

1-Bromo-2-(4-methoxyphenoxy)ethane

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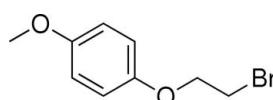
Received 14 December 2009; accepted 15 January 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.011\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.069; wR factor = 0.155; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.6.

In the crystal structure of the title compound, $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{11}\text{BrO}_2$, molecules are stacked parallel to the b -axis direction, forming double layers in which the molecules are arranged head-to-head, with the bromomethyl groups pointing towards each other.

Related literature

For background to the use of the title compound as a pharmaceutical intermediate, see: Ran *et al.* (2000). For bond length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{11}\text{BrO}_2$
 $M_r = 231.09$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 21.112(4)\text{ \AA}$

$b = 5.4180(11)\text{ \AA}$
 $c = 8.3230(17)\text{ \AA}$
 $\beta = 94.54(3)^\circ$
 $V = 949.0(3)\text{ \AA}^3$
 $Z = 4$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 4.29\text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 293\text{ K}$
 $0.20 \times 0.10 \times 0.10\text{ mm}$

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer
Absorption correction: ψ scan (North *et al.*, 1968)
 $T_{\min} = 0.481$, $T_{\max} = 0.674$
1759 measured reflections

1713 independent reflections
1050 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.073$
3 standard reflections every 200 reflections
intensity decay: 1%

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.069$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.155$
 $S = 1.01$
1713 reflections

110 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.66\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.55\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Data collection: *CAD-4 Software* (Enraf–Nonius, 1985); cell refinement: *CAD-4 Software*; data reduction: *XCAD4* (Harms & Wocadlo, 1995); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008).

The authors thank the Center of Testing and Analysis, Nanjing University, for support.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: JH2122).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, o439 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536810001893]

1-Bromo-2-(4-methoxyphenoxy)ethane

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S1. Comment

The title compound, (I), contains halogen and methoxy groups, which can react with different groups to prepare various functional organic compounds as a fine organic intermediate (Ran *et al.*, 2000). we report herein its crystal structure.

In the molecule of the title compound (Fig.1), the bond lengths (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and angles are within normal ranges. The O1 and O2 atoms (Table 1) lie in the benzene ring plane. No intramolecular hydrogen bonds were observed.

In the crystal structure, the molecules are stacked along the *b* axis and the 'double layers' of molecules lying with all their bromomethyl groups together (Fig.2).

S2. Experimental

4-methoxyphenol (18.6 g, 0.15 mol) was dissolved with stirring in water (80 ml) containing sodium hydroxide (9.0 g, 0.25 mol) and TBAB (0.48 g, 0.0015 mol) and then added dropwise to excess refluxing ethylene dibromide (65 g, 0.35 mol). The reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 12 h, cooled and extracted into chloroform. The combined organic extracts were washed with water, dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and evaporated to dryness to yield an oil. Fractionation under reduced pressure yielded 1-Bromo-2-(4-methoxyphenoxy)ethane as a colorless oil, then cooled to give 27.3 g white solid (78.9% yield). Crystals of (I) suitable for X-ray diffraction were obtained by slow evaporation of an ethanol solution.

S3. Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically, with O—H = 0.82 and C—H = 0.93 Å for aromatic H, and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = xU_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}/\text{O})$, where $x = 1.2$ for aromatic H and $x = 1.5$ for other H.

