—C5—C6	0.78 (18)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.34 (19)	Cl5—C5—C6—C1	−177.84 (10)
C21—C2—C3—C4	−179.61 (11)	C4—C5—C6—C1	0.29 (19)

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
O12—H12···O21	1.00 (3)	1.45 (3)	2.4507 (16)	179 (3)
N1A—H11A···O11	0.977 (18)	1.875 (18)	2.8175 (17)	161.2 (15)
N1A—H12A···O21 <sup>i</sup>	0.876 (19)	2.021 (18)	2.8593 (16)	159.6 (16)
N1A—H13A···O22 <sup>ii</sup>	0.92 (2)	1.98 (2)	2.8869 (17)	168.8 (15)
C3—H3···O22	0.93	2.35	2.6996 (17)	102
C6—H6···O11	0.93	2.33	2.6853 (18)	102
C3A—H31A···O22 <sup>i</sup>	0.96	2.54	3.458 (2)	160

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+2, -y, -z+1$ ; (ii)  $x, y, z-1$ .