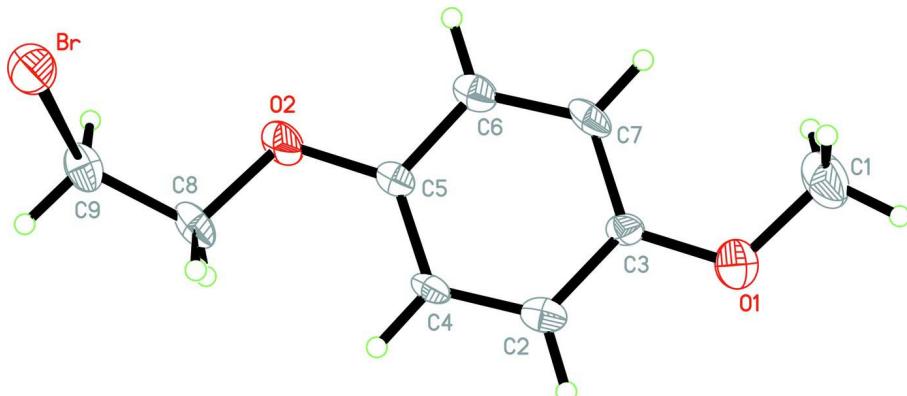
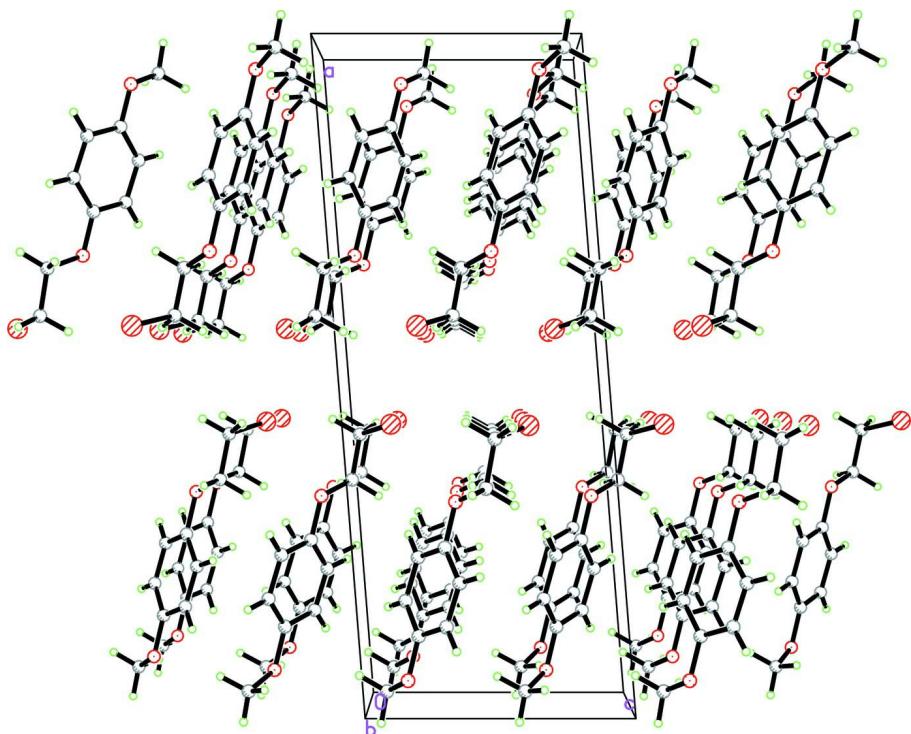


Figure 1

The molecular structure of (I), with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.

**Figure 2**

A packing diagram of (I).

1-Bromo-2-(4-methoxyphenoxy)ethane*Crystal data*

$C_9H_{11}BrO_2$
 $M_r = 231.09$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc
 $a = 21.112 (4)$ Å
 $b = 5.4180 (11)$ Å
 $c = 8.3230 (17)$ Å
 $\beta = 94.54 (3)^\circ$
 $V = 949.0 (3)$ Å³
 $Z = 4$

$F(000) = 464$
 $D_x = 1.617 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Cell parameters from 25 reflections
 $\theta = 9-13^\circ$
 $\mu = 4.29 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 293$ K
Block, colourless
 $0.20 \times 0.10 \times 0.10$ mm

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
 $\omega/2\theta$ scans
Absorption correction: ψ scan
(North *et al.*, 1968)
 $T_{\min} = 0.481$, $T_{\max} = 0.674$
1759 measured reflections

1713 independent reflections
1050 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.073$
 $\theta_{\max} = 25.3^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 1.9^\circ$
 $h = -25 \rightarrow 0$
 $k = 0 \rightarrow 6$
 $l = -9 \rightarrow 9$
3 standard reflections every 200 reflections
intensity decay: 1%

*Refinement*Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.069$$

$$wR(F^2) = 0.155$$

$$S = 1.01$$

1713 reflections

110 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methodsSecondary atom site location: difference Fourier
mapHydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.060P)^2 + 5.P]$$

$$\text{where } P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.66 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.55 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

Extinction correction: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick,
2008), $F_c^* = kFc[1 + 0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$

Extinction coefficient: 0.010 (2)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Br	0.43028 (5)	0.39656 (16)	0.68335 (11)	0.0565 (4)
O1	0.0725 (3)	0.4636 (12)	0.1822 (7)	0.0603 (17)
C1	0.0493 (5)	0.2506 (19)	0.0971 (11)	0.068 (3)
H1A	0.0047	0.2689	0.0682	0.102*
H1B	0.0564	0.1077	0.1643	0.102*
H1C	0.0713	0.2313	0.0012	0.102*
O2	0.3246 (3)	0.5406 (10)	0.4019 (5)	0.0443 (14)
C2	0.1538 (4)	0.6649 (13)	0.3366 (8)	0.0344 (18)
H2A	0.1238	0.7785	0.3664	0.041*
C3	0.1353 (3)	0.4740 (14)	0.2328 (8)	0.0305 (17)
C4	0.2150 (3)	0.6877 (13)	0.3951 (8)	0.0317 (17)
H4A	0.2263	0.8141	0.4673	0.038*
C5	0.2602 (3)	0.5311 (12)	0.3510 (7)	0.0266 (16)
C6	0.2427 (4)	0.3359 (14)	0.2494 (8)	0.0374 (19)
H6A	0.2731	0.2239	0.2203	0.045*
C7	0.1801 (4)	0.3076 (14)	0.1914 (8)	0.0361 (19)
H7A	0.1683	0.1755	0.1243	0.043*
C8	0.3458 (4)	0.7249 (14)	0.5127 (8)	0.039 (2)
H8A	0.3222	0.7152	0.6079	0.047*
H8B	0.3387	0.8866	0.4646	0.047*
C9	0.4136 (4)	0.6893 (15)	0.5575 (9)	0.0408 (19)
H9A	0.4299	0.8313	0.6186	0.049*
H9B	0.4360	0.6791	0.4603	0.049*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Br	0.0742 (7)	0.0413 (5)	0.0505 (6)	0.0066 (5)	-0.0173 (4)	0.0053 (5)
O1	0.051 (4)	0.066 (4)	0.062 (4)	0.002 (3)	-0.011 (3)	-0.013 (3)
C1	0.076 (7)	0.069 (7)	0.056 (6)	-0.010 (6)	-0.021 (5)	-0.011 (5)
O2	0.061 (4)	0.051 (4)	0.019 (3)	0.002 (3)	-0.006 (2)	-0.007 (2)
C2	0.053 (5)	0.026 (4)	0.025 (4)	0.006 (3)	0.006 (3)	0.005 (3)
C3	0.036 (4)	0.037 (4)	0.018 (4)	0.008 (4)	0.000 (3)	-0.007 (3)
C4	0.045 (4)	0.022 (4)	0.027 (4)	0.002 (4)	0.001 (3)	-0.009 (3)
C5	0.046 (4)	0.023 (4)	0.010 (3)	0.002 (3)	-0.001 (3)	0.005 (3)
C6	0.058 (5)	0.033 (5)	0.020 (4)	0.004 (4)	-0.003 (3)	0.000 (3)
C7	0.064 (5)	0.026 (4)	0.016 (4)	-0.001 (4)	-0.011 (3)	-0.003 (3)
C8	0.068 (6)	0.029 (4)	0.018 (4)	-0.011 (4)	-0.008 (3)	0.005 (3)
C9	0.048 (5)	0.040 (5)	0.034 (4)	-0.016 (4)	0.000 (4)	0.004 (4)

Geometric parameters (\AA , ^\circ)

Br—C9	1.918 (8)	C4—C5	1.350 (9)
O1—C3	1.360 (9)	C4—H4A	0.9300
O1—C1	1.421 (11)	C5—C6	1.386 (9)
C1—H1A	0.9600	C6—C7	1.380 (10)
C1—H1B	0.9600	C6—H6A	0.9300
C1—H1C	0.9600	C7—H7A	0.9300
O2—C5	1.393 (8)	C8—C9	1.463 (10)
O2—C8	1.408 (9)	C8—H8A	0.9700
C2—C4	1.350 (10)	C8—H8B	0.9700
C2—C3	1.384 (10)	C9—H9A	0.9700
C2—H2A	0.9300	C9—H9B	0.9700
C3—C7	1.370 (10)		
C3—O1—C1	118.4 (7)	C6—C5—O2	114.9 (6)
O1—C1—H1A	109.5	C7—C6—C5	120.0 (7)
O1—C1—H1B	109.5	C7—C6—H6A	120.0
H1A—C1—H1B	109.5	C5—C6—H6A	120.0
O1—C1—H1C	109.5	C3—C7—C6	120.0 (7)
H1A—C1—H1C	109.5	C3—C7—H7A	120.0
H1B—C1—H1C	109.5	C6—C7—H7A	120.0
C5—O2—C8	118.5 (6)	O2—C8—C9	109.1 (7)
C4—C2—C3	120.6 (7)	O2—C8—H8A	109.9
C4—C2—H2A	119.7	C9—C8—H8A	109.9
C3—C2—H2A	119.7	O2—C8—H8B	109.9
O1—C3—C7	124.8 (6)	C9—C8—H8B	109.9
O1—C3—C2	116.4 (6)	H8A—C8—H8B	108.3
C7—C3—C2	118.8 (7)	C8—C9—Br	112.4 (5)
C2—C4—C5	121.5 (7)	C8—C9—H9A	109.1
C2—C4—H4A	119.3	Br—C9—H9A	109.1
C5—C4—H4A	119.3	C8—C9—H9B	109.1

C4—C5—C6	119.0 (7)	Br—C9—H9B	109.1
C4—C5—O2	126.1 (6)	H9A—C9—H9B	107.9
C1—O1—C3—C7	8.3 (11)	C8—O2—C5—C6	−176.4 (6)
C1—O1—C3—C2	−170.1 (7)	C4—C5—C6—C7	1.7 (10)
C4—C2—C3—O1	179.0 (7)	O2—C5—C6—C7	179.9 (6)
C4—C2—C3—C7	0.5 (10)	O1—C3—C7—C6	179.8 (7)
C3—C2—C4—C5	2.0 (11)	C2—C3—C7—C6	−1.8 (10)
C2—C4—C5—C6	−3.1 (10)	C5—C6—C7—C3	0.7 (10)
C2—C4—C5—O2	178.9 (6)	C5—O2—C8—C9	176.1 (6)
C8—O2—C5—C4	1.6 (9)	O2—C8—C9—Br	−68.6 (7)